

Germany (Bavaria)

ABOLITION OF DROIT D'AUBAINE AND TAXES ON EMIGRATION

Convention signed at Berlin January 21, 1845

*Senate advice and consent to ratification, with an amendment,
March 15, 1845*¹

*Ratified by the President of the United States, with an amendment,
March 18, 1845*¹

Ratified by Bavaria September 3, 1845

Ratifications exchanged at Berlin November 4, 1845

Entered into force November 4, 1845

Proclaimed by the President of the United States August 15, 1846

Obsolete

9 Stat. 826; Treaty Series 16²

CONVENTION FOR THE MUTUAL ABOLITION OF THE DROIT D'AUBAINE, AND TAXES ON EMIGRATION, BETWEEN THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, AND HIS MAJESTY THE KING OF BAVARIA

The United States of America and His Majesty, the King of Bavaria, having agreed for the advantage of their respective citizens and subjects, to conclude a Convention for the mutual abolition of the droit d'aubaine and taxes on emigration, have named, for this purpose, their respective Plenipotentiaries, namely: the President of the United States of America has conferred full powers on Henry Wheaton, their Envoy Extraordinary, and Minister Plenipotentiary at the Royal Court of Prussia, and His Majesty, the King of Bavaria, upon Count Maximilian von Lerchenfeld-Koefering,

¹ The U.S. amendment called for deletion in art. III of the words "real and" preceding the words "personal property" in both instances where that phrase appears.

The text printed here is the amended text as proclaimed by the President.

² For a detailed study of this convention, see 4 Miller 671.