

# ABM and environmental policy

A mini-POSEIDON model in NetLogo

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Behave Summer School  
Brescia, Italy  
September 11, 2024

# What's the plan?

- ▶ A little bit about the POSEIDON<sup>1</sup> fisheries ABM
- ▶ A lot about **building** a simple NetLogo version of it.
- ▶ A fair bit about **calibrating** the model and using it for **optimizing** a policy.

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<sup>1</sup> Process-based Ocean-system Simulator for Evolving Integrated Domains and Operational Needs. ... Yeah. I know.

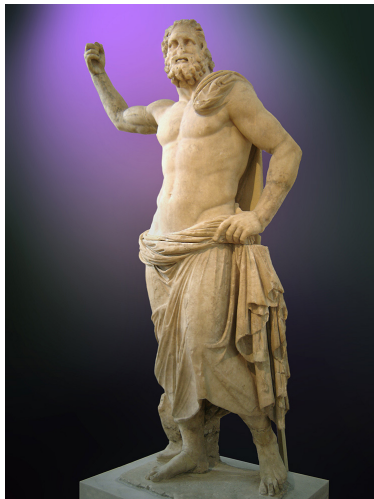
# Why model fisheries?

- ▶ It's big!
  - ▶ 96.4 million tonnes of fish caught in 2018
  - ▶ employing 59.51 million people
  - ▶ 17% of total animal protein consumed globally
- ▶ It's in trouble!
  - ▶ 34.2% of stocks are overfished

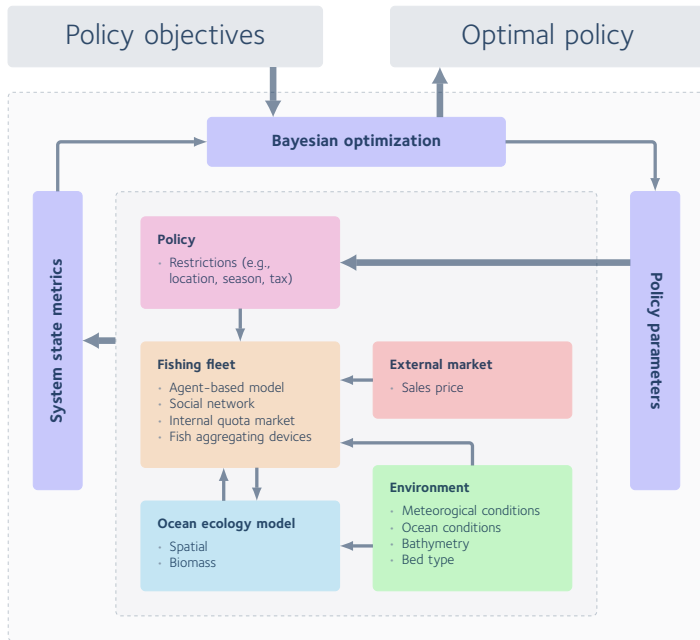
## Why use ABM to do it?

- ▶ They're inherently spatial;
- ▶ they involve complex interactions,
- ▶ between smart, adaptive agents.

# POSEIDON

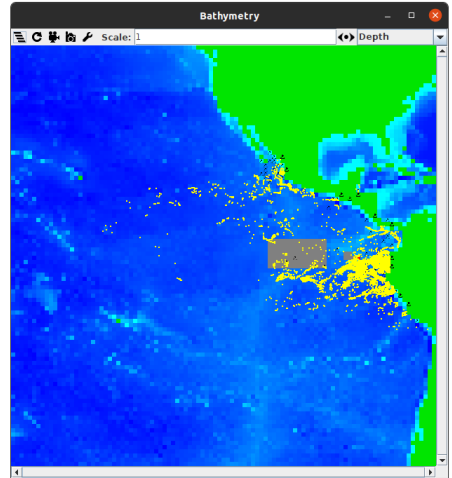
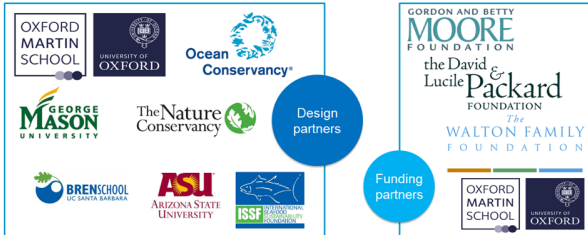


