

MOST-FAVORED-NATION TREATMENT IN CUSTOMS MATTERS

Exchange of notes at Washington May 2, 1925

Entered into force December 11, 1925; operative from May 17, 1925

*Terminated August 10, 1934, by treaty of February 13, 1934*¹

Treaty Series 715

The Secretary of State to the Finnish Minister

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

Washington, May 2, 1925

SIR:

I have the honor to make the following statement of my understanding of the agreement reached through recent conversations held at Washington on behalf of the Government of the United States and the Government of Finland with reference to the treatment which the United States shall accord to the commerce of Finland and which Finland shall accord to the commerce of the United States.

These conversations have disclosed a mutual understanding between the two Governments which is that in respect to import and export duties and other duties and charges affecting commerce, as well as in respect to transit, warehousing and other facilities, and the treatment of commercial travelers' samples, the United States will accord to Finland, and Finland will accord to the United States, its territories and possessions, unconditional most-favored-nation treatment; and that in the matter of licensing or prohibitions of imports or exports, each country, so far as it at any time maintains such a system, will accord to the commerce of the other treatment as favorable, with respect to commodities, valuations and quantities, as may be accorded to the commerce of any other country.

It is understood that,—

No higher or other duties shall be imposed on the importation into or disposition in the United States, its territories or possessions, of any articles the produce or manufacture of Finland than are or shall be payable on like articles the produce or manufacture of any foreign country;

¹ TS 868, *post*, p. 718.