AMITY AND COMMERCE

Treaty signed at Berlin July 11, 1799

Senate advice and consent to ratification February 18, 1800

Ratified by the President of the United States February 19, 1800

Ratifications exchanged at Berlin June 22, 1800

Entered into force June 22, 1800

Proclaimed by the President of the United States November 4, 1800

Expired June 22, 1810

Articles XIII–XXIV (with exception of last paragraph of article XIX) revived by treaty of May 1, 1828 ¹

Obsolete

8 Stat. 162; Treaty Series 293²

His Majesty the King of Prussia and the United States of America, desiring to maintain upon a stable and permanent footing the connections of good understanding which have hitherto so happily subsisted between their respective States, and for this purpose to renew the treaty of amity and commerce concluded between the two Powers at the Hague the 10th of September, 1785,3 for the term of ten years, His Prussian Majesty has nominated and constituted as his Plenipotentiaries the Count Charles William de Finkenstein, his Minister of State, of War, and of the Cabinet, Knight of the Orders of the Black Eagle and of the Red Eagle, and Commander of that of St. John of Jerusalem, the Baron Philip Charles d'Alvensleben, his Minister of State, of War, and of the Cabinet, Knight of the Orders of the Black Eagle and of the Red Eagle, and of that of St. John of Jerusalem, and the Count Christian Henry Curce de Haugwitz, his Minister of State, of War, and of the Cabinet, Knight of the Orders of the Black Eagle and of the Red Eagle; and the President of the United States has furnished with their full powers John Quincy Adams, a citizen of the United States, and their Minister Plenipotentiary at the Court of His Prussian Majesty; which Plenipotentiaries, after having exchanged their full powers, found in good and due form, have concluded, settled, and signed the following articles:

¹ TS 294, post, p. 98.

² For a detailed study of this treaty, see 2 Miller 433.

³ TS 292, ante, p. 78.