Source: Ricardo André Frantz, <https://w.wiki/wzx>



# POSEIDON applications

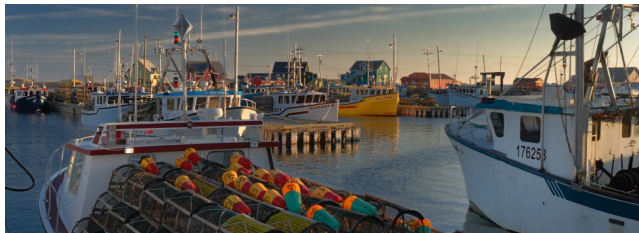
- ▶ Conceptual models
- ▶ US West Coast Groundfish
- ▶ Indonesian Deep water snapper grouper fishery
- ▶ Eastern Pacific Tuna Management
- ▶ Integration with European Digital Twin Ocean



# What can we put in a minimal fisheries model?

## Agents:

- ▶ A port,
- ▶ fishers,
- ▶ and fish!



Source: <https://www.tourismeilesdelamadeleine.com/fr/decouvrir-les-iles/les-iles/ile-de-grande-entree>

## Some policy to test:

- ▶ Where to place a marine protected area (MPA)

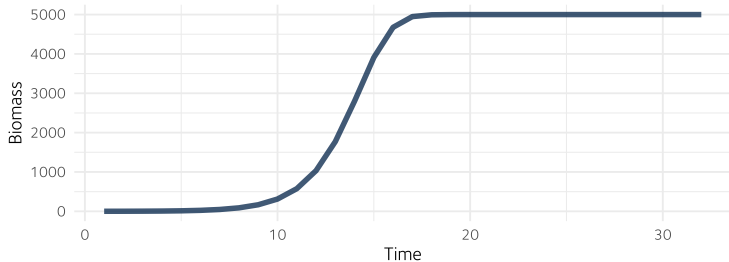
# Fisher agents in POSEIDON use the “**Explore, exploit, imitate**” behaviour algorithm:

- ▶ Should I go exploring?
  - ▶ If yes, pick a random spot not too far from my favourite spot (**EXPLORE**)
  - ▶ If not, pick a friend and ask: is my favourite spot better than my friend's favourite spot?
    - ▶ If it is, go to my favourite spot (**EXPLOIT**)
    - ▶ If it isn't, go to my friend's favourite spot (**IMITATE**)
- ▶ If the spot I went to was better than my favourite spot, it becomes my new favourite!

# A bit of biology

We do not simulate individual fish. We keep track of the total biomass and apply yearly **logistic growth**.

$$\frac{dP}{dt} = rP \left( 1 - \frac{P}{K} \right)$$



Pierre-François Verhulst (1804–1849).  
Source: <https://w.wiki/x2o>.



## Get the model skeleton from GitHub

`https://github.com/  
nicolaspayette/mini-poseidon`

# Explore, exploit, imitate...

```
to pick-destination ; fisher procedure
  ifelse random-float 1 < exploration-probability [
    ; explore:
    let r 1 + random-poisson exploration-radius
    set trip-destination [ one-of fishable-patches in-radius r ] of favourite-destination
  ] [
    let other-fisher one-of other fishers
    let their-profits [ profits-at-favourite-destination ] of other-fisher
    ifelse profits-at-favourite-destination >= their-profits [
      ; exploit:
      set trip-destination favourite-destination
    ] [
      ; imitate
      set trip-destination [ favourite-destination ] of other-fisher
    ]
  ]
  set current-destination trip-destination
end
```

# Let's go!

```
to go
  ask fishers [
    set trip-costs trip-costs + hourly-costs
    ifelse patch-here = current-destination [
      ifelse any? ports-here [ dock ] [ fish ]
    ] [
      face current-destination
      forward speed
    ]
  ]
  update-biology
  tick
end
```

# Fishing!

```
to fish ; fisher procedure
  set pcolor red
  let biomass-caught biomass * catchability
  set biomass biomass - biomass-caught
  set biomass-in-hold biomass-in-hold + biomass-caught
  set current-destination [ patch-here ] of one-of ports
end
```

