

# ASSIGNMENT 2

30/03

given  $u_*$   
 $\theta_0$

direction at  $60^\circ$  -

$\theta_0$

$V_{10}, V_{50}, V_{80}, V_{100}$

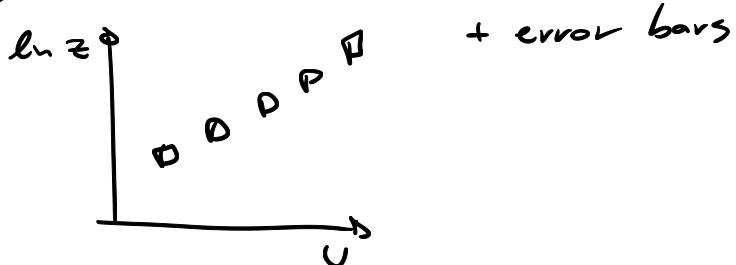
① compute  $1/L$

$$\frac{1}{L} = \left( \frac{k \beta}{\theta_0} \right) - \frac{\theta_0}{u_*^3}$$

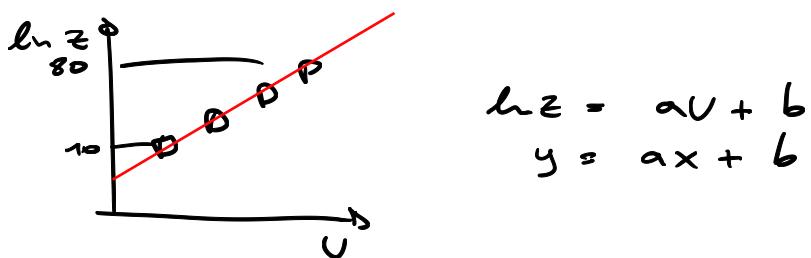
build pdf

② for wind direction  $\in [60^\circ, 120^\circ]$   
 select for neutral condition  $\Rightarrow L^{-1} < 2,000.8$

③ compute average  $V$  at each height



④ fit line



⑤ compute  $u_*, z_0$

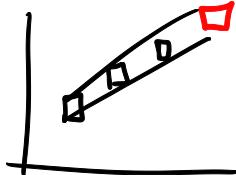
$$V(z) = \frac{u_*}{k} \ln \frac{z}{z_0} = \frac{u_*}{k} (\ln z - \ln z_0) \Rightarrow \ln z = \frac{u_* k}{u_*} + \ln z_0$$

$$\Rightarrow \ln z = \underbrace{\frac{k}{u_*} V}_{a} + \underbrace{\ln z_0}_{b}$$

$$z_0 = L \quad \text{look in the table to compare}$$

$$u_* = \frac{k}{a}$$

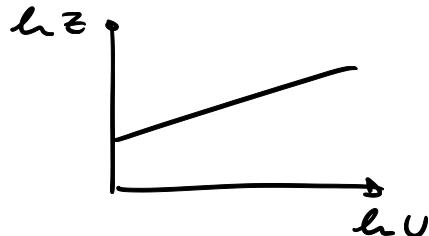
d) compute  $U_{100}$



compute % difference from  $U_{100}$  extracted  
and  $U_{100}$  real

e) compute  $\alpha$

$$\alpha = \frac{\frac{d \ln U}{d \ln z}}{\ln \frac{z}{z_0}} = \frac{1}{\ln \frac{z}{z_0}}$$



$$\ln z = \alpha \ln U + b$$

$$\alpha = \frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{\frac{d \ln z}{d \ln U}}{\ln U} \Rightarrow \alpha = \frac{1}{\alpha}$$

IMPLIED  $z_0$  ?

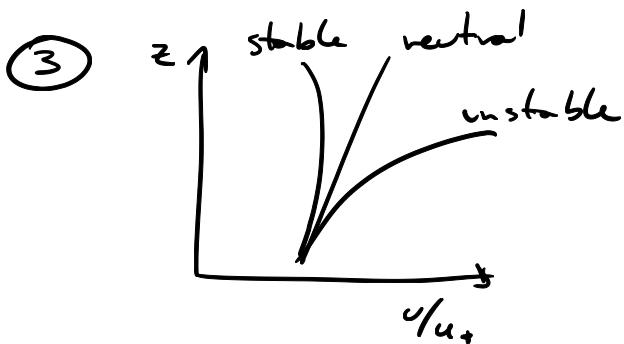
f)  $\alpha$  at  $z=60, z=80$

$$\alpha = \frac{\ln(U_2/U_1)}{\ln(z_2/z_1)}$$

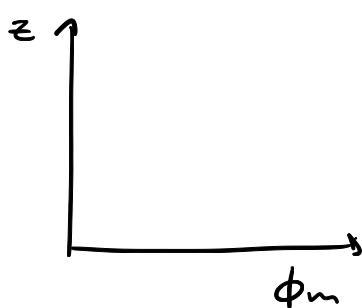
g) predict  $U_{100}$

$$U(z) = U_{ref} \left( \frac{z}{z_{ref}} \right)^\alpha \quad \text{with } z_{ref} = 80 \text{ m}$$

h) comparison  $\curvearrowright$  plot everything



$$④ \quad \phi_m\left(\frac{z}{L}\right) = \frac{\frac{dU}{dz}}{\frac{U_+}{Kz}}$$



