

## SUPPRESSION OF SMUGGLING

*Convention signed at Washington May 19, 1924*

*Senate advice and consent to ratification May 26, 1924*

*Ratified by Germany July 8, 1924*

*Ratified by the President of the United States August 9, 1924*

*Ratifications exchanged at Washington August 11, 1924*

*Entered into force August 11, 1924*

*Proclaimed by the President of the United States August 11, 1924*

*Not revived with Federal Republic of Germany*

43 Stat. 1815; Treaty Series 694

The President of the United States of America and the President of the German Empire being desirous of avoiding any difficulties which might arise between them in connection with the laws in force in the United States on the subject of alcoholic beverages have decided to conclude a Convention for that purpose, and have appointed as their Plenipotentiaries:

The President of the United States of America, Mr. Charles Evans Hughes, Secretary of State of the United States of America; and

The President of the German Empire, Dr. Otto Wiedfeldt, German Ambassador to the United States of America;

Who, having communicated their full powers found in good and due form, have agreed as follows:

### ARTICLE I

The High Contracting Parties declare that it is their firm intention to uphold the principle that 3 marine miles extending from the coastline outwards and measured from low-water mark constitute the proper limits of territorial waters.

### ARTICLE II

(1) The President of the German Empire agrees that Germany will raise no objection to the boarding of private vessels under the German flag outside the limits of territorial waters by the authorities of the United States, its territories or possessions, in order that enquiries may be addressed to those on board and an examination be made of the ship's papers for the purpose of