# Docking at the port

```
to dock ; fisher procedure
  let revenues biomass-in-hold * price-of-fish
  set biomass-in-hold 0
  let profits revenues - trip-costs
  set trip-costs 0
  set bank-balance bank-balance + profits
  (ifelse
    trip-destination = favourite-destination [
      set profits-at-favourite-destination profits
    ]
    profits > profits-at-favourite-destination [
      set favourite-destination trip-destination
      set profits-at-favourite-destination profits
    ]
  )
  pick-destination
end
```

# Updating the biology

$$\frac{dP}{dt} = rP \left( 1 - \frac{P}{K} \right)$$

```
to update-biology
  diffuse biomass diffusion-rate
  recolor-patches
  if ticks mod (15 * 24) = 0 [ ; every 15 days
    ask patches [
      set biomass biomass + (
        growth-rate * biomass * (1 - (biomass / carrying-capacity))
      )
    ]
  ]
end
```

# Scenario

We have observed the real-world fishery for one year.

Fishers ended up with a mean bank balance of £775,000.

We want to:

- ▶ Use this information to estimate the EEI algorithm parameters.
- ▶ Simulate the fishery for three more years under the “business as usual” scenario.
- ▶ Figure out the best location for an MPA.

# Estimating EEI parameters

## Parameter Specification:

```
["exploration-probability" [0 "C" 1]]  
["exploration-radius" [1 "C" 11]]
```

## Measure:

abs (775000 - mean [bank-balance] of fishers)

Stop If: [blank]

Step Limit: 8760

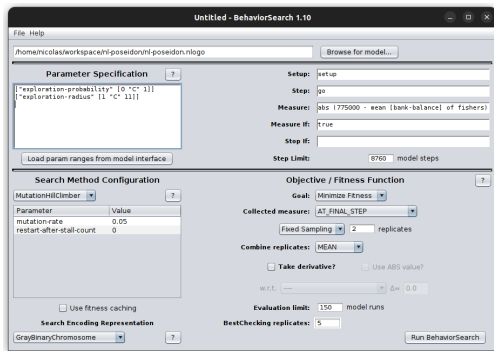
Search Method: MutationHillClimber

Goal: Minimize Fitness

Fixed Sampling: 4 replicates

Evaluation limit: 150 model runs

BestChecking replicates: 8



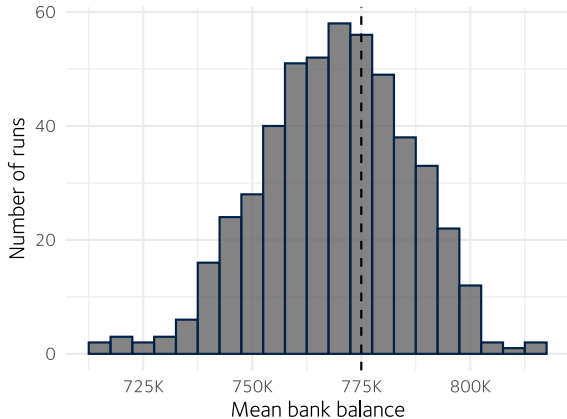


# Loading BehaviorSearch results automatically

```
to load-bsearch-min [ prefix ]
  let rows csv:from-file word prefix ".finalCheckedBests.csv"
  let headers item 0 rows
  ; Grab the row with the best (i.e. lowest) fitness:
  let data first sort-by [ [row1 row2] ->
    last row1 < last row2
  ] but-first rows
  foreach range length headers [ index ->
    ; the headers ending with "*" indicate model parameters:
    if last item index headers = "*" [
      ; remove the "*" from the header:
      let param but-last item index headers
      let value item index data
      run (word "set " param " " value)
    ]
  ]
end
```

