class09HalloweenCandyProject

Nashed A16631132

```
candy_file <- "candy-data.csv"
candy = read.csv(candy_file, row.names=1)
head(candy)</pre>
```

	choco	olate	fruity	caramel	peanu	tyalmondy	nougat	crispedr	ricewafer
100 Grand		1	0	1		0	0		1
3 Musketeers		1	0	0		0	1		0
One dime		0	0	0		0	0		0
One quarter		0	0	0		0	0		0
Air Heads		0	1	0		0	0		0
Almond Joy		1	0	0		1	0		0
	hard	bar j	pluribus	sugarpe	ercent	priceper	cent wi	npercent	
100 Grand	0	1	0)	0.732	0	.860	66.97173	
3 Musketeers	0	1	0)	0.604	0	.511	67.60294	
One dime	0	0	0)	0.011	0	.116	32.26109	
One quarter	0	0	0)	0.011	0	.511	46.11650	
Air Heads	0	0	0)	0.906	0	.511	52.34146	
Almond Joy	0	1	0)	0.465	0	.767	50.34755	

Q1. How many different candy types are in this dataset? 85

```
nrow(candy)
[1] 85
sum(candy$fruity)
```

[1] 38

Q2. How many fruity candy types are in the data set? 38

I can convert the 1 and 0 values to be TRUE or FLASE and use that to extract the type of candy I want. For example the chocolate candy....

candy[as.logical(candy\$chocolate),]

	chocolate	fruity	caramel	peanutyalmondy	nougat
100 Grand	1	0	1	0	0
3 Musketeers	1	0	0	0	1
Almond Joy	1	0	0	1	0
Baby Ruth	1	0	1	1	1
Charleston Chew	1	0	0	0	1
Hershey's Kisses	1	0	0	0	0
Hershey's Krackel	1	0	0	0	0
Hershey's Milk Chocolate	1	0	0	0	0
Hershey's Special Dark	1	0	0	0	0
Junior Mints	1	0	0	0	0
Kit Kat	1	0	0	0	0
Peanut butter M&M's	1	0	0	1	0
M&M's	1	0	0	0	0
Milk Duds	1	0	1	0	0
Milky Way	1	0	1	0	1
Milky Way Midnight	1	0	1	0	1
Milky Way Simply Caramel	1	0	1	0	0
Mounds	1	0	0	0	0
Mr Good Bar	1	0	0	1	0
Nestle Butterfinger	1	0	0	1	0
Nestle Crunch	1	0	0	0	0
Peanut M&Ms	1	0	0	1	0
Reese's Miniatures	1	0	0	1	0
Reese's Peanut Butter cup	1	0	0	1	0
Reese's pieces	1	0	0	1	0
Reese's stuffed with pieces	1	0	0	1	0
Rolo	1	0	1	0	0
Sixlets	1	0	0	0	0
Nestle Smarties	1	0	0	0	0
Snickers	1	0	1	1	1
Snickers Crisper	1	0	1	1	0
Tootsie Pop	1	1	0	0	0
Tootsie Roll Juniors	1	0	0	0	0
Tootsie Roll Midgies	1	0	0	0	0

