



## TUTO4: DEVELOPING DATA VISUALIZATIONS WITH REACT AND D3.JS

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# Outline

1. Separation of responsibilities: React component + D3 class
2. React `useEffect()` hook
3. React `useRef()` hook
4. Creation of a scatterplot visualization

# Combining D3.js and React: Separation of responsibilities



- **D3.js visualizations** are implemented in **self-contained class**, without any dependencies to React library
- For each visualization, **one React component** implements the container of the visualization to makes the glue between the D3js class and the React application.
- The **React component is responsible to:**
  - get the data from the Redux store;
  - instantiate the D3.js class and call render/update methods to build/update the visualization,
  - provide the event handler methods to D3.js class to update the store.



## Combining D3.js and React: first example

- <https://github.com/nicolasmédoc/TD4-D3jsInReact.git>
- Matrix-d3.js
  - is a **javascript class** which will renders the visualization. It is self-contained and independent from React
  - declares a method **create()** to initialize the SVG element
  - declares a method **clear()** to remove the SVG from the DOM
  - declares **one or several update methods** (e.g. `renderMatrix()`, `updateCells()`) to change the view or a part of the visualization when the data changes, with the **global update pattern**.



## Combining D3.js and React: first example

- Matrix.js (React component)
  - is the container of the matrix view. It uses the React state (useState() hook) or the Redux store (useSelector() hook) and dispatch the actions of reducers to handle the events.
  - controls the component lifecycle with **useEffect() hook** when the component **did mount**, **did update** (when data changes) or **did unmount** (when removed from the page)
  - **instantiates the d3 class** and store it in a **Ref** (with useRef() hook) to keep the d3 instance when the component re-render.
  - **renders the <div>** element containing the SVG and **stores it in a Ref** (with useRef() hook) to avoid re-render it.

# React useEffect() hook to control the component life cycle



3 functions are declared in 2 different profiles of the useEffect() hook to declare additional behavior in the React component life cycle:

```
import { useEffect } from 'react';
...
useEffect(()=>{
  // the behavior after the component creation (did mount)
  return ()=>{
    // the behavior after the component deletion (did unmount)
    // is declared in the return function
  }
}, []) // empty array
useEffect(()=>{
  // behavior after update of dependency1 or dependency2 only
},[dependency1,dependency2]) // array of dependency variables
useEffect(()=>{
  // behavior after update of dependency3 only
},[dependency3]) // array of dependency variables
```

## React useRef() hook to persist a value in the component



Used to persist the instance object of the D3 class in a React component:

```
import { useEffect, useRef } from 'react';  
...  
const divContainerRef=useRef(null);  
const matrixD3Ref = useRef(null)  
useEffect(()=>{  
    const matrixD3 = new MatrixD3(divContainerRef.current);  
    matrixD3Ref.current = matrixD3;  
},[])
```

# React useRef() hook to persist a value in the component



Used to persist the previous value in the sub part of a Redux slice:

```
import { useEffect, useRef } from 'react';
...
const dataSliceAttributeRef = useRef(null)
useEffect(()=>{
  // behavior after update of dataSlice
  if(dataSliceAttributeRef.current!==dataSlice.attribute){
    // attribute has been updated => do something
    // e.g. call specific update method in D3 class
    dataSliceAttributeRef.current = dataSlice.attribute
  }
},[dataSlice]) // array of dependency variables
```



## Building a scatterplot: getting the data set from Redux store



in components/scatterplot/ScatterplotContainer.js, get the matrixData slice from the redux store with useSelector() hook

```
import {useSelector} from 'react-redux'
...
function ScatterplotContainer(){
  const matrixData = useSelector(state =>state.matrix)
  ...
}
```

And call the scatterplotD3.renderScatterplot() method in the useEffect hook handling matrixData updates:

```
scatterplotD3.renderScatterplot(matrixData.genData,xAttribute,yAttribute,
controllerMethods);
```

```
// controllerMethods being already declared
```

```
// with empty handleClick, handleOnMouseEnter and handleOnMouseLeave
```

## Building a scatterplot: creation of scales and X/Y axis



in components/scatterplot/Scatterplot-d3.js, in the method `updateAxis()`:

**Exercise1:** using `d3.min(valueAccessor)` and `d3.max(valueAccessor)`, set the domain values of `this.xScale.domain(...)` and `this.yScale.domain(...)` to put **nbProductSold** in X Axis and **salesGrowth** in Y axis.

And use these scales to build X axis and Y axis (`.xAxisG` and `.yAxisG` are built in `create()` function):

```
this.matSvg.select(".xAxisG")
    .transition().duration(500)
    .call(d3.axisBottom(this.xScale))
;
this.matSvg.select(".yAxisG")
    .transition().duration(500)
    .call(d3.axisLeft(this.yScale))
```

# Building a scatterplot: update dot positions with scales



in components/scatterplot/Scatterplot-d3.js, in the method `updateDots()`:

**Exercise2:** using X/Y scales, apply a translation to `.dotG` to update the dot positions. `updateDots(selection)` is called from `renderScatterplot()` with in parameter the selection of `.dotG`, built with the update pattern.

```
selection
  .transition().duration(500)
  .attr("transform", (itemData)=>{
    // use scales to return shape position from data values
  })
```



## Building a scatterplot: interactions

**Exercise 3:** in the `useEffect()` hook in `ScatterplotContainer.js`, call `dispatch` to trigger the reducers of `matrixData` and `matrixSync` (mouse hover and click interactions).

Observe the sequence of logs when clicking an item in the matrix view or the scatterplot:

- the Redux store is update in the `matrixData` slice
- the two components re-render because they call `useSelector()` on `matrixData`
- the `useEffect` with `matrixData` dependencies are called from `Matrix.js` and `ScatterplotContainers.js`
- the update pattern call `updateDots()` in `renderScatterplot()` of `Scatterplot-d3.js` and call `updateCells()` in `renderMatrix()` of `matrix-d3.js`