

*Ottoman Empire*¹

COMMERCE AND NAVIGATION

Treaty and separate act containing secret article signed at Constantinople May 7, 1830

Senate advice and consent to ratification, excepting separate and secret article, February 1, 1831

Ratified by the President of the United States February 2, 1831

Ratified by the Ottoman Government on or shortly before October 5, 1831

Ratifications exchanged at Constantinople October 5, 1831

Entered into force October 5, 1831

Proclaimed by the President of the United States February 4, 1832

*Modified by treaty of February 25, 1862*²

*Privileges and immunities enjoyed by United States citizens in Serbia surrendered by convention signed at Belgrade October 14, 1881*³

*Superseded February 15, 1933, by treaty signed for the United States and Turkey October 28, 1931*⁴

8 Stat. 408; Treaty Series 267

TREATY

[PROCLAIMED TRANSLATION]⁵

The object of this firm Instrument, and the motive of this writing well drawn up, is that:

No Treaty or diplomatic and official convention, having, heretofore, existed, between the Sublime Porte of perpetual duration, and the United

¹ See also TURKEY, *post*, vol. 11.

² TS 268, *post*, p. 628.

³ TS 320, *post*, vol. 12, YUGOSLAVIA.

⁴ TS 859, *post*, vol. 11, TURKEY.

⁵ For a detailed study of the negotiations and the various texts of this treaty, see 3 Miller 541. The Turkish text was translated in 1931, in connection with the publication of the Hunter Miller series, by Dr. J. H. Kramers, of Leiden, in collaboration with Professor C. Snouck Hurgronje. Dr. Kramers' translation is printed herein following the proclaimed translation.