

## SMUGGLING OF INTOXICATING LIQUORS

*Convention signed at Washington May 24, 1924*

*Senate advice and consent to ratification May 31, 1924*

*Ratified by the President of the United States June 20, 1924*

*Ratified by Norway June 20, 1924*

*Ratifications exchanged at Washington July 2, 1924*

*Entered into force July 2, 1924*

*Proclaimed by the President of the United States July 2, 1924*

43 Stat. 1772; Treaty Series 689

The President of the United States of America and His Majesty the King of Norway being desirous of avoiding any difficulties which might arise between them in connection with the laws in force in the United States on the subject of alcoholic beverages have decided to conclude a Convention for that purpose, and have appointed as their Plenipotentiaries:

The President of the United States of America, Charles Evans Hughes, Secretary of State of the United States;

His Majesty the King of Norway, Helmer H. Bryn, His Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary to the United States of America;

Who, having communicated their full powers found in good and due form, have agreed as follows:

### ARTICLE I

The High Contracting Parties respectively retain their rights and claims, without prejudice by reason of this agreement with respect to the extent of their territorial jurisdiction.

### ARTICLE II

(1) His Majesty agrees that he will raise no objection to the boarding of private vessels under the Norwegian flag outside the limits of territorial waters by the authorities of the United States, its territories or possessions in order that enquiries may be addressed to those on board and an examination be made of the ship's papers for the purpose of ascertaining whether the vessel or those on board are endeavoring to import or have imported alcoholic beverages into the United States, its territories or possessions in violation of the laws there in force. When such enquiries and examination show a reasonable ground for suspicion, a search of the vessel may be initiated.