

SNPdat: rapid annotation of novel SNPs for model and non-model organisms

Anthony G Doran¹ and Christopher J Creevey^{1*}

¹ Teagasc Animal and Bioscience Research Department, Animal & Grassland Research and Innovation Centre, Teagasc, Grange, Dunsany, Co. Meath, Ireland. Contact details and corresponding author

*corresponding author: chris.creevey@teagasc.ie and anthony.doran@teagasc.ie

What is SNPdat?

SNPdat (**SNP** Data **A**nalysis **T**ool) is a command line tool for rapid annotation of both novel and known single nucleotide polymorphisms (SNPs) for any organism with a reference sequence and annotation (even those in draft status)

Before running SNPdat?

SNPdat can be run on any machine that has a recent version of Perl installed.

Perl is a high-level, general-purpose, interpreted, dynamic programming language. Current versions of Perl are available from www.perl.org



Why use SNPdat?

SNPdat

- is an easy to use command-line tool for annotating the results of *de novo* SNP discovery projects.
- is specifically designed for use with organisms which are either not supported by other tools or have a small number of annotated SNPs available
- can also be used to analyse datasets from organisms which are densely sampled for SNPs.
- is a high throughput analysis tool that can provide a comprehensive annotation of both novel and known SNPs for any organism with a draft sequence and annotation.

SNPdat will be of most use to researchers involved in *de novo* SNP discovery studies for organisms with poor (or non at all) coverage of SNPs in databases such as dbSNP

Where to get SNPdat?

SNPdat is freely available from:

<http://code.google.com/p/snpdat>

You will also find sample files, further information on SNPdat and a manual here.



[Project Home](#)

[Downloads](#)

[Summary](#) [People](#)

Project Information

Recommend this on Google

[Project feeds](#)

Code license

[GNU GPL v2](#)

Labels

Perl,
SingleNucleotidePolymorphism,
Annotation, SNP, SNPanalysis,
gtf, gff, fasta, sequenceanalysis



Members

[d1an...@gmail.com](#),
[anthony...@teagasc.ie](#),
[chris.cr...@gmail.com](#)

SNPdat

(**SNP Data Analysis Tool**) is a high throughput analysis tool that can provide a comprehensive annotation of both novel and known single nucleotide polymorphisms (SNPs). It is specifically designed for use with organisms which are either not supported by other tools or have a small number of annotated SNPs available, however it can also be used to analyse datasets from organisms which are densely sampled for SNPs. It can be used for analysis of any organism with a draft sequence and annotation. SNPdat makes possible analyses involving non-model organisms that are not supported by the vast majority of SNP annotation tools currently available.

You can easily download the software, manual, sample dataset and short tutorial on SNPdat using the downloads tab on the left (<http://code.google.com/p/snpdat/downloads/>). Additional scripts and a sample input file for SNPdat are available on the downloads page.

Table of Contents

- [How to use SNPdat](#)
 - [Some Prerequisites](#)
 - [1. Perl](#)
 - [Mandatory Input files:](#)
 - [1. User input file](#)
 - [2. Gene annotation file \(GTF\)](#)
 - [3. FASTA sequence file](#)
 - [Additional script for retrieving FASTA and GTF files](#)
 - [Optional Input File:](#)
 - [Additional script for retrieving FLAT files from dbSNP](#)
 - [Preparing the optional input file](#)
 - [Output file:](#)
 - [Output file format](#)
- [Running SNPdat](#)
- [Further instructions](#)
- [Authors and Contact](#)

Input files

SNPdat requires three mandatory input files:

1. User input file
2. Gene annotation file (GTF)
3. FASTA sequence file

And one optional input file:

4. A processed FLAT file

User input file

SNPdat accepts two file formats as user input.

This file must be specified on the command line using the -i switch when using SNPdat. This will be explained in greater detail later.

