Gram-Schmidt

$$A = \left\{ \left(\underbrace{O,O,A,A}_{\gamma_{1}} \right) \left(\underbrace{O,A,A,O}_{\gamma_{2}} \right) \left(\underbrace{A,A,O,O}_{\gamma_{3}} \right) \right\}$$

•
$$U_{\lambda} = \frac{\omega_{\lambda}}{\|\omega_{\lambda}\|}$$
 $\Rightarrow \omega_{\lambda} = \frac{1}{2}$
= $\frac{(0,0,1,\lambda)}{\sqrt{2}}$
= $\frac{(0,0,\frac{1}{2},\frac{1}{2})}{\sqrt{2}}$

•
$$U_2 = \frac{U_2}{\|U_2\|} \rightarrow U_2 = \frac{\left(0, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}\right)}{\left\|\left(0, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}\right)\right\|} = \frac{\left(0, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}} = \left(0, \frac{\frac{3}{2}}{3}, \frac{1}{\sqrt{6}}, -\frac{1}{\sqrt{6}}\right)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
W_{\Delta} &= \sqrt{2} - (\sqrt{2} \cdot U_{1}) U_{1} \\
&= (O, I, I, O) - \left[(O, I, I, O) \cdot (O, O, \frac{1}{12}, \frac{1}{12}) \right] (O, O, \frac{1}{12}, \frac{1}{12}) \\
&= (O, I, I, O) - \frac{1}{12} (O, O, \frac{1}{12}, \frac{1}{12}) \\
&= (O, I, I, O) - (O, O, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}) \\
&= (O, I, I, O, O, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2})
\end{aligned}$$

•
$$U_3 = \frac{U_3}{\|U_3\|} \rightarrow U_3 = \frac{\left(\frac{1}{1}, 0, -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}\right)}{\left\|\left(\frac{1}{1}, 0, -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}\right)\right\|} = \frac{\left(\frac{1}{1}, 0, -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}} = \left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}, 0, -\frac{1}{\sqrt{6}}, \frac{1}{\sqrt{6}}\right)$$

$$\begin{aligned} W_3 &= \sqrt{3} - \left(\sqrt{3} \cdot U_1\right) U_1 - \left(\sqrt{3} \cdot U_2\right) U_2 \\ &= (1,1,0,0) - \left[(1,1,0,0) \cdot \left(O_1O_1 \frac{1}{12}, \frac{1}{12} \right) \right] \left(O_1O_1 \frac{1}{12}, \frac{1}{12} \right) - \left[(1,1,0,0) \cdot \left(O_1A_1 \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2} \right) \right] \left(O_1A_1 \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2} \right) \\ &= (1,1,0,0) - O\left(O_1O_1 \frac{1}{12}, \frac{1}{12} \right) - A\left(O_1A_1 \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2} \right) \\ &= (1,1,0,0) - \left(O_1O_1O_1O_1 \right) - \left(O_1A_1 \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2} \right) \\ &= \left(A_1A_1O_1O_1 \right) - \left(O_1A_1 \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2} \right) \\ &= \left(A_1A_1O_1O_1 - \left(O_1A_1 \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2} \right) \right) \end{aligned}$$

See
$$A = (v_1, v_2, ..., v_n)$$

$$\Rightarrow A' = (\omega_1, \omega_2, ..., \omega_n) \iff U_A = \frac{\omega_A}{\|\omega_A\|}$$

$$\omega_n = v_n - \sum_{i=A}^{n-1} (v_n, U_i) v_i \Rightarrow U_n = \frac{\omega_n}{\|\omega_n\|} \iff 0 = 2, 3, ..., n$$