

CANAL ZONE BOUNDARIES

Convention signed at Panama September 2, 1914

Senate advice and consent to ratification October 22, 1914

Ratified by the President of the United States January 4, 1915

Ratified by Panama February 8, 1915

Ratifications exchanged at Panama February 11, 1915

Entered into force February 11, 1915

Proclaimed by the President of the United States February 18, 1915

Amended by convention of May 24, 1950,¹ and treaty of January 25, 1955²

38 Stat. 1893; Treaty Series 610

BOUNDARY CONVENTION

Whereas, Gen. George W. Davis, then Governor of the Canal Zone, on behalf of the United States of America, and Messrs. Tomás Arias and Ramón Valdés López, then Secretary of Foreign Affairs and Attorney General, respectively, of the Republic of Panama, acting on behalf of that Republic, entered into an agreement on the 15th day of June, 1904,³ by the terms of which the Republic of Panama delivered over to the United States of America, the use, occupation, and control in perpetuity of the zone of land ten miles in width described and mentioned in articles II and III of the Canal Treaty between the United States of America and the Republic of Panama, dated November 18, 1903,⁴ and the boundary lines of said zone, as well as those of the cities of Panama and Colon and their adjacent harbors, were subsequently located upon the ground and monumented;

And, whereas, the President of the Republic of Panama, by decree number 46 of May 17, 1912, delivered over to the United States the use, occupation, and control of the areas of land to be covered by the waters of Lake Gatun and all that part of the shores of the lake up to an elevation of one

¹ 6 UST 461; TIAS 3180.

² 6 UST 2273; TIAS 3297.

³ *Ante*, p. 678.

⁴ TS 431, *ante*, p. 663.