- **The first user input file format** accepted by SNPdat is a simple tab-delimited text file. This file should not have any header information. Any line beginning with # will be skipped. This file should contain three columns:

chromosome_id position mutation

e.g. tab-delimited text file

25	1234568	A
X	1234568	T
19	1234568	G
1	1234568	C

The chromosome IDs used in the input file must be the same format in ALL input files

User input file

- **The second user input file format** accepted is a Variant Calling Format (VCF) file. This file should be tab-delimited. This file must have a header line that begins with **##fileformat=vcf**. Any line after the first that begins with # will be skipped. This file should have as its first five columns:

Chromosome_id	position	snp_id	ref_base	mutation
---------------	----------	--------	----------	----------

Any column after the first five will be ignored by SNPdat

e.g. VCF file

```
##fileformat=vcfv4.0
##_This line will be ignored by SNPdat_
#_This line will also be ignored_
##_ This line will be ignored_
25      1234568 SNPid1  T      A
X       1234568 SNPid2  C      T
19      1234568 SNPid3  C      G
19      1234568 SNPid4  C      A
1       1234568 SNPid5  G      C
```

The chromosome IDs used in the input file must be the same format in ALL input files

FASTA format sequence File

The second file is a DNA FASTA format sequence file for the species of interest. FASTA format is a text based format that is standard for storing sequence information.

FASTA files can be downloaded from Ensembl at:

<http://www.ensembl.org/info/data/ftp/index.html>

Or using GTF_FASTA_finder.pl

This file must be specified on the command line using the -f switch when using SNPdat. This will be explained in greater detail later.

The chromosome IDs used in the FASTA file must be the same format in ALL input files

```
>25
```

```
TGATCGATAAGATGTCCCAGCAGGGATTCTCTCTCTGGGGCAGGTGAGGTCTTCTCTTAAA  
GAAACCCCATATATAAGGGATTTTTAGGCCTTTTTGGATCAAAATTATCCCAGTTTTTCA  
AGATATTATTCAAGGGGGCGTGGTTCCTGGACTGTTAGGCCCCATCTGTAAGAGAGAAAAAA  
GCAGTGCCCAGTGCCCATGGCTTTTTTCTACCAGAGGTGTCTGCCCCCTGCTCTAGACGGGG  
TTGGAGACTGATTCTCCAACCTAAGCTTCCTTCCCTGGCCAGAGCTAACCTGTGTCTTACA  
GGTGAAGGTGTCTACTCCCAACCCCCCTCGTTCTACCACCCAGGTATGGTGGAGATGCA  
CCAGGGTTAGACCTGGGTGGCATCCCAGATTGATGTCCAGGTCCTCACCATTAAACCTTG  
GTTTGATTTCCTTTTTATTCCGGCACCACTGGGGGTGGGACAGAGTAGTTTTCCGGGATGC  
TTGCTGAGCCAAGACCACTAGGGGGAAGCACCCAACCTTCTGTGTACCTGTGCACATTCCTC
```


Gene Transfer File

The final mandatory input file is a gene annotation file. This file should be in gene transfer format (GTF). GTF files are a standard format for storing information on gene structure. Further information can be found here:

<http://genome.ucsc.edu/FAQ/FAQformat.html#format4>.

GTF files can be downloaded from Ensembl at:

<http://www.ensembl.org/info/data/ftp/index.html>

Or using GTF_FASTA_finder.pl

This file must be specified on the command line using the -g switch when using SNPdat. This will be explained in greater detail later.

The chromosome IDs used in the GTF file must be the same format in ALL input files

```
25    protein_coding    exon    47304    47778    .    +    .    gene_id "ENSBTAG00000037750"; transcript_id "ENSBTAT00000054257"; exon_number "1"; gene_name "Loc789014"; transcript_name "Loc789014";
25    protein_coding    CDS      47304    47778    .    +    0    gene_id "ENSBTAG00000037750"; transcript_id "ENSBTAT00000054257"; exon_number "1"; gene_name "Loc789014"; transcript_name "Loc789014"; protein_id "ENSBTAP00000048803";
25    protein_coding    exon    47791    48026    .    +    .    gene_id "ENSBTAG00000037750"; transcript_id "ENSBTAT00000054257"; exon_number "2"; gene_name "Loc789014"; transcript_name "Loc789014";
25    protein_coding    CDS      47791    48026    .    +    2    gene_id "ENSBTAG00000037750"; transcript_id "ENSBTAT00000054257"; exon_number "2"; gene_name "Loc789014"; transcript_name "Loc789014"; protein_id "ENSBTAP00000048803";
25    protein_coding    exon    48031    48204    .    +    .    gene_id "ENSBTAG00000037750"; transcript_id "ENSBTAT00000054257"; exon_number "3"; gene_name "Loc789014"; transcript_name "Loc789014";
25    protein_coding    CDS      48031    48204    .    +    0    gene_id "ENSBTAG00000037750"; transcript_id "ENSBTAT00000054257"; exon_number "3"; gene_name "Loc789014"; transcript_name "Loc789014"; protein_id "ENSBTAP00000048803";
25    protein_coding    exon    48795    48818    .    +    .    gene_id "ENSBTAG00000037750"; transcript_id "ENSBTAT00000054257"; exon_number "4"; gene_name "Loc789014"; transcript_name "Loc789014";
25    protein_coding    CDS      48795    48818    .    +    0    gene_id "ENSBTAG00000037750"; transcript_id "ENSBTAT00000054257"; exon_number "4"; gene_name "Loc789014"; transcript_name "Loc789014"; protein_id "ENSBTAP00000048803";
25    protein_coding    exon    48900    48908    .    +    .    gene_id "ENSBTAG00000037750"; transcript_id "ENSBTAT00000054257"; exon_number "5"; gene_name "Loc789014"; transcript_name "Loc789014";
```

