

HEALTH AND SANITATION PROGRAM

Exchange of notes at México June 30 and July 1, 1943

Entered into force July 1, 1943

Modified by agreements of December 8, 1943;¹ February 10 and 14, 1949;² October 7 and 14, 1949;³ September 20 and November 23, 1950;⁴ January 31 and May 15, 1952;⁵ December 15, 1952, and February 25, 1953;⁶ March 5, 1953;⁶ and January 26 and February 24, 1954⁶

Extended by agreements of December 8, 1943;¹ February 10 and 14, 1949;² October 7 and 14, 1949;³ and September 20 and November 23, 1950⁴

Expired June 30, 1955

57 Stat. 1121; Executive Agreement Series 347

The American Ambassador to the Minister of Foreign Affairs

EMBASSY OF THE
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
México, D.F., June 30, 1943

No. 1426

EXCELLENCY:

Your Excellency will recall that the representatives of the twenty-one American Republics at the Third Consultative Conference held in Rio de Janeiro in January, 1942, adopted Resolution No. 30⁷ recommending that health and sanitation problems of the Western Hemisphere be resolved—so far as possible—by means of bi-lateral or multi-lateral agreements of an international character.

This Resolution, to which our Governments gave decided support, is significant evidence of the importance which the American Republics attribute to collaboration as the most effective method of resolving problems of common interest.

Of singular importance among these problems, especially in the case of neighboring countries, are those referred to in the Rio de Janeiro Resolution just mentioned, since it is evident that health and sanitary conditions must necessarily affect both Republics.

¹ TIAS 2063, *post*, p. 1158.

² TIAS 2091, *post*, p. 1244.

³ TIAS 2120, *post*, p. 1268.

⁴ 2 UST 484; TIAS 2197.

⁵ 3 UST 4276; TIAS 2573.

⁶ Not printed.

⁷ For text, see *Department of State Bulletin*, Feb. 7, 1942, p. 137.