Algorithm for file updates in Python

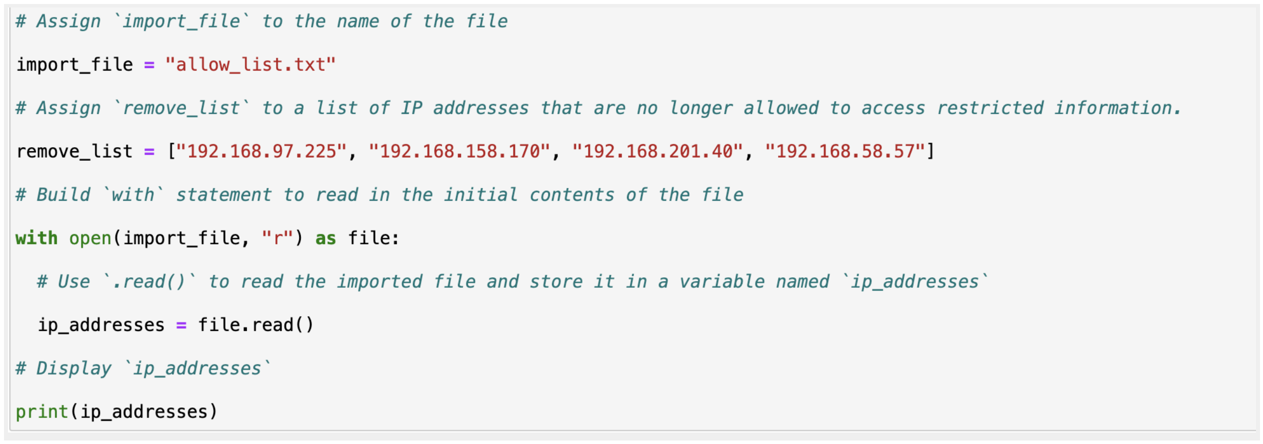
Project description

Review the following scenario. Then complete the step-by-step instructions.

You are a security professional working at a health care company. As part of your job, you're required to regularly update a file that identifies the employees who can access restricted content. The contents of the file are based on who is working with personal patient records. Employees are restricted access based on their IP address. There is an allow list for IP addresses permitted to sign into the restricted subnetwork. There's also a remove list that identifies which employees you must remove from this allow list.

Your task is to create an algorithm that uses Python code to check whether the allow list contains any IP addresses identified on the remove list. If so, you should remove those IP addresses from the file containing the allow list.

Open the file that contains the allow list



```python
# Assign `import_file` to the name of the file

import_file = "allow_list.txt"

# Assign `remove_list` to a list of IP addresses that are no longer allowed to access restricted information.

remove_list = ["192.168.97.225", "192.168.158.170", "192.168.201.40", "192.168.58.57"]

# Build `with` statement to read in the initial contents of the file

with open(import_file, "r") as file:

  # Use `.read()` to read the imported file and store it in a variable named `ip_addresses`

  ip_addresses = file.read()

# Display `ip_addresses`

print(ip_addresses)
```