Ensembl Downloads Page

<http://www.ensembl.org/info/data/ftp/index.html>

FTP Download

API Code

If you do not have access to CVS, you can obtain our latest API code as a gzipped tarball:

[Download complete API for this release](#)

Note: the API version needs to be the same as the databases you are accessing, so please use CVS to obtain a previous version if querying older databases.

Database dumps

Entire databases can be downloaded from our FTP site in a variety of formats. Please be aware that some of these files can run to many gigabytes of data.

Looking for [MySQL dumps](#) to install databases locally? See our [web installation instructions](#) for full details.

Each directory on <ftp.ensembl.org> contains a [README](#) file, explaining the directory structure.

Multi-species data

Database					
Comparative genomics	MySQL	EMF	BED	XML	Ancestral Alleles
BioMart	MySQL	-	-	-	-

Single species data

Show <div>All</div> entries	Show/hide columns														Filter
Species	DNA (FASTA)	cDNA (FASTA)	ncRNA (FASTA)	Protein sequence (FASTA)	Annotated sequence (EMBL)	Annotated sequence (GenBank)	Gene sets	Whole databases	Variation (EMF)	Variation (GVF)	Variation (VEP)	Regulation (GFF)	Data files	BAM	
<i>Ailuropoda melanoleuca</i> (Panda)	FASTA	FASTA	FASTA	FASTA	EMBL	GenBank	GTF	MySQL	-	-	-	-	-	-	
<i>Anolis carolinensis</i> (Anole lizard)	FASTA	FASTA	FASTA	FASTA	EMBL	GenBank	GTF	MySQL	-	-	-	-	-	-	
<i>Bos taurus</i> (Cow)	FASTA	FASTA	FASTA	FASTA	EMBL	GenBank	GTF	MySQL	-	GVF	VEP	-	-	-	
<i>Caenorhabditis elegans</i> (Caenorhabditis elegans)	FASTA	FASTA	FASTA	FASTA	EMBL	GenBank	GTF	MySQL	-	-	-	-	-	-	
<i>Callithrix jacchus</i> (Marmoset)	FASTA	FASTA	FASTA	FASTA	EMBL	GenBank	GTF	MySQL	-	-	-	-	-	-	
<i>Canis familiaris</i> (Dog)	FASTA	FASTA	FASTA	FASTA	EMBL	GenBank	GTF	MySQL	-	GVF	-	-	-	BAM	
<i>Cavia porcellus</i> (Guinea Pig)	FASTA	FASTA	FASTA	FASTA	EMBL	GenBank	GTF	MySQL	-	-	-	-	-	-	
<i>Choloepus hoffmanni</i> (Sloth)	FASTA	FASTA	FASTA	FASTA	EMBL	GenBank	GTF	MySQL	-	-	-	-	-	-	
<i>Ciona intestinalis</i> (C.intestinalis)	FASTA	FASTA	FASTA	FASTA	EMBL	GenBank	GTF	MySQL	-	-	-	-	-	-	
<i>Ciona savignyi</i> (C.savignyi)	FASTA	FASTA	FASTA	FASTA	EMBL	GenBank	GTF	MySQL	-	-	-	-	-	-	
<i>Danio rerio</i> (Zebrafish)	FASTA	FASTA	FASTA	FASTA	EMBL	GenBank	GTF	MySQL	-	GVF	VEP	-	-	-	
<i>Dasyus novemcinctus</i>	FASTA	FASTA	FASTA	FASTA	EMBL	GenBank	GTF	MySQL	-	-	-	-	-	-	

