

JURISDICTION OVER CRIMINAL OFFENSES COMMITTED BY MEMBERS OF ARMED FORCES

Exchanges of notes at Cairo March 2, 1943; procès-verbal of signature signed March 2, 1943

Entered into force March 2, 1943

*Terminated April 28, 1952*¹

57 Stat. 1197; Executive Agreement Series 356

EXCHANGES OF NOTES

*The Prime Minister and Minister of Foreign Affairs to the American Minister.*²

MINISTÈRE DES AFFAIRES ÉTRANGÈRES

No. P. 4.-55.9/137 C

CAIRO, March 2, 1943

YOUR EXCELLENCY:

With reference to the request which you have addressed to me in the name of the Government of the United States of America, I have the honour to inform you that the Egyptian Government has decided to accord, for the duration of the war, immunity from jurisdiction in criminal matters to members of the United States Forces in Egypt, in accordance with the following procedure:

The expression "United States Forces" will include all persons subject to the military and naval law of the United States who are members of the United States armed Forces on Egyptian territory as well as all civilian employees of American nationality who are accompanying the said Forces or serve with them and who are bearers of certificates issued by the competent American authority defining their status. It is understood that the wives and children of the members of the United States Forces do not benefit hereby from any immunity from jurisdiction and will be amenable to the jurisdiction of Egyptian courts.

The immunity from jurisdiction accorded by the Egyptian Government

¹ Date of entry into force of treaty of peace with Japan (3 UST 3169; TIAS 2490).

² Note delivered in English, French, and Arabic languages.