

Parte teórica

1. Investigue qué es un manejador de paquetes para Linux, elabore los siguientes conceptos (10pts):

¿Qué es un manejador de paquetes para Linux?

“Un administrador de paquetes de Linux es un software que simplifica la instalación, actualización, configuración y eliminación de paquetes de software.” (Zenarmor, 2024) Asimismo, los administradores (manejadores) de paquetes en Linux automatizan la gestión de software mediante repositorios centralizados, resolviendo dependencias, controlando versiones, detectando conflictos y permitiendo reverisiones. (Zenarmor, 2024)

1.1 RPM y DEB

“RPM es un sistema de gestión de paquetes que se ejecuta en Red Hat Enterprise Linux (RHEL), CentOS y Fedora. Puede utilizar RPM para distribuir, gestionar y actualizar el software que cree para cualquiera de estos sistemas operativos.” (Red Hat, s. f.)

“Los paquetes DEB son utilizados por sistemas como Debian, y en distribuciones derivadas de Debian, como Ubuntu y Mint.” (Jonathan Aquilina, 2024)

1.2 DNF y APT

“DNF (Dandified YUM): El administrador de paquetes de próxima generación para distribuciones basadas en Red Hat, que reemplaza a YUM.” (Zenarmor, 2024)

“APT (Herramienta de paquetes avanzada): Utilizado por distribuciones basadas en Debian como Ubuntu y Mint.” (Zenarmor, 2024)

2. Investigue qué es un ambiente sandbox en el sistema operativo, para qué sirve y brinde dos ejemplos de formas de implementar un sandbox en Debian (10pts).

¿Qué es un ambiente sandbox en el sistema operativo?

“Un sandbox, también conocido como entorno de pruebas, es una tecnología de seguridad informática que proporciona un entorno aislado donde se puede ejecutar software, códigos o programas sin afectar el sistema operativo anfitrión.” (Nava, 2024)

¿Para qué sirve sandbox en el sistema operativo?

Mediante la creación de entornos virtuales controlados que emulan el sistema principal, el sandboxing restringe el acceso al hardware y recursos reales. Esta contención posibilita pruebas de software sin riesgos, siendo crucial para el análisis de seguridad de aplicaciones sospechosas y las fases de testing en desarrollo. (Nava, 2024)

Dos ejemplos de formas de implementar un sandbox en Debian:

a. Sandboxing con systemd en Debian: Debian permite aislar servicios mediante las opciones de

seguridad integradas en systemd, como ProtectSystem, PrivateTmp y NoNewPrivileges, que restringen el acceso del proceso al sistema y reducen sus privilegios. Esto crea un entorno controlado que limita el impacto de vulnerabilidades en los servicios (Debian Project, 2024).

b. Sandboxing de aplicaciones con Firejail: Firejail es una herramienta ligera que ejecuta aplicaciones en entornos aislados usando namespaces y filtros de seguridad del kernel Linux. Se instala fácilmente con APT y permite lanzar programas confinados, protegiendo el sistema de accesos no autorizados (Vlythr, 2023).

3. Investigue qué es un ambiente de contenedores en el sistema operativo, para qué sirve y brinde dos ejemplos de formas para implementar containers en Debian (10pts).

¿Qué es un ambiente de contenedores en el sistema operativo?

Los contenedores empaquetan aplicaciones y dependencias en entornos aislados, usando características del kernel para gestionar recursos eficientemente y garantizar portabilidad entre sistemas. (Susnjara & Smalley, s. f.)

¿Para qué sirve en los contenedores en el sistema operativo?

Los contenedores utilizan virtualización del SO para aislar procesos y controlar recursos, ofreciendo mayor portabilidad y eficiencia que las máquinas virtuales. Son la base de las aplicaciones cloud modernas y facilitan la implementación en entornos híbridos y multinube, integrando infraestructuras locales con múltiples proveedores de nube.

(Susnjara & Smalley, s. f.)

Dos ejemplos de formas de implementar contenedores en Debian:

a. Contenedores con Docker en Debian: Docker se implementa en Debian instalando el paquete Docker Engine desde los repositorios oficiales, lo que permite crear y ejecutar contenedores de aplicaciones de manera aislada mediante comandos como docker run. Esta herramienta facilita el despliegue reproducible de entornos sin interferir con el sistema base (Docker Inc, s.f.).

b. Contenedores con LXC en Debian: LXC (Linux Containers) proporciona un entorno de virtualización a nivel de sistema operativo que usa namespaces y cgroups para aislar procesos. En Debian se instala con APT y permite crear contenedores ligeros similares a máquinas virtuales con lxc-create y lxc-start (Linux Containers Project, s.f.).

Parte práctica

4. Implemente un Hola Mundo en Java usando JavaFX. Su Hola Mundo debe poder crear una ventana sencilla con el mensaje Hola Mundo en el centro, y debe incorporar un botón que cierre la aplicación (0pts).

Se utilizó la documentación de Oracle (s. f.) como guía:

```

laura@Debian:~$ java -version
openjdk version "21.0.8" 2025-07-15
OpenJDK Runtime Environment (build 21.0.8+9-Debian-1)
OpenJDK 64-Bit Server VM (build 21.0.8+9-Debian-1, mixed mode, sharing)
laura@Debian:~$ wget https://download2.gluonhq.com/openjfx/22/openjfx-22_linux-x64_bin-sdk.zip
--2025-11-02 17:00:21-- https://download2.gluonhq.com/openjfx/22/openjfx-22_linux-x64_bin-sdk.zip
Connecting to download2.gluonhq.com (download2.gluonhq.com)|178.128.135.159|:443... connected.
HTTP request sent, awaiting response... 200 OK
Length: 56333977 (54M) [application/zip]
Saving to: 'openjfx-22_linux-x64_bin-sdk.zip'

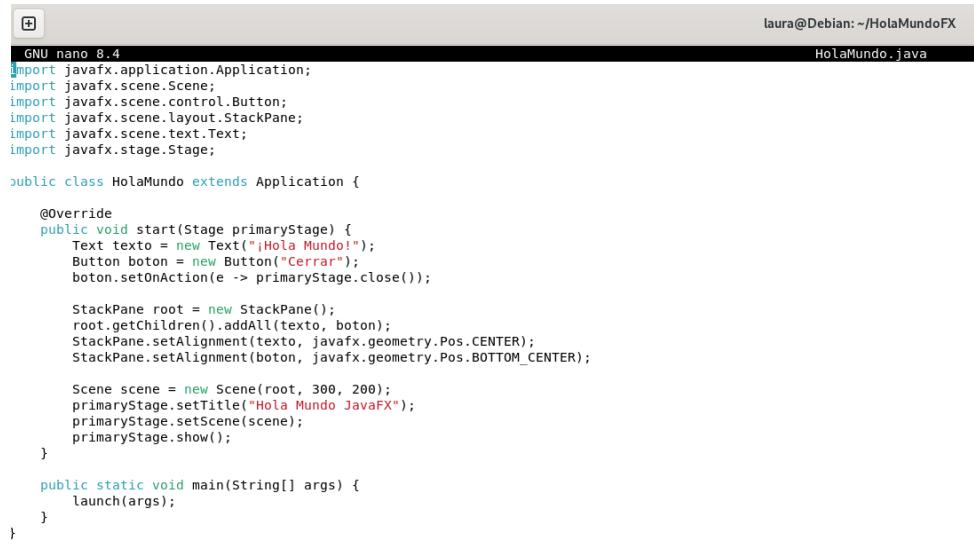
openjfx-22_linux-x64_bin-sdk.zip          33%[=====] 18.09M  6.64MB/s
openjfx-22_linux-x64_bin-sdk.zip          100%[=====] 53.72M  12.9MB/s  in 5.7s

2025-11-02 17:00:21 (9.51 MB/s) - 'openjfx-22_linux-x64_bin-sdk.zip' saved [56333977/56333977]

Archive: openjfx-22_linux-x64_bin-sdk.zip
creating: javafx-sdk-22/
creating: javafx-sdk-22/legal/
creating: javafx-sdk-22/legal/javafx.graphics/
inflating: javafx-sdk-22/legal/javafx.graphics/ADDITIONAL_LICENSE_INFO
inflating: javafx-sdk-22/legal/javafx.graphics/ASSEMBLY_EXCEPTION
inflating: javafx-sdk-22/legal/javafx.graphics/jpeg_fx.md
inflating: javafx-sdk-22/legal/javafx.graphics/mesa3d_md
inflating: javafx-sdk-22/legal/javafx.graphics/LICENSE
creating: javafx-sdk-22/legal/javafx.fxml/
inflating: javafx-sdk-22/legal/javafx.fxml/ADDITIONAL_LICENSE_INFO
inflating: javafx-sdk-22/legal/javafx.fxml/ASSEMBLY_EXCEPTION
inflating: javafx-sdk-22/legal/javafx.fxml/LICENSE

  inflating: javafx-sdk-22/legal/javafx.fxml/LICENSE

laura@Debian:~$ mkdir ~/HolaMundoFX
cd ~/HolaMundoFX
laura@Debian:~/HolaMundoFX$
```



