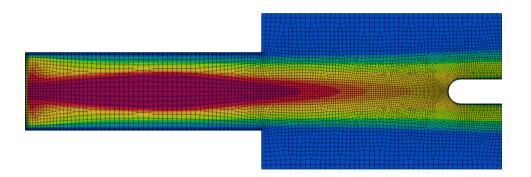
A Hybridized Discontinuous Galerkin Solver for Inductively Coupled Plasma

Nicolas Corthouts









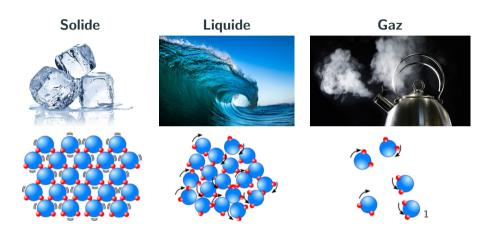
Introduction

Etats de la matière: eau à pression atmosphérique

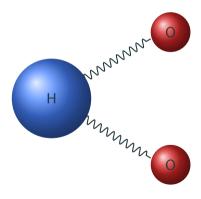


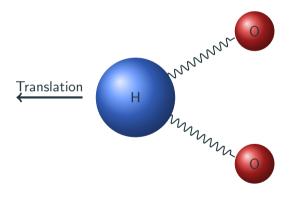
¹ https://www.assistancescolaire.com/eleve/3e/physique-chimie/reviser-une-notion/les-% 20etatsde-la-matiere-et-les-changements-d-etat-3_pc_01/print?print=1&printSheet=1

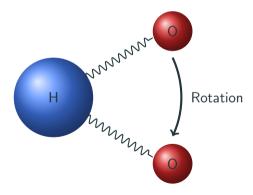
Etats de la matière: eau à pression atmosphérique

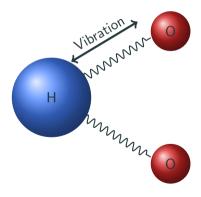


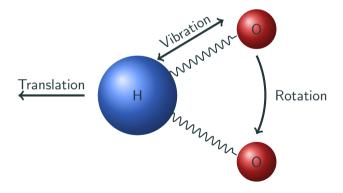
https://www.assistancescolaire.com/eleve/3e/physique-chimie/reviser-une-notion/les-%
20etatsde-la-matiere-et-les-changements-d-etat-3_pc_01/print?print=1&printSheet=1



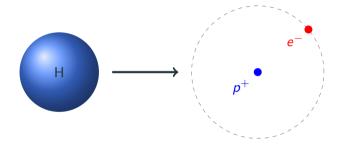


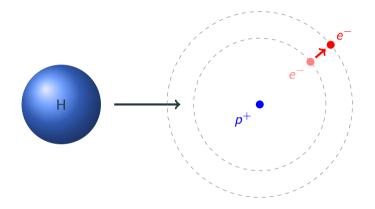




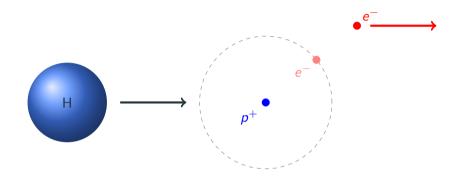








Si l'énergie reçue le permet, l'électron est dans un état **excité**. Il reviendra à son état initial en émettant de la lumière: c'est la **radiation**.



Si l'énergie reçue est trop grande, l'électron est arraché: il devient libre.