

PEACE

*Convention signed at Bardo, near Tunis, February 24, 1824, amending treaty of August 28, 1797*¹

Senate advice and consent to ratification January 13, 1825

*Ratified by the President of the United States between January 13 and 21, 1825*²

Proclaimed by the President of the United States January 21, 1825

*Superseded May 7, 1904, by agreement of March 15, 1904, between the United States and France*³

8 Stat. 298; Treaty Series 361

ARTICLE the 6th

If a Tunisian corsair shall meet with an American vessel, and shall visit it with her boat, two men only shall be allowed to go on board, peaceably, to satisfy themselves of its being American, who, as well as any passengers of other nations they may have on board, shall go free, both them and their goods; and the said two men shall not exact anything, on pain of being severely punished.

In case a slave escapes, and takes refuge on board an American vessel of war, he shall be free, and no demand shall be made either for his restoration or for payment.

ARTICLE the 11th

When a vessel of war of the United States shall enter the port of the Gouletta, she shall be saluted with twenty-one guns, which salute the vessel of war shall return gun for gun only, and no powder will be given, as mentioned in the ancient eleventh article of this treaty, which is hereby annulled.

ARTICLE the 12th

When citizens of the United States shall come within the dependencies of Tunis to carry on commerce there, the same respect shall be paid to them which the merchants of other nations enjoy; and if they wish to establish

¹ TS 360, *ante*, p. 1088.

² For a detailed study of this convention and a discussion regarding date of ratification, see 3 Miller 141.

³ TS 434, *ante*, vol. 7, p. 862, FRANCE.