

# HTTP Application and API

## with Akka HTTP

# Akka HTTP and Akka

Modern, fast, asynchronous, streaming-first HTTP server and client.

— *From <https://akka.io/>*

- A set of **libraries** for building applications and APIs exposed through HTTP, not a framework
- Very lightweight, runs standalone without any installation
- Very good documentation
- *Composable* with the rest of **Akka** toolkit
  - Akka **Actors**, Akka **Stream**
  - Akka Cluster / Sharding / Distributed Data / Persistence / gRPC / Management
  - Alpakka

# Hello World!

```
object HelloApp {  
  def main(args: Array[String]): Unit = {  
    implicit val actorSystem: ActorSystem = ActorSystem("akka-http")  
    implicit val executionContext: ExecutionContext = actorSystem.dispatcher  
    implicit val materializer: Materializer = ActorMaterializer()  
  
    val route = (get & path("hello") & parameter("name")) { name =>  
      complete(s"Hello $name!")  
    }  
  
    val http = Http()  
    http.bindAndHandle(route, "localhost", 8080)  
  }  
}
```

# Routes and Directives

# Route

- Approximately a function that takes an `HttpRequest` and produces an `HttpResponse`
- More precisely (reasonably accurate) a function that takes an `HttpRequest` and produces a `RouteResult`.
- A `RouteResult` consists of
  - either a `Complete` result containing an `HttpResponse`
  - or a `Rejected` result containing `Rejections`

# Basic Routes

// Completion

```
val hello1: Route = complete("Hello World!")
```

// Rejection

```
val rejectedHello1: Route = reject(MissingCookieRejection("username"))
```

# Directive

- **Matches** an `HttpRequest`
- And optionally **extracts values** (up to 22) from it

Directive Type	Alias	Extracts
<code>Directive[Unit]</code>	<code>Directive0</code>	0 value
<code>Directive[Tuple1[A]]</code>	<code>Directive1[A]</code>	1 value of type A
<code>Directive[(A, B)]</code>		2 values of type A and B
<code>Directive[(A, B, C)]</code>		3 values of type A, B and C

# Basic Directives

```
val getMethod: Directive0 = get
val helloPath: Directive0 = path("hello")
val nameParameter: Directive1[String] = parameter("name")
val idParameterAsInt: Directive1[Int] = parameter("id".as[Int])
```



# Generating a Route from a Directive

```
val nameParameter: Directive1[String] = parameter("name")
```

```
val route: Route = nameParameter { name =>  
  complete(s"Hello $name!")  
}
```

- Combining a Directive and a function producing a Route results in a Route
- Arity of Directive directly implies arity of function

# Nesting Directives

```
val getMethod: Directive0 = get
val helloPath: Directive0 = path("hello")
val nameParameter: Directive1[String] = parameter("name")

val route: Route = getMethod {
  helloPath {
    nameParameter { name =>
      complete(s"Hello $name!")
    }
  }
}
```

- Tries nested route only if nesting directive matches

# Combining Directives with &

```
val getMethod: Directive0 = get
val helloPath: Directive0 = path("hello")
val nameParameter: Directive1[String] = parameter("name")

val directive: Directive1[String] = getMethod & helloPath & nameParameter
// arity 0 & arity 0 & arity 1 => 0 + 0 + 1 = 1
val route: Route = directive { name =>
  complete(s"Hello $name!")
}
```

- **All** combined directives have to match
- Resulting Arity is the sum of arities of combined directives

# Inlining Preserves Semantics

```
val route: Route = (get & path("hello") & parameter("name")) { name =>
  complete(s"Hello $name!")
}
```

- Everything consists of **immutable values**
- **Inlining** (or **extracting**) expressions or methods does change the meaning
- Applies to Route, Directive, PathMatcher (more later)...

# Combining Directives with |

```
val operandsPath: Directive[(Int, Int)] = path(IntNumber / IntNumber)
val operandsParameters: Directive[(Int, Int)] = parameters("a".as[Int], "b".as[Int])

val extractOperands: Directive[(Int, Int)] = operandsPath | operandsParameters
val route: Route = (pathPrefix("sum") & extractOperands) { (a, b) =>
  complete(s"$a + $b = ${a + b}")
}
```

- **Any** combined directive has to match
- First match wins
- Combined directives should have same arity
- Resulting directive will preserve arity

# Combining Routes with ~

```
val hello: Route = (get & path("hello") & parameter("name")) { name =>
  complete(s"Hello $name!")
}
```

```
val sum: Route = (pathPrefix("sum") & path(IntNumber / IntNumber)) { (a, b) =>
  complete(s"$a + $b = ${a + b}")
}
```

```
val route: Route = sum ~ route
```

- First match wins
- No match means means a rejection

# Path Matchers

# Matching Paths

```
// matches path similar to /sum/123/456
val sum: Route = (pathPrefix("sum") & path(IntNumber / IntNumber)) { (a, b) =>
  complete(s"$a + $b = ${a + b}")
}
```

- pathPrefix directive matches a **prefix** of the path,
- path directive matches a path until the **end of path**
- path and pathPrefix directives takes a PathMatcher



