

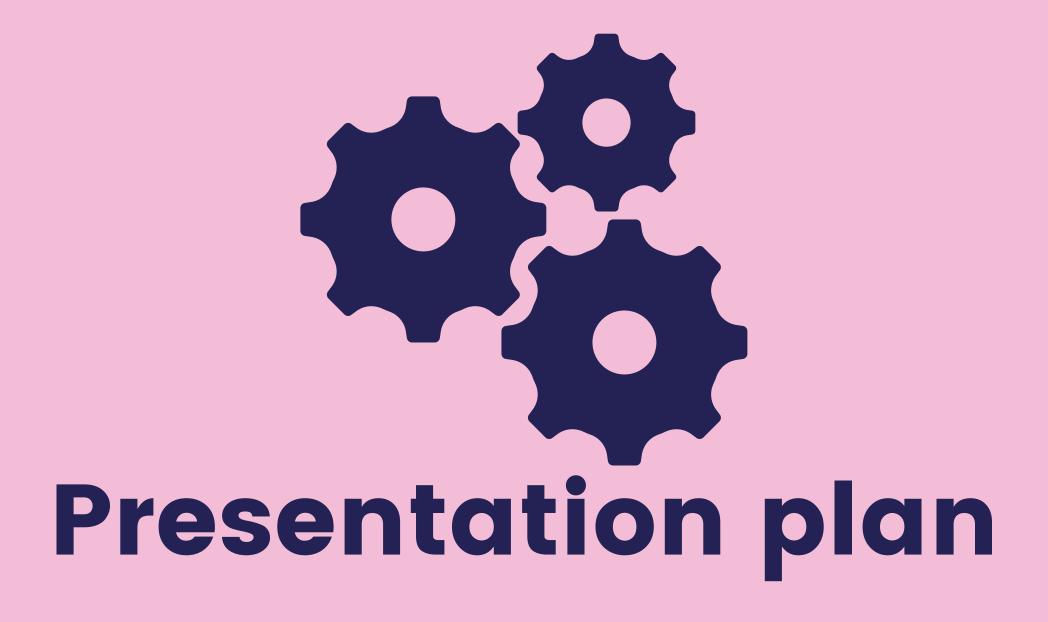
Machine Learning 101

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Can machines actually learn?







l.	Glossary
2.	What is machine learning?
3.	Models
l.	How can machines learn?
,	Where is machine learning used?

Glossary

Machine learning is a type of artificial intelligence that enables computers to learn and improve from experience without being explicitly programmed.

Supervised learning is a type of machine learning where the algorithm is trained on a labeled dataset to predict target values for new input data.

Reinforcement learning is a type of machine learning where the algorithm learns by trial-and-error through receiving feedback in the form of rewards or punishments.

An algorithm is a set of instructions or procedures used to solve a specific problem or perform a particular task.

Outliers are data points in a dataset that are significantly different from the rest and can affect the accuracy of the analysis.

