

TENURE AND DISPOSITION OF REAL AND PERSONAL PROPERTY: ACCESSION OF CANADA

Convention signed at Washington October 21, 1921, supplementing convention of March 2, 1899

Senate advice and consent to ratification November 8, 1921

Ratified by the President of the United States November 12, 1921

Ratified by the United Kingdom May 1, 1922

Ratifications exchanged at Washington June 17, 1922

Entered into force June 17, 1922

Proclaimed by the President of the United States June 19, 1922

42 Stat. 2147; Treaty Series 663

The United States of America and His Majesty the King of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, Emperor of India, being desirous of permitting the Dominion of Canada to accede to the Convention concerning the tenure and disposition of real and personal property, signed at Washington on March 2, 1899,¹ have agreed to conclude a supplementary Convention for that purpose, and have named as their plenipotentiaries:

The President of the United States of America, the Honorable Charles E. Hughes, Secretary of State of the United States, and

His Britannic Majesty, The Right Honorable Sir Auckland Geddes, K. C. B., his Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary at Washington;

Who having communicated to each other their Full Powers, which were found to be in due and proper form, have agreed upon the following Articles:

ARTICLE I

The provisions of the Convention of March 2nd, 1899, shall become ap-

¹ TS 146, *ante*, p. 246.