Tootsie Roll Snack Bars	1	0		0		0	0
Twix	1	0		1		0	0
Whoppers	1	0		0		0	0
11	crispedrice	vafer	hard	bar	pluribus	sugarr	ercent
100 Grand	•	1	0	1	0	0 1	0.732
3 Musketeers		0	0	1	0		0.604
Almond Joy		0	0	1	0		0.465
Baby Ruth		0	0	1	0		0.604
Charleston Chew		0	0	1	0		0.604
Hershey's Kisses		0	0	0	1		0.127
Hershey's Krackel		1	0	1	0		0.430
Hershey's Milk Chocolate		0	0	1	0		0.430
Hershey's Special Dark		0	0	1	0		0.430
Junior Mints		0	0	0	1		0.197
Kit Kat		1	0	1	0		0.313
Peanut butter M&M's		0	0	0	1		0.825
M&M's		0	0	0	1		0.825
Milk Duds		0	0	0	1		0.302
Milky Way		0	0	1	0		0.604
Milky Way Midnight		0	0	1	0		0.732
Milky Way Simply Caramel		0	0	1	0		0.965
Mounds		0	0	1	0		0.313
Mr Good Bar		0	0	1	0		0.313
Nestle Butterfinger		0	0	1	0		0.604
Nestle Crunch		1	0	1	0		0.313
Peanut M&Ms		0	0	0	1		0.593
Reese's Miniatures		0	0	0	0		0.034
Reese's Peanut Butter cup		0	0	0	0		0.720
Reese's pieces		0	0	0	1		0.406
Reese's stuffed with pieces		0	0	0	0		0.988
Rolo		0	0	0	1		0.860
Sixlets		0	0	0	1		0.220
Nestle Smarties		0	0	0	1		0.267
Snickers		0	0	1	0		0.546
Snickers Crisper		1	0	1	0		0.604
Tootsie Pop		0	1	0	0		0.604
Tootsie Roll Juniors		0	0	0	0		0.313
Tootsie Roll Midgies		0	0	0	1		0.174
Tootsie Roll Snack Bars		0	0	1	0		0.465
Twix		1	0	1	0		0.546
Whoppers		1	0	0	1		0.872
	pricepercent						
100 0	0.060		2 0745	70			

3

0.860

66.97173

100 Grand

0 M 1 I	0 544	67 60004
3 Musketeers	0.511	67.60294
Almond Joy	0.767	50.34755
Baby Ruth	0.767	56.91455
Charleston Chew	0.511	38.97504
Hershey's Kisses	0.093	55.37545
Hershey's Krackel	0.918	62.28448
Hershey's Milk Chocolate	0.918	56.49050
Hershey's Special Dark	0.918	59.23612
Junior Mints	0.511	57.21925
Kit Kat	0.511	76.76860
Peanut butter M&M's	0.651	71.46505
M&M's	0.651	66.57458
Milk Duds	0.511	55.06407
Milky Way	0.651	73.09956
Milky Way Midnight	0.441	60.80070
Milky Way Simply Caramel	0.860	64.35334
Mounds	0.860	47.82975
Mr Good Bar	0.918	54.52645
Nestle Butterfinger	0.767	70.73564
Nestle Crunch	0.767	66.47068
Peanut M&Ms	0.651	69.48379
Reese's Miniatures	0.279	81.86626
Reese's Peanut Butter cup	0.651	84.18029
Reese's pieces	0.651	73.43499
Reese's stuffed with pieces	0.651	72.88790
Rolo	0.860	65.71629
Sixlets	0.081	34.72200
Nestle Smarties	0.976	37.88719
Snickers	0.651	76.67378
Snickers Crisper	0.651	59.52925
Tootsie Pop	0.325	
Tootsie Roll Juniors		43.06890
Tootsie Roll Midgies		45.73675
Tootsie Roll Snack Bars		49.65350
Twix		81.64291
Whoppers		49.52411
MITOPLETP	J.U-10	10.02T11

Q3. What is your favorite candy in the dataset and what is it's winpercent value?

```
candy["3 Musketeers", ]$winpercent
```

[1] 67.60294

Q4. What is the winpercent value for "Kit Kat"?

```
candy["Kit Kat", ]$winpercent
```

[1] 76.7686

Q5. What is the winpercent value for "Tootsie Roll Snack Bars"?

```
candy["Tootsie Roll Snack Bars", ]$winpercent
```

[1] 49.6535

```
library("skimr")
skim(candy)
```

Table 1: Data summary

Name	candy
Number of rows	85
Number of columns	12
Column type frequency:	12
Group variables	None

Variable type: numeric

skim_variable n_	_missingcomp	lete_ra	tmean	sd	p0	p25	p50	p75	p100	hist
chocolate	0	1	0.44	0.50	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	
fruity	0	1	0.45	0.50	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	
caramel	0	1	0.16	0.37	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	
peanutyalmondy	0	1	0.16	0.37	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	
nougat	0	1	0.08	0.28	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	
crispedricewafer	0	1	0.08	0.28	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	
hard	0	1	0.18	0.38	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	
bar	0	1	0.25	0.43	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	
pluribus	0	1	0.52	0.50	0.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	

