

# Romania

## RIGHTS, PRIVILEGES, AND IMMUNITIES OF CONSULAR OFFICERS

*Convention signed at Bucharest June 17, 1881*

*Senate advice and consent to ratification April 3, 1882*

*Ratified by the President of the United States April 6, 1882*

*Ratified by Romania March 4, 1883*

*Ratifications exchanged at Bucharest June 13, 1883*

*Entered into force June 13, 1883*

*Proclaimed by the President of the United States July 9, 1883*

*Articles XI and XII abrogated by the United States July 1, 1916<sup>1</sup>*

*Revived (after World War II) February 26, 1948,<sup>2</sup> pursuant to article  
10 of treaty of peace signed at Paris February 10, 1947<sup>3</sup>*

23 Stat. 711; Treaty Series 297

The United States of America and His Majesty the King of Roumania, being mutually desirous of defining the rights, privileges and immunities of consular officers in the two countries, deem it expedient to conclude a consular convention for that purpose, and have accordingly named as their plenipotentiaries:

The United States of America, Eugene Schuyler, their Chargé d'Affaires and Consul General;

His Majesty the King of Roumania: Mr. D. Bratiano, President of His Council of Ministers, His Minister of Foreign Affairs, etc., etc., who, after having communicated to each other their respective full powers, found to be in good and proper form, have agreed upon the following articles:

### ARTICLE I

Each of the high contracting parties agrees to receive from the other, consuls-general, consuls, vice-consuls and consular agents, in all its ports,

<sup>1</sup> In accordance with Seamen's Act of Mar. 4, 1915 (38 Stat. 1164).

<sup>2</sup> *Department of State Bulletin*, Mar. 14, 1948, p. 356.

<sup>3</sup> TIAS 1649, *ante*, vol. 4, p. 403.