# **Bootstrap**

#### **Installation:**

- Step 1: Download the bootstrap.css/bootstap.min.css
- Step 2: Download the bootsrap.js/bootsrap.min.js (which is optional if it is added means then jquery should be installed)
  - Step 3: Include the bootstrap/bootstrap.min.css in index.html

#### **Bootstrