PROJET – ANALAYSE DES TURNOVER

QUESNEL Ninon - BERTON Léonie - REVERSAC PAUL - PERICHON Nicolas

SOMMAIRE











Def resumetable(df)

Variable cible : départ (0 : Non / 1 : Oui)

	Name	dtypes	Missing	Uniques	First value	Second value	Third value
0	Satisfaction	float64	0	92	0.41	0.87	0.45
1	derniere_evaluation	float64	0	65	0.54	0.88	0.48
2	Nombre_de_projets	int64	0	6	2	5	2
3	Nombre_heures_mensuelles_moyenne	int64	0	215	152	269	158
4	Temps_passe_dans_entreprise	int64	0	8	3	5	3
5	Accident_du travail	int64	0	2	0	0	0
6	depart	int64	0	2	1	1	1
7	promotion_5_dernieres_annees	int64	0	2	0	0	0
8	Service	object	0	10	technical	technical	technical
9	niveau_salaire	object	0	3	low	low	low

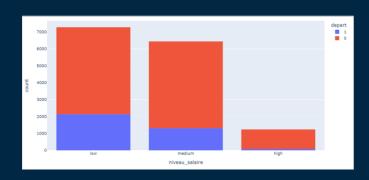


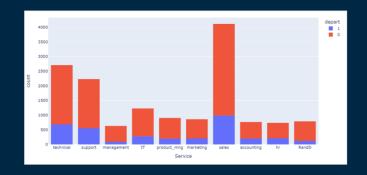


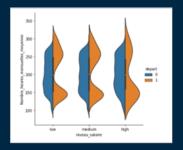
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5	Accident_du travail	int64	0	2	0.00	0.00	0.00
6	depart	int64	0	2	1.00	1.00	1.00
7	promotion_5_dernieres_annees	int64	0	2	0.00	0.00	0.00
8	Service	float64	0	10	9.00	9.00	9.00
9	niveau_salaire	float64	0	3	1.00	1.00	1.00



Un peu de Data Viz

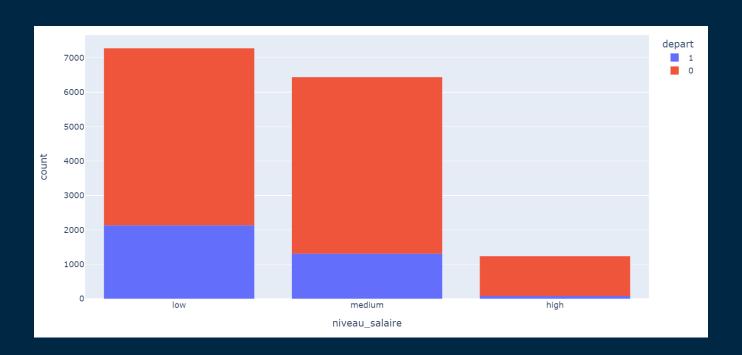






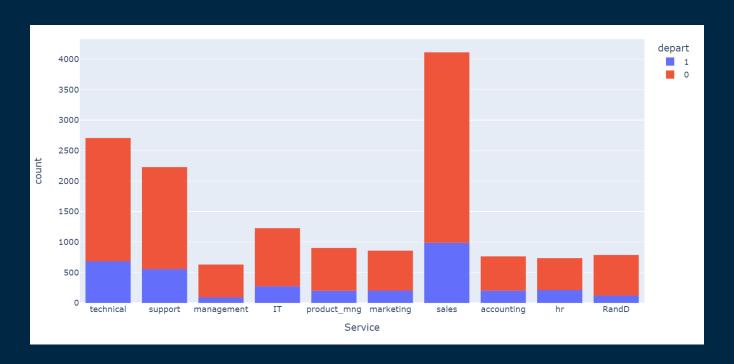


Répartition des départs en fonction des niveaux de salaire



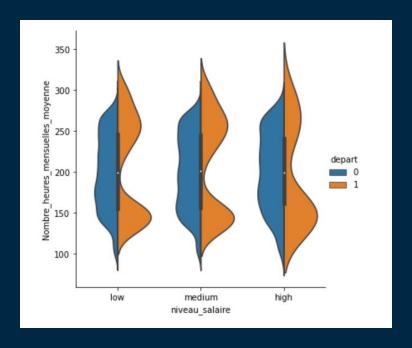


Répartition des départs en fonction des services





Répartition des départs en fonction des heures mensuelles travaillées et du niveau de salaire associé