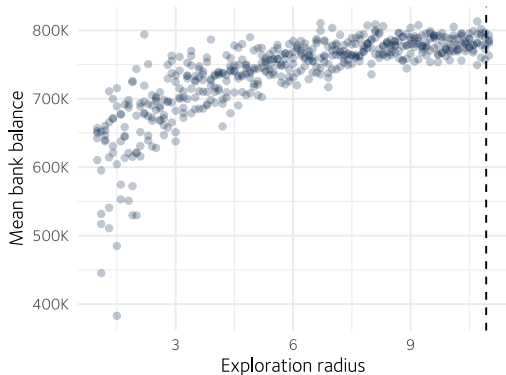
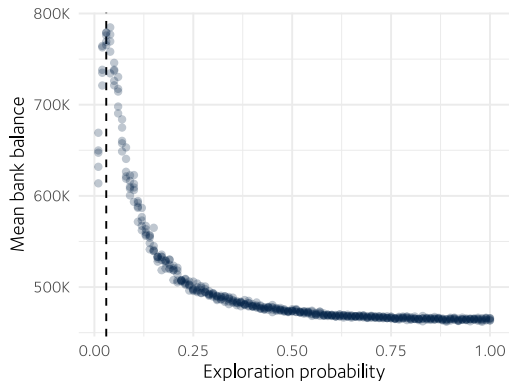
# Goodness of fit

```
to check-goodness-of-fit
  reset-parameters
  load-bsearch-min "fit-eei"
  let balances [ [ "balance" ] ]
  foreach range 500 [ i ->
    print word "Run " i
    setup
    repeat 365 * 24 [ go ]
    let result mean [ bank-balance ] of fishers
    set balances lput (list result) balances
  ]
  csv:to-file "goodness-of-fit.csv" balances
end
```

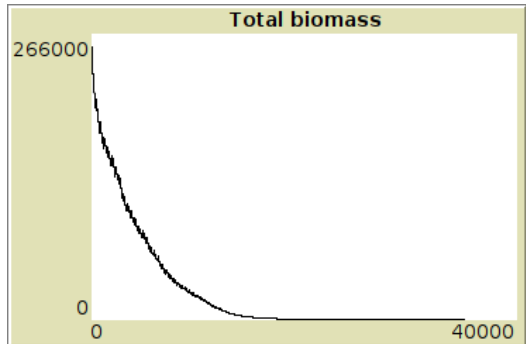
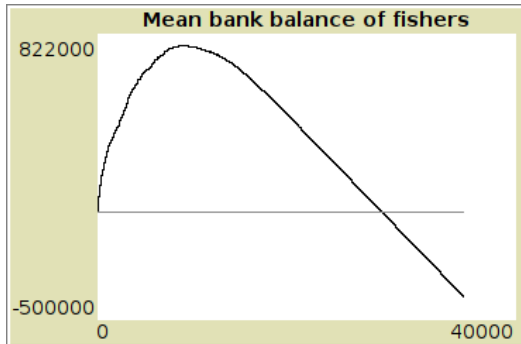


# Testing sensitivity of EEI parameters

“One-at-a-time sensitivity”: vary one parameter while keeping others fixed.



# Not looking good for the fishery...



# Adding a protected area after one year

```
to setup-mpa
  set-default-shape xs "x"
  ask patches with [
    pxcor >= min-mpa-x and
    pxcor <= max-mpa-x and
    pycor >= min-mpa-y and
    pycor <= max-mpa-y and
    not any? ports-here
  ] [
    sprout-xs 1 [ set color [ 0 0 0 50 ] ]
  ]
  set fishable-patches fishable-patches with [ not any? xs-here ]
end
```

# Modify go

```
to go
  if ticks = 365 * 24 [ setup-mpa ]
  ask fishers [
    set trip-costs trip-costs + hourly-costs
    ifelse patch-here = current-destination [
      ifelse any? ports-here [ dock ] [ fish ]
    ] [
      face current-destination
      forward speed
    ]
  ]
  update-biology
  tick
end
```

# Modify dock

```
to dock ; fisher procedure
  let revenues biomass-in-hold * price-of-fish
  set biomass-in-hold 0
  let profits revenues - trip-costs
  set trip-costs 0
  set bank-balance bank-balance + profits
  (ifelse
    trip-destination = favourite-destination [
      set profits-at-favourite-destination profits
    ]
    profits > profits-at-favourite-destination [
      set favourite-destination trip-destination
      set profits-at-favourite-destination profits
    ]
  )
  if [ any? xs-here ] of favourite-destination [
    set favourite-destination min-one-of fishable-patches [
      distance [ favourite-destination ] of myself
    ]
  ]
  pick-destination
end
```

