### Learning Objectives

#### After this lesson, you should be able to:

- Review Step 3 Parse the Data and more specifically
  - Descriptive Statistics and Exploratory Data Analysis
  - Apply *pandas* on a Kaggle dataset
- Have fun doing Data Science!



### Review

Parse the Data
Introduction to pandas
Codealong | Tidying up (more) the SF housing dataset

	DataFrame	Series		
Column subsetting				
by name	<pre># New DataFrame with column named X1 df[ ['X1'] ]</pre>	df['X1']		
(Columns names are stored in df.columns) (df.columns.get_loc('X1') returns X1's column index)	<pre># 2+ columns (in the order listed) df[ ['X1', 'X2',] ]</pre>	df.X1		
by location	<pre># New DataFrame with column at location column_i (numbering starts at 0) df[ [column_i] ]  # 2+ columns (in the order listed) df[ [column_i, column_j,] ]</pre>			
Row subsetting				
by index label	<pre>df.loc[ [index_label_i] ] df.loc[ [index_label_i, index_label_j,] ]  # Can use a range if the index is made of numbers (rows "a" to "b" included) df.loc[ index_label_a : index_label_b ]</pre>	<pre>df.loc[index_label_i]</pre>		
by location	<pre>df.loc[ [row_i] ] df.loc[ [row_i, row_j,] ] # (rows "a" to "b' excluded) df.iloc[row_a : row_b ] or df[row_a : row_b ]</pre>	<pre>df.iloc[location_i]</pre>		
Cell subsetting/scalar lookup				
By index label/column name	<pre>df.at[index_label, 'X1']</pre>			
By location	<pre>df.iat[row_i, column_j]</pre>			



### Review

**3** Parse the Data

Descriptive Statistics for Exploratory Data Analysis

### Descriptive Statistics

Measure of Centrality	Mean	Median	Mode
Measurement Scales	Interval - Ratio	Interval - Ratio	Nominal - Ratio
<ul><li>In the dataset?</li></ul>	8		<b>©</b>
<ul> <li>Easy of compute</li> </ul>	<b>©</b>	<b>©</b>	8
<ul> <li>Resistant to outliers?</li> </ul>	8	<b>©</b>	<b>©</b>
Measure of Dispersion	© (Variance, Standard Deviation)	☺ (Interquartile Range)	8
Extensive used in mathematical models?	<b>©</b>	8	8
Graphical Methods	$\int_{\mu}^{\overline{\sigma}}$	Boxplot ××	Histogram

#### Correlation

 $\rho$  quantifies the strength and direction of movements of two random variables **Negative Correlation Positive Correlation** Strong Weak Weak Strong -1 -.5 one variable moves in the same **No Correlation** direction by 50% the amount that the other variable moves Perfect negative Negative Positive Perfect positive No correlation correlation correlation correlation correlation  $\rho = 0$  $\rho = -1$  $\rho < 0$  $\rho > 0$  $\rho = 1$ 

### Python and pandas

Measure of Centrality	.mean()		.median()		.mode()
Measure of Dispersion	<pre>.var(), .std() .quantile()</pre>		• •		
Summary	.describe()				
Graphical Methods		.plot(kind = 'bo		'box')	<pre>.plot(kind = 'hist')</pre>
Correlation Matrix	.corr()				
Scatter plot	<pre>DataFrame.plot(kind = 'scatter', x = 'SerieName', y = 'SerieName')</pre>				
Scatter matrix	<pre>pd.tools.plotting.scatter_matrix(DataFrame)</pre>				
.columns, .set_index(), .unique() .va .drop() .isnull(),		t(), .sum(), lue_counts(), .notnul(), ona()	ոբ	o.sort(), .apply()	

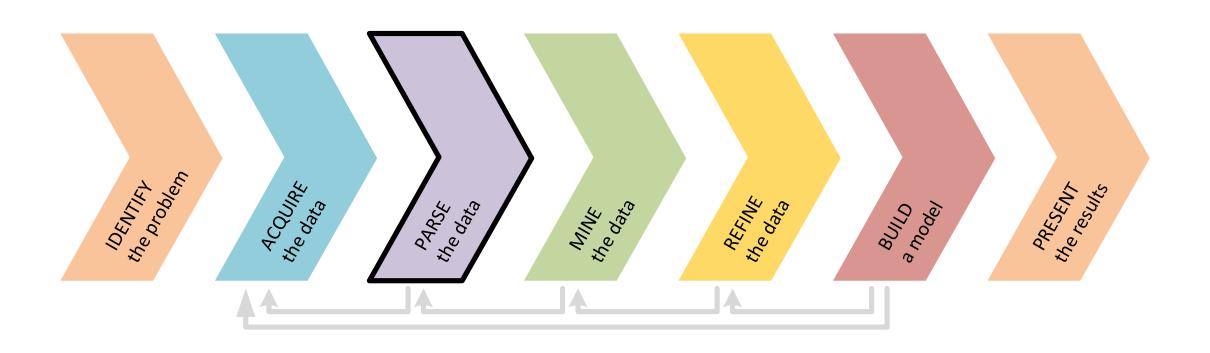


Q&A



# Today

### Today we'll keep our focus on PARSE the data



# And more precisely on the Exploratory Data Analysis using the *pandas* library

Research Design	Research Design	Data Visualization in	Descriptive Statistics for Exploratory Data Analysis	Exploratory Data	
and Data Analysis		pandas	Inferential Statistics for Model Fit	Analysis in <i>pandas</i>	
Foundations of Modeling	Linear Regression	Classification Models	Evaluating Model Fit	Presenting Insights from Data Models	
Data Science in the Real World	Decision Trees and Random Forests	Time Series Data	Natural Language Processing	Databases	

# Next Class

Inferential Statistics for Model Fit

### Learning Objectives

#### After this next lesson, you should be able to:

- Explain the difference between causation and correlation
- Identify a normal distribution within a dataset using summary statistics and visualization
- Test a hypothesis within a sample case study
- Validate your findings using statistical analysis (t-tests, p-values, t-values, confidence intervals)



## Exit Ticket

Don't forget to fill out your exit ticket <a href="here">here</a>