

HEALTH AND SANITATION PROGRAM

Exchange of notes at La Paz July 15 and 16, 1942

Entered into force July 16, 1942

Modified and extended by agreement of August 1 and 8, 1944;¹ July 1 and 14, 1948;² July 28 and 29, 1949;³ September 18 and October 7, 1950, as supplemented;⁴ and February 25, and March 3, 1955⁵

Expired June 30, 1960

56 Stat. 1864; Executive Agreement Series 300

The American Ambassador to the Minister of Foreign Affairs and Worship

EMBASSY OF THE
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
LA PAZ, BOLIVIA
July 15, 1942

No. 48

EXCELLENCY:

I have the honor to refer to Resolution No. XXX of the Third Meeting of the Ministers of Foreign Affairs of the American Republics held at Rio de Janeiro⁶ pertaining to cooperative health and sanitation work. I am instructed by my Government to advise you that if it is the desire of the Government of Bolivia to carry out a cooperative health and sanitation program, the Office of the Coordinator of Inter-American Affairs is prepared to send at once to Bolivia, on your request, a group of experts to work with the appropriate officials of the Bolivian Government in developing and executing a specific health and sanitation program.

For this purpose the Government of the United States, through the Agency of the Coordinator of Inter-American Affairs, will provide an amount not to exceed \$1,000,000 to be expended toward the development of this health and sanitation program. It is understood that the Government of Bolivia will furnish such expert personnel, materials, services and funds for local expendi-

¹ EAS 445, *post*, p. 768.

² TIAS 1999, *post*, p. 784.

³ TIAS 2009, *post*, p. 788.

⁴ 2 UST 464, 2555, 2291; TIAS 2191, 2377, 2354.

⁵ 6 UST 747; TIAS 3214.

⁶ For text, see *Department of State Bulletin*, Feb. 7, 1942, p. 137.