GTF_FASTA_finder.pl

- This is an interactive script designed to retrieve FASTA (dna) and GTF files from Ensembl. You will need to be connected to the internet to use this script. This is written in Perl but uses the system call cURL to retrieve the information from Ensembl. cURL is a part of most Linux distributions and Mac OS X and can also be provided for windows through cygwin, which is a collection of tools that provide a Linux-like environment for windows. To run this script simply type 'perl GTF_FASTA_finder.pl' into your terminal and follow the prompts.

e.g.

```
user@server $HOME/directory/with_all/SNPdat/files/
$ perl GTF_FASTA_finder.pl
|36| /pub/release-56      |37| /pub/release-57      |38| /pub/release-58
|39| /pub/release-59      |40| /pub/release-60      |41| /pub/release-61
|42| /pub/release-62      |43| /pub/release-63      |44| /pub/release-64
|45| /pub/release-65      |46| /pub/release-66      |47| /pub/release-67

Please select a release to choose from by typing its number:
47
You chose release-67

|0| ailuropoda_melanoleuca
|1| ancestral_alleles
|2| anolis_carolinensis
|3| bos_taurus
.
.
.
|56| tursiops_truncatus
|57| vicugna_pacos
|58| xenopus_tropicalis

Please select an organism (enter the corresponding number) to retrieve the FASTA file for:
46
You chose organism Saccharomyces_cerevisiae
Now retrieving the relevant FASTA file for this organism
##### 100.0%

|0| ailuropoda_melanoleuca
|1| anolis_carolinensis
|2| bos_taurus
.
.
.
|55| tursiops_truncatus
|56| vicugna_pacos
|57| xenopus_tropicalis

Please select an organism (enter the corresponding number) to retrieve the GTF file for:
45
Now retrieving the selected GTF file
Retrieving GTF: Saccharomyces_cerevisiae.EF4.67.gtf.gz
##### 100.0%
FASTA information has been retrieved for saccharomyces_cerevisiae from release release-67 of ensembl
GTF information has been retrieved for saccharomyces_cerevisiae from release release-67 of ensembl

.gtf.gz and .fa.gz files need be unzipped using the command 'gzip -d filename'

If you have any queries regarding SNPdat or the additional scripts please consult the website:
http://code.google.com/p/snpdat/
```

Optional Input file

SNPdat has one optional input file. This file is a processed dbSNP FLAT file. This file can be used to identify SNPs that already have annotations in dbSNP. ASN_FLAT files can be downloaded from <ftp://ftp.ncbi.nih.gov/snp/organisms/>.

Or using dbSNP_finder.pl

This FLAT file must first be processed using the SNPdat_parse_dbsnp.pl script. This will create a file in the input format required for SNPdat. Scripts for processing FLAT files from other databases are available from the authors on request.

Once this file has been processed it can be supplied as an input file for SNPdat using the `-d` switch. This will be explained in greater detail later.

10	86180529	rs17870235
10	86180332	rs17870236
10	37342771	rs17870237
10	83618673	rs17870252
10	83618951	rs17870253
10	83619862	rs17870254
10	83619857	rs17870255
4	71663812	rs17870258
4	71663942	rs17870259
4	71664184	rs17870260
25	21649618	rs42767860
25	21649613	rs42767861
25	14097644	rs43615187
25	21649549	rs43639289

dbSNP_finder.pl

Additional script for retrieving FLAT files from dbSNP

you can use 'dbSNP_finder.pl' to get dbSNP flat files for organisms contained in <ftp://ftp.ncbi.nih.gov/snp/organisms/>

e.g.

```
user@server $HOME/directory/with_all/SNPdat/files/  
$ perl dbSNP_finder.pl
```

```
|0| Alectoris_9077/  
|1| Bos_29061/  
|2| almond_3755/  
.  
.  
.  
|109| zebrafish_7955/  
|110| zebu_9915/  
|111| zostera_29655/
```

