

Peru¹

SETTLEMENT OF CLAIMS

Convention signed at Lima March 17, 1841

Senate advice and consent to ratification January 5, 1843

Ratified by the President of the United States January 12, 1843²

Ratified by Peru provisionally in 1843

Ratifications exchanged at Lima July 22, 1843²

Proclaimed by the President of the United States February 21, 1844²

Approved by the Peruvian Congress, with a modification, October 21, 1845³

Senate advice and consent to ratification, as modified, May 29, 1846

Ratified by the President of the United States, as modified, June 1, 1846

Ratified by Peru October 8, 1846

Ratifications exchanged at Lima October 31, 1846

Entered into force October 31, 1846

Proclaimed by the President of the United States January 8, 1847

Terminated upon fulfillment of its terms⁴

8 Stat. 570; Treaty Series 275⁵

The United States of America and the Republic of Peru, desirous of consolidating permanently, the good understanding and friendship now happily existing between the parties, have resolved to arrange and terminate their differences and pretensions, by means of a Convention that shall determine exactly, the responsibilities of Peru, with respect to the claims of certain citizens of the United States against her: And with this intention, the President

¹ See also PERU-BOLIVIAN CONFEDERATION, *ante*, p. 987.

² In the light of the modification later proposed by Peru, the first United States ratification and proclamation, and the first exchange of ratifications, were ineffectual.

³ The modification proposed by Peru called for payment of the first annual installment of \$30,000 referred to in art. II to be paid on Jan. 1, 1846, and the interest on this annual sum, according to art. III, to be calculated and paid from Jan. 1, 1842.

⁴ For a discussion of the settlement, see Moore, *International Arbitrations*, vol. V, p. 4591.

⁵ For a detailed study of this convention, see 4 Miller 333.