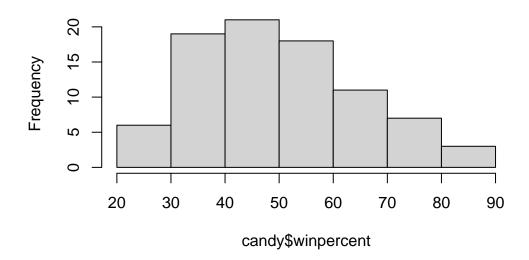
skim_variable n	n_missingcomp	olete_ra	tmean	sd	p0	p25	p50	p75	p100	hist
sugarpercent	0	1	0.48	0.28	0.01	0.22	0.47	0.73	0.99	
pricepercent	0	1	0.47	0.29	0.01	0.26	0.47	0.65	0.98	
winpercent	0	1	50.32	14.71	22.45	39.14	47.83	59.86	84.18	

Q6. Is there any variable/column that looks to be on a different scale to the majority of the other columns in the dataset? Winpercent seems to be on a different scale and has very different values than the other valuables and is not in the 0-1 range. Q7. What do you think a zero and one represent for the candy\$chocolate column? 0 is false and 1 true.

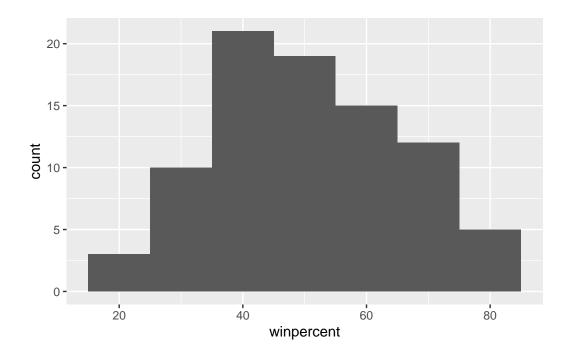
Q8. Plot a histogram of winpercent values

hist(candy\$winpercent)

Histogram of candy\$winpercent



```
library(ggplot2)
ggplot(candy) +
  aes(winpercent) +
  geom_histogram(binwidth=10)
```



Q9. Is the distribution of winpercent values symmetrical? No, it is not very symmetrical and is skewed.

Q10. Is the center of the distribution above or below 50%? The center of the distribution is below 50% and is skewed to the right.

```
choc.inds <- as.logical(candy$chocolate)
choc.win <- candy[choc.inds, "winpercent"]
choc.win</pre>
```

```
[1] 66.97173 67.60294 50.34755 56.91455 38.97504 55.37545 62.28448 56.49050 [9] 59.23612 57.21925 76.76860 71.46505 66.57458 55.06407 73.09956 60.80070 [17] 64.35334 47.82975 54.52645 70.73564 66.47068 69.48379 81.86626 84.18029 [25] 73.43499 72.88790 65.71629 34.72200 37.88719 76.67378 59.52925 48.98265 [33] 43.06890 45.73675 49.65350 81.64291 49.52411
```

```
fruit.inds <- as.logical(candy$fruit)
fruit.win <- candy[fruit.inds, "winpercent"]
fruit.win</pre>
```

