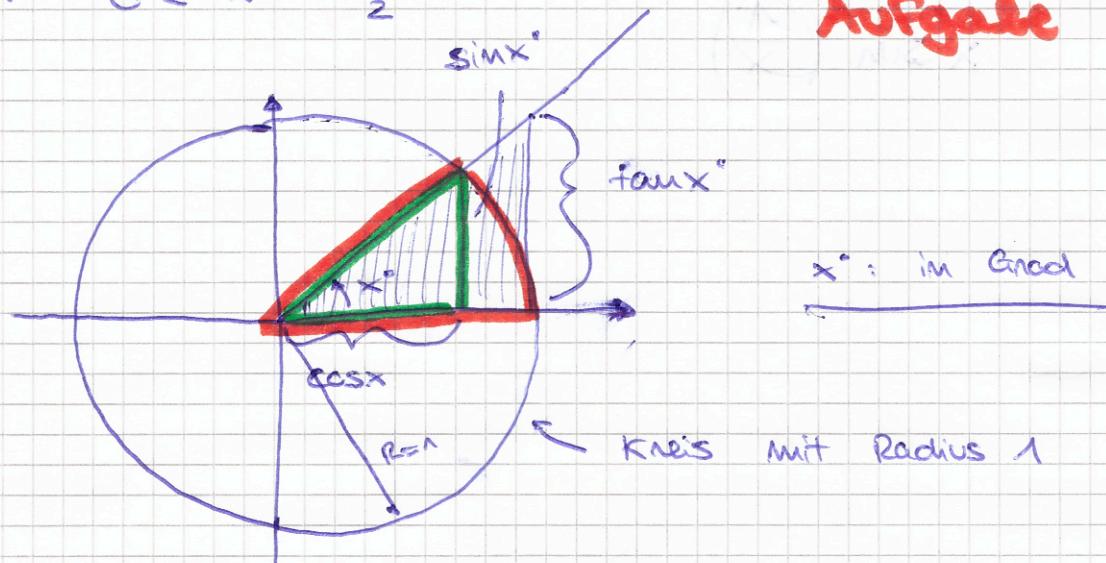


für  $0 \leq x \leq \frac{\pi}{2}$



$$S_1 = \text{Fläche} = \tan x^\circ \cdot 1 \cdot \frac{1}{2} \quad (\text{Dreieck})$$

~~$$S_2 = \text{Fläche} = \frac{\pi r^2}{360} x^\circ = \frac{\pi}{360} x^\circ \quad (\text{Kreis})$$~~

$$S_3 = \text{Fläche} = \frac{1}{2} \sin x^\circ \cos x^\circ \quad (\text{Dreieck})$$

Setzt:  $S_1 > S_2 > S_3$

$$\frac{1}{2} \tan x^\circ > \frac{\pi}{360} x^\circ > \frac{1}{2} \sin x^\circ \cos x^\circ$$

$$\tan x^\circ \geq \frac{\pi}{360} x^\circ > \sin x^\circ \cos x^\circ$$

Division durch  $\sin x^\circ$ :

$$\frac{1}{\cos x^\circ} > \frac{\pi}{180} \frac{x^\circ}{\sin x^\circ} > \cos x^\circ$$

$$\Rightarrow \cos x^\circ < \frac{180}{\pi} \frac{\sin x^\circ}{x^\circ} < \frac{1}{\cos x^\circ} \quad (\text{alles hoch -1})$$

Wenn  $x^\circ \rightarrow 0$        $1 < \frac{180}{\pi} \lim_{x^\circ \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin x^\circ}{x^\circ} < \frac{1}{1}$

D.h.  $\lim_{x^\circ \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin x^\circ}{x^\circ} = \frac{\pi}{180}$

Da die Funktion  $\frac{\sin(x^\circ)}{x^\circ}$  gerade ist, gilt:

$$\lim_{x^\circ \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{\sin x^\circ}{x^\circ} = \lim_{x^\circ \rightarrow 0^-} \frac{\sin x^\circ}{x^\circ} = \lim_{x^\circ \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin x^\circ}{x^\circ} = \frac{\pi}{180}$$