`with open(“allow_list.txt”,”r”) as file:`
This code will open the file

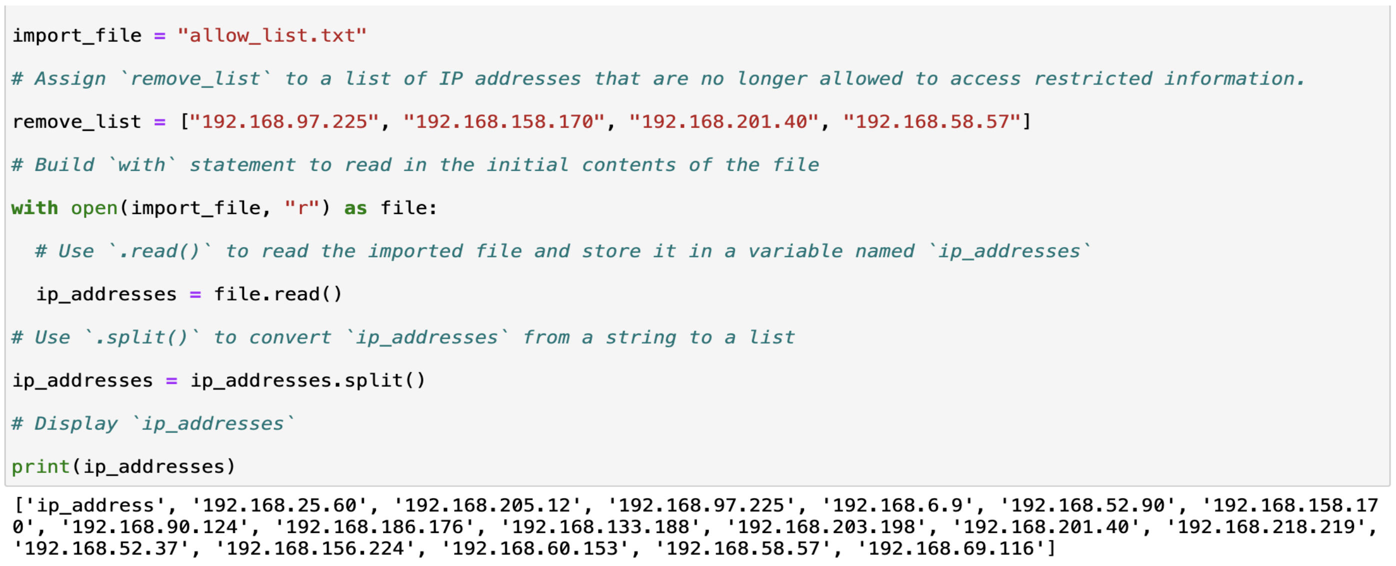
Note: in code snapshot above the allow_list.txt file name is store in variable import_file

Read the file contents

`ip_addresses = file.read()`

This code reads the file.

Convert the string into a list



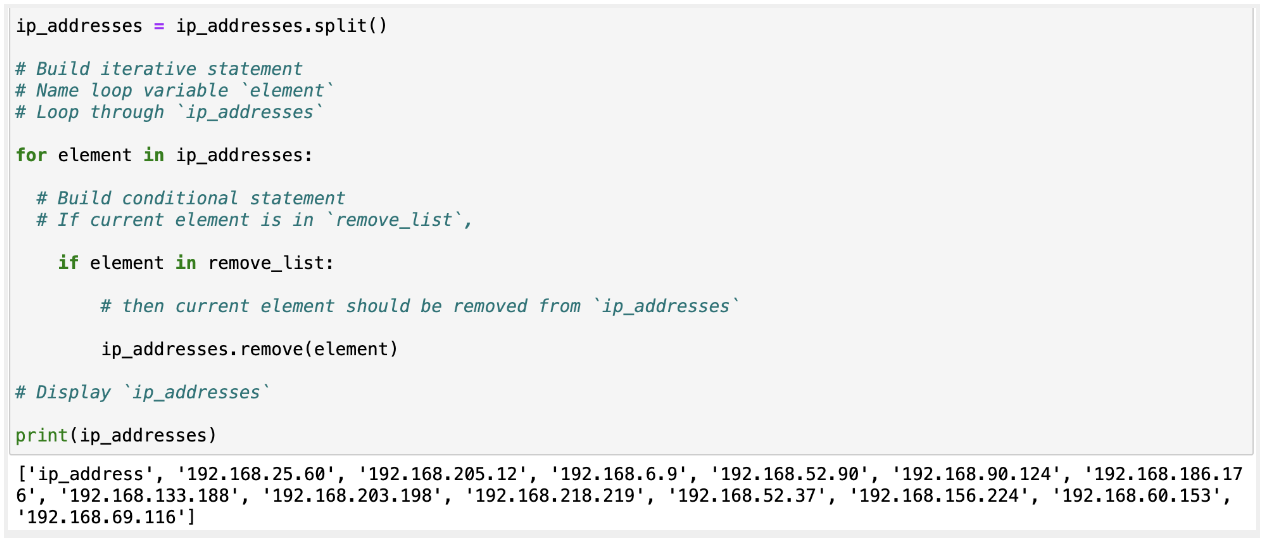
```
import_file = "allow_list.txt"

# Assign `remove_list` to a list of IP addresses that are no longer allowed to access restricted information.

remove_list = ["192.168.97.225", "192.168.158.170", "192.168.201.40", "192.168.58.57"]

# Build `with` statement to read in the initial contents of the file

with open(import_file, "r") as file:

  # Use `.read()` to read the imported file and store it in a variable named `ip_addresses`

  ip_addresses = file.read()

# Use `.split()` to convert `ip_addresses` from a string to a list

ip_addresses = ip_addresses.split()

# Display `ip_addresses`

print(ip_addresses)
```

```
['ip_address', '192.168.25.60', '192.168.205.12', '192.168.97.225', '192.168.6.9', '192.168.52.90', '192.168.158.17
0', '192.168.90.124', '192.168.186.176', '192.168.133.188', '192.168.203.198', '192.168.201.40', '192.168.218.219',
'192.168.52.37', '192.168.156.224', '192.168.60.153', '192.168.58.57', '192.168.69.116']
```