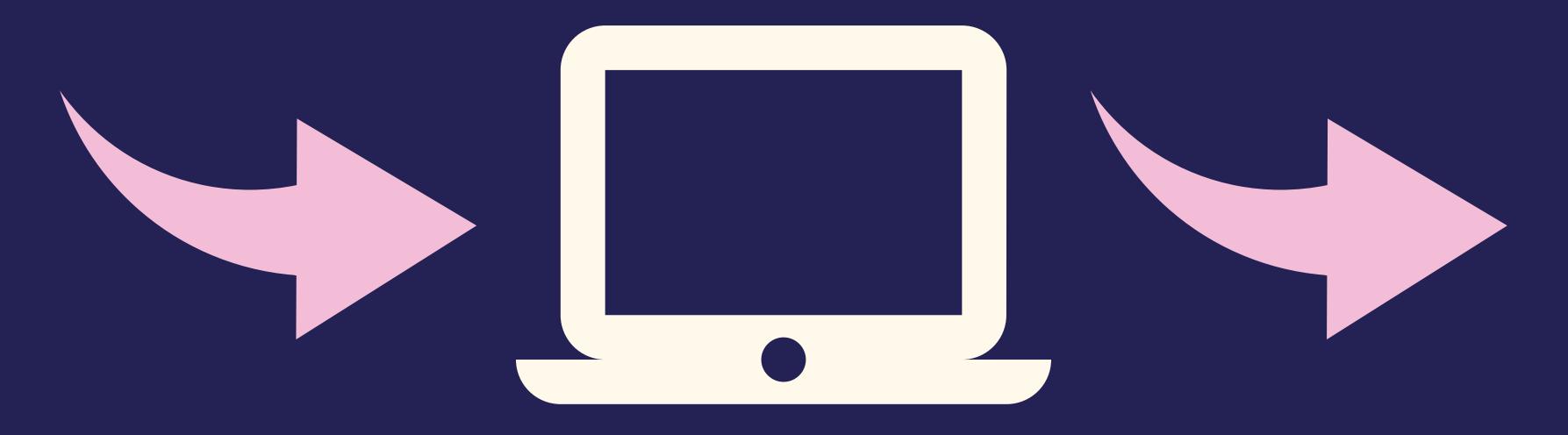
A model is a mathematical representation of a system or process that can be used to make predictions or generate insights based on input data.



What is machine learning?

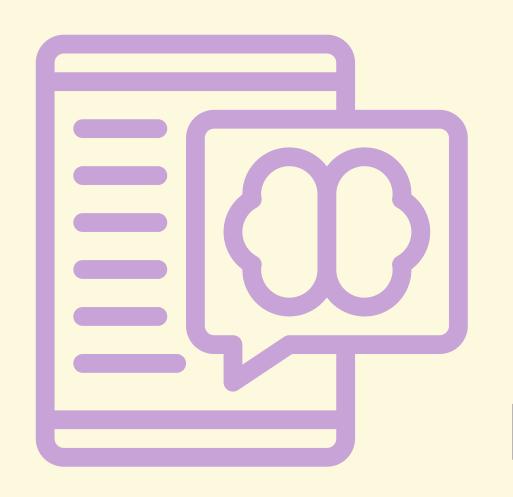
Variables:

- -quantitative
- -categorical



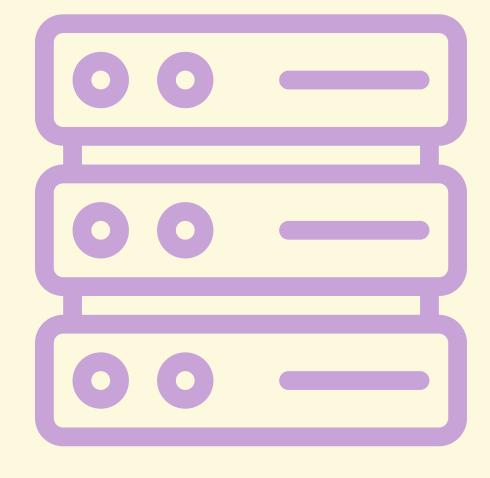
All models are wrong

but some are useful -George Box



But how can machines learn?