Please select and organism by typing its corresponding number

6

You have chosen: arabidopsis_3702/

```
Retrieving file: 'ds_flat_ch1.flat.gz'  
##### 100.0%  
Retrieving file: 'ds_flat_ch2.flat.gz'  
##### 100.0%  
Retrieving file: 'ds_flat_ch3.flat.gz'  
##### 100.0%  
Retrieving file: 'ds_flat_ch4.flat.gz'  
##### 100.0%  
Retrieving file: 'ds_flat_ch5.flat.gz'  
##### 100.0%  
Retrieving file: 'ds_flat_chMasked.flat.gz'  
##### 100.0%  
Retrieving file: 'ds_flat_chMulti.flat.gz'  
##### 100.0%  
Retrieving file: 'ds_flat_chNotOn.flat.gz'  
##### 100.0%  
Retrieving file: 'ds_flat_chPltd.flat.gz'  
##### 100.0%  
Retrieving file: 'ds_flat_chUn.flat.gz'  
##### 100.0%
```

Now you will need to unzip these files.

This can be done using `gzip -d`

e.g.

`gzip -d ds_*.gz`

If you wish to use these (unzipped) files for SNPdat please run 'SNPdat_parse_dbSNP.pl' to process them first

You may want to join these files before using SNPdat_parse_dbSNP.pl

To join these files you can use the 'join' command

e.g.

`join ds*.flat > ds_arabidopsis_3702.all.flat`

Output file

SNPdat creates a single output file with upto 25 columns of information about each queried SNP. This output file is tab-delimited and can easily be opened with any spreadsheet software such as Microsoft Excel and OpenOffice.

An output file can be specified using the -o switch. This will be explained in greater detail later. If no output file is specified SNPdat will create one with the same name as the input file but with the suffix .result

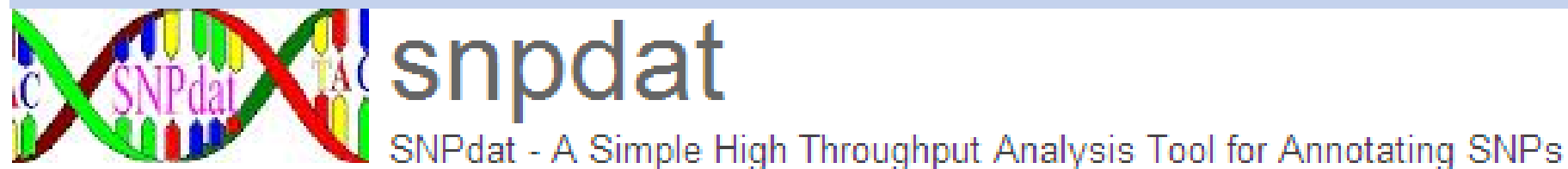
[illegible]

Column Number	Description
1	The queried SNPs chromosome ID
2	The queried SNPs genomic location
3	Whether or not the SNP was within a feature
4	Region containing the SNP; either exonic, intronic, or intergenic
5	Distance to nearest feature
6	Either the closest feature to the SNP or the feature containing the SNP
7	The number of different features that the SNP is annotated to
8	The number of annotations of the current feature
9	Start of feature (bp)
10	End of feature (bp)
11	The gene ID for the current feature
12	The gene name for the current feature
13	The transcript ID for the current feature
14	The transcript name for the current feature
15	The exon that contains the current feature and the total number of annotated exons for the gene containing the feature
16	The strand sense of the feature
17	The annotated reading frame (when contained in GTF)
18	The reading frame estimated by SNPdat
19	The estimated number of stop codons in the estimated reading frame
20	The codon containing the SNP, position in the codon and reference base and mutation
21	The amino acid for the reference codon and new amino acid with mutation in place
22	Whether or not the mutation is synonymous
23	The protein ID for the current feature
24	The RS identifier for queries that map to known SNPs
25	Error messages, warnings etc

An example

Sample input files can be downloaded from
<http://www.code.google.com/p/snpdat/downloads>

From here you can download SNPdat. You can also, download the SNPdat package, which includes all additional scripts, the manual, a tutorial and sample data.