`ip_addresses = text.split()`

This code splits the string by default using whitespace

Iterate through the IP address list



```
ip_addresses = ip_addresses.split()

# Build iterative statement
# Name loop variable `element`
# Loop through `ip_addresses`

for element in ip_addresses:

  # Build conditional statement
  # If current element is in `remove_list`,

    if element in remove_list:

        # then current element should be removed from `ip_addresses`

        ip_addresses.remove(element)

# Display `ip_addresses`

print(ip_addresses)
```

```
['ip_address', '192.168.25.60', '192.168.205.12', '192.168.6.9', '192.168.52.90', '192.168.90.124', '192.168.186.17
6', '192.168.133.188', '192.168.203.198', '192.168.218.219', '192.168.52.37', '192.168.156.224', '192.168.60.153',
'192.168.69.116']
```

`for element in ip_addresses:`

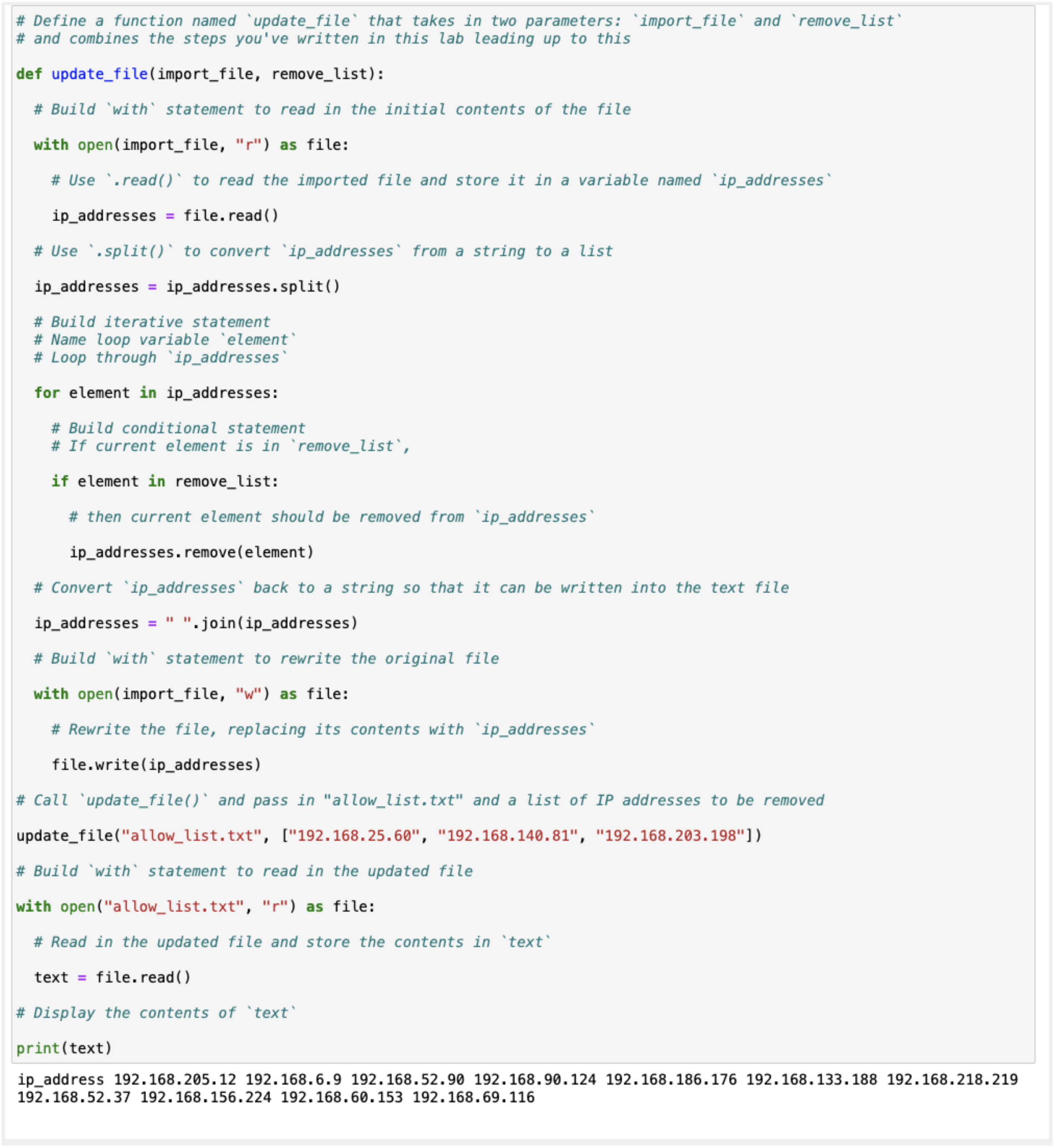
For Looping through the list we use for loop like above

