RIGHTS IN EAST AFRICA (TANGANYIKA)

Convention signed at London February 10, 1925
Senate advice and consent to ratification March 15, 1926
Ratified by the President of the United States March 23, 1926
Ratified by the United Kingdom April 20, 1926
Ratifications exchanged at London July 8, 1926
Entered into force July 8, 1926
Proclaimed by the President of the United States July 12, 1926
Terminated December 9, 1961, when Tanganyika attained independence

44 Stat. 2427; Treaty Series 744

Whereas His Britannic Majesty has accepted a mandate for the administration of part of the former German colony of East Africa, the terms of which have been defined by the Council of the League of Nations as follows:

"ARTICLE 1

"The territory over which a mandate is conferred upon His Britannic Majesty (hereinafter called the Mandatory) comprises that part of the territory of the former colony of German East Africa situated to the east of the following line:

"From the point where the frontier between the Uganda Protectorate and German East Africa cuts the River Mavumba, a straight line in a south-easterly direction to point 1640, about 15 kilom. south-south-west of Mount Gabiro;

"Thence a straight line in a southerly direction to the north shore of Lake Mohazi, where it terminates at the confluence of a river situated about $2\frac{1}{2}$ kilom. west of the confluence of the River Msilala;

"If the trace of the railway on the west of the River Kagera between Bugufi and Uganda approaches within 16 kilom. of the line defined above, the boundary will be carried to the west, following a minimum distance of 16 kilom. from the trace, without, however, passing to the west of the straight line joining the terminal point on Lake Mohazi and the top of Mount Kivisa, point 2100, situated on the Uganda–German East Africa frontier about 5 kilom. south-west of the point where the River Mavumba cuts this frontier;