## NATURALIZATION

Convention signed at Washington May 6, 1872
Senate advice and consent to ratification May 23, 1872
Ratified by the President of the United States May 25, 1872
Ratified by Ecuador September 30, 1873
Ratifications exchanged at Washington November 6, 1873
Entered into force November 6, 1873
Proclaimed by the President of the United States November 24, 1873
Terminated August 25, 1892

18 Stat. 197; Treaty Series 78

The United States of America and the Republic of Ecuador, being desirous of regulating the citizenship of persons who emigrate from Ecuador to the United States, and from the United States to the Republic of Ecuador, have decided to treat on this subject; and for this purpose have named their respective Plenipotentiaries, to wit: the President of the United States, Hamilton Fish, Secretary of State, and the President of the Republic of Ecuador, Don Antonio Flores, accredited as Minister Resident of that Republic to the Government of the United States; who, after having communicated to each other their respective full powers, found in good and due form, have agreed upon the following articles:

## ARTICLE I

Each of the two Republics shall recognize as naturalized citizens of the other, those persons who shall have been therein duly naturalized, after having resided uninterruptedly in their adopted country as long as may be required by its constitution or laws.

This article shall apply as well to those already naturalized in the countries of either of the contracting parties as to those who may be hereafter naturalized.

## ARTICLE II

If a naturalized citizen of either country shall renew his residence in that where he was born, without an intention of returning to that where he was naturalized, he shall be held to have reassumed the obligations of his original

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Pursuant to notice of termination by Ecuador dated July 17, 1891.