

RIGHT TO PURSUE INDIANS ACROSS BOUNDARY LINE

Agreement signed at Washington June 4, 1896

Entered into force June 4, 1896

Expired in accordance with its terms

Treaty Series 237

Agreement entered into in behalf of their respective Governments by Richard Olney, Secretary of State of the United States of America, and Matias Romero, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary of the United Mexican States, providing for the reciprocal crossing of the international boundary line by the troops of their respective Governments, in pursuit of Kid's band of hostile Indians, on the conditions hereinafter stated.

ARTICLE I

It is agreed that the regular federal troops of the two Republics may reciprocally cross the boundary line of the two countries when they are in close pursuit of Kid's band of hostile Indians on the conditions stated in the following articles.

ARTICLE II

It is understood for the purpose of this agreement, that no Indian scout of the Government of the United States of America shall be allowed to cross the boundary line, unless he goes as a guide and trailer, unarmed and with the proviso that, in no case, more than two scouts shall attend each company or detachment.

ARTICLE III

The reciprocal crossing agreed upon in Article I shall only take place in the uninhabited or desert parts of said boundary line. For the purposes of this agreement the uninhabited or desert parts are defined to be all points that are at least ten kilometers distant from any encampment or town of either country.

ARTICLE IV

No crossing of troops of either country shall take place from Capitán