# RNA-Seq analysis recap

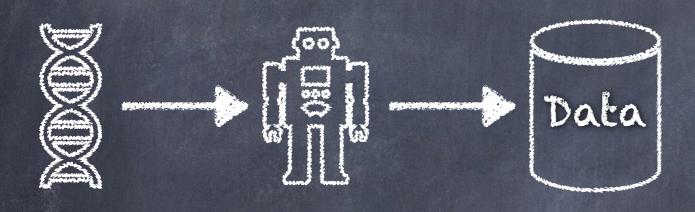
Nicolas Dehomme, Bastian Schifthaler

#### What we learned before the summer break

- High-throughput sequencing (HTS) technologies
   (arguably Illumina-centric)
- HTS data pre-processing, rRNA sorting, trimming,
   quantifying, quality control (technical)
- RNA-Seq data exploratory analysis (biological
   QC)
- RNA-Seq data analysis, the most common, namely differential expression (DE) analysis

# what's left on the agenda for the fall

- o Downstream analyses
  - o Gene Set Enrichment Analyses
  - o Pathway analyses
  - o Gene network inference
- o Single-cell data and analysis specifics







- Look for technical issues, commonly used tool:
   FastQC keep in mind it was developed for DNA-Seq
  - o assess read quality per cycle and per read
  - o assess GC content
  - o assert adapters presence/absence
  - assert over-represented sequences preponderance

#### Cleansing (if needed)

- o If the QC reveals anything suspect
  - o trim the reads
  - o filter the reads
  - o do both
- o or neither!



#### Guantification

- o genome or transcriptome based
  - o genome:
    - o less accurate quantification
    - o novel genes detection
  - o transcriptome:
    - more accurate expression profiting when using (=)
      latest tools (e.g. Salmon)
    - o limited by the quality of the transcriptome

#### Quantification (2)

- transcriptome based quantification is very actively developed
  - even more robust: e.g. Fishpond: differential transcript and gene expression with inferential replicates
  - even more comprehensive: terminus (https://github.com/COMBINE-lab/terminus) data driven approach that summarises expression at the gene level whenever the transcript level is unreliable







Yes, again!

MultiQC is a convenient tool





Differential Gene Expression Differential Transcript Expression Differential Transcript Usage



Differential Gene Expression +
 Differential Transcript Expression +
 Differential Transcript Usage =

Gene Differential Expression

https://liorpachter.wordpress.com/2018/02/15/gde2-dge2-dtu2-dte2-dte2/

### ac again!

- o Perform the biological QA
  - e check samples' read counts, distributions



odoes the data match the expectations (studies design): PCA, expression of gene of interest

## Differential Expression

- o From the literature:
  - o best tools: DESeq2, edgeR
  - o do NOT use R/FPKM
- o From my opinion
  - o use TPM (if at all) only for visualisation
  - best, use data normalised by either afore mentioned package, and keep in mind heteroscedasticity if not stabilising the variance

# Differential Expression (2)

- o Modelling the data
  - o start with (a) simple model(s)
  - progress stepwise to the most complex model that is still easy to interpret
  - o double-check the results (heat maps, expression profiles, etc.)
  - o Charlotte's slides as a reference!

#### CACCACAL

- our public repository on GitHub: https://github.com/UPSCb/UPSCb-common
- o It contains code to run frequently used pre-processing tools, to

# Minimal Cools we'd recommend

- o FastQC
- o Trimmomatic
- o SortMeRNA (or kraken2 as a faster alternative)
- o Salmon
- o MultiQC
- o R packages DESeq2