The screenshot shows a terminal window with the following content:

```

laura@Debian:~/HolaMundoFX
laura@Debian:~/HolaMundoFX
```

```

GNU nano 8.4
import javafx.application.Application;
import javafx.scene.Scene;
import javafx.scene.control.Button;
import javafx.scene.layout.StackPane;
import javafx.scene.text.Text;
import javafx.stage.Stage;

public class HolaMundo extends Application {

    @Override
    public void start(Stage primaryStage) {
        Text texto = new Text("¡Hola Mundo!");
        Button boton = new Button("Cerrar");
        boton.setOnAction(e -> primaryStage.close());

        StackPane root = new StackPane();
        root.getChildren().addAll(texto, boton);
        StackPane.setAlignment(texto, javafx.geometry.Pos.CENTER);
        StackPane.setAlignment(boton, javafx.geometry.Pos.BOTTOM_CENTER);

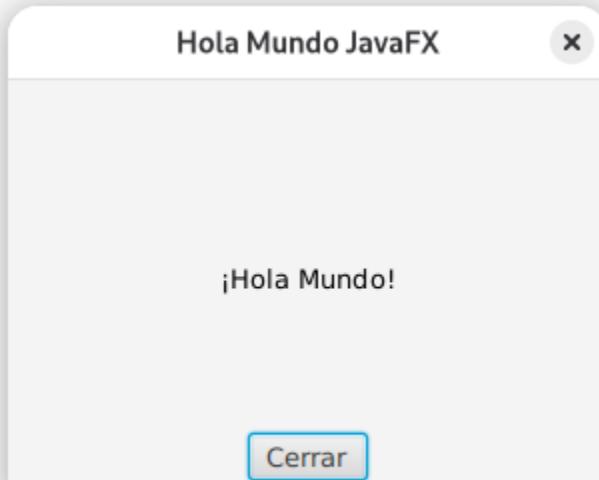
        Scene scene = new Scene(root, 300, 200);
        primaryStage.setTitle("Hola Mundo JavaFX");
        primaryStage.setScene(scene);
        primaryStage.show();
    }

    public static void main(String[] args) {
        launch(args);
    }
}
```

```

laura@Debian:~/HolaMundoFX$ nano HolaMundo.java
laura@Debian:~/HolaMundoFX$ nano HolaMundo.java
laura@Debian:~/HolaMundoFX$ javac --module-path /opt/javafx-sdk-22/lib --add-modules javafx.controls HolaMundo.java
laura@Debian:~/HolaMundoFX$ java --module-path /opt/javafx-sdk-22/lib --add-modules javafx.controls HolaMundo
]

```



5. Empaque su programa usando FlatPak de forma que se pueda desplegar desde cero en una máquina virtual totalmente nueva. Describa su proceso paso a paso (30pts).

Se utilizó el tutorial de Flatpak (s. f.):

```

laura@Debian:~/HolaMundoFX$ sudo apt update
sudo apt install flatpak flatpak-builder -y
sudo flatpak remote-add --if-not-exists flathub https://flathub.org/repo/flathub.flatpakrepo
[sudo] password for laura:
Hit:1 http://security.debian.org/debian-security trixie-security InRelease
Hit:2 http://deb.debian.org/debian trixie InRelease
Hit:3 http://deb.debian.org/debian trixie-updates InRelease
Hit:4 https://packages.microsoft.com/repos/code stable InRelease
Hit:5 https://deb.nodesource.com/node_20.x nodistro InRelease
57 packages can be upgraded. Run 'apt list --upgradable' to see them.
Warning: https://deb.nodesource.com/node_20.x/dists/nodistro/InRelease: Policy will reject signature within a year, see --audit for details
Upgrading:
 libavcodec61 libavfilter10 libavformat61 libavutil59 libpostproc58 libswresample5 libswscale8

Installing:
 flatpak flatpak-builder

Installing dependencies:
 appstream-compose debugedit elfutils ffmpeg gir1.2-flatpak-1.0 libappstream-compose0 libasmlt64 libavdevice61 libdebuginfod-common libdebuginfod164 optipng ostree

Suggested packages:
 ffmpeg-doc brz subversion

Summary:
 Upgrading: 7, Installing: 14, Removing: 0, Not Upgrading: 50
 Download size: 4,882 kB / 16.8 MB
 Space needed: 16.9 MB / 40.7 GB available

Get:1 http://security.debian.org/debian-security/trixie-security/main amd64 libavdevice61 amd64 7:7.1.2-0+deb13u1 [118 kB]
Get:2 http://deb.debian.org/debian/trixie/main amd64 libdebuginfod-common all 0.192-4 [23.7 kB]
Get:3 http://deb.debian.org/debian/trixie/main amd64 libappstream-compose0 amd64 1.0.5-1 [84.5 kB]
Get:4 http://deb.debian.org/debian/trixie/main amd64 libavutil59 amd64 0.192-4 [31.7 kB]
Get:5 http://deb.debian.org/debian/trixie/main amd64 debugedit amd64 1.0.2-2 [13.4 kB]
Get:6 http://deb.debian.org/debian/trixie/main amd64 libasm164 amd64 0.192-4 [28.4 kB]
Get:7 http://security.debian.org/debian-security/trixie/main amd64 ffmpeg amd64 7:7.1.2-0+deb13u1 [1,994 kB]
Get:8 http://deb.debian.org/debian/trixie/main amd64 libdebuginfod164 amd64 0.192-4 [32.4 kB]
Get:9 http://deb.debian.org/debian/trixie/main amd64 elfutils amd64 0.192-4 [508 kB]
Get:10 http://deb.debian.org/debian/trixie/main amd64 flatpak amd64 1.16.1-1 [1,529 kB]
Get:11 http://deb.debian.org/debian/trixie/main amd64 gir1.2-flatpak-1.0 amd64 1.16.1-1 [25.4 kB]
Get:12 http://deb.debian.org/debian/trixie/main amd64 ostree amd64 2025.2-1 [192 kB]
Get:13 http://deb.debian.org/debian/trixie/main amd64 flatpak-builder amd64 1.4.4-2 [166 kB]
Get:14 http://deb.debian.org/debian/trixie/main amd64 optipng amd64 0.7.8+ds-1+b1 [109 kB]
Fetched 4,882 kB in 1s (4,733 kB/s)
apt-listchanges: Reading changelogs...