$$\phi = 1 + 4.8 \frac{z}{L} \quad \text{for stable}$$

$$\phi = \left(1 - 13.3 \frac{z}{L}\right)^{-1/4}$$

↓ NOT SURE IF IT IS THAT SIMPLE

If  $\phi_m = 1 \Rightarrow$  neutral log law

$$⑤ \quad U(z) = \frac{U_+}{K} \left[ \log\left(\frac{z}{z_0}\right) - \Psi_m\left(\frac{z}{L}\right) \right]$$

$$\phi_m = \frac{\frac{dU}{dz}}{\frac{U_+}{Kz}} \Rightarrow \frac{dU}{dz} = \frac{U_+}{Kz} \phi_m \Rightarrow \int_0^U dU = \frac{U_+}{K} \int_{z_0}^z \frac{1}{z} \phi_m dz$$

stable:  $\phi = 1 + 4.8 \frac{z}{L}$

$$\begin{aligned} U &= \frac{U_+}{K} \int_{z_0}^z \frac{1}{z} \left(1 + 4.8 \frac{z}{L}\right) dz = \frac{U_+}{K} \int_{z_0}^z \frac{1}{z} + \frac{4.8}{L} dz \\ &= \frac{U_+}{K} \left[ \ln \frac{z}{z_0} + \frac{4.8}{L} (z - z_0) \right] \end{aligned}$$

$$\Rightarrow \Psi_m = -\frac{4.8}{L} (z - z_0)$$

unstable:  $\phi = \left(1 - 13.3 \frac{z}{L}\right)^{-1/4}$

$$\begin{aligned} U &= \frac{U_+}{K} \int_{z_0}^z \frac{1}{z} \left(1 - 13.3 \frac{z}{L}\right)^{-1/4} dz \\ &= \frac{U_+}{K} \int_{z_0}^z \frac{1}{z} \frac{1}{\left(1 - \frac{13.3}{L} z\right)^{1/4}} dz \end{aligned}$$

$$\Rightarrow \int_{z_0}^z \frac{1}{z(1-\beta z)^{\frac{1}{\alpha}}} dz$$

substitution  $u = (1-\beta z)^{\frac{1}{\alpha}}$

$$du = \frac{1}{\alpha} (1-\beta z)^{\frac{-3}{\alpha}} (-\beta) dz$$

$$dz = -\frac{\alpha du}{(1-\beta z)^{\frac{3}{\alpha}} \beta} = -\frac{\alpha}{\beta} (1-\beta z)^{\frac{3}{\alpha}} du = -\frac{\alpha}{\beta} u^3 du$$

$$u^{\alpha} = 1-\beta z \Rightarrow z = \frac{1-u^{\alpha}}{\beta}$$

$$\Rightarrow \int_{z_0}^z \frac{1}{z(1-\beta z)^{\frac{1}{\alpha}}} dz = \int_{(1-u^{\alpha})}^1 \frac{1}{(1-u^{\alpha})} u - \frac{\alpha}{\beta} u^3 du = + \int \frac{u^2}{u^{\alpha-1}} du$$

$$= \int \frac{u^2}{(u^2+1)(u+1)(u-1)} du =$$

$$= \int \left( \frac{1}{2(u^2+1)} - \frac{1}{u(u+1)} + \frac{1}{u(u-1)} \right) du$$

$$= \int_{\textcircled{1}} \frac{2}{u^2+1} du - \int_{\textcircled{2}} \frac{1}{u+1} du + \int_{\textcircled{3}} \frac{1}{u-1} du$$

$$\textcircled{1} \quad \int_{u^2+1} \frac{2}{u^2+1} du = 2 \operatorname{tg}^{-1} u$$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad - \int \frac{1}{u+1} du = -\ln(u+1)$$

$$u = (1-\beta z)^{\frac{1}{\alpha}}$$

$$\textcircled{3} \quad \int \frac{1}{u-1} du = \ln(u-1)$$

$$\Rightarrow \int \frac{u^2}{u^{\alpha-1}} du = 2 \operatorname{tg}^{-1} u - \ln(u+1) + \ln(u-1)$$

$$\int_{z_0}^z \frac{1}{z(1-\beta z)^{\frac{1}{\alpha}}} dz = 2 \operatorname{tg}^{-1} (1-\beta z)^{\frac{1}{\alpha}} - \ln[(1-\beta z)^{\frac{1}{\alpha}} + 1] + \ln[(1-\beta z)^{\frac{1}{\alpha}} - 1] \Big|_z^{z_0}$$

$$\Rightarrow U = \frac{u_0}{\kappa} \int_{z_0}^z \frac{1}{z(1-\beta z)^{\frac{1}{\alpha}}} dz = \frac{u_0}{\kappa} \underbrace{\left( 2 \operatorname{tg}^{-1} (1-\beta z)^{\frac{1}{\alpha}} - \ln[(1-\beta z)^{\frac{1}{\alpha}} + 1] + \ln[(1-\beta z)^{\frac{1}{\alpha}} - 1] \right)}_{\alpha} \Big|_z^{z_0}$$

$$\Rightarrow \varphi = \log \frac{z}{z_0} - \alpha$$