Remove IP addresses that are on the remove list

```
if element in remove_list:
      ip_addresses.remove(element)
```

If the element from the ip_addresses list is also in the remove_list then we remove that element from the allow_list

Update the file with the revised list of IP addresses



```
# Define a function named `update_file` that takes in two parameters: `import_file` and `remove_list`
# and combines the steps you've written in this lab leading up to this

def update_file(import_file, remove_list):

  # Build `with` statement to read in the initial contents of the file

  with open(import_file, "r") as file:

    # Use `.read()` to read the imported file and store it in a variable named `ip_addresses`

    ip_addresses = file.read()

  # Use `.split()` to convert `ip_addresses` from a string to a list

  ip_addresses = ip_addresses.split()

  # Build iterative statement
  # Name loop variable `element`
  # Loop through `ip_addresses`

  for element in ip_addresses:

    # Build conditional statement
    # If current element is in `remove_list`,

    if element in remove_list:

      # then current element should be removed from `ip_addresses`

      ip_addresses.remove(element)

  # Convert `ip_addresses` back to a string so that it can be written into the text file

  ip_addresses = " ".join(ip_addresses)

  # Build `with` statement to rewrite the original file

  with open(import_file, "w") as file:

    # Rewrite the file, replacing its contents with `ip_addresses`

    file.write(ip_addresses)

# Call `update_file()` and pass in "allow_list.txt" and a list of IP addresses to be removed

update_file("allow_list.txt", ["192.168.25.60", "192.168.140.81", "192.168.203.198"])

# Build `with` statement to read in the updated file

with open("allow_list.txt", "r") as file:

  # Read in the updated file and store the contents in `text`

  text = file.read()

# Display the contents of `text`

print(text)
```

```
ip_address 192.168.205.12 192.168.6.9 192.168.52.90 192.168.90.124 192.168.186.176 192.168.133.188 192.168.218.219
192.168.52.37 192.168.156.224 192.168.60.153 192.168.69.116
```

Summary

- Python has functions and syntax that help you import and parse text files.
    - The with statement allows you to efficiently handle files.

    - The `open()` function allows you to import or open a file. It takes in the name of the file as the first parameter and a string that indicates the purpose of opening the file as the second parameter.
        - Specify `"r"` as the second parameter if you're opening the file for reading purposes.
        - Specify `"w"` as the second parameter if you're opening the file for writing purposes.
    - The `.read()` method allows you to read in a file.
    - The `.write()` method allows you to append or write to a file.
- You can use a `for` loop to iterate over a list.
- You can use an `if` statement to check if a given value is in a list and execute a specific action if so.
- You can use the `.split()` method to convert a string to a list.
- You can use Python to compare the contents of a text file against elements of a list.
- Algorithms can be incorporated into functions. When defining a function, you must specify the parameters it takes in and the actions it should execute.