```

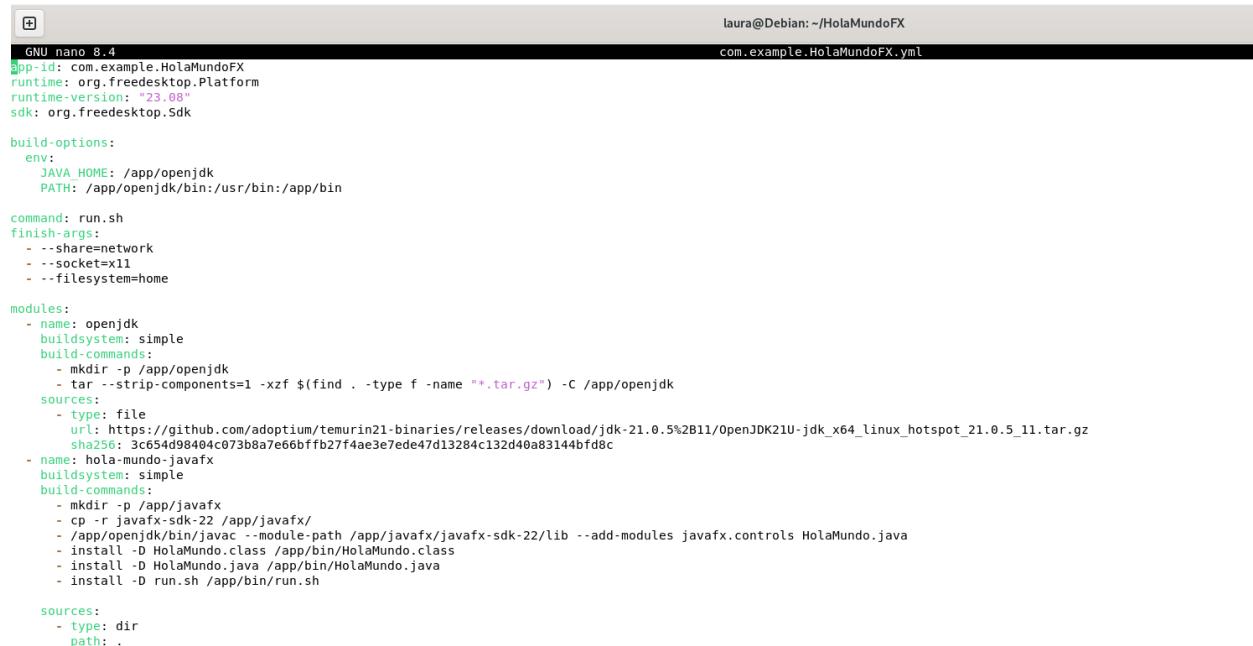
Se utilizó la guía de Docile (2025):

```

PROCESSING LIFECYCLES FOR DEVELOPMENT-UTILS (v.20-1) ...
laura@Debian:~/HolaMundoFX$ mkdir -p com.example.HolaMundoFX/{build,files}
laura@Debian:~/HolaMundoFX$ cp HolaMundo.class com.example.HolaMundoFX/files/
cp HolaMundo.java com.example.HolaMundoFX/files/
laura@Debian:~/HolaMundoFX$ nano com.example.HolaMundoFX.yml
laura@Debian:~/HolaMundoFX$
```

```

cp HolaMundo.java com.example.HolaMundoFX/files/
laura@Debian:~/HolaMundoFX$ nano com.example.HolaMundoFX.yml
laura@Debian:~/HolaMundoFX$ nano run.sh
laura@Debian:~/HolaMundoFX$
```



```

laura@Debian:~/HolaMundoFX
com.example.HolaMundoFX.yml

GNU nano 8.4

app-id: com.example.HolaMundoFX
runtime: org.freedesktop.Platform
runtime-version: "23.08"
sdk: org.freedesktop.Sdk

build-options:
env:
  JAVA_HOME: /app/openjdk
  PATH: /app/openjdk/bin:/usr/bin:/app/bin

command: run.sh
finish-args:
- --share=network
- --socket=x11
- --filesystem=home

modules:
- name: openjdk
  buildsystem: simple
  buildCommands:
    - mkdir -p /app/openjdk
    - tar --strip-components=1 -xzf $(find . -type f -name "*.tar.gz") -C /app/openjdk
  sources:
    - type: file
      url: https://github.com/adoptium/temurin21-binaries/releases/download/jdk-21.0.5%2B11/OpenJDK21U-jdk_x64_linux_hotspot_21.0.5_11.tar.gz
      sha256: 3c654d98404c073b8a7e66bffb27f4ae3e7ede47d13284c132d40a83144bfd8c
- name: hola-mundo-javafx
  buildsystem: simple
  buildCommands:
    - mkdir -p /app/javafx
    - cp -r javafx-sdk-22 /app/javafx/
    - /app/openjdk/bin/java --module-path /app/javafx/javafx-sdk-22/lib --add-modules javafx.controls HolaMundo.java
    - install -D HolaMundo.class /app/bin/HolaMundo.class
    - install -D HolaMundo.java /app/bin/HolaMundo.java
    - install -D run.sh /app/bin/run.sh
  sources:
    - type: dir
      path: .
```

