

ARBITRATION OF SANTOS CLAIM

Convention signed at Quito February 28, 1893

Senate advice and consent to ratification September 11, 1893

Ratified by the President of the United States September 16, 1893

Ratified by Ecuador August 26, 1894

Ratifications exchanged at Washington November 6, 1894

Entered into force November 6, 1894

Proclaimed by the President of the United States November 7, 1894

*Terminated upon fulfillment of its terms*¹

28 Stat. 1205; Treaty Series 80

The United States of America, and the Republic of Ecuador, being desirous of removing all questions of difference between them, and of maintaining their good relations, in a manner consonant to their just interests and dignity, have decided to conclude a convention, and for that purpose have named as their respective Plenipotentiaries, to wit:

The President of the United States; Rowland Blennerhassett Mahany, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary of the United States to Ecuador; and

The President of Ecuador;

Honorato Vazquez, Plenipotentiary *ad hoc*, of that Republic,—who, having communicated to each other their respective Full Powers, found in good and due form, have agreed upon the following articles:

ARTICLE I

The two governments agree to refer to the decision of an arbitrator, to be designated in the manner hereinafter provided, the claim presented by the Government of the United States against that of the Republic of Ecuador, in behalf of Julio R. Santos, a native of Ecuador, and naturalized as a citizen of the United States in the year 1874; the said claim being for injuries to his person and property, growing out of his arrest and imprisonment by the authorities of Ecuador, and other acts of the said authorities in the years 1884 and 1885.

¹ The arbitrator made an award of \$40,000 in favor of the claimant.