[1] 52.34146 34.51768 36.01763 24.52499 42.27208 39.46056 43.08892 39.18550

```
[9] 46.78335 57.11974 51.41243 42.17877 28.12744 41.38956 39.14106 52.91139
[17] 46.41172 55.35405 22.44534 39.44680 41.26551 37.34852 35.29076 42.84914
[25] 63.08514 55.10370 45.99583 59.86400 52.82595 67.03763 34.57899 27.30386
[33] 54.86111 48.98265 47.17323 45.46628 39.01190 44.37552
  mean(choc.win)
[1] 60.92153
  mean(fruit.win)
[1] 44.11974
     Q11. On average is chocolate candy higher or lower ranked than fruit candy? On
     average, chocolate is higher ranked than fruit candy and has a higher average.
  t.test(choc.win, fruit.win)
    Welch Two Sample t-test
data: choc.win and fruit.win
t = 6.2582, df = 68.882, p-value = 2.871e-08
alternative hypothesis: true difference in means is not equal to 0
95 percent confidence interval:
 11.44563 22.15795
sample estimates:
mean of x mean of y
 60.92153 44.11974
     Q12. Is this difference statistically significant? The p-value is very small so we can
     reject the null hypothesis that there is no difference in the means, and conclude
     that there is a significant difference.
  mycols <- rep("gray", nrow(candy))</pre>
  #mycols[2:5] <- "red"
  mycols[as.logical(candy$chocolate)] <-"chocolate"</pre>
  mycols[as.logical(candy$fruit)] <-"pink"</pre>
  mycols
```

```
[1] "chocolate" "chocolate"
                              "gray"
                                           "gray"
                                                        "pink"
                                                                    "chocolate"
 [7] "chocolate"
                  "gray"
                              "gray"
                                           "pink"
                                                        "chocolate" "pink"
                  "pink"
[13] "pink"
                                           "pink"
                              "pink"
                                                        "pink"
                                                                    "pink"
                  "gray"
                              "pink"
                                           "pink"
                                                        "chocolate" "chocolate"
[19] "pink"
                                           "chocolate" "chocolate" "pink"
[25] "chocolate" "chocolate"
                              "pink"
[31] "pink"
                  "pink"
                              "chocolate"
                                           "chocolate"
                                                        "pink"
                                                                    "chocolate"
[37] "chocolate" "chocolate" "chocolate" "chocolate"
                                                                    "pink"
[43] "chocolate" "chocolate" "pink"
                                           "pink"
                                                        "gray"
                                                                    "chocolate"
[49] "gray"
                  "pink"
                              "pink"
                                           "chocolate" "chocolate" "chocolate"
[55] "chocolate"
                 "pink"
                              "chocolate" "gray"
                                                        "pink"
                                                                    "chocolate"
                              "chocolate" "pink"
                                                        "chocolate" "chocolate"
[61] "pink"
                  "pink"
                                                        "gray"
[67] "pink"
                  "pink"
                              "pink"
                                           "pink"
                                                                    "gray"
                              "pink"
                                           "chocolate" "chocolate"
                                                                    "chocolate"
[73] "pink"
                  "pink"
[79] "pink"
                  "chocolate"
                              "pink"
                                           "pink"
                                                        "pink"
                                                                    "gray"
[85] "chocolate"
```

Q13. What are the five least liked candy types in this set? Nik L Nip, Boston Baked Beans, Chiclets, Super Bubble, Jawbusters

head(candy[order(candy\$winpercent),], n=5)

		chocolate	fruity	carar	nel j	peanutyaln	nondy	nougat	
Nik L Nip		0	1		0		0	0	
Boston Baked	Beans	0	0		0		1	0	
Chiclets		0	1		0		0	0	
Super Bubble		0	1		0		0	0	
Jawbusters		0	1		0		0	0	
		crispedrio	ewafer	hard	bar	pluribus	sugar	percent	pricepercent
Nik L Nip			0	0	0	1		0.197	0.976
Boston Baked	Beans		0	0	0	1		0.313	0.511
Chiclets			0	0	0	1		0.046	0.325
Super Bubble			0	0	0	0		0.162	0.116
Jawbusters			0	1	0	1		0.093	0.511
		winpercent	;						
Nik L Nip		22.44534	Ŀ						
Boston Baked	Beans	23.41782	2						
Chiclets		24.52499)						
Super Bubble		27.30386	3						
Jawbusters		28.12744	Ŀ						

