## CONCILIATION

Treaty signed at Addis Ababa January 26, 1929
Senate advice and consent to ratification May 22, 1929
Ratified by the President of the United States May 28, 1929
Ratifications exchanged at Addis Ababa August 5, 1929
Entered into force August 5, 1929
Proclaimed by the President of the United States August 7, 1929

46 Stat. 2368; Treaty Series 800

## TREATY OF CONCILIATION

The President of the United States of America and His Majesty, King Tafari, Heir Apparent to the Throne and Regent Plenipotentiary of the Empire of Ethiopia, on behalf of Her Imperial Majesty, Zeoditu, Empress of Ethiopia, and of himself, being desirous to strengthen the bonds of amity that bind them together and also to advance the cause of general peace, have resolved to enter into a treaty for that purpose.

The President of the United States of America has appointed as his plenipotentiary Mr. Addison E. Southard, Minister Resident and Consul General of the United States of America in Ethiopia.

His Majesty, King Tafari, Heir Apparent to the Throne and Regent Plenipotentiary of the Empire of Ethiopia, has been designated plenipotentiary to sign and ratify on behalf of Her Imperial Majesty, Zeoditu, Empress of Ethiopia, and of himself.

They, having communicated to one another their full powers, found to be in good and due form, have agreed upon and concluded the following articles:

## ARTICLE I

Any disputes arising between the Government of the United States of America and the Government of Ethiopia of whatever nature they may be, shall, when ordinary diplomatic proceedings have failed and the High Contracting Parties do not have recourse to adjudication by a competent tribunal, be submitted for investigation and report to a Permanent International Commission constituted in the manner prescribed in the next succeeding Article; the High Contracting Parties agree not to declare war or begin hostilities during such investigation and before the report is submitted.