ARBITRATION

Convention and exchange of notes signed at Washington June 24, 1924
Senate advice and consent to ratification January 10, 1925
Ratified by Sweden January 16, 1925
Ratified by the President of the United States January 17, 1925
Ratifications exchanged at Washington March 18, 1925
Entered into force March 18, 1925
Proclaimed by the President of the United States March 18, 1925
Superseded April 15, 1929, by treaty of October 27, 1928¹

44 Stat. 1993; Treaty Series 708

Convention

The Government of the United States of America and the Government of His Majesty the King of Sweden desiring, in pursuance of the principles set forth in Articles XXXVII–XL [37–40] of the Convention for the Pacific Settlement of International Disputes signed at The Hague October 18, 1907,² to enter into negotiations for the conclusion of an Arbitration Convention have named as their Plenipotentiaries, to wit:

The President of the United States of America: Charles Evans Hughes, Secretary of State of the United States; and

His Majesty the King of Sweden: Captain Axel F. Wallenberg, His Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary at Washington;

Who, after having communicated to one another their full powers, found in good and due form, have agreed upon the following Articles:

ARTICLE I

Differences which may arise of a legal nature or relating to the interpretation of treaties existing between the Contracting Parties and which it may not have been possible to settle by diplomacy, shall be referred to the Permanent Court of Arbitration established at The Hague by the Conventions of July 29, 1899,³ and October 18, 1907, provided, nevertheless, that they do

¹ TS 783, post, p. 760.

^aTS 536, ante, vol. 1, p. 591.

⁸ TS 392, ante, vol. 1, p. 230.