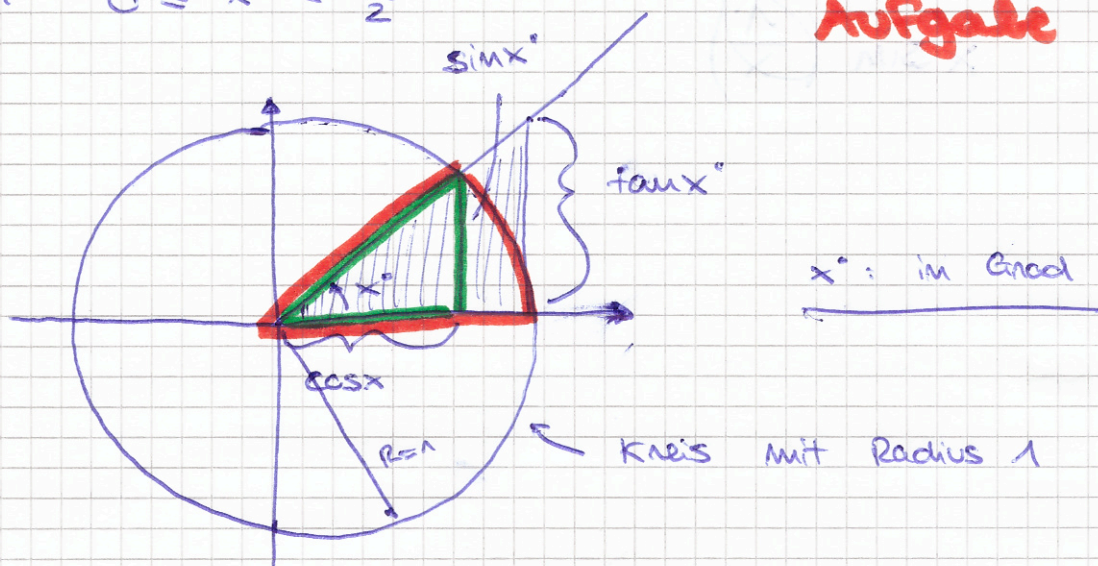


Für $0 \leq x \leq \frac{\pi}{2}$



$$S_1 = \text{Fläche} = \tan x^\circ \cdot 1 \cdot \frac{1}{2} \quad (\text{Dreieck})$$

$$S_2 = \text{Fläche} = \frac{\frac{\pi}{180} x^\circ}{2} = \frac{\pi}{360} x^\circ \quad (\text{Kreis})$$

$$S_3 = \text{Fläche} = \frac{1}{2} \sin x^\circ \cos x^\circ \quad (\text{Dreieck})$$

Setzt: $S_1 > S_2 > S_3$

$$\frac{1}{2} \tan x^\circ > \frac{\pi}{360} x^\circ > \frac{1}{2} \sin x^\circ \cos x^\circ$$

$$\tan x^\circ > \frac{\pi}{180} x^\circ > \sin x^\circ \cos x^\circ$$

Division durch $\sin x^\circ$:

$$\frac{1}{\cos x^\circ} > \frac{\pi}{180} \frac{x^\circ}{\sin x^\circ} > \cos x^\circ$$

$$\Rightarrow \cos x^\circ < \frac{180}{\pi} \frac{\sin x^\circ}{x^\circ} < \frac{1}{\cos x^\circ} \quad (\text{alles hoch } -1)$$

Wenn $x^\circ \rightarrow 0$

$$1 < \frac{180}{\pi} \lim_{x^\circ \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin x^\circ}{x^\circ} < \frac{1}{1}$$

D.h. $\lim_{x^\circ \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin x^\circ}{x^\circ} = \frac{\pi}{180}$

Da die Funktion $\frac{\sin(x^\circ)}{x^\circ}$ gerade ist, gilt:

$$\lim_{x^\circ \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin x^\circ}{x^\circ} = \lim_{x^\circ \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin(x^\circ)}{x^\circ} = \lim_{x^\circ \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin(x^\circ)}{x^\circ} = \frac{\pi}{180}$$