

China

PEACE, AMITY, AND COMMERCE

*Treaty signed at Wang Hiya July 3, 1844*¹

Ratified by China August 15, 1844

Senate advice and consent to ratification January 16, 1845

Ratified by the President of the United States January 17, 1845

Ratifications exchanged at Poon Tong December 31, 1845

Entered into force December 31, 1845

Proclaimed by the President of the United States April 18, 1846

*Supplemented and revised by treaty of June 18, 1858,² and convention of November 8, 1858*³

*All provisions continued in force by treaty of October 8, 1903, "except in so far as they are modified by the present Treaty or other treaties to which the United States is a party"*⁴

*Superseded November 30, 1948, by treaty of November 4, 1946*⁵

8 Stat. 592; Treaty Series 45⁶

TREATY

The United States of America, and The Ta Tsing Empire, Desiring to establish firm, lasting, and sincere friendship between the two Nations, have resolved to fix, in a manner clear and positive, by means of a treaty or general convention of peace, amity, and commerce, the rules which shall in future be mutually observed in the intercourse of their respective countries:—For which most desirable object, the President of the United States has conferred full powers on their Commissioner Caleb Cushing, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary of the United States to China; and the August

¹ For tariff schedule attached to treaty, see 8 Stat. 600 or TS 45.

² TS 46, *post*, p. 659.

³ TS 47, *post*, p. 671.

⁴ TS 430, *post*, p. 704 (art. XVII).

⁵ TIAS 1871, *post*, p. 761.

⁶ For a detailed study of this treaty, see 4 Miller 559.