EXTRADITION

Treaty signed at Washington May 14, 1900

Senate advice and consent to ratification, with amendments, June 5, 1900 1

Ratified by Switzerland January 21, 1901

Ratified by the President of the United States, with amendments, February 25, 1901 ¹

Ratifications exchanged at Washington February 27, 1901

Proclaimed by the President of the United States February 28, 1901

Entered into force March 29, 1901

Supplemented by treaties of January 10, 1935,2 and January 31, 19403

31 Stat. 1928; Treaty Series 354

The Government of the United States of America and the Federal Council of the Swiss Confederation, with a view to the better administration of justice, have resolved to conclude a new Convention for the extradition of fugitive criminals, and, for that purpose, have appointed as their Plenipotentiaries, to wit:

The President of the United States of America: John Hay, Secretary of State of the United States; the Federal Council of the Swiss Confederation: J. B. Pioda, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary of Switzerland to the United States; Who, after communicating to each other their full powers, which were found in good and due form, have agreed upon the following Articles:

ARTICLE I

The Government of the United States of America and the Swiss Federal Council bind themselves mutually to surrender such persons as, being charged with or convicted of any of the crimes or offenses enumerated hereinafter in Article II, committed in the territory of one of the contracting States,

¹ The U.S. amendments called for deleting, in art. II, para. 6, the phrase "hired or salaried" after "or by" and inserting the word "other," and inserting, after the phrase "consents to it" in the first paragraph of art. IX, the phrase "in open Court, which consent shall be entered upon the record."

The text printed here is the amended text as proclaimed by the President.

² TS 889, post, p. 924.

³ TS 969, post, p. 938.