

## RECIPROCAL TRADE

*Agreement and exchanges of notes signed at Buenos Aires October 14, 1941*<sup>1</sup>

*Proclaimed by the President of the United States October 31, 1941*

*Entered into force provisionally November 15, 1941*

*Ratified by Argentina August 27, 1942*

*Proclamation and instrument of ratification exchanged at Washington December 9, 1942*

*Supplementary proclamation by the President of the United States December 11, 1942*

*Entered into force definitively January 8, 1943*

*Supplemented by agreements of July 24, 1963, as amended<sup>2</sup> and August 3 and 8, 1966, as amended<sup>3</sup>*

56 Stat. 1685; Executive Agreement Series 277

### TRADE AGREEMENT BETWEEN THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA AND THE ARGENTINE REPUBLIC

The President of the United States of America and the Vice President of the Argentine Nation in the exercise of the Executive Power, being desirous of strengthening the traditional bonds of friendship existing between the two countries through the maintenance of the principle of equal treatment in its unconditional and unlimited form as the basis of commercial relations and through the granting of mutual and reciprocal concessions for the promotion of trade, have resolved to conclude a Trade Agreement so providing and have appointed for this purpose as their Plenipotentiaries:

The President of the United States of America:

Norman Armour, Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary of the United States of America to the Argentine Republic; and

The Vice President of the Argentine Nation in the exercise of the Executive Power:

His Excellency Señor doctor don Enrique Ruiz-Guiñazú, Minister of Foreign Affairs and Worship;

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<sup>1</sup> For texts of schedules I, II, and III, see 56 Stat. 1703 or p. 21 of EAS 277.

<sup>2</sup> 14 UST 1046, 18 UST 3102; TIAS 5402, 6402.

<sup>3</sup> 17 UST 1223, 18 UST 3102; TIAS 6086, 6402.