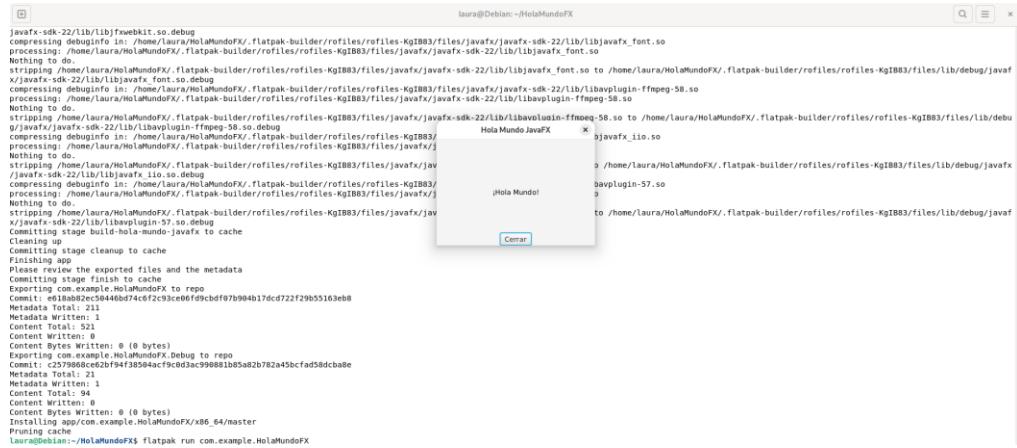


```

laura@Debian:~/HolaMundoFX
run.sh

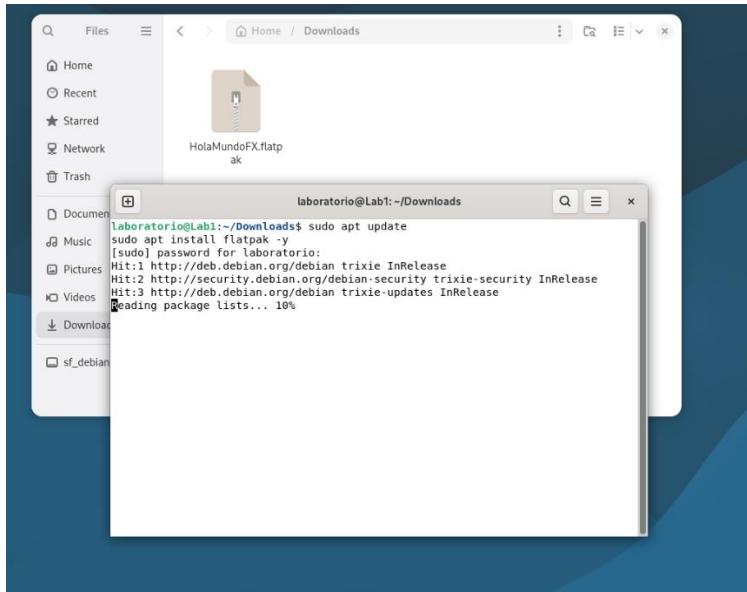
GNU nano 8.4
#!/bin/bash
# Ejecutar usando el JDK empaquetado
/app/openjdk/bin/java --module-path /app/javafx/javafx-sdk-22/lib --add-modules javafx.controls -cp /app/bin HolaMundo
```

```
laura@debian:~/HolamundoFX$ flatpak-builder --user --install --force-clean build-dir com.example.HolaMundoFX.yml
Emptying app dir 'build-dir'
Downloading sources
Starting build of com.example.HolaMundoFX
Cache hit for opendj, skipping build
cache miss - Checking our last cache hit
=====
Building module hola-mundo-javafx in /home/laura/HolamundoFX/.flatpak-builder/build/hola-mundo-javafx-22
=====
Running: cp -r ./javaFX-sdk-22 /app/javafx
Running: /app/openjdk/bin/javac --module-path /app/javafx-sdk-22/lib --add-modules javafx.controls HolaMundo.java
Running: install -o HolaMundo.class /app/bin/HolaMundo.class
Running: install -D libjavafx_font_pango.so /app/bin/runme.so
Running: compress-deps-in /home/laura/HolamundoFX/.flatpak-builder/rofiles/KgIB83/files/javafx/javafx-sdk-22/lib/libavplugin-54.so
processing: /home/laura/HolamundoFX/.flatpak-builder/rofiles/KgIB83/files/javafx/javafx-sdk-22/lib/libavplugin-54.so
Nothing to do.
Stripping /home/laura/HolamundoFX/.flatpak-builder/rofiles/KgIB83/files/javafx/javafx-sdk-22/lib/libavplugin-54.so to /home/laura/HolamundoFX/.flatpak-builder/rofiles/KgIB83/files/lib/debug/javafx/javafx-sdk-22/lib/libavplugin-54.so.debug
compress-deps-in /home/laura/HolamundoFX/.flatpak-builder/rofiles/KgIB83/files/javafx/javafx-sdk-22/lib/libprism_common.so
processing: /home/laura/HolamundoFX/.flatpak-builder/rofiles/KgIB83/files/javafx/javafx-sdk-22/lib/libprism_common.so
Nothing to do.
Stripping /home/laura/HolamundoFX/.flatpak-builder/rofiles/KgIB83/files/javafx/javafx-sdk-22/lib/libprism_common.so to /home/laura/HolamundoFX/.flatpak-builder/rofiles/KgIB83/files/lib/debug/javafx/javafx-sdk-22/lib/libprism_common.so.debug
compress-deps-in /home/laura/HolamundoFX/.flatpak-builder/rofiles/KgIB83/files/javafx/javafx-sdk-22/lib/libjavafx_font_pango.so
processing: /home/laura/HolamundoFX/.flatpak-builder/rofiles/KgIB83/files/javafx/javafx-sdk-22/lib/libjavafx_font_pango.so
Nothing to do.
Stripping /home/laura/HolamundoFX/.flatpak-builder/rofiles/KgIB83/files/javafx/javafx-sdk-22/lib/libjavafx_font_pango.so to /home/laura/HolamundoFX/.flatpak-builder/rofiles/KgIB83/files/lib/debug/javafx/javafx-sdk-22/lib/libjavafx_font_pango.so.debug
compress-deps-in /home/laura/HolamundoFX/.flatpak-builder/rofiles/KgIB83/files/javafx/javafx-sdk-22/lib/libglasstk3.so
processing: /home/laura/HolamundoFX/.flatpak-builder/rofiles/KgIB83/files/javafx/javafx-sdk-22/lib/libglasstk3.so
Nothing to do.
Stripping /home/laura/HolamundoFX/.flatpak-builder/rofiles/KgIB83/files/javafx/javafx-sdk-22/lib/libglasstk3.so to /home/laura/HolamundoFX/.flatpak-builder/rofiles/KgIB83/files/lib/debug/javafx/javafx-sdk-22/lib/libglasstk3.so.debug
compress-deps-in /home/laura/HolamundoFX/.flatpak-builder/rofiles/KgIB83/files/javafx/javafx-sdk-22/lib/libjavafx_font_freetype.so
processing: /home/laura/HolamundoFX/.flatpak-builder/rofiles/KgIB83/files/javafx/javafx-sdk-22/lib/libjavafx_font_freetype.so
Nothing to do.
Stripping /home/laura/HolamundoFX/.flatpak-builder/rofiles/KgIB83/files/javafx/javafx-sdk-22/lib/libjavafx_font_freetype.so to /home/laura/HolamundoFX/.flatpak-builder/rofiles/KgIB83/files/lib/debug/javafx/javafx-sdk-22/lib/libjavafx_font_freetype.so.debug
compress-deps-in /home/laura/HolamundoFX/.flatpak-builder/rofiles/KgIB83/files/javafx/javafx-sdk-22/lib/libprism_es2.so
processing: /home/laura/HolamundoFX/.flatpak-builder/rofiles/KgIB83/files/javafx/javafx-sdk-22/lib/libprism_es2.so
Nothing to do.
Stripping /home/laura/HolamundoFX/.flatpak-builder/rofiles/KgIB83/files/javafx/javafx-sdk-22/lib/libprism_es2.so to /home/laura/HolamundoFX/.flatpak-builder/rofiles/KgIB83/files/lib/debug/javafx/javafx-sdk-22/lib/libprism_es2.so.debug
```



```
Laura@Debian:~/HolaMundoFX$ flatpak build-export repo build-dir  
Metadata: 978a5ed5aa3d71c5b3b9c9d69e8294f89447de525c3c4a0802cad12a3724ce837  
Metadata Written: 54  
Content Total: 614  
Content Written: 614  
Content Written: 614  
Content Bytes Written: 487545359 (487.5 MB)  
Laura@Debian:~/HolaMundoFX$ flatpak build-build repo HolaMundoFx.flatpak com.example.HolaMundoFx  
Laura@Debian:~/HolaMundoFX$ ls  
Laura@Debian:~/HolaMundoFX$ com.example.HolaMundoFx.yml HolaMundo.class HolaMundoFx.flatpak HolaMundo.java javafx-sdk-22 openjfx-22_linux-x64_bin-sdk.zip repo run.sh
```

