

## RIGHTS IN SYRIA AND LEBANON

*Convention signed at Paris April 4, 1924; exchange of notes at Paris, November 2 and December 18, 1923, and April 4, 1924*

*Senate advice and consent to ratification May 14, 1924*

*Ratified by the President of the United States June 5, 1924*

*Ratified by France July 3, 1924*

*Ratifications exchanged at Paris July 13, 1924*

*Entered into force July 13, 1924*

*Proclaimed by the President of the United States August 13, 1924*

*Continued in effect between the United States and Syria and Lebanon, respectively, as to rights of the United States and its nationals, by agreements of September 7 and 8, 1944,<sup>1</sup> in connection with U.S. recognition of the independence of Syria and Lebanon*

43 Stat. 1821; Treaty Series 695

### CONVENTION BETWEEN THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA AND FRANCE REGARDING THE MANDATE FOR SYRIA AND THE LEBANON

The President of the United States of America and the President of the French Republic,

Whereas by the Treaty of Peace concluded with the Allied Powers, Turkey renounces all her rights and titles over Syria and the Lebanon, and,

Whereas Article 22 of the Covenant of the League of Nations in the Treaty of Versailles<sup>2</sup> provides that in the case of certain territories which as a consequence of the late war ceased to be under the sovereignty of the states which formerly governed them, mandates should be issued and that the terms of the mandate should be explicitly defined in each case by the Council of the League, and,

Whereas the Principal Allied Powers have agreed to entrust the mandate for Syria and the Lebanon to France, and,

Whereas the terms of the said mandate have been defined by the Council of the League of Nations as follows:

<sup>1</sup> EAS 434, *post*, SYRIA; and EAS 435, *post*, LEBANON.

<sup>2</sup> *Ante*, vol. 2, p. 55.