[Project Home](#)

[Downloads](#)

[Administer](#)

New download

Search

Current downloads



for

Search

Filename ▼		Summary + Labels ▼
★	↓ SNPdat.pl	The is the main SNPdat program Featured SNPdat SNP annotation
★	↓ SNPdat_package.tar.gz	This contains the entire SNPdat package incl sample data, additional scripts and all documentation Featured Perl single nucleotide polymorphism SNP annotation SNPdat sample dataset
★	↓ SNPdat_package.zip	This contains the entire SNPdat package incl sample data, additional scripts and all documentation Featured Perl Single nucleotide polymorphism SNP annotation SNPdat sample dataset

There should be 4 folders and the SNPdat script within this download

- Tutorial – two files

- SNPdat_tutorial.ppt
- SNPdat_tutorial.pdf

- additional_scripts – three files

- dbSNP_finder.pl
- GTF_FASTA_finder.pl
- SNPdat_parse_dbsnp.pl

- Manual – two files

- SNPdat_manual.doc
- SNPdat_manual.pdf

- Sample dataset – 6 files

- SNPdat_sample_input.txt
- SNPdat_sample_input.txt.output
- SNPdat_sample_UMD3.1.gtf
- SNPdat_sample_UMD3.1.fa
- SNPdat_dbSNP_example.flat
- dbSNP_processed.txt

SNPdat.pl

An example

Once these files have been downloaded, extract them to a location you can navigate to using the terminal. Ensure all files are in the same directory.

Once this has been done, the first thing you will want to do is process the dbSNP FLAT file using **SNPdat_parse_dbsnp.pl**

This is only a sample of the full FLAT file available from <ftp://ftp.ncbi.nih.gov/snp/organisms/>. dbSNP files may contain information on multiple genome builds for the same organism, so you will also need to know what build you are interested in.

In the below example we are interested in Bos_taurus_UMD_3.1
e.g.

```
adoran@server ~/directory/with_all/SNPdat_files/  
$ perl SNPdat_parse_dbsnp.pl SNPdat_dbsnp_example.flat dbsnp_processed.txt  
  
This is a perl script to process a dbSNP FLAT file of SNP data and produce  
an output file that can be supplied as input for the software SNPdat  
  
Please enter the assembly you want to map rs ids to  
:Bos_taurus_UMD_3.1  
  
The resulting output file is dbsnp_processed.txt  
This file can be used as input for SNPdat using the -d switch
```

SNPdat_parse_dbsnp.pl

SNPdat_parse_dbsnp.pl is an additional script provided with the SNPdat package to parse dbSNP FLAT files and create a file in a format suitable for use with SNPdat

```
adoran@server ~/directory/with_all/SNPdat_files/  
$ perl SNPdat_parse_dbsnp.pl SNPdat_dbSNP_example.flat dbSNP_processed.txt
```

This is a perl script to process a dbSNP FLAT file of SNP data and produce an output file that can be supplied as input for the software SNPdat

```
Please enter the assembly you want to map rs ids to  
:Bos_taurus_UMD_3.1
```

The resulting output file is dbnsnp_processed.txt
This file can be used as input for SNPdat using the -d switch

The parsed output file (dbSNP_processed.txt in the above example), is a simple tab-delimited file with 3 columns

The first column is the chromosome name

The second column is the coordinate on the chromosome of the SNP

The third column is the mutation

Running SNPdat

Now you have created the optional input file and can run SNPdat.

When using SNPdat you must specify each file type on the command line.

NOTE – Chromosome Identifiers must be the same format across all input files

To specify file types for SNPdat a unique switch is used

- i input file
- g GTF file
- f FASTA file
- o output file
- d processed dbSNP file
- s summary report file

```
adoran@server ~/directory/with_all/SNPdat_files/  
$ perl SNPdat.pl -i SNPdat_sample_input.txt -g SNPdat_sample_UMD3.1.gtf -f SNPdat_sample_UMD3.1.fa -d dbSNP_processed.txt -o SNPdat_sample_input.txt.output
```