Pasamos el archivo a la nueva máquina virtual:



```
laboratorio@Lab1:~/Downloads$ sudo apt update
[sudo] password for laboratorio:
Hit:1 http://deb.debian.org/debian trixie InRelease
Hit:2 http://security.debian.org/debian-security trixie-security InRelease
Hit:3 http://deb.debian.org/debian trixie-updates InRelease
Reading package lists... 10%
```

Note that the directories
`'/var/lib/flatpak/exports/share'`
`'/home/laboratorio/.local/share/flatpak/exports/share'`

are not in the search path set by the XDG DATA DIRS environment variable, so applications installed by Flatpak may not appear on your desktop until the session is restarted.

Looking for updates...

Nothing to do.

```
laboratorio@Lab1:~/Downloads$ flatpak install flathub org.freedesktop.Platform/23.08 -y
```

Note that the directories
`'/var/lib/flatpak/exports/share'`
`'/home/laboratorio/.local/share/flatpak/exports/share'`

are not in the search path set by the XDG DATA DIRS environment variable, so applications installed by Flatpak may not appear on your desktop until the session is restarted.

Looking for matches...

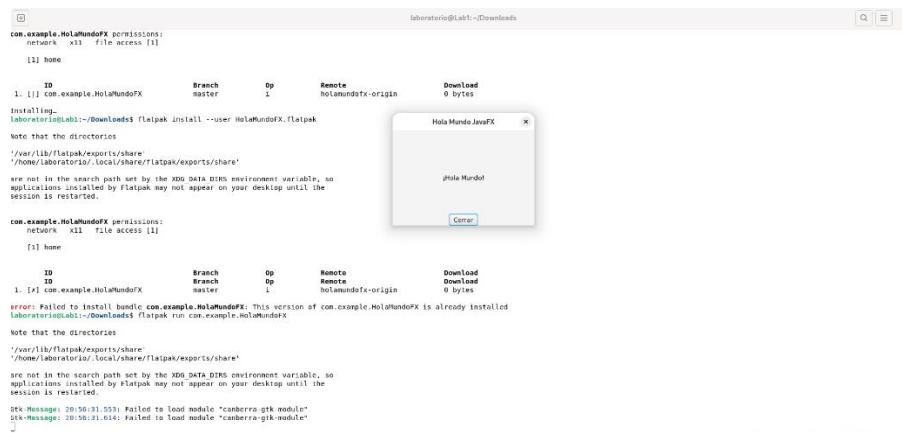
Info: runtime org.freedesktop.Platform branch 23.08 is end-of-life, with reason:
`org.freedesktop.Platform 23.08 is no longer receiving fixes and security updates. Please update to a supported runtime version.`

Info: runtime org.freedesktop.Platform.GL.default branch 23.08-extra is end-of-life, with reason:
`org.freedesktop.Platform 23.08 is no longer receiving fixes and security updates. Please update to a supported runtime version.`

Info: runtime org.freedesktop.Platform.GL.default branch 23.08 is end-of-life, with reason:
`org.freedesktop.Platform 23.08 is no longer receiving fixes and security updates. Please update to a supported runtime version.`

ID	Branch	Op	Remote	Download
1. [] org.freedesktop.Platform.GL.default	23.08	i	flathub	57.6 MB / 170.0 MB
2. [] org.freedesktop.Platform.GL.default	23.08-extra	i	flathub	< 170.0 MB
3. [] org.freedesktop.Platform.Locale	23.08	i	flathub	< 379.4 MB (partial)
4. [] org.freedesktop.Platform	23.08	i	flathub	< 233.3 MB

Installing 1/4.. ██████████ 37% 6.4 MB/s 00:15



6. Empaque su programa usando Docker de forma que se pueda desplegar desde cero en una máquina virtual totalmente nueva. Describa su proceso paso a paso (30pts).

```
laura@Debian:~/HolaMundoFX$ docker build -t holamundofx .
bash: docker: command not found
laura@Debian:~/HolaMundoFX$ sudo apt install -y ca-certificates curl gnupg
[sudo] password for laura:
ca-certificates is already the newest version (20250419).
curl is already the newest version (8.14.1-2).
gnupg is already the newest version (2.4.7-21).
Summary:
  Upgrading: 0, Installing: 0, Removing: 0, Not Upgrading: 0
laura@Debian:~/HolaMundoFX$ sudo install -m 0755 -d /etc/apt/keyrings
curl -fsSL https://download.docker.com/linux/debian/gpg | sudo gpg --dearmor -o /etc/apt/keyrings/docker.gpg
sudo chmod a+r /etc/apt/keyrings/docker.gpg
laura@Debian:~/HolaMundoFX$ echo \
  "deb [arch=$ (dpkg --print-architecture) signed-by=/etc/apt/keyrings/docker.gpg] \
  https://download.docker.com/linux/debian \
  ($ . /etc/os-release && echo \"$VERSION_CODENAME\") stable" | \
  sudo tee /etc/apt/sources.list.d/docker.list > /dev/null
laura@Debian:~/HolaMundoFX$ sudo apt update
sudo apt install -y docker-ce docker-ce-cli containerd.io docker-buildx-plugin docker-compose-plugin
Hit:1 http://security.debian.org/debian-security trixie-security InRelease
Hit:2 http://deb.debian.org/debian trixie InRelease
Get:3 https://download.docker.com/linux/debian trixie InRelease [32.5 kB]
Get:4 https://deb.debian.org/debian trixie-updates InRelease [47.3 kB]
Hit:5 https://packages.microsoft.com/repos/code stable InRelease
Hit:6 https://deb.nodesource.com/node_20.x nodistro InRelease
Get:7 https://download.docker.com/linux/debian trixie/stable amd64 Packages [14.3 kB]
Fetched 94.1 kB in 1s (108 kB/s)
Reading package lists... 97%
```

