## PEACE, AMITY, AND COMMERCE

Treaty signed at Washington July 28, 1868, supplementing treaty of June 18, 1858

Senate advice and consent to ratification, with amendments, July 24, 1868 <sup>1</sup>

Ratified by the President of the United States October 19, 1868

Ratified by China November 23, 1869

Ratifications exchanged at Peking November 23, 1869

Entered into force November 23, 1869

Proclaimed by the President of the United States February 5, 1870

Provisions relating to immigration modified by treaty of November 17, 1880<sup>2</sup>

All provisions continued in force by treaty of October 8, 1903, "except in so far as they are modified by the present Treaty or other treaties to which the United States is a party" 3

Superseded November 30, 1948, by treaty of November 4, 1946 4

16 Stat. 739; Treaty Series 48

Additional Articles to the Treaty Between the United States of America and the Ta-Tsing Empire of the 18th of June, 1858

Whereas since the conclusion of the treaty between the United States of America and the Ta-Tsing Empire (China) of the 18th of June, 1858, circumstances have arisen showing the necessity of additional articles thereto, the President of the United States and the august sovereign of the Ta-Tsing

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The treaty was originally signed July 4, 1868. The Senate resolution of advice and consent to ratification contained the following amendments, which were incorporated in a new engrossed text signed July 28, 1868:

Art. V: after the words "United States" where they occur the second time, insert or Chinese subjects.

Art. V: After the words "Chinese subject", insert or citizen of the United States. Art. VI: At the end, insert But nothing herein contained shall be held to confer naturalization upon citizens of the United States in China, nor upon the subjects of China in the United States.

Art. VII: Delete. [Art. VII reads as follows: "The United States and the Emperor of China recognizing in the present progress of nations a favorable tendency towards a unity of civilization, and regarding a unity of money and a unity of weights and of measures as favorable to that great object, do hereby agree that they will use their influence and efforts to obtain the establishment by the general agreement of nations of representative