

FRIENDSHIP, COMMERCE, AND NAVIGATION

Treaty signed at Managua June 21, 1867

Senate advice and consent to ratification January 20, 1868

Ratified by the President of the United States February 7, 1868

Ratified by Nicaragua June 20, 1868

Ratifications exchanged at Granada June 20, 1868

Entered into force June 20, 1868

Proclaimed by the President of the United States August 13, 1868

*Terminated October 24, 1902*¹

15 Stat. 549; Treaty Series 257

TREATY OF FRIENDSHIP, COMMERCE, AND NAVIGATION, BETWEEN THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA AND THE REPUBLIC OF NICARAGUA

The United States of America and the republic of Nicaragua desiring to maintain and to improve the good understanding and the friendly relations which now happily exist between them, to promote the commerce of their citizens, and to make some mutual arrangement with respect to a communication between the Atlantic and Pacific oceans, by the river San Juan, and either or both the lakes of Nicaragua and Managua, or by any other route through the territories of Nicaragua, have agreed for this purpose to conclude a treaty of friendship, commerce and navigation, and have accordingly named as their respective plenipotentiaries, that is to say: the President of the United States, Andrew B. Dickinson, minister resident and extraordinary to Nicaragua, and his excellency the President of the republic of Nicaragua, Señor Licenciado Don Tomas Ayon, minister of foreign relations, who, after communicating to each other their full powers, found in due and proper form, have agreed upon the following articles:

ARTICLE I

There shall be perpetual amity between the United States and their citizens on the one part, and the government of the republic of Nicaragua and its citizens of the other.

ARTICLE II

There shall be between all the territories of the United States and the territories of the republic of Nicaragua a reciprocal freedom of commerce.

¹ Pursuant to notice of termination given by Nicaragua Oct. 24, 1901.