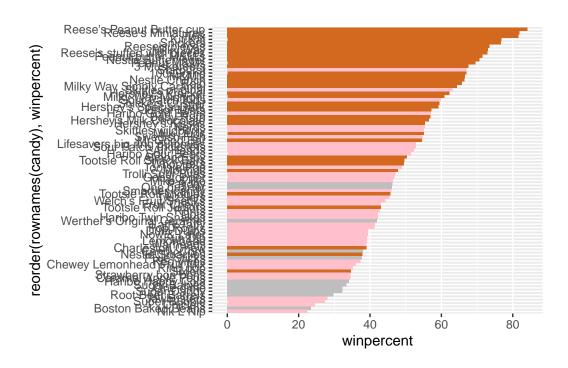
Q14. What are the top 5 all time favorite candy types out of this set? Reeses Peanut Butter Cup, Reeses Miniatures, Twix, Kit Kat, Snickers

tail(candy[order(candy\$winpercent),], n=5)

	chocolate	fruity	caran	nel j	peanutyaln	nondy	nougat
Snickers	1	0		1		1	1
Kit Kat	1	0		0		0	0
Twix	1	0		1		0	0
Reese's Miniatures	1	0		0		1	0
Reese's Peanut Butter cu	1	0		0		1	0
	crispedri	cewafer	${\tt hard}$	bar	pluribus	sugai	percent
Snickers		0	0	1	0		0.546
Kit Kat		1	0	1	0		0.313
Twix		1	0	1	0		0.546
Reese's Miniatures		0	0	0	0		0.034
Reese's Peanut Butter cu	þ	0	0	0	0		0.720
	priceperc	ent winp	percer	nt			
Snickers	0.0	651 76	6.6737	78			
Kit Kat	0.	511 76	3.7686	30			
Twix	0.9	906 83	1.6429	91			
Reese's Miniatures	0.5	279 83	1.8662	26			
Reese's Peanut Butter cu	0.0	351 8 ⁴	1.1802	29			

Q15. Make a first barplot of candy ranking based on winpercent values. Q16. This is quite ugly, use the reorder() function to get the bars sorted by winpercent?

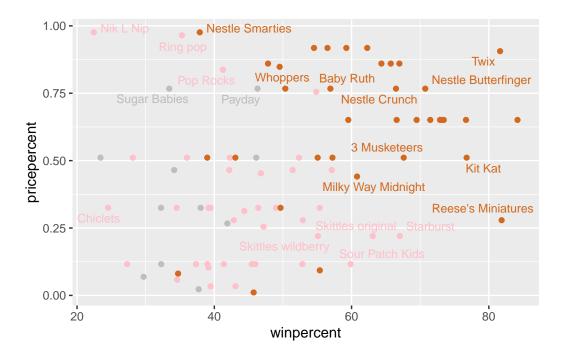
```
ggplot(candy) +
  aes(winpercent, reorder(rownames(candy), winpercent)) +
  geom_col(fill=mycols)
```



```
library(ggrepel)

# How about a plot of price vs win
ggplot(candy) +
   aes(winpercent, pricepercent, label=rownames(candy)) +
   geom_point(col=mycols) +
   geom_text_repel(col=mycols, size=3.3, max.overlaps = 5)
```

Warning: ggrepel: 65 unlabeled data points (too many overlaps). Consider increasing max.overlaps



Q17. What is the worst ranked chocolate candy? Nik L Nip Q18. What is the best ranked fruity candy? Reeses Peanut Butter Cup

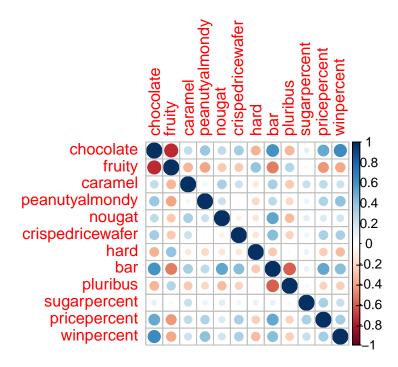
```
ord <- order(candy$pricepercent, decreasing = TRUE)
head( candy[ord,c(11,12)], n=5 )</pre>
```

	pricepercent	winpercent
Nik L Nip	0.976	22.44534
Nestle Smarties	0.976	37.88719
Ring pop	0.965	35.29076
Hershey's Krackel	0.918	62.28448
Hershey's Milk Chocolate	0.918	56.49050