# Searching for the optimal MPA

## Parameter Specification:

```
[ "exploration-probability" 0.021]
[ "exploration-radius" 10.578]
[ "min-mpa-x" [-5 1 5]]
[ "max-mpa-x" [-5 1 5]]
[ "min-mpa-y" [-5 1 5]]
[ "max-mpa-y" [-5 1 5]]
```

## Measure:

mean [bank-balance] of fishers

Stop If: [blank]

Step Limit: 35040

Search Method: StandardGA

Goal: Maximize Fitness

Fixed Sampling: 4 replicates

Evaluation limit: 300 model runs

BestChecking replicates: 8

The screenshot shows the BehaviorSearch 1.10 interface. The 'Parameter Specification' window is open, displaying a list of parameters and their ranges. The 'Search Method Configuration' window is also open, showing the search method set to StandardGA and various search parameters. The 'Objective / Fitness Function' window is open, showing the goal set to Maximize Fitness and the collected measure set to AT\_FINAL\_STEP.

**Parameter Specification**

```
[ "exploration-probability" 0.021]
[ "exploration-radius" 10.578]
[ "min-mpa-x" [-5 1 5]]
[ "max-mpa-x" [-5 1 5]]
[ "min-mpa-y" [-5 1 5]]
[ "max-mpa-y" [-5 1 5]]
```

**Search Method Configuration**

Parameter	Value
mutation-rate	0.01
population-size	50
tournament-size	3
population-model	generational
crossover-rate	0.7

**Objective / Fitness Function**

Goal: Maximize Fitness

Collected measure: AT\_FINAL\_STEP

Fixed Sampling: 4 replicates

Combine replicates: MEAN

Take derivative? ☐ Use ABS value? ☐

W.r.t.:  Δ: 0.0

Evaluation limit: 300 model runs

BestChecking replicates: 8

Run BehaviorSearch



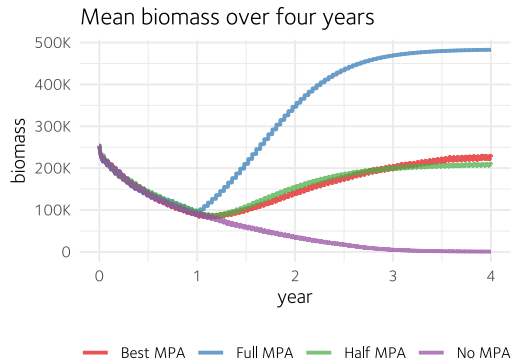
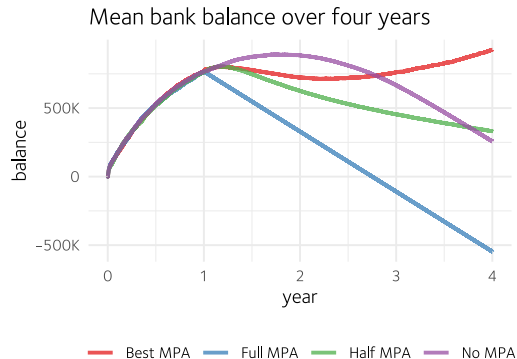
# Generalizing BehaviorSearch load procedure

```
to load-bsearch [ prefix sort-criteria ]
  let rows csv:from-file word prefix ".finalCheckedBests.csv"
  let headers item 0 rows
  ; Grab the row with the best fitness according to criteria:
  let data first sort-by sort-criteria but-first rows
  foreach range length headers [ index ->
    ; the headers ending with "*" indicate model parameters:
    if last item index headers = "*" [
      ; remove the "*" from the header:
      let param but-last item index headers
      let value item index data
      run (word "set " param " " value)
    ]
  ]
end
```

```
to load-bsearch-min [ prefix ]
  load-bsearch prefix [ [row1 row2] -> last row1 < last row2 ]
end
```

```
to load-bsearch-max [ prefix ]
  load-bsearch prefix [ [row1 row2] -> last row1 > last row2 ]
end
```

# Comparing four different scenarios



# So, what is the optimal MPA?