02 METHODOLOGIE



DataBaseTrain



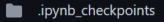
DataBaseTest



Projet_turnover.ipynb



README.md



DataBaseTest

DataBaseTrain

Projet_turnover.ipynb

README.md

decistion_tree.png

test.dot

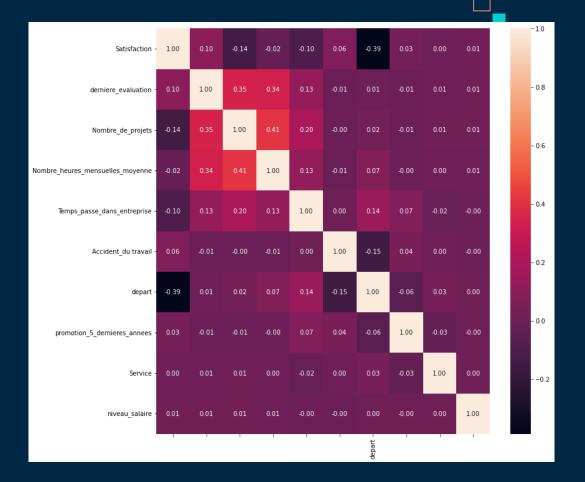
Architecture du projet sous GITHUB



02 METHODOLOGIE

- ETAPE 1 Data Viz
- ETAPE 2 Etude de corrélation
- ETAPE 3 4 modèles : Random Forest / Logistic Regression / KNN / SVM
- ETAPE 4 Constat
- ETAPE 5 Optimisation / Approfondissement

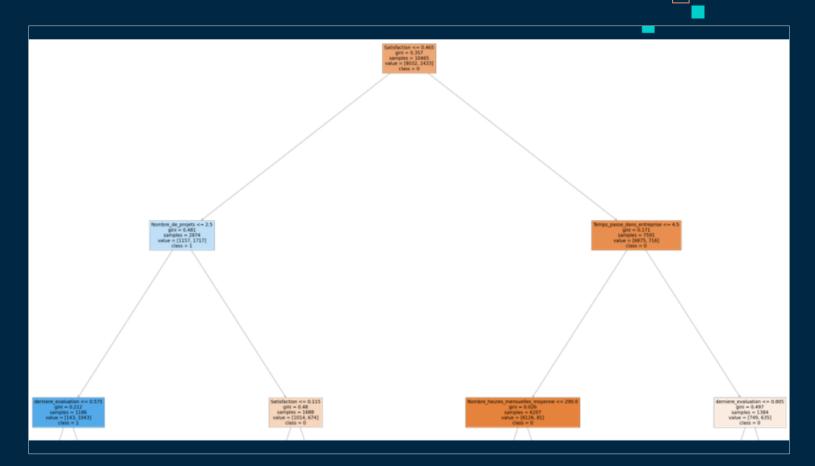














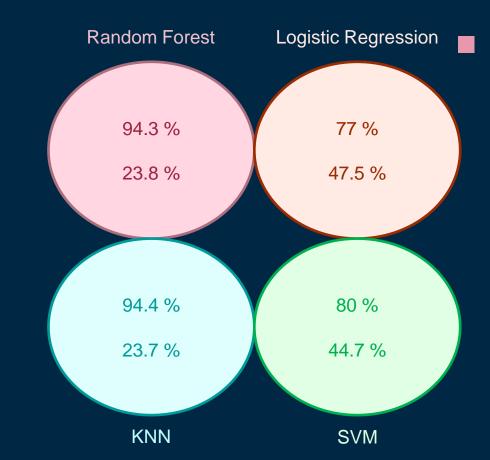
Satisfaction <= 0.465 gini = 0.357 gini = 0.357 samples = 10465 value = [8032, 2433] class = 0 Nombre_de_projets <= 2.5 gini = 0.481 samples = 2874 value = [1157, 1717] class = 1 Temps_passe_dans_entreprise <= 4.5 gini = 0.171 samples = 7591 value = [6875, 716] class = 0 derniere_evaluation <= 0.575 gini = 0.212 samples = 1186 value = [143, 1043] class = 1 Nombre_heures_mensuelles_moyenne <= 290.0 gini = 0.026 samples = 6207 value = [6126, 81] class = 0 derniere_evaluation <= 0.805 gini = 0.497 samples = 1384 value = [749, 635] class = 0 Satisfaction <= 0.115 gini = 0.48 samples = 1688 value = [1014, 674] class = 0

