

Tunis

AMITY, COMMERCE, AND NAVIGATION

Treaty concluded at Tunis August 28, 1797

*Senate advice and consent to ratification, with a condition regarding article XIV, March 6, 1798*¹

Alterations in articles XI, XII, and XIV concluded at Tunis March 26, 1799

Senate advice and consent to alterations in articles XI, XII, and XIV December 24, 1799

Ratified by the President of the United States January 10, 1800

*Amended by convention of February 24, 1824*²

*Superseded May 7, 1904, by treaty of March 15, 1904, between the United States and France*³

8 Stat. 157; Treaty Series 360⁴

[TRANSLATION]⁵

God is infinite.

Under the auspices of the greatest, the most powerful of all the Princes of the Ottoman nation who reign upon the earth, our most glorious and most august Emperor, who commands the two lands and the two seas, Selim Kan, the victorious son of the Sultan Moustafa, whose realm may God prosper

¹ The Senate gave its advice and consent to ratification "on condition that the fourteenth article of the said treaty, which relates to the duties on merchandise, (to be reciprocally paid by the citizens and subjects of the said parties, in their respective ports,) shall be suspended," and recommended that the President negotiate with the Bey and Government of Tunis on the subject of that article "so as to accommodate the provisions thereof to the existing treaties of the United States with other nations."

The text printed here is the amended text as ratified by the President.

² TS 361, *post*, p. 1096.

³ TS 434, *ante*, vol. 7, p. 862, FRANCE.

⁴ For a detailed study of this treaty, see 2 Miller 386.

⁵ The original treaty is in the Turkish language, with a French translation written opposite each article.