Lab: Unit Testing and Modules

Error Handling

1. Sub Sum

Write a function to sum a range of numeric elements from an array.

The function takes **three parameters** - the first is an **array**, the second is the **start index** and the third is the **end index**. Both indexes are **inclusive**. Have in mind that the array elements **may not be** of **type Number** and **cast everything**. Implement the following **error handling**:

- If the first element is not an array, return NaN
- If the **start index** is less than zero, consider its value to be a **zero**
- If the end index is outside the bounds of the array, assume it points to the last index of the array

Input / Output

Your function must take three parameters. As output, return the sum.

Examples

Input	Output
[10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60], 3, 300	150
[1.1, 2.2, 3.3, 4.4, 5.5], -3, 1	3.3
[10, 'twenty', 30, 40], 0, 2	NaN
[], 1, 2	0
'text', 0, 2	NaN

What to submit?

Export your function in **subNum.js** and import it in your test file to test it. Submit a **zip** file containing the **subNum.test.js**. **Do not** include the **node_modules** folder.

File Name: SUB-SUM.zip

2. Playing Cards

Create a JS factory function that returns a Card object to hold a card's face and suit, both set through the constructor. Throw an error if the card is initialized with invalid face or suit or if an attempt is made to change the face or suit of an existing instance to an invalid value.

Valid card faces are: 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, J, Q, K, A

Valid card suits are: S (♠), H (♥), D (♠), C (♣)



Both face and suit are expected as an **uppercase string**. The class also needs to have a **toString()** method that **prints** the card's face and suit **as a string**. Use the following UTF code literals to represent the suits:

- \u2660 Spades (♠)
- \u2665 Hearts (♥)
- \u2666 Diamonds (♦)
- \u2663 Clubs (*)

Input / Output

The factory function takes **two string parameters**. The **toString()** method of the returned object must **return a string**.

Examples

Input	Output
'A', 'S'	A ♠
'10', 'H'	10♥
'1', 'C'	Error

What to submit?

Export your function in playingCards.js and import it in your test file to test it. Submit a zip file containing the playingCards.js and tests folder containing the playingCards.test.js. Do not include the node_modules folder.

File Name: PLAYING-CARDS.zip

3. Deck of Cards

Write a function that takes a deck of cards as an array of strings and prints them as a sequence of cards (space separated). Use the solution from the previous task to generate the cards.

Print "Invalid card: [card]" when an invalid card definition is passed as input.

Input / Output

The function takes an array of strings as parameter. Print the list of cards as string, separated by space.



```
deckOfCards.js

function printDeckOfCards(cards) {
  function createCard {
    // Use the solution from the previous task
  }
  // TODO
}
```

Examples

Sample Input	Sample Output
['AS', '10D', 'KH', '2C']	A♠ 10♦ K♥ 2♣
['5S', '3D', 'QD', '1C']	Invalid card: 1C

What to submit?

Export your function in **deckOfCards.js** and import it in your test file to test it. Submit a **zip** file containing the **deckOfCards.js** and **tests folder** containing the **deckOfCards.test.js**. **Do not** include the **node_modules** folder.

File Name: DECK-OF-CARDS.zip

4. Sum of Numbers

Write tests to check the functionality of the following code:

```
function sum(arr) {
  let sum = 0;
  for (num of arr)
     sum += Number(num);
  return sum;
}
```

Your tests will be supplied with a function named 'sum()'. It should meet the following requirements:

- Take an array of numbers as argument
- Return the sum of the values of all elements inside the array

What to submit?

Export your function in **sumNumbers.js** and import it in your test file to test it. Submit a **zip** file containing the **sumNumbers.js** and **tests folder** containing the **sumNumbers.test.js**. **Do not** include the **node_modules** folder.

File Name: SUM-OF-NUMBERS.zip



5. Check for Symmetry

Write tests to check the functionality of the following code:

```
checkForSymmetry.js

function isSymmetric(arr) {
   if (!Array.isArray(arr))
      return false; // Non-arrays are non-symmetric
   let reversed = arr.slice(0).reverse(); // Clone and reverse
   let equal = (JSON.stringify(arr) == JSON.stringify(reversed));
   return equal;
}
```

Your tests will be supplied with a function named 'isSymmetric()'. It should meet the following requirements:

- Take an **array** as argument
- Return false for any input that isn't of the correct type
- Return true if the input array is symmetric
- Otherwise, return false

What to submit?

Export your function in **checkForSymmetry.js** and import it in your test file to test it. Submit a **zip** file containing the **checkForSymmetry.js** and **tests folder** containing the **checkForSymmetry.test.js**. **Do not** include the **node_modules** folder.

File Name: CHECK-FOR-SYMMETRY.zip

6. RGB to Hex

Write tests to check the functionality of the following code:

```
function rgbToHexColor(red, green, blue) {
   if (!Number.isInteger(red) || (red < 0) || (red > 255))
      return undefined; // Red value is invalid
   if (!Number.isInteger(green) || (green < 0) || (green > 255))
      return undefined; // Green value is invalid
   if (!Number.isInteger(blue) || (blue < 0) || (blue > 255))
      return undefined; // Blue value is invalid
   return "#" +
      ("0" + red.toString(16).toUpperCase()).slice(-2) +
      ("0" + green.toString(16).toUpperCase()).slice(-2);
}
```

Your tests will be supplied with a function named 'rgbToHexColor()', which takes three arguments. It should meet the following requirements:



- Take three **integer numbers**, representing the red, green and blue values of an RGB color, each **within range [0...255]**
- Return the same color in hexadecimal format as a string (e.g. '#FF9EAA')
- Return undefined if any of the input parameters are of invalid type or not in the expected range

What to submit?

Export your function in **rgbToHex.js** and import it in your test file to test it. Submit a **zip** file containing the **rgbToHex.js** and **tests folder** containing the **rgbToHex.test.js**. **Do not** include the **node_modules** folder.

File Name: RGB-TO-HEX.zip

7. Add / Subtract

Write tests to check the functionality of the following code:

```
function createCalculator() {
  let value = 0;
  return {
    add: function(num) { value += Number(num); },
    subtract: function(num) { value -= Number(num); },
    get: function() { return value; }
}
```

Your tests will be supplied with a function named 'createCalculator()'. It should meet the following requirements:

- Return a module (object), containing the functions add(), subtract() and get() as properties
- Keep an internal sum which can't be modified from the outside
- The functions add() and subtract() take a parameter that can be parsed as a number (either a number or a string containing a number) that is added or subtracted from the internal sum
- The function **get()** returns the value of the **internal sum**

What to submit?

Export your function in addSubtract.js and import it in your test file to test it. Submit a zip file containing the addSubtract.js and tests folder containing the addSubtract.test.js. Do not include the node_modules folder.

File Name: ADD-SUBRACT.zip