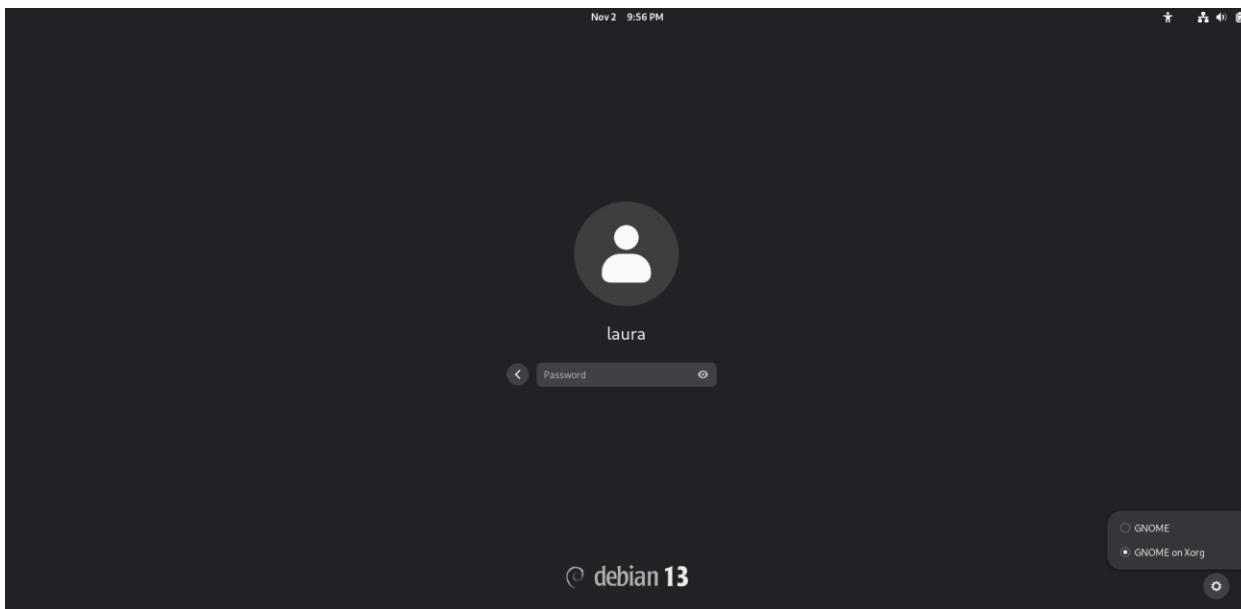
```
[  ] laura@Debian:~
laura@Debian:~$ sudo systemctl status docker
[sudo] password for laura:
● docker.service - Docker Application Container Engine
   Loaded: loaded (/usr/lib/systemd/system/docker.service; enabled; preset: disabled)
   Active: active (running) since Sun 2025-11-02 21:29:46 CST; 1min 39s ago
     Invocation: 6770404cde344793800d03b5f0610da
TriggeredBy: ● docker.socket
   Docs: https://docs.docker.com
 Main PID: 1252 (dockerd)
    Tasks: 10
   Memory: 103M (peak: 104.2M)
      CPU: 4.887s
     CGroup: /system.slice/docker.service
           └─1252 /usr/bin/dockerd -H fd:// --containerd=/run/containerd/containerd.sock

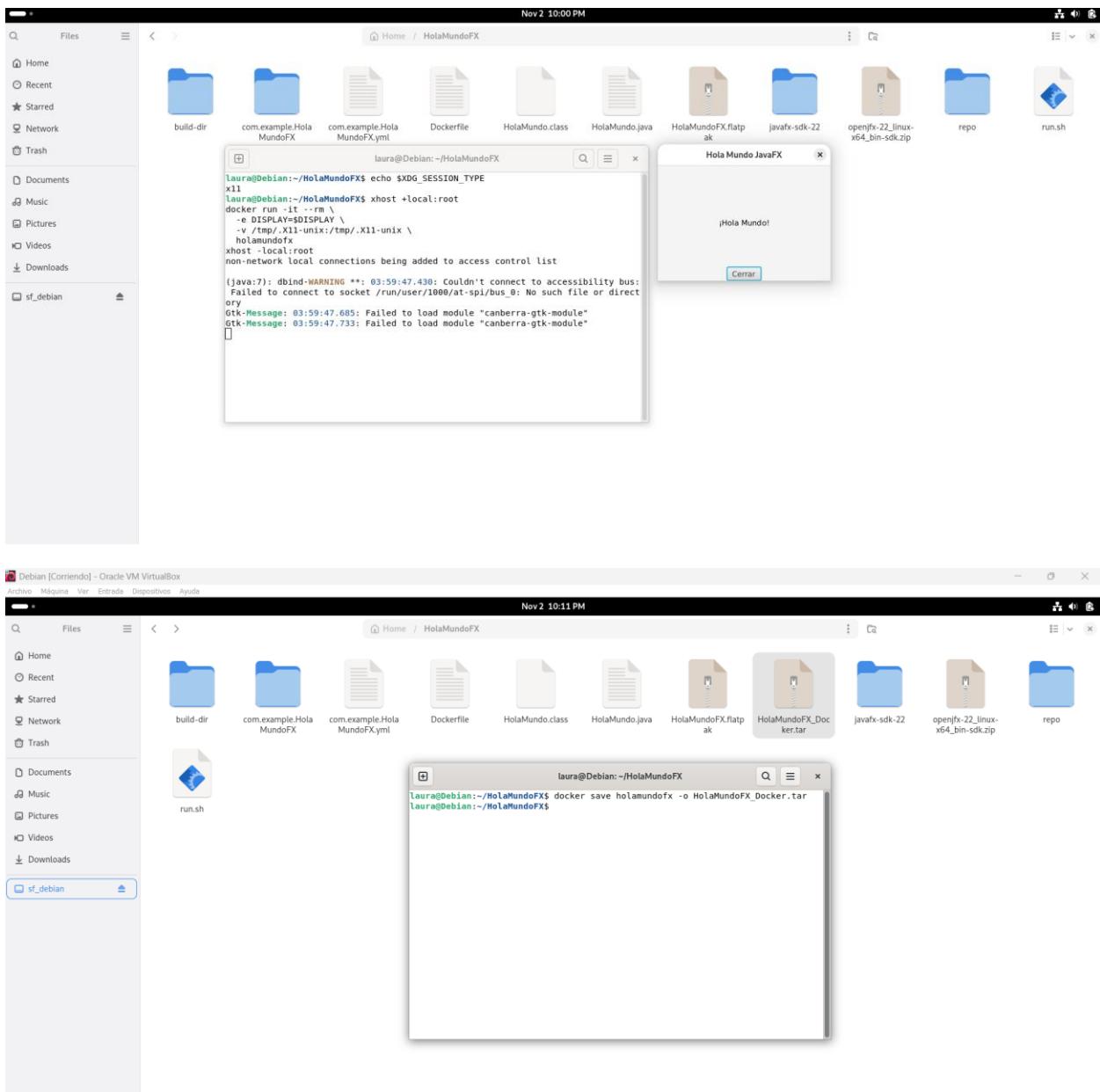
Nov 02 21:29:43 Debian dockerd[1252]: time="2025-11-02T21:29:43.121620796-06:00"
Nov 02 21:29:43 Debian dockerd[1252]: time="2025-11-02T21:29:43.545872629-06:00"
Nov 02 21:29:43 Debian dockerd[1252]: time="2025-11-02T21:29:43.564214874-06:00"
Nov 02 21:29:46 Debian dockerd[1252]: time="2025-11-02T21:29:46.066551969-06:00"
Nov 02 21:29:46 Debian dockerd[1252]: time="2025-11-02T21:29:46.318515743-06:00"
Nov 02 21:29:46 Debian dockerd[1252]: time="2025-11-02T21:29:46.322523151-06:00"
Nov 02 21:29:46 Debian dockerd[1252]: time="2025-11-02T21:29:46.497556423-06:00"
Nov 02 21:29:46 Debian dockerd[1252]: time="2025-11-02T21:29:46.521144190-06:00"
Nov 02 21:29:46 Debian dockerd[1252]: time="2025-11-02T21:29:46.521367617-06:00"
Nov 02 21:29:46 Debian systemd[1]: Started docker.service - Docker Application
[lines 1-23] skipping...
● docker.service - Docker Application Container Engine
   Loaded: loaded (/usr/lib/systemd/system/docker.service; enabled; preset: enabled)
   Active: active (running) since Sun 2025-11-02 21:29:46 CST; 1min 39s ago
     Invocation: 6770404cde344793800d03b5f0610da
TriggeredBy: ● docker.socket
   Docs: https://docs.docker.com
 Main PID: 1252 (dockerd)
    Tasks: 10
   Memory: 103M (peak: 104.2M)
      CPU: 4.887s
     CGroup: /system.slice/docker.service
           └─1252 /usr/bin/dockerd -H fd:// --containerd=/run/containerd/containerd.sock