- Q19. Which candy type is the highest ranked in terms of winpercent for the least money i.e. offers the most bang for your buck? Reeses miniatures
- Q20. What are the top 5 most expensive candy types in the dataset and of these which is the least popular? The top 5 most expensive candy typea are Nik L Nip, Nestle Smarties, Ring pop, Hershey's Krackel, Hershey's Milk Chocolate and the least popular one is Nik L Nip.

```
library(corrplot)
```

```
cij <- cor(candy)
corrplot(cij)</pre>
```



- Q22. Examining this plot what two variables are anti-correlated (i.e. have minus values)? fruity and chocolate
- Q23. Similarly, what two variables are most positively correlated? winpercent and chocolate

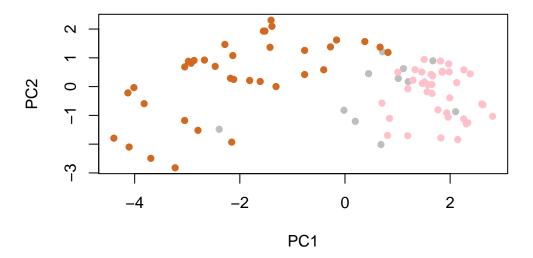
```
pca <- prcomp(candy, scale=TRUE)
summary(pca)</pre>
```

Importance of components:

PC3 PC1 PC2 PC4 PC5 PC6 PC7 Standard deviation 2.0788 1.1378 1.1092 1.07533 0.9518 0.81923 0.81530 Proportion of Variance 0.3601 0.1079 0.1025 0.09636 0.0755 0.05593 0.05539 Cumulative Proportion 0.3601 0.4680 0.5705 0.66688 0.7424 0.79830 0.85369 PC8 PC9 PC10 PC11 PC12 Standard deviation 0.74530 0.67824 0.62349 0.43974 0.39760

Proportion of Variance 0.04629 0.03833 0.03239 0.01611 0.01317 Cumulative Proportion 0.89998 0.93832 0.97071 0.98683 1.00000

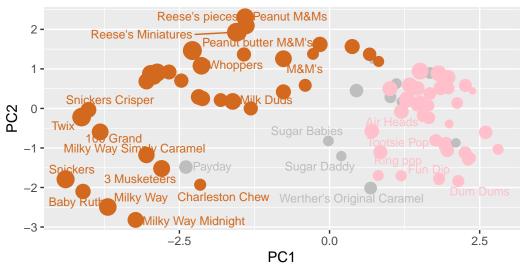
```
plot(pca$x[,1:2], col=mycols, pch=16)
```



Warning: ggrepel: 59 unlabeled data points (too many overlaps). Consider

Halloween Candy PCA Space

Colored by type: chocolate bar (dark brown), chocolate other (light brown),



Data from 538

library(plotly)

Attaching package: 'plotly'

The following object is masked from 'package:ggplot2':

last_plot

The following object is masked from 'package:stats':

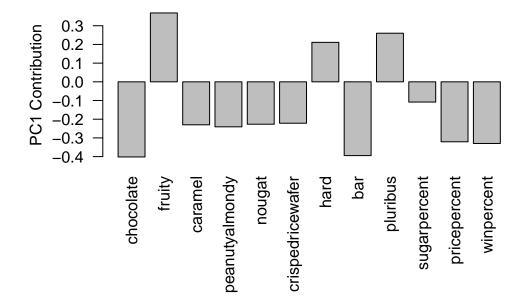
filter

The following object is masked from 'package:graphics':

layout

```
#ggplotly(p)

par(mar=c(8,4,2,2))
barplot(pca$rotation[,1], las=2, ylab="PC1 Contribution")
```



Q24. What original variables are picked up strongly by PC1 in the positive direction? Do these make sense to you? Fruity, hard, and pluribus because I would expect that fruit candy would come in a bag or box of multiple candies.