

## ARBITRATION

*Convention signed at Asunción March 13, 1909*

*Senate advice and consent to ratification July 30, 1909*

*Ratified by the President of the United States August 10, 1909*

*Ratified by Paraguay September 28, 1909*

*Ratifications exchanged at Asunción October 2, 1909*

*Entered into force October 2, 1909*

*Proclaimed by the President of the United States November 11, 1909*

*Expired October 2, 1914*

36 Stat. 2190; Treaty Series 534

### ARBITRATION CONVENTION BETWEEN THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA AND THE REPUBLIC OF PARAGUAY

The Government of the United States of America and the Government of the Republic of Paraguay, signatories of the convention for the pacific settlement of international disputes, concluded at The Hague on the 29th July, 1899;<sup>1</sup>

Taking into consideration that by Article XIX of that Convention the High Contracting Parties have reserved to themselves the right of concluding Agreements, with a view to referring to arbitration all questions which they shall consider possible to submit to such treatment;

Have authorized the Undersigned to conclude the following Convention:

#### ARTICLE I

Differences which may arise of a legal nature, or relating to the interpretation of treaties existing between the two Contracting Parties, and which it may not have been possible to settle by diplomacy, shall be referred to the Permanent Court of Arbitration established at The Hague by the Convention of the 29th July, 1899, provided, nevertheless, that they do not affect the vital interests, the independence, or the honor of the two Contracting States, and do not concern the interests of third Parties.

#### ARTICLE II

In each individual case the High Contracting Parties, before appealing to the Permanent Court of Arbitration, shall conclude a special Agreement defining clearly the matter in dispute, the scope of the powers of the arbi-

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<sup>1</sup> TS 392, *ante*, vol.1, p. 230.