SNPdat output

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	
1	Chromosome	SNP Position	Within a Feature	Region	Distance to Feature	Number of	Number of	Start of current	End of current	gene ID coordinates	gene name	transcript ID	transcript name	
2	CHR25	1818721	N	Intronic	470	exon	NA	NA	1818078	1818251	ENSBTAGIE1BCR1_E	ENSBTAGIE1BCR1_E	ENSBTAGIE1BCR1_E	ENSBTAGIE1BCR1_E
3	CHR25	1818721	N	Intronic	470	CDS	NA	NA	1818078	1818251	ENSBTAGIE1BCR1_E	ENSBTAGIE1BCR1_E	ENSBTAGIE1BCR1_E	ENSBTAGIE1BCR1_E
4	CHR25	1818938	N	Intronic	687	exon	NA	NA	1818078	1818251	ENSBTAGIE1BCR1_E	ENSBTAGIE1BCR1_E	ENSBTAGIE1BCR1_E	ENSBTAGIE1BCR1_E
5	CHR25	1818938	N	Intronic	687	CDS	NA	NA	1818078	1818251	ENSBTAGIE1BCR1_E	ENSBTAGIE1BCR1_E	ENSBTAGIE1BCR1_E	ENSBTAGIE1BCR1_E
6	CHR25	1819363	N	Intronic	547	exon	NA	NA	1819910	1820030	ENSBTAGIE1BCR1_E	ENSBTAGIE1BCR1_E	ENSBTAGIE1BCR1_E	ENSBTAGIE1BCR1_E
7	CHR25	1819363	N	Intronic	547	CDS	NA	NA	1819910	1820030	ENSBTAGIE1BCR1_E	ENSBTAGIE1BCR1_E	ENSBTAGIE1BCR1_E	ENSBTAGIE1BCR1_E
8	CHR25	1819436	N	Intronic	474	exon	NA	NA	1819910	1820030	ENSBTAGIE1BCR1_E	ENSBTAGIE1BCR1_E	ENSBTAGIE1BCR1_E	ENSBTAGIE1BCR1_E
9	CHR25	1819436	N	Intronic	474	CDS	NA	NA	1819910	1820030	ENSBTAGIE1BCR1_E	ENSBTAGIE1BCR1_E	ENSBTAGIE1BCR1_E	ENSBTAGIE1BCR1_E
10	CHR25	1819646	N	Intronic	264	exon	NA	NA	1819910	1820030	ENSBTAGIE1BCR1_E	ENSBTAGIE1BCR1_E	ENSBTAGIE1BCR1_E	ENSBTAGIE1BCR1_E
11	CHR25	1819646	N	Intronic	264	CDS	NA	NA	1819910	1820030	ENSBTAGIE1BCR1_E	ENSBTAGIE1BCR1_E	ENSBTAGIE1BCR1_E	ENSBTAGIE1BCR1_E
12	CHR25	1819682	N	Intronic	228	exon	NA	NA	1819910	1820030	ENSBTAGIE1BCR1_E	ENSBTAGIE1BCR1_E	ENSBTAGIE1BCR1_E	ENSBTAGIE1BCR1_E
13	CHR25	1819682	N	Intronic	228	CDS	NA	NA	1819910	1820030	ENSBTAGIE1BCR1_E	ENSBTAGIE1BCR1_E	ENSBTAGIE1BCR1_E	ENSBTAGIE1BCR1_E
14	CHR25	1819940	Y	Exonic	NA	exon		2 [1/1]	1819910	1820030	ENSBTAGIE1BCR1_E	ENSBTAGIE1BCR1_E	ENSBTAGIE1BCR1_E	ENSBTAGIE1BCR1_E
15	CHR25	1819940	Y	Exonic	NA	CDS		2 [1/1]	1819910	1820030	ENSBTAGIE1BCR1_E	ENSBTAGIE1BCR1_E	ENSBTAGIE1BCR1_E	ENSBTAGIE1BCR1_E

SNPdat output

	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T	U	V	W	X	Y	Z
1	transcript ID	transcript name	Annotated	Strand sense	Annotated	Estimated	Estimated	Codon	Amino Acid	synonymous	Protein ID	RefSeq identifier	Additional Notes	
2	ENSBTAT000001000000	E1BCR1_E	[8/30]	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		
3	ENSBTAT000001000000	E1BCR1_E	[8/30]	-		-2	NA	NA	NA	NA	ENSBTAP000001000000	NA		
4	ENSBTAT000001000000	E1BCR1_E	[8/30]	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		
5	ENSBTAT000001000000	E1BCR1_E	[8/30]	-		-2	NA	NA	NA	NA	ENSBTAP000001000000	NA		
6	ENSBTAT000001000000	E1BCR1_E	[7/30]	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		
7	ENSBTAT000001000000	E1BCR1_E	[7/30]	-		0	NA	NA	NA	NA	ENSBTAP000001000000	NA		
8	ENSBTAT000001000000	E1BCR1_E	[7/30]	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		
9	ENSBTAT000001000000	E1BCR1_E	[7/30]	-		0	NA	NA	NA	NA	ENSBTAP000001000000	NA		
10	ENSBTAT000001000000	E1BCR1_E	[7/30]	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		
11	ENSBTAT000001000000	E1BCR1_E	[7/30]	-		0	NA	NA	NA	NA	ENSBTAP000001000000	NA		
12	ENSBTAT000001000000	E1BCR1_E	[7/30]	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		
13	ENSBTAT000001000000	E1BCR1_E	[7/30]	-		0	NA	NA	NA	NA	ENSBTAP000001000000	NA		
14	ENSBTAT000001000000	E1BCR1_E	[7/30]	-	NA	*-1		0	C[A/T]G	[Q/L]	N	NA	NA	
15	ENSBTAT000001000000	E1BCR1_E	[7/30]	-		0	NA		0	C[A/T]G	[Q/L]	N	ENSBTAP000001000000	

Licence

SNPdat is freely available under a GNU Public License (Version 2

<http://www.gnu.org/licenses/gpl-2.0.html>) at:

<http://code.google.com/p/snpdat>

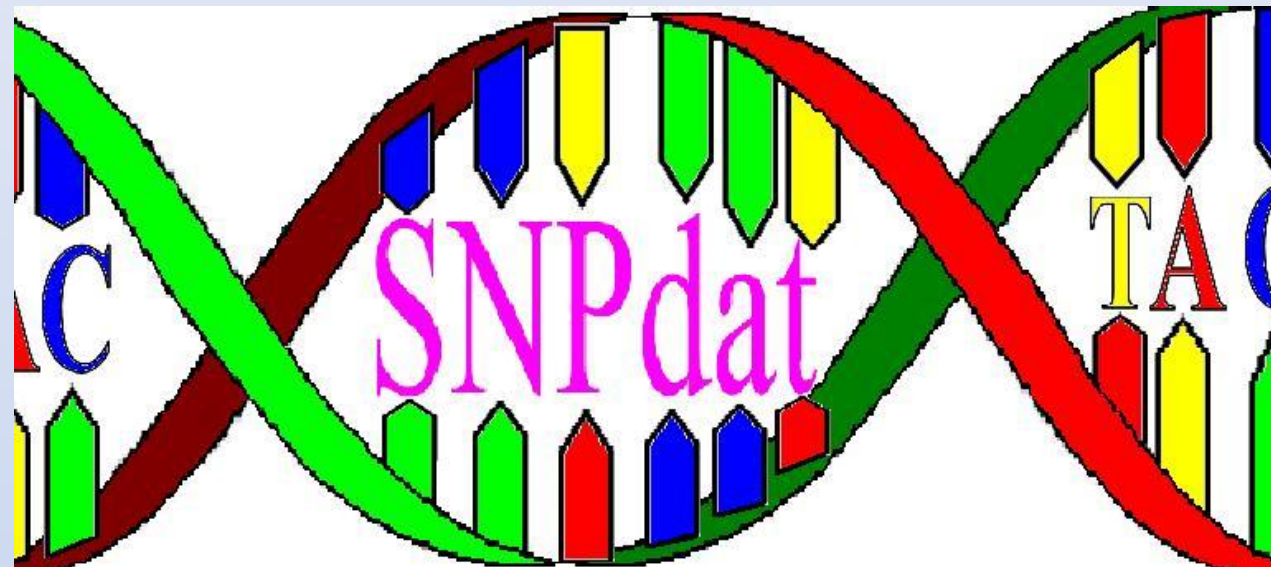
SNPdat: rapid annotation of novel SNPs for model and non-model organisms

Copyright (C) 2012 Anthony Doran

This program is free software; you can redistribute it and/or modify it under the terms of the GNU General Public License as published by the Free Software Foundation; either version 2 of the License any later version.

This program is distributed in the hope that it will be useful, but WITHOUT ANY WARRANTY; without even the implied warranty of MERCHANTABILITY or FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. See the GNU General Public License for more details.

You should have received a copy of the GNU General Public License along with this program; if not, write to the Free Software Foundation, Inc., 51 Franklin Street, Fifth Floor, Boston, MA 02110-1301, USA.



This tutorial is only a brief summary and introduction to SNPdat and how to use SNPdat. For more information on using SNPdat or any of the available options (not discussed here) please read the manual

**The manual is available from the website
(<http://code.google.com/p/snpdat/>).**

**The published manuscript for SNPdat is available from BMC
Bioinformatics (<http://www.biomedcentral.com/1471-2105/14/45#>).**