

COMMERCE

*Agreement signed at Washington January 28, 1908, supplementing
agreements of May 28, 1898, and August 20, 1902*

Proclaimed by the President of the United States January 28, 1908

Entered into force February 1, 1908

*Terminated October 31, 1909*¹

Treaty Series 469

The Government of the United States of America and the Government of the French Republic, considering it appropriate to supplement by a new additional Agreement the Commercial Agreements signed between the two countries, at Washington, on May 28, 1898,² and August 20, 1902,³ respectively, have appointed as their Plenipotentiaries, to wit:

The President of the United States of America, the Honorable Elihu Root, Secretary of State of the United States; and

The President of the French Republic, His Excellency J. J. Jusserand, Ambassador of the French Republic to the United States of America,

Who, after an exchange of their respective full powers, found to be in due and proper form, have agreed upon the following articles:

ARTICLE I

It is agreed, on the part of the French Government, that the application of the duties of the general tariff to coffee, cacao, chocolate, vanilla and other food products known in the French tariff law as "*denrées coloniales de consommation*," except sugar and its by-products and tobacco, products of the United States, including Porto Rico, shall be conditionally suspended and that the said products shall be admitted into France and Algeria at the rates of the minimum tariff or at the lowest rates applied to the like products of any other foreign origin.

In addition, mineral oils from the United States and coming under the decree of July 7, 1893, shall upon entry into France and Algeria enjoy the benefits of the lowest rates of duty.

¹ Upon termination of protocol of May 28, 1898, and agreement of Aug. 20, 1902.

² TS 98, *ante*, p. 857.

³ TS 410, *ante*, p. 860.