Morocco'

PEACE AND FRIENDSHIP

Treaty sealed by the Emperor of Morocco June 23, 1786, and delivered to the American agent at Morocco June 28, 1786; additional article signed and sealed on behalf of Morocco July 15, 1786; shipsignals agreement signed at Morocco July 6, 1786²

Entered into force July 15, 1786

Treaty and additional article ratified and proclaimed by the President of the United States July 18, 1787

Expired; replaced January 28, 1837, by treaty of September 16, 1836 3

8 Stat. 100; Treaty Series 244-1

TREATY

[TRANSLATION]

To all Persons to whom these Presents shall come or be made known—Whereas the United States of America in Congress assembled by their Commission bearing date the twelvth day of May One thousand Seven hundred and Eighty four thought proper to constitute John Adams, Benjamin Franklin and Thomas Jefferson their Ministers Plenipotentiary, giving to them or a Majority of them full Powers to confer, treat & negotiate with the Ambassador, Minister or Commissioner of His Majesty the Emperor of Morocco concerning a Treaty of Amity and Commerce, to make & receive propositions for such Treaty and to conclude and sign the same, transmitting it to the United States in Congress assembled for their final Ratification, And by one other Commission bearing date the Eleventh day of March One thousand Seven hundred & Eighty five did further empower the said Min-

¹ Certain agreements between the United States and France were applicable to Morocco. See ante, Vol. 7, p. 763, FRANCE.

For a detailed study of these procedures and other features of the negotiations, see 2 Miller 185. The document printed here, incorporating a certified English translation of the treaty and the additional article, was signed and sealed by Ministers Plenipotentiary of the United States, Thomas Jefferson at Paris, Jan. 1, 1787, and John Adams at London Jan. 25, 1787.

^{*}TS 244-2, post, p. 1286.