

ARBITRATION

Convention signed at Washington March 28, 1908

Senate advice and consent to ratification April 2, 1908

Ratified by the President of the United States June 19, 1908

Ratified by Italy June 19, 1908

Ratifications exchanged at Washington January 22, 1909

Entered into force January 22, 1909

Proclaimed by the President of the United States January 25, 1909

Extended by agreements of May 28, 1913,¹ and March 20, 1919²

Expired January 22, 1924

35 Stat. 2091; Treaty Series 516

The Government of the United States of America and the Government of His Majesty the King of Italy, signatories of the Convention for the pacific settlement of international disputes, concluded at The Hague on the 29th July, 1899;³

Taking into consideration that by Article XIX of that Convention the High Contracting Parties have reserved to themselves the right of concluding agreements, with a view to referring to arbitration all questions which they shall consider possible to submit to such treatment,

Have authorized the Undersigned to conclude the following Convention:

ARTICLE I

Differences which may arise of a legal nature, or relating to the interpretation of treaties existing between the two Contracting Parties, and which it may not have been possible to settle by diplomacy, shall be referred to the Permanent Court of Arbitration established at The Hague by the Convention of the 29th July, 1899, provided, nevertheless, that they do not affect the vital interests, the independence, or the honor of either of the two Contracting States, and do not concern the interests of third Parties.

ARTICLE II

In each individual case the High Contracting Parties before appealing to the Permanent Court of Arbitration, shall conclude a special Agreement

¹ TS 588, *post*, p. 124.

² TS 645, *post*, p. 139.

³ TS 392, *ante*, vol. 1, p. 230.