An example of documentation and tests

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ejemplo 1

ejemplo

This module defines a calculator for Peano numbers.

The numbers accepted by this calculator have to be of the form:

```
nat(0).
nat(s(X)) : -
    nat(X).
```

Examples of use:

1. Adding two numbers:

```
?- calculate('+', 0, s(0), X).
X = s(0) ?
yes
```

2. Subtracting two numbers:

```
?- calculate('-', s(s(0)), s(0), X).
X = s(0) ?
yes
```

The available operations are:

```
operation(+).
operation(-).
```

Generating the documentation

documentation has been generated automatically by lpdoc the (http://ciao-lang.org/ciao/build/doc/lpdoc.html/) tool.

• To generate it, after opening the file inside Emacs, select the following menu options:

```
LPdoc -> Generate documentation for buffer
(or type \langle C-c \rangle \langle D \rangle \langle B \rangle). You can also type
lpdoc -t html calculator.pl
lpdoc -t pdf calculator.pl
at the command line.
```

• For visualizing the output, select:

```
LPdoc -> View documentation in selected format
(or type \langle C-c \rangle \langle D \rangle \langle \nabla \rangle), or
lpdoc --view calculator.pl
at the command line.
```

You can select different formats such as pdf or html at generation time. For generating pdf directly from lpdoc you need to have a TeX/LaTeX distribution such as TeX Live, etc. installed (depending on the distribution you may need to install texlive, texinfo, and imagemagick).

Alternatively, you can also generate the html, open it in a browser, and then save it from the browser to pdf (e.g., by *printing* it to a pdf file).

This module includes some formatting commands but there are many more in: $\verb|http://ciao-lang.org/ciao/build/doc/lpdoc.html/comments.html#stringcommand/1.$

To document each predicate, specific assertions are used. For example:

With assertions you can also specify and check types and many other properties.

For more information consult:

http://ciao-lang.org/ciao/build/doc/lpdoc.html/assertions_doc.html.

A question often asked is how to do accents: in text that is within strings use $Q^{(1)}$ and $Q^{(1)}$ for ene. E.g.:

```
:- doc(title, "Programaci@'{o}n L@'{o}gica").
```

In alumno_prode/4 facts you can use accents, but please remeber to always put the arguments in single quotes, '...', to make sure they are constants:

```
alumno_prode('lvaro', 'Fernndez', 'Gmez', 'Y16M025').
```

Automatic tests

This module also includes some assertions that start with :- test. For example:

These assertions define test cases. Given an assertion:

```
:- test Head : Call => Exit + Comp.
```

Head denotes the predicate to which the assertion applies, Call describes the values to call the predicate with for the test, Exit defines the expected values upon exit if the predicate succeeds and Comp will be used to define global properties, for example if the predicate should fail or succeed for that call:

- not_fails: means that the call to the predicate with the values in Call will generate at least one solution.
- fails: means that the call to the predicate with the values in Call will fail.

Including tests in the documentation

You can have lpdoc include the tests in the documentation. For this, include option --doc_mainopts=tests in the lpdoc command. E.g., at the command line:

```
lpdoc -t html --doc_mainopts=tests calculator.pl
```

Or, if you are generating the manual from Emacs, switch to the *LPdoc* buffer (you can use the 'Buffers' menu) and issue the command:

```
lpdoc ?- doc_cmd('SETTINGS.pl', [name_value(doc_mainopts, tests)], gen(html)).
```

ejemplo 3

Launching the tests automatically

To run the tests, open the .pl file inside Emacs and select the following menu options: CiaoDbg -> Run tests in current module (or type $\overline{\text{C-c}}$ $\overline{\text{u}}$).

Note that when these tests are run the system by default tries to also find a second solution for each test (i.e., like typing $\langle : \rangle$ in the top level).

Usage and interface

```
• Library usage:
:- use_module(/home/nicocossio/UPM/Prolog/ejemplo.pl).
• Exports:
- Predicates:
calculate/4, sum/3.
- Properties:
operation/1, nat/1.
```

Documentation on exports

sum(X,Y,Z).

```
operation/1:
                                                                            PROPERTY
     Usage: operation(Op)
     Op is an operation accepted by the calculator.
           operation(+).
          operation(-).
calculate/4:
                                                                           PREDICATE
     Usage: calculate(Op,A,B,C)
     C is the result of applying operation Op to A and B.
           calculate(+,A,B,C) :-
               sum(A,B,C).
          calculate(-,A,B,C) :-
               sum(B,C,A).
sum/3:
                                                                           PREDICATE
     Usage: sum(A,B,C)
     C is the sum of A and B in Peano format.
           sum(0,X,X) :-
               nat(X).
          sum(s(X),Y,s(Z)) :=
```

```
nat/1:
    Usage:
    Natural number.
    nat(0).
    nat(s(X)):-
    nat(X).
```

Documentation on imports

This module has the following direct dependencies:

- Internal (engine) modules: term_basic, arithmetic, atomic_basic, basiccontrol, exceptions, term_compare, term_typing, debugger_support, basic_props.

- Packages: prelude, initial, condcomp, assertions, assertions/assertions_basic. References 5

References

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