

AMITY; CANAL RIGHTS

Treaty signed at Bogotá April 6, 1914; protocol of exchange signed at Bogotá March 1, 1922

*Senate advice and consent to ratification, with reservations, April 20, 1921*¹

*Ratified by the President of the United States, with reservations, January 11, 1922*¹

Ratified by Colombia March 1, 1922

Ratifications exchanged at Bogotá March 1, 1922

Entered into force March 1, 1922

Proclaimed by the President of the United States March 30, 1922

42 Stat. 2122; Treaty Series 661

TREATY BETWEEN THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA AND THE REPUBLIC OF COLOMBIA FOR THE SETTLEMENT OF THEIR DIFFERENCES ARISING OUT OF THE EVENTS WHICH TOOK PLACE ON THE ISTHMUS OF PANAMA IN NOVEMBER 1903

The United States of America and the Republic of Colombia, being desirous to remove all the misunderstandings growing out of the political events in Panama in November 1903; to restore the cordial friendship that formerly characterized the relations between the two countries, and also to define and regulate their rights and interests in respect of the interoceanic canal which the Government of the United States has constructed across the Isthmus of Panama, have resolved for this purpose to conclude a Treaty and have accordingly appointed as their Plenipotentiaries:

His Excellency the President of the United States of America, Thaddeus Austin Thomson, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary of the United States of America to the Government of the Republic of Colombia; and

His Excellency the President of the Republic of Colombia, Francisco José Urrutia, Minister for Foreign Affairs; Marco Fidel Suárez, First Designate to exercise the Executive Power; Nicolás Esguerra, Ex-Minister of State; José María González Valencia, Senator; Rafael Uribe Uribe, Senator; and Antonio José Uribe, President of the House of Representatives;

¹ For text of U.S. reservations, see protocol of exchange, *post*, p. 903.