Nov 02 21:29:43 Debian dockerd[1252]: time="2025-11-02T21:29:43.121620796-06:00" level=info msg="Creating a containerd client" address=/run/containerd/containerd.sock timeout=1m0s
Nov 02 21:29:43 Debian dockerd[1252]: time="2025-11-02T21:29:43.545872629-06:00" level=info msg="[graphdriver] using prior storage driver: overlay2"
Nov 02 21:29:43 Debian dockerd[1252]: time="2025-11-02T21:29:43.564214874-06:00" level=info msg="Loading containers: start."
Nov 02 21:29:46 Debian dockerd[1252]: time="2025-11-02T21:29:46.066551969-06:00" level=info msg="Loading containers: done."
Nov 02 21:29:46 Debian dockerd[1252]: time="2025-11-02T21:29:46.318515743-06:00" level=info msg="Docker daemon" commit=f8215cc containerd-snapshotter=false storage-driver=overlay2 version=28.5.1
Nov 02 21:29:46 Debian dockerd[1252]: time="2025-11-02T21:29:46.497556423-06:00" level=info msg="Initializing buildkit"
Nov 02 21:29:46 Debian dockerd[1252]: time="2025-11-02T21:29:46.521144190-06:00" level=info msg="Completed buildkit initialization"
Nov 02 21:29:46 Debian dockerd[1252]: time="2025-11-02T21:29:46.521367617-06:00" level=info msg="Daemon has completed initialization"
Nov 02 21:29:46 Debian dockerd[1252]: time="2025-11-02T21:29:46.521367617-06:00" level=info msg="API listen on /run/docker.sock"
```

```
+  
laura@Debian:~/HolaMundoFX$ cd ~/HolaMundoFX  
  
cat << 'EOF' > Dockerfile  
# Imagen base con Java 21 (Eclipse Temurin)  
FROM eclipse-temurin:21-jdk  
  
# Instalar dependencias necesarias para JavaFX  
RUN apt-get update && \  
    apt-get install -y libgl1 libxext6 libxrender1 libxtst6 libgtk-3-0 unzip && \  
    rm -rf /var/lib/apt/lists/*  
  
# Crear carpeta de trabajo  
WORKDIR /app  
  
# Copiar los archivos de la aplicación al contenedor  
COPY HolaMundo.java /app/  
COPY run.sh /app/  
COPY javafx-sdk-22 /app/javafx-sdk-22/  
  
# Compilar el Hola Mundo  
RUN javac -module-path /app/javafx-sdk-22/lib --add-modules javafx.controls HolaMundo.java  
  
EOF ["/bin/bash", "/app/run.sh"]la app  
laura@Debian:~/HolaMundoFX$ chmod +x run.sh
```

