

## EXTRADITION

*Treaty signed at Washington May 17, 1934, supplementing treaty of January 14, 1893*

*Senate advice and consent to ratification June 15, 1934*

*Ratified by the President of the United States June 27, 1934*

*Ratified by Sweden July 24, 1934*

*Ratifications exchanged at Stockholm July 31, 1934*

*Entered into force July 31, 1934*

*Proclaimed by the President of the United States August 11, 1934*

*Terminated June 4, 1951*<sup>1</sup>

49 Stat. 2688; Treaty Series 870

The President of the United States of America and His Majesty the King of Sweden, being desirous of enlarging the list of crimes and offenses on account of which extradition may be granted under the Extradition Treaty of January 14, 1893,<sup>2</sup> between the United States of America and Sweden, have resolved to conclude a Supplementary Treaty for this purpose and have appointed as their Plenipotentiaries, to wit:

The President of the United States of America:

Cordell Hull, Secretary of State of the United States of America; and

His Majesty the King of Sweden:

W. Boström, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary of Sweden at Washington,

Who, having communicated to each other their respective full powers, which were found to be in due and proper form, have agreed to and concluded the following articles:

### ARTICLE I

To the list of crimes and offenses numbered 1 to 12 in Article II of the Treaty of January 14, 1893, the following, contained in a paragraph numbered 13, is added:

13. Crimes and offenses against the bankruptcy laws, provided the act in the United States of America is punishable as a felony and in Sweden is regarded as a crime that may be punished according to the Swedish Penal Law by imprisonment at hard labor.

<sup>1</sup> Pursuant to notice of termination given by Sweden Dec. 2, 1950 (received Dec. 4, 1950).

<sup>2</sup> TS 351, *ante*, p. 723.