

## SMUGGLING OF INTOXICATING LIQUORS

*Convention signed at Washington May 27, 1930*

*Senate advice and consent to ratification June 28, 1930*

*Ratified by the President of the United States July 21, 1930*

*Ratified by Chile October 2, 1930*

*Ratifications exchanged at Washington November 25, 1930*

*Entered into force November 25, 1930*

*Proclaimed by the President of the United States November 26, 1930*

46 Stat. 2852; Treaty Series 829

The President of the United States of America and the President of the Republic of Chile, being desirous of avoiding any difficulties which might arise between the Governments of the two countries in connection with the laws in force in the United States on the subject of alcoholic beverages, have decided to conclude a convention for that purpose, and have appointed as their Plenipotentiaries:

The President of the United States of America: Mr. Henry L. Stimson, Secretary of State of the United States of America; and

The President of the Republic of Chile: His Excellency Señor Don Carlos G. Dávila, Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary of Chile in Washington;

Who, having communicated their full powers, found in good and due form, have agreed as follows:

### ARTICLE I

The High Contracting Parties respectively retain their rights and claims without prejudice by reason of this convention with respect to the extent of their territorial jurisdiction.

### ARTICLE II

(1) The Chilean Government agree that they will raise no objection to the boarding of private vessels under the Chilean flag outside the limits of territorial waters by the authorities of the United States, its territories or possessions, in order that enquiries may be addressed to those on board and an examination be made of the ship's papers for the purpose of ascertaining