MOST-FAVORED-NATION TREATMENT IN CUSTOMS MATTERS

Exchange of notes at Cairo May 24, 1930 Entered into force May 24, 1930 Supplemented by understanding of May 4 and August 15, 1946 ¹

47 Stat. 2583; Executive Agreement Series 5

The Minister of Foreign Affairs to the American Minister
[TRANSLATION]

MINISTRY OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS
CAIRO, May 24, 1930

No. 1.7/3 (32)

Monsieur le Ministre,

Referring to correspondence exchanged between Your Excellency and this Ministry with regard to the conclusion of a provisional commercial agreement between the United States of America and Egypt, I have the honor to inform Your Excellency that the Egyptian Government is willing to apply unconditional most favored nation treatment to all products, of the soil and industry, originating in the United States of America imported into Egypt and destined either for consumption or re-exportation or in transit. The said treatment will also be applied provisionally to products imported into Egypt through countries which have not completed commercial agreements with Egypt.

This régime is accorded by Egypt on condition of perfect reciprocity and with the exception of the régime accorded to Sudanese products, or the régime which might be applied by Egypt to products of certain border countries by virtue of regional conventions and with the exception of the treatment which the United States accords or may hereafter accord to the commerce of Cuba or of any of the territories or possessions of the United States or the Panama Canal Zone or the treatment which is or may hereafter be accorded to the commerce of the United States with any of its territorial boundaries or possessions or to the commerce of its territories or possessions with one another.

The present arrangement does not apply to prohibitions or restrictions of

¹ TIAS 1572, post, p. 1362.