```
1 %{
   Purpose: Coding part of problem set 1
    Created: Nico Rotundo 2024-10-28
 6
 8
10 Define parameters
11
12 | %}
13
14 % Terminal consumption at time T
15 \mid C_T = 2.0;
16
17 | % Initial interest rate
18 \mid r_0 = 0.05;
19
20 % Growth rate of interest rate
21 alpha = 0.01;
22
23 | %{
24 % Interest rate function as a handle function of time t
   function r = interest rate function(t, r 0, alpha)
        r = r_0 + alpha * t;
26
27 end
28 | %}
29
   % Inverse of the intertemporal elasticity of substitution
31 theta = 2.0;
32
33 % Time discount factor
34 rho = 0.03;
35
36 % Terminal time
37 T = 10;
38
39 % Display the result of interest rate function at specific time to check
    %fprintf('The interest rate at t = %d is: %.3f\n', 20, interest_rate_function(20, r_0, alpha));
40
41
    % Checking how assert statements work in this matlab
42
    %assert(interest_rate_function(20, r_0, alpha) == .25);
43
45
46 | %{
47
    1. Solve the equation analytically using the integrating factor method. Then, plot the analytical solution as a function
48
        of time t and consumption C(t)
49
50
        - solved equation: C(t) = C_T*exp[(1/theta)*[(r_0-rho)(t-T)+(alpha/2)(t^2-T^2)]]
51
52
53
54
    % Time vector from 0 to T with 100 points
55
   t = linspace(0, T, 100);
56
57
    % Define value for consumption at time t
58
    C_{t_analytical} = C_T * exp((1 / theta) * ((r_0 - rho) * (t - T) + (alpha / 2) * (t_^2 - T^2)));
59
60
    % Generate figure for analytical solution
61
62
   figure;
    plot(t, C_t_analytical, 'LineWidth', 2, 'Color', [41/255, 182/255, 164/255]);
63
        xlabel('Time (t)');
64
        set(gca, 'TickDir', 'out');
65
        box off;
66
        ylabel('Consumption C(t)');
67
        title('Analytical Solution of C(t) over Time');
68
69
        grid on;
70
71 % Export
    exportgraphics(gcf, '/Users/nicorotundo/Documents/GitHub/DynamicProgramming2024/problem_sets/problem_set_1/output/question_1.pdf', 'ContentType', 'vector');
72
73
74
             _____
75
    2. Solve the equation numerically using the finite difference method with 100 time steps. Plot the numerical and analytical
76
        solutions together in a single figure for comparison.
77
78
79
        - equation: C(t-dt) = (theta-dt(r_t-rho))/theta * C(t)
80
81
    %}
82
   % Time step (\triangle t)
83
84
    dt = 0.1;
85
86 % Number of time steps
87 | N = T / dt;
88
89 % Vector to store consumption values
90 | C_t_numeric = zeros(1, N);
91
92 % Set terminal consumption
    C_t_numeric(end) = C_T;
95 % Time vector from 0 to T with 100 points
96 | t = linspace(1, T, N);
97
98 % Time stepping using the finite difference method
99 | for n = N:-1:2
100
        % Compute consumption at the next time step using backward difference
101
        C_t_numeric(n-1) = (theta - dt*(r_0 + alpha*n-rho))/theta * C_t_numeric(n);
102
103
104 end
105
106 \% Generate figure for numeric solution
107 | figure;
108
        plot(t, C_t_numeric, 'LineWidth', 2, 'Color', [250/255, 165/255, 35/255]);
        xlabel('Time (t)');
109
        set(gca, 'TickDir', 'out');
110
        box off;
111
        ylabel('Consumption C(t)');
112
113
        title('Numerical Solution of C(t) over Time');
114
        grid on;
115
116 % Generate both analytical and numeric sultions on the same plot
117 | figure;
118
119
        % Plot analytical solution
120
        plot(t, C_t_analytical, 'LineWidth', 2, 'Color', [41/255, 182/255, 164/255]);
121
122
        hold on;
123
124
        % Plot numerical solution
125
        plot(t, C_t_numeric, 'LineWidth', 2, 'Color', [250/255, 165/255, 35/255]);
126
127
        % Add labels and title
        xlabel('Time (t)');
128
129
        ylabel('Consumption C(t)');
        title('Analytical vs Numerical Solutions of C(t) over Time');
130
131
132
        % Add a legend
        legend({'Analytical Solution', 'Numerical Solution'}, 'Location', 'southeast');
133
134
135
        % Adjust plot settings
        set(gca, 'TickDir', 'out');
136
137
        box off;
138
        grid on;
139
140
        hold off;
141
142 | % Export
143 exportgraphics(gcf, '/Users/nicorotundo/Documents/GitHub/DynamicProgramming2024/problem_sets/problem_set_1/output/question_2.pdf', 'ContentType', 'vector');
144
145 | %{
146
147 3. Repeat the numerical solution using 10 time steps. Plot the numerical and analytical solutions together in a single
148
        figure.
149
150 | %}
151
152 % Time step (\triangle t)
153 \mid dt = 1;
154
155 | % Number of time steps
156 N = T / dt;
157
158 \% Vector to store consumption values
159 \mid C_t_numeric = zeros(1, N);
160
161 % Set terminal consumption
162 | C_t_numeric(end) = C_T;
163
164 % Time vector from 0 to T with 100 points
165 \mid t_10 = linspace(1, T, N);
166
167 % Time stepping using the finite difference method
168 for n = N:-1:2
169
        % Compute consumption at the next time step using backward difference
170
        C_t_numeric(n-1) = (theta - dt*(r_0 + alpha*n-rho))/theta * C_t_numeric(n);
171
172
173 end
175 \% Generate both analytical and numeric sultions on the same plot
176 | figure;
177
178
        % Plot analytical solution
179
        plot(t, C_t_analytical, 'LineWidth', 2, 'Color', [41/255, 182/255, 164/255]);
180
        hold on;
181
182
183
        % Plot numerical solution
        plot(t_10, C_t_numeric, 'LineWidth', 2, 'Color', [250/255, 165/255, 35/255]);
184
185
        % Add labels and title
186
        xlabel('Time (t)');
187
        ylabel('Consumption C(t)');
188
        title('Analytical vs Numerical Solutions of C(t) over Time');
189
190
        % Add a legend
191
        legend({'Analytical Solution', 'Numerical Solution'}, 'Location', 'southeast');
192
193
194
        % Adjust plot settings
        set(gca, 'TickDir', 'out');
195
196
        box off;
197
        grid on;
199
        hold off;
200
201 % Export
```

exportgraphics(gcf, '/Users/nicorotundo/Documents/GitHub/DynamicProgramming2024/problem_sets/problem_set_1/output/question_3.pdf', 'ContentType', 'vector');

202203

~/Documents/GitHub/DynamicProgramming2024/problem_sets/problem_set_1/problem_set_1_code.m