SUPERVISED LEARNING
UNSUPERVISED LEARNING
REINFORCEMENT LEARNING



Supervised learning

-labeled data



Supervised learning

-labeled data



1 Euro - 7 grams 1 Pound - 4 grams 1 Zloty - 5 grams

Weights <=> Feature
Currency<=>Label

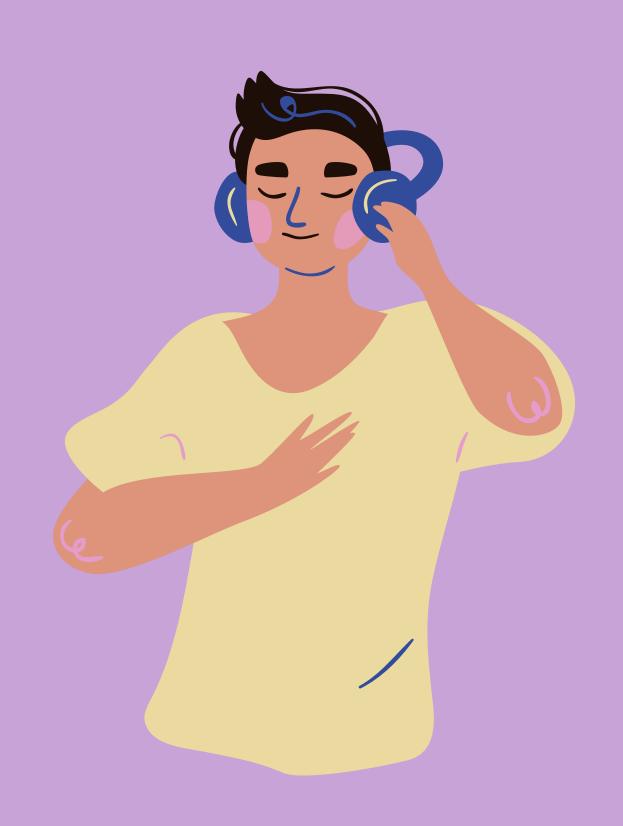
Supervised learning

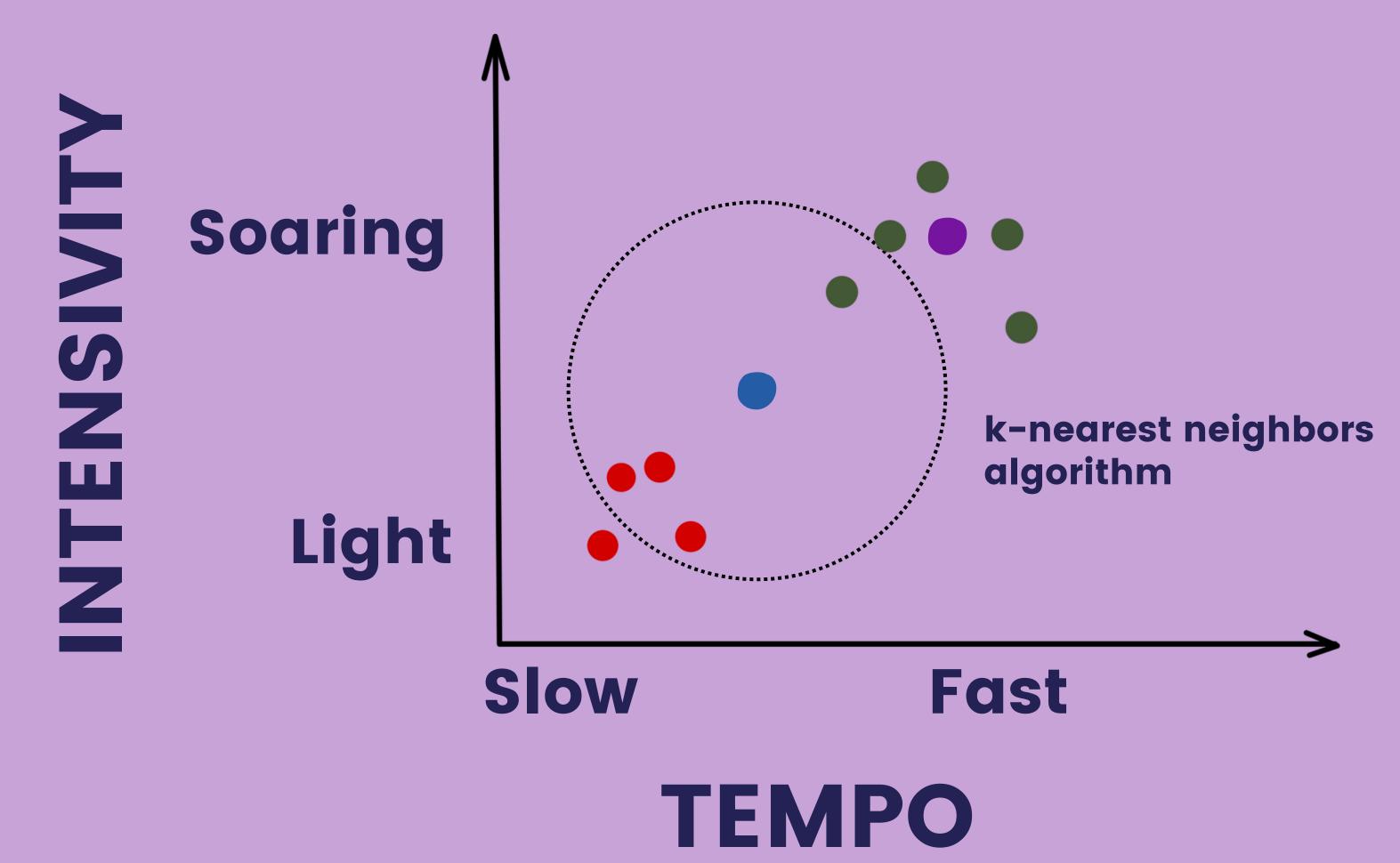
-labeled data





Unsupervised learning





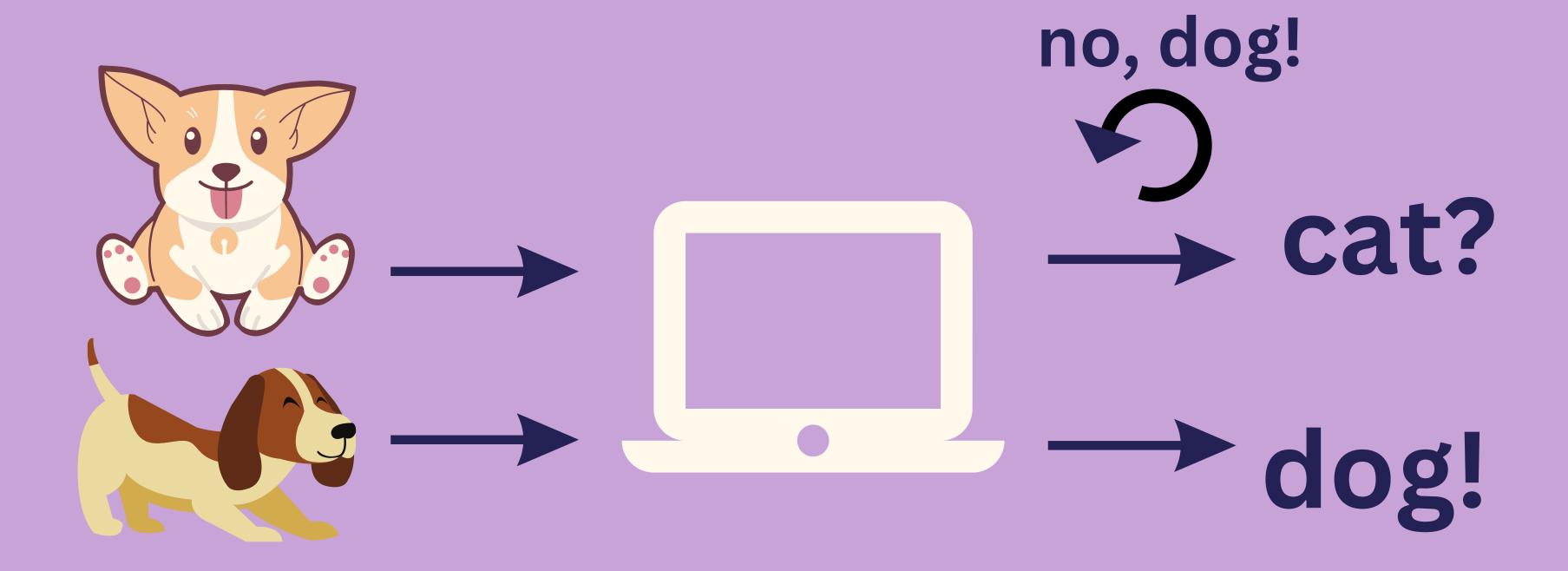
Unsupervised learning

