EXTRADITION

Treaty signed at Quito June 28, 1872
Senate advice and consent to ratification January 6, 1873
Ratified by the President of the United States January 10, 1873
Ratified by Ecuador November 12, 1873
Ratifications exchanged at Quito November 12, 1873
Entered into force November 12, 1873
Proclaimed by the President of the United States December 24, 1873
Second article supplemented by treaty of September 22, 1939

18 Stat. 199; Treaty Series 79

Extradition Treaty Between the United States of America and the Republic of Equador

The United States of America and the Republic of Ecuador, having deemed it conducive to the better administration of justice and the prevention of crime within their respective territories that all persons convicted of or accused of the crimes enumerated below, being fugitives from justice, shall be, under certain circumstances, reciprocally delivered up, have resolved to conclude a treaty upon the subject; and the President of the United States has for this purpose named Rumsey Wing, a citizen of the United States, and their Minister-Resident in Ecuador, as Plenipotentiary on the part of the United States, and the President of Ecuador has named Francisco Javier Leon, Minister of the Interior and of Foreign Affairs, as Plenipotentiary on the part of Ecuador; who, having reciprocally communicated their full powers, and the same having been found in good and due form, have agreed upon the following articles, viz:

ARTICLE 1ST

The Government of the United States and the Government of Ecuador mutually agree to deliver up such persons as may have been convicted of or may be accused of the crimes set forth in the following article, committed within the jurisdiction of one of the contracting parties, and who may have sought refuge or be found within the territory of the other; it being understood that this is only to be done when the criminality shall be proved in such

¹ TS 972, post, p. 346.