CLAIMS: SETTLEMENT OF CASES OF BRIG "JOSEPHINE" AND SCHOONER "RANGER"

Convention signed at Quito June 15, 1849 Ratified by Ecuador June 20, 1849 Entered into force June 20, 1849

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The Undersigned Chargé d'Affaires of the United States and Marcos Espinel Plenipotentiary of Ecuador being duly authorized to enter into a convention for the payment of the debt which pertains to Ecuador in the indemnification claimed by the owners of the Brig Josephine and of the Schooner Ranger, after exchanging their full powers, have agreed to the following articles.

ARTICLE 1. The Government of Ecuador obligates itself to pay to the order of the Charge d'Affaires of the United States, or to the order of any person or persons duly empowered by the Government of the United States, the sum of five thousand nine hundred and fifty five dollars 200 Spanish, on account of all losses and damages which the owners of the Brig Josephine have claimed through the Legation of the United States, together with interest upon the said sum at the rate of six per cent per annum, to be calculated from the fifth day of May one thousand eight hundred and thirty until paid.

ARTICLE 29. The Government of Ecuador also agrees to pay to the order of the Chargé d'Affaires of the United States, or to the order of any person or persons duly empowered by the Government of the United States, the sum of one thousand and ninety nine dollars ⁴²/₁₀₀ Spanish, on account of the Schooner Ranger and part of her cargo which were confiscated in contravention of the treaty 1 between the United States and Colombia, 2 together with interest upon the said sum at the rate of six per cent per annum, to be calculated from the second day of August one thousand eight hundred and twenty five until paid.

¹ TS 52, ante, vol. 6, p. 855, COLOMBIA.

^a The state of "Greater Colombia," which gained independence from Spain in 1819, included the present states of Colombia, Ecuador, Panama, and Venezuela. In 1830-31 it split up into Ecuador, Venezuela, and the republic of New Granada, and by 1863 New Granada had become the United States of Colombia.