# pathPrefix and path Directives

- **pathPrefix directive**
  - matches a **prefix** of the path,
  - after consuming a **leading /**,
  - and identifies the rest of the path
- **path directive**
  - matches a path until the **end of path**,
  - after consuming a **leading /**,
  - considering the rest of the path when pathPrefix was applied before

# PathMatcher

- **Matches** a **prefix** of a Path
- And optionally **extracts values** (up to 22) from it
- And is also able to identify the **rest** of the Path (what remains after the matching prefix)

Path Matcher Type	Alias	Extraction
PathMatcher[Unit]	PathMatcher0	0 value
PathMatcher[Tuple1[A]]	PathMatcher1[A]	1 value of type A
PathMatcher[(A, B)]		2 values of type A and B
PathMatcher[(A, B, C)]		3 values of type A, B and C

# Basic PathMatchers

```
val string: PathMatcher0 = "CLI"  
val regex: PathMatcher1[String] = "[A-Z]\d{3}".r  
val segment: PathMatcher1[String] = Segment  
val intNumber: PathMatcher1[Int] = IntNumber
```

# Combining PathMatchers with /

```
val intNumber: PathMatcher1[Int] = IntNumber  
val intNumberSlashIntNumber: PathMatcher[(Int, Int)] = intNumber / intNumber
```

- Combined path matchers match in **succession**
- Identified portions are **contiguous** and **separated by a /**
- Resulting Arity is the sum of arities of combined directives

# Combining PathMatchers with |

```
val cli: PathMatcher0 = PathMatcher("CLI")  
val cust: PathMatcher0 = "CUST"  
val cliOrCust: PathMatcher0 = cli | cust
```

- **Any** combined path matcher has to match
- First match wins
- Combined path matcher should have same arity
- Resulting path matcher will preserve arity

# Combining PathMatchers with ~

```
val cliOrCust: PathMatcher0 = "CLI" | "CUST"  
val idNumberPathMatcher: PathMatcher1[Int] = IntNumber  
val customerId: PathMatcher1[Int] = cliOrCust ~ idNumberPathMatcher
```

- Combined path matchers match in **succession**
- Identified portions are **contiguous**
- Resulting Arity is the sum of arities of combined path matchers

# Handling JSON

# Spray JSON

a lightweight, clean and efficient JSON implementation in Scala

— *From <https://github.com/spray/spray-json>*

- Simple but very flexible
- Integrates seamlessly with Akka HTTP
- Heavily relies on implicits
- But no need to understand the gory details



# Mapping to and from JSON

- **Model**

```
case class Cart(orderLines: Seq[OrderLine])
case class OrderLine(item: Item, quantity: Int)
case class Item(id: Int, name: String)
```

- Mapping aka. **Protocol**

```
object EcommerceProtocol extends SprayJsonSupport with DefaultJsonProtocol {
  implicit lazy val cartFormat: RootJsonFormat[Cart] = jsonFormat1(Cart)
  implicit lazy val orderFormat: RootJsonFormat[OrderLine] = jsonFormat2(OrderLine)
  implicit lazy val itemFormat: RootJsonFormat[Item] = jsonFormat2(Item)
}
```

# Mapping Sample

```
val cart = Cart(  
  orderLines = Seq(  
    OrderLine(item = Item(id = 1, name = "Ball"), quantity = 2),  
    OrderLine(item = Item(id = 2, name = "Pen"), quantity = 1),  
    OrderLine(item = Item(id = 3, name = "Fork"), quantity = 3)  
  )  
)  
  
{  
  "orderLines": [  
    { "item": { "id": 1, "name": "Ball" }, "quantity": 2 },  
    { "item": { "id": 2, "name": "Pen" }, "quantity": 1 },  
    { "item": { "id": 3, "name": "Fork" }, "quantity": 3 }  
  ]  
}
```

# Responding with JSON Object

```
val cart = Cart(  
  orderLines = Seq(  
    OrderLine(item = Item(id = 1, name = "Ball"), quantity = 2),  
    OrderLine(item = Item(id = 2, name = "Pen"), quantity = 1),  
    OrderLine(item = Item(id = 3, name = "Fork"), quantity = 3)  
  )  
)  
  
val getCart = (get & path("cart")) {  
  complete(cart)  
}
```

# Responding with JSON Array

```
val items = Seq(  
  OrderLine(item = Item(id = 1, name = "Ball"), quantity = 2),  
  OrderLine(item = Item(id = 2, name = "Pen"), quantity = 1),  
  OrderLine(item = Item(id = 3, name = "Fork"), quantity = 3)  
)  
  
val getItem = (get & path("items")) {  
  complete(items)  
}
```

# Posting JSON Object (and Array)

```
val postItem = (post & path("items")) {  
  entity(as[Item]) { item =>  
    complete(s"item=$item")  
  }  
}
```

Could also post a Seq[Item] using entity(as[Seq[Item]])

# More About

- [Directives](#)
- [Routes](#)
- [Testing Routes](#)
- [Twirl](#) template engine
- [sbt-revolver](#), a plugin for SBT enabling a super-fast development turnaround