Hay que cambiar a modo X11 con Xorg:





Ahora en la otra máquina virtual lo probamos

```

laboratorio@Lab1:~/Downloads$ sudo apt update
sudo apt install -y ca-certificates curl gnupg
sudo install -m 0755 -d /etc/apt/keyrings
curl -fsSL https://download.docker.com/linux/debian/gpg | sudo gpg --dearmor -o /etc/apt/keyrings/docker.gpg
echo \"
  "deb [arch=$(dpkg --print-architecture) signed-by=/etc/apt/keyrings/docker.gpg] \
  https://download.docker.com/linux/debian \
  $(. /etc/os-release && echo "$VERSION_CODENAME") stable" | \
  sudo tee /etc/apt/sources.list.d/docker.list > /dev/null
sudo apt update
sudo apt install -y docker-ce docker-ce-cli containerd.io docker-buildx-plugin docker-compose-plugin
[sudo] password for laboratorio:
Hit:1 http://deb.debian.org/debian trixie InRelease
Hit:2 http://security.debian.org/debian-security trixie-security InRelease
Get:3 http://deb.debian.org/debian trixie-updates InRelease [47.3 kB]
Fetched 47.3 kB in 1s (41.2 kB/s)
20 packages can be upgraded. Run 'apt list --upgradable' to see them.
ca-certificates is already the newest version (20250419).
gnupg is already the newest version (2.4.7-21).
gnupg set to manually installed.
Installing:
  curl

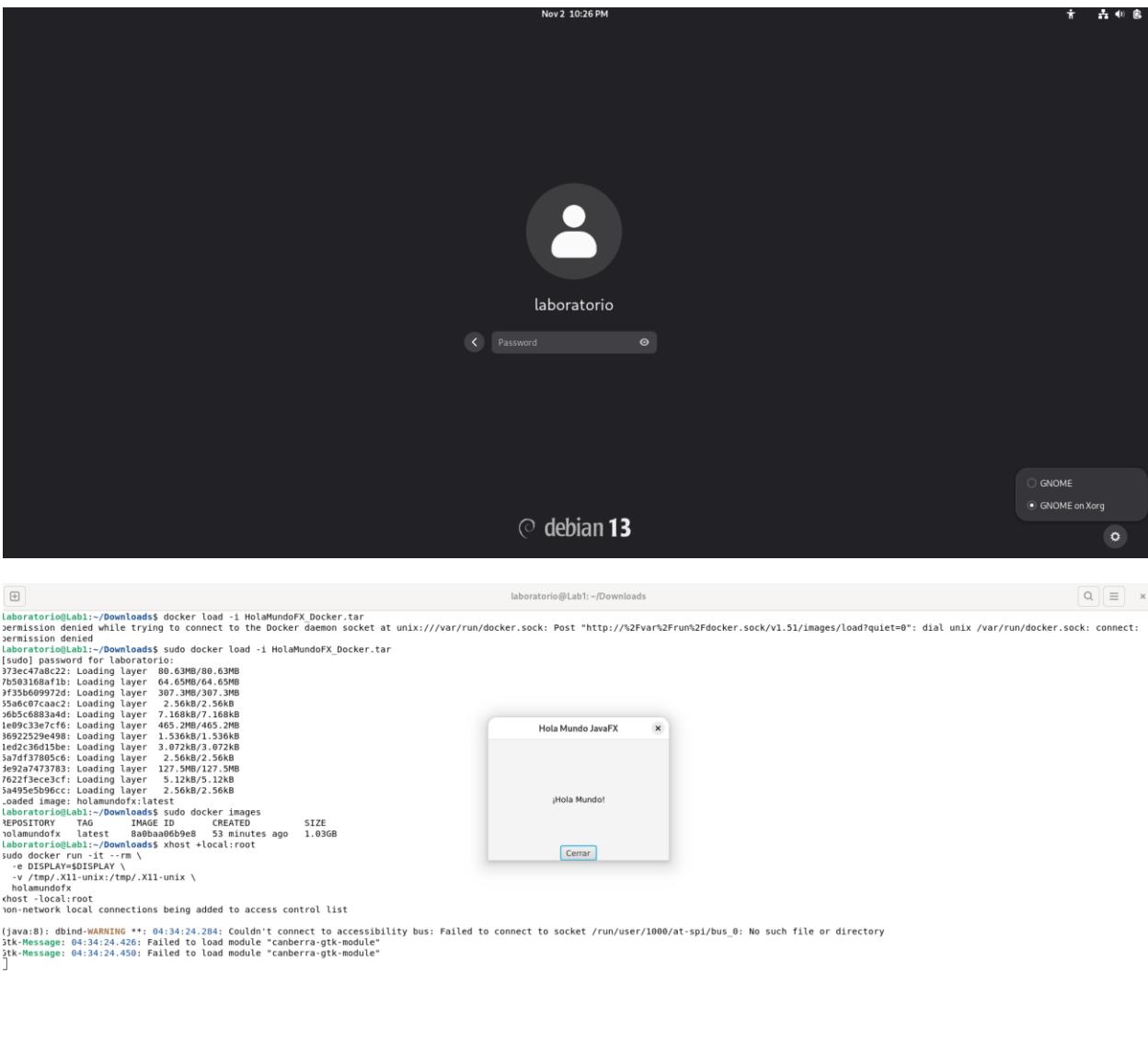
Summary:
  Upgrading: 0, Installing: 1, Removing: 0, Not Upgrading: 20
  Download size: 269 kB
  Space needed: 506 kB / 6,624 MB available

Get:1 http://deb.debian.org/debian trixie/main amd64 curl amd64 8.14.1-2 [269 kB]
Fetched 269 kB in 1s (333 kB/s)
Selecting previously unselected package curl.
(Reading database ... 161126 files and directories currently installed.)
Preparing to unpack .../curl_8.14.1-2_amd64.deb ...
Unpacking curl (8.14.1-2) ...
Setting up curl (8.14.1-2) ...
Processing triggers for man-db (2.13.1-1) ...
Hit:1 http://deb.debian.org/debian trixie InRelease
Hit:2 http://security.debian.org/debian-security trixie-security InRelease
Hit:3 http://deb.debian.org/debian trixie-updates InRelease
Get:4 https://download.docker.com/linux/debian trixie InRelease [32.5 kB]
Get:5 https://download.docker.com/linux/debian trixie/stable amd64 Packages [14.3 kB]
Fetched 46.7 kB in 1s (36.4 kB/s)
20 packages can be upgraded. Run 'apt list --upgradable' to see them.
Installing:
  containerd.io docker-buildx-plugin docker-ce docker-ce-cli docker-compose-plugin

Installing dependencies:
  docker-ce-rootless-extras git git-man iotables liberror-perl libin4tc2 libin6tc2 libslirn0 pidz slirn4netns

Processing triggers for lioc-din (2.41-12) ...
laboratorio@Lab1:~/Downloads$ sudo systemctl status docker
● docker.service - Docker Application Container Engine
   Loaded: loaded (/lib/systemd/system/docker.service; enabled; preset: enabled)
     Active: active (running) since Sun 2025-11-02 22:15:52 CST; 2min 49s ago
   Invocation: a884b5bd241d46e87594262df92130b
TriggeredBy: ● docker.socket
  Docs: https://docs.docker.com
 Main PID: 5397 (dockerd)
   Tasks: 1
    Memory: 103.4M (peak: 104.1M)
      CPU: 3.004s
     CGroup: /system.slice/docker.service
             └─5397 /usr/bin/dockerd -H fd:// --containerd=/run/containerd/containerd.sock

Nov 02 22:15:45 Lab1 dockerd[5397]: time="2025-11-02T22:15:45-04:00" level=info msg="CDI directory does not exist, skipping; failed to monitor for changes: no such file or directory" dir=/var/run/cdi
Nov 02 22:15:45 Lab1 dockerd[5397]: time="2025-11-02T22:15:45-04:00" level=info msg="Creating a containerd client" address=/run/containerd/containerd.sock timeout=1m0s
Nov 02 22:15:46 Lab1 dockerd[5397]: time="2025-11-02T22:15:46-04:00" level=info msg="Loading containers: start"
Nov 02 22:15:49 Lab1 dockerd[5397]: time="2025-11-02T22:15:49-04:00" level=info msg="Loading containers: done."
Nov 02 22:15:50 Lab1 dockerd[5397]: time="2025-11-02T22:15:50-04:00" level=info msg="Docker daemon" commit=f8215cc containerd-snapshotter=false storage-driver=overlay2 version=28.5.1
Nov 02 22:15:50 Lab1 dockerd[5397]: time="2025-11-02T22:15:50-04:00" level=info msg="Initializing buildkit"
Nov 02 22:15:51 Lab1 dockerd[5397]: time="2025-11-02T22:15:51-04:00" level=info msg="Completed buildkit initialization"
Nov 02 22:15:52 Lab1 dockerd[5397]: time="2025-11-02T22:15:52-04:00" level=info msg="Daemon has completed initialization"
Nov 02 22:15:52 Lab1 dockerd[5397]: time="2025-11-02T22:15:52-04:00" level=info msg="API listen on /run/docker.sock"
Nov 02 22:15:52 Lab1 systemd[1]: Started docker.service - Docker Application Container Engine.
laboratorio@Lab1:~/Downloads$
```



7. Compare FlatPak y Docker basándose en su experiencia con este ejercicio (10pts).

El proceso de contenedores en Docker fue más rápida y sencilla de configurar en comparación de FlatPak, también se encuentra más información sobre la herramienta Docker.

En el caso de FlatPak tuvimos más errores al momento de configurarlo.

Docker fue más rápido de preparar, pero necesitó cambiar la sesión del sistema a GNOME on Xorg para que se mostrara la ventana JavaFX.

Ambas opciones permitieron ejecutar el “Hola Mundo”, pero cada una tiene su enfoque: Flatpak está más orientado a aplicaciones gráficas de escritorio, y Docker es más flexible y práctico para entornos nuevos o de desarrollo.

Entonces en general Docker fue más directo de usar, aunque Flatpak ofreció una mejor integración con el entorno gráfico de Debian.

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