

CONSULS

Convention signed at Washington April 30, 1852

Senate advice and consent to ratification August 30, 1852

Ratified by the President of the United States September 24, 1852

Ratified by Lubeck November 24, 1852, by Hamburg December 17, 1852, and by Bremen January 5, 1853

Ratifications exchanged at Washington February 25, 1853

Entered into force February 25, 1853

Proclaimed by the President of the United States June 6, 1853

Obsolete

10 Stat. 961; Treaty Series 159¹

CONVENTION FOR THE MUTUAL EXTENSION OF THE JURISDICTION OF CONSULS, BETWEEN THE UNITED STATES AND THE FREE AND HANSEATIC REPUBLICS OF HAMBURG, BREMEN AND LUBECK

The United States of America and the Free and Hanseatic Republics of Hamburg, Bremen and Lubeck, having agreed to extend, in certain cases, the jurisdiction of their respective Consuls, and to increase the powers granted to said Consuls by existing Treaty-Stipulations,—have named for this purpose, as their respective Plenipotentiaries to wit: the President of the United States of America, Daniel Webster, Secretary of State of the United States—and the Senate of the Free and Hanseatic City of Hamburg, the Senate of the Free and Hanseatic City of Bremen and the Senate of the Free and Hanseatic City of Lubeck—Albert Schumacher, Consul General of Hamburg and Bremen in the United States—who, having exchanged their full Powers, found in due and proper form, have agreed to, and signed the following articles:

ARTICLE I

The Consuls, Vice Consuls, commercial and vice-commercial agents of each of the high contracting parties shall have the right, as such, to sit as judges and arbitrators in such differences as may arise between the masters and crews of the vessels belonging to the nation whose interests are committed to their charge, without the interference of the local authorities, unless the conduct of the crews or of the master should disturb the order or tran-

¹ For a detailed study of this convention, see 5 Miller 1055.