-detecting fraud



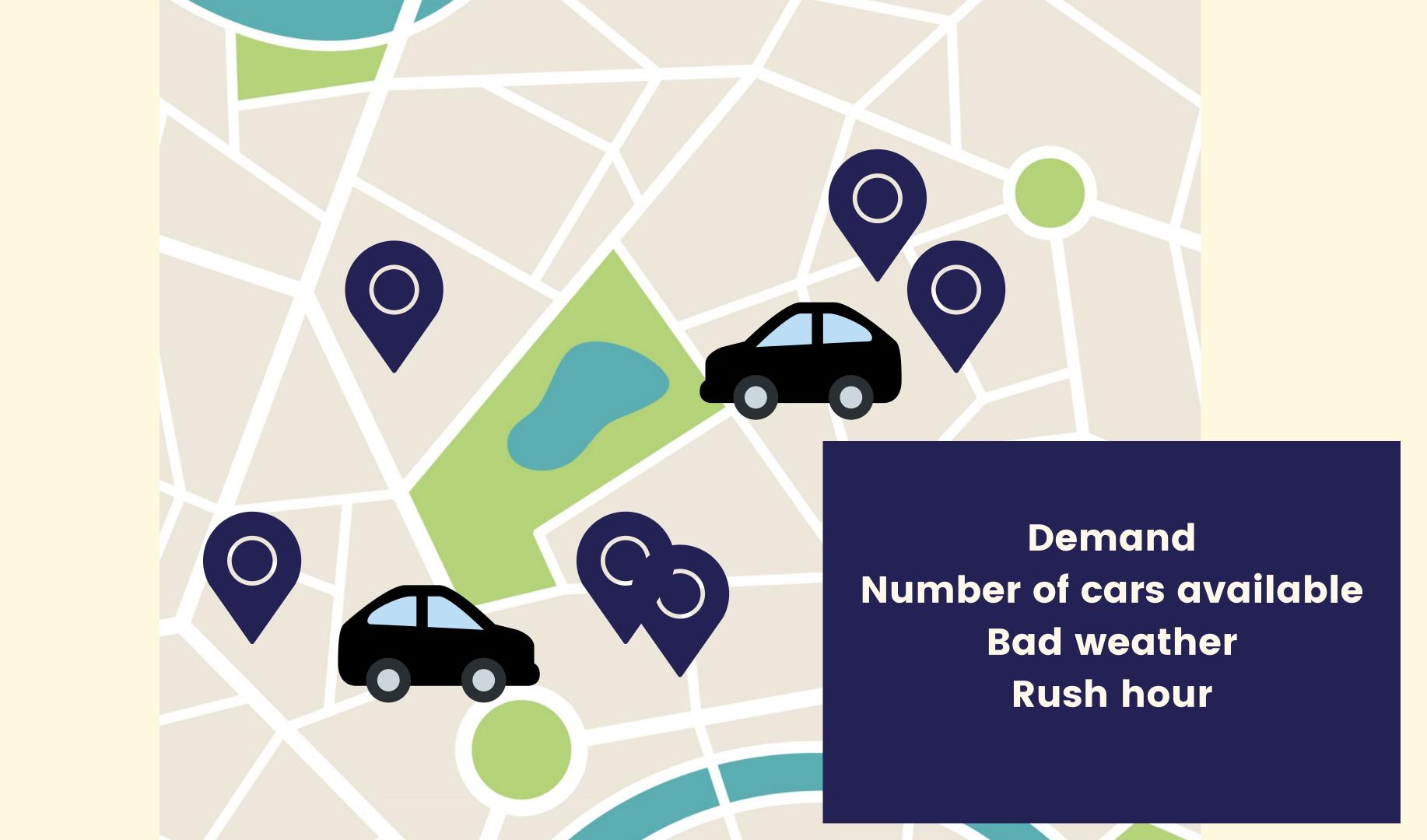
Reinforcement learning

-giving feedback



Where is machine learning used?







Thank You

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