- Random Forest
 - Plusieurs arbres de décisions / Chacun produit une estimation
- Logistic Regression
 - Permet de prédire qu'un élément arrive (0 ou 1)
- KNN
 - Classifie des points dans des classes connues en fonction de leur distance / + pour résoudre classification
- SVM
 - Apprentissage automatique / Résoudre des problèmes de classification



04 RESULTATS

Accuracy RMSE





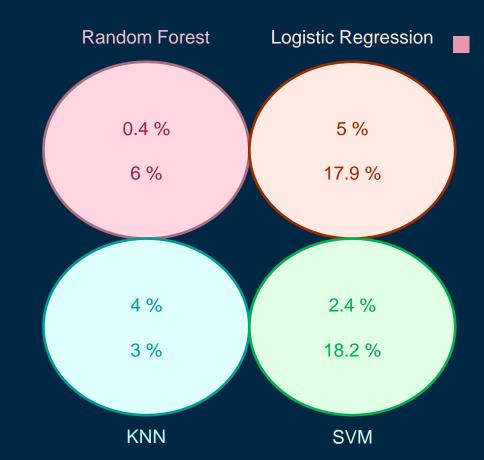
04 RESULTATS

Satisfaction	derniere_eva	Nombre_de_	Nombre_heu	Temps_passo	Accident_du	promotion_	Service	niveau_salai	random fore	logistic regre	knn	svm	expected
0.45	0.54	2	135	3	0	0	1	1	Left	Stay	Left	Stay	Left
0.11	0.81	6	305	4	0	0	1	1	Left	Left	Left	Left	Left
0.84	0.92	4	234	5	0	0	1	1	Stay	Stay	Left	Stay	Left
0.41	0.55	2	148	3	0	0	1	1	Left	Stay	Left	Stay	Left
0.36	0.56	2	137	3	0	0	1	1	Left	Stay	Left	Stay	Left
0.38	0.54	2	143	3	0	0	1	1	Left	Stay	Left	Stay	Left
0.45	0.47	2	160	3	0	0	1	1	Left	Stay	Left	Stay	Left
0.78	0.99	4	255	6	0	0	1	1	Stay	Stay	Stay	Stay	Left
0.45	0.51	2	160	3	1	1	1	1	Left	Stay	Left	Stay	Left
0.76	0.89	5	262	5	0	0	1	1	Left	Stay	Left	Stay	Left
0.44	0.51	2	156	3	0	0	9	3	Left	Stay	Left	Stay	Left
0.09	0.8	7	283	5	0	0	9	1	Left	Left	Left	Left	Left
0.92	0.87	4	226	6	1	0	9	2	Stay	Stay	Left	Stay	Left
0.74	0.91	4	232	5	0	0	9	2	Stay	Stay	Left	Stay	Left
0.09	0.82	6	249	4	0	0	9	2	Left	Left	Left	Left	Left
0.89	0.95	4	275	5	0	0	9	2	Stay	Stay	Left	Stay	Left
0.1	0.86	6	278	4	0	0	9	3	Left	Left	Left	Left	Left
0.81	1	4	253	5	0	0	9	1	Stay	Stay	Left	Stay	Left
0.11	0.8	6	282	4	0	0	9	2	Left	Left	Left	Left	Left
0.11	0.84	7	264	4	0	0	9	2	Left	Left	Left	Left	Left



04 RESULTATS

Faux depart Faux non départ





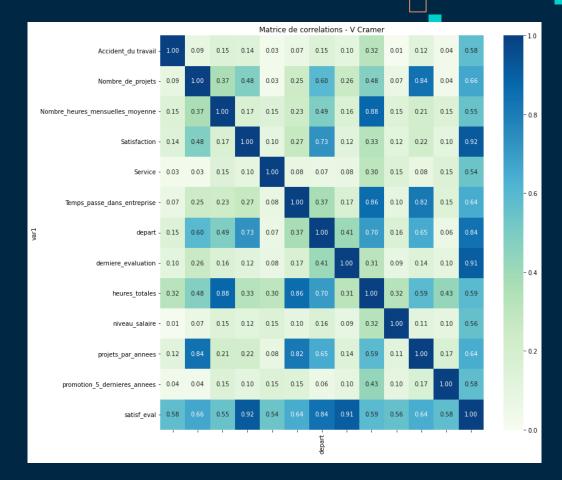
Création de 3 nouveaux éléments :

