## ASSISTANCE TO AND SALVAGE OF VESSELS

Treaty signed at México June 13, 1935
Senate advice and consent to ratification August 24, 1935
Ratified by the President of the United States August 29, 1935
Ratified by Mexico January 14, 1936
Ratifications exchanged at Washington March 7, 1936
Entered into force March 7, 1936
Proclaimed by the President of the United States March 10, 1936

49 Stat. 3359; Treaty Series 905

TREATY BETWEEN THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA AND THE UNITED MEXICAN STATES FOR THE SENDING OF VESSELS FOR PURPOSES OF ASSISTANCE AND SALVAGE

The United States of America and the United Mexican States, being desirous, for humanitarian reasons, to facilitate the assistance and salvage of vessels in danger or shipwrecked on the coasts or within the territorial waters of the other country, have for that purpose resolved to conclude a treaty, and to that end have appointed as their plenipotentiaries:

The President of the United States of America, R. Henry Norweb, Chargé d'Affaires ad interim of the United States of America to Mexico; and

The President of the United Mexican States, Emilio Portes Gil, Secretary of State for Foreign Affaires;

Who, after having communicated to each other their full powers, which were found to be in due and proper form, have agreed to the following articles:

## ARTICLE I

The High Contracting Parties agree that vessels and rescue apparatus, public or private, of either country, may aid or assist vessels of their own nationality, including the passengers and crews thereof, which may be disabled or in distress on the shores or within the territorial waters of the other country within a radius of seven hundred and twenty nautical miles of the intersection of the International Boundary Line and the coast of the Pacific Ocean, or within a radius of two hundred nautical miles of the intersection of the International Boundary Line and the coast of the Gulf of Mexico.