## ARBITRATION

Treaty signed at Washington August 27, 1929
Senate advice and consent to ratification January 20, 1930
Ratified by the President of the United States January 23, 1930
Ratified by Egypt June 25, 1932
Ratifications exchanged at Washington August 24, 1932
Entered into force August 24, 1932
Proclaimed by the President of the United States August 25, 1932

47 Stat. 2130; Treaty Series 850

The President of the United States of America and His Majesty the King of Egypt

Determined to prevent so far as in their power lies any interruption in the peaceful relations now happily existing between the two nations;

Desirous of reaffirming their adherence to the policy of submitting to impartial decision all justiciable controversies that may arise between them; and

Eager by their example not only to demonstrate their condemnation of war as an instrument of national policy in their mutual relations, but also to hasten the time when the perfection of international arrangements for the pacific settlement of international disputes shall have eliminated forever the possibility of war among any of the Powers of the world;

Have decided to conclude a treaty of arbitration and for that purpose they have appointed as their respective Plenipotentiaries

The President of the United States of America:

Henry L. Stimson, Secretary of State of the United States of America;

His Majesty the King of Egypt:

His Excellency, Mahmoud Samy Pasha, His Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary near the Government of the United States of America, Grand Officer of the Order of the Nile;

who, having communicated to each other their full powers found in good and due form, have agreed upon the following articles:

## ARTICLE I

All differences relating to international matters in which the High Contracting Parties are concerned by virtue of a claim of right made by one