- 'heures_totales' = 'Nombre_heures_mensuelles_moyenne' x 12 x 'Temps_passe_dans_entreprise'
- 'projets_par_annees' = 'Nombre de projets' / 'Temps_passe_dans_entreprise'
- 'satisf_eval' = 'Satisfaction' / 'derniere_evaluation'



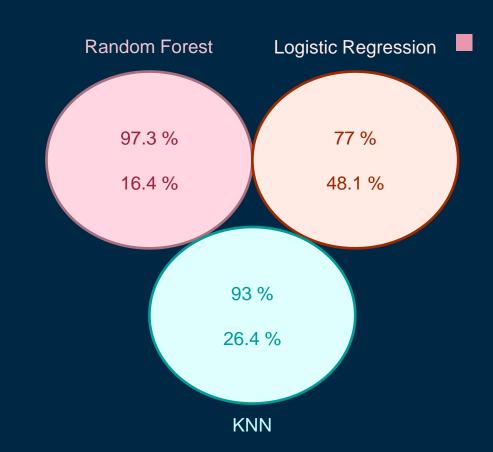




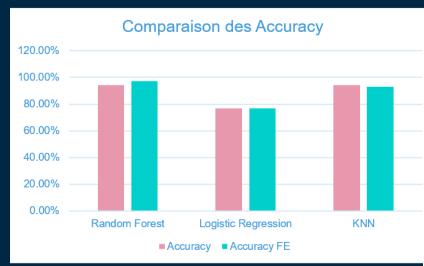


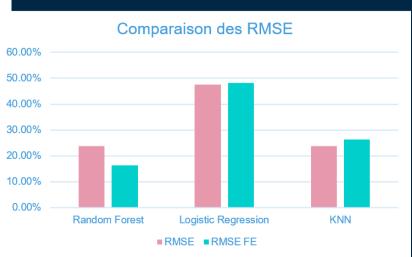


Accuracy RMSE





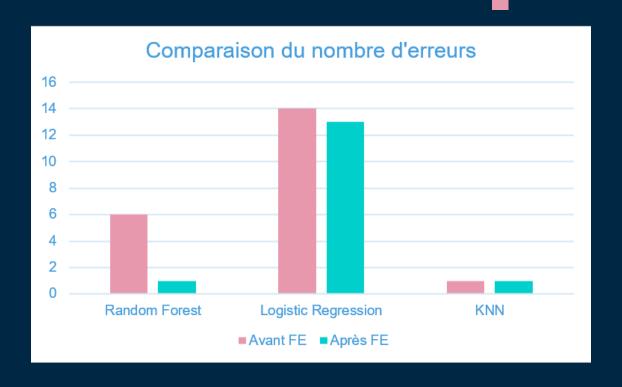






Satisfaction	Accident_du	heures_total	projets_par_	satisf_eval	random fore	logistic regre	knn	expected
0.45	0	4860	0.66	0.83	Left	Stay	Left	Left
0.11	0	14640	1.5	0.13	Left	Left	Left	Left
0.84	0	14040	0.8	0.91	Left	Stay	Left	Left
0.41	0	5328	0.66	0.74	Left	Stay	Left	Left
0.36	0	4932	0.66	0.64	Left	Left	Left	Left
0.38	0	5148	0.66	0.7	Left	Left	Left	Left
0.45	0	5760	0.66	0.95	Left	Stay	Left	Left
0.78	0	18360	0.66	0.78	Left	Stay	Stay	Left
0.45	1	5760	0.66	0.88	Left	Stay	Left	Left
0.76	0	15720	1	0.85	Left	Stay	Left	Left
0.44	0	5616	0.66	0.86	Left	Stay	Left	Left
0.09	0	16980	1.4	0.11	Left	Left	Left	Left
0.92	1	16272	0.66	1.05	Stay	Stay	Left	Left
0.74	0	13920	0.8	0.81	Left	Stay	Left	Left
0.09	0	11952	1.5	0.11	Left	Left	Left	Left
0.89	0	16500	0.8	0.93	Left	Stay	Left	Left
0.1	0	13344	1.5	0.11	Left	Left	Left	Left
0.81	0	15180	0.8	0.81	Left	Stay	Left	Left
0.11	0	13536	1.5	0.13	Left	Left	Left	Left
0.11	0	12672	1.75	0.13	Left	Stay	Left	Left







06 CONCLUSION

• Le meilleur est KNN.



 Le feature engineering n'est pas vraiment nécessaire dans notre cas d'après notre étude.

Utiliser d'autres modèles pour essayer.



MERCI DE VOTRE **ATTENTION**

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