

# *Brazil*

## PEACE, FRIENDSHIP, COMMERCE, AND NAVIGATION

*Treaty signed at Rio de Janeiro December 12, 1828*

*Ratified by Brazil December 12, 1828*

*Senate advice and consent to ratification March 10, 1829*

*Ratified by the President of the United States March 17, 1829*

*Ratifications exchanged at Washington March 18, 1829*

*Entered into force March 18, 1829; operative from December 12, 1828*

*Proclaimed by the President of the United States March 18, 1829*

*Articles relating to commerce and navigation terminated December 12,  
1841*<sup>1</sup>

8 Stat. 390; Treaty Series 34<sup>2</sup>

In the Name of the Most Holy and Indivisible Trinity:

The United States of America and His Majesty the Emperor of Brazil, desiring to establish a firm and permanent peace and friendship between both Nations, have resolved to fix, in a manner clear, distinct, and positive, the rules which shall in future be religiously observed between the one and the other, by means of a Treaty or General Convention of Peace, Friendship, Commerce, and Navigation.

For this most desirable object, the President of the United States has conferred full powers on William Tudor their Chargé d’Affaires at the Court of Brazil; and His Majesty the Emperor of Brazil on the Most Illustrious and Most Excellent Marquez of Aracaty, a member of His Council, Gentleman of the Imperial Bed-chamber, Councillor of the Treasury, Grand Cross of the Order of Aviz, Senator of the Empire, Minister and Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, and Miguel de Souza Mello e Alvim, a member of His Council, Commander of the Order of Aviz, Knight of the Imperial Order of the Cross, Chief of Division in the Imperial and National Navy, Minister and Secretary of State for the Marine, who after having exchanged their said full powers, in due and proper form, have agreed to the following articles:

---

<sup>1</sup> Pursuant to notice of termination given by Brazil Mar. 26, 1840.

<sup>2</sup> For a detailed study of this treaty, see 3 Miller 451.