Time Correlation function

$$C_{i,j}(\tau) = \frac{1}{T - \tau} \int dt \ h_i(t) h_j(t + \tau)$$
 Time average

$$C_{i,j}(\tau) = \int dx_t dx_{t+\tau} h_i(x_t) h_j(x_{t+\tau}) \rho(x_t, x_{t+\tau}) = \int dx_t dx_{t+\tau} h_i(x_t) h_j(x_{t+\tau}) \rho(x_t) \rho(x_t) \rho(x_{t+\tau} | x_t)$$
 Ensemble average

$$\rho(x_t) = \frac{e^{-\beta U(\overrightarrow{x})}}{\mathcal{Z}}$$
 Boltzmann distribution

$$\rho(x_{t+\tau}|x_t) = \prod_{i=1}^n \rho(x_{t+\tau-i\cdot dt}|x_{t+\tau-(i+1)\cdot dt}) \propto \prod_{i=1}^n e^{-\beta \Delta F(s)_{t+\tau-(i+1)dt,t+\tau-idt}} = e^{-\beta(F(s_{t+\tau})-F(s_t))}$$
 Conditional probability



Normalization of conditional probability

$$\tilde{\rho}(x_t) = \frac{e^{-\beta \tilde{U}(\overrightarrow{x})}}{\tilde{Z}} \qquad \qquad \tilde{U}(\overrightarrow{x}) = U(\overrightarrow{x}) + V(\overrightarrow{s}(\overrightarrow{x})) \qquad \qquad \text{Biased Boltzmann distribution}$$

$$V(s) = \frac{1 - \gamma}{\gamma} F(s)$$
 Deposited bias during well-tempered biased simulation

$$\tilde{F}(s) = F(s) + \frac{1 - \gamma}{\gamma} F(s) = F(s) + V(s)$$
 Free Energy shape of biased simulation

$$C_{i,j}(\tau) = \int dx_t dx_{t+\tau} h_i(x_t) h_j(x_{t+\tau}) \frac{e^{-\beta(U(x_t) \pm V(s(x_t))}}{\mathcal{Z}} \frac{e^{-\beta(F(s_{t+\tau}) - F(s_t) \pm V(s_t))}}{\mathcal{N}}$$

$$C_{i,j}(\tau) = \int dx_t dx_{t+\tau} h_i(x_t) h_j(x_{t+\tau}) \frac{e^{-\beta \tilde{U}(x_t)} e^{\beta V(s_t)}}{\mathcal{Z}} \frac{e^{-\beta (\tilde{F}(s_{t+\tau}) - \tilde{F}(s_t))} e^{\beta (V(s_{t+\tau}) - V(s_t))}}{\mathcal{N}} = \int dx_t dx_{t+\tau} h_i(x_t) h_j(x_{t+\tau}) \tilde{\rho}(x_t) \tilde{\rho}(x_t) \tilde{\rho}(x_{t+\tau} | x_t) \frac{e^{\beta V(s_{t+\tau}) - \tilde{F}(s_t)} e^{\beta (V(s_{t+\tau}) - V(s_t))}}{\mathcal{Z}}$$

$$\mathcal{Z} = \int d\overrightarrow{x} e^{-\beta U(\overrightarrow{x}) \pm \beta V(\overrightarrow{s}(\overrightarrow{x}))} = \int_{\text{biased ensamble}} d\overrightarrow{x} e^{\beta V(\overrightarrow{s}(\overrightarrow{x}))}$$

$$\mathcal{N}=?$$

From Metadynamics of paths

$$\mathbf{R}^{N+1} = \mathbf{R}^N + \frac{\delta t}{m\nu} \mathbf{F}^N + W$$

$$p(\mathbf{R}^{N+1} \mid \mathbf{R}^N) = \int \mathcal{N}(W; 0, \Sigma) \delta\left(W - (\mathbf{R}^{N+1} - \mathbf{R}^N - \frac{\delta t}{m\nu} \mathbf{F}^N)\right) dW \qquad \qquad \Sigma_{ii} = \frac{m_i \nu}{2\beta \delta t} = \beta^{-1} K_{ii}^{-1}$$

$$\Sigma_{ii} = \frac{m_i \nu}{2\beta \delta t} = \beta^{-1} K_{ii}^{-1}$$

$$= \mathcal{N}(\mathbf{R}^{N+1} - \mathbf{R}^N - \frac{\delta t}{m\nu} \mathbf{F}^N; 0, \Sigma)$$

$$= \det(2\pi\beta^{-1}K^{-1})^{-\frac{1}{2}}e^{-\frac{\beta}{2}}[R^{N+1}-\mu(R^{N+1})]K[R^{N}-\mu(R^{N})]$$