

RIGHT TO PURSUE INDIANS ACROSS BOUNDARY LINE

Agreement signed at Washington June 25, 1890

Entered into force June 25, 1890

Expired June 25, 1891

Renewed by agreement of November 25, 1892 ¹

Treaty Series 233

AGREEMENT ENTERED INTO IN BEHALF OF THEIR RESPECTIVE GOVERNMENTS, BY JAMES G. BLAINE, SECRETARY OF STATE OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, AND MATIAS ROMERO, ENVOY EXTRAORDINARY AND MINISTER PLENIPOTENTIARY OF THE UNITED MEXICAN STATES, PROVIDING FOR THE RECIPROCAL CROSSING OF THE INTERNATIONAL BOUNDARY LINE BY THE TROOPS OF THEIR RESPECTIVE GOVERNMENTS, IN PURSUIT OF SAVAGE HOSTILE INDIANS, UNDER THE CONDITIONS HEREINAFTER STATED

ARTICLE I

It is agreed that the regular federal troops of the two Republics may reciprocally cross the boundary line of the two countries when they are in close pursuit of a band of hostile savage Indians, upon the conditions stated in the following articles:

ARTICLE II

It is understood for the purpose of this agreement, that no Indian scouts of the Government of the United States of America shall be allowed to cross the boundary line, unless they go as guides and trailers, unarmed, and not exceeding in any case, two scouts for each Company or each separate command.

ARTICLE III

The reciprocal crossing agreed upon in Article I, shall only occur in the unpopulated or desert parts of said boundary line. For the purpose of this agreement the unpopulated or desert parts are defined to be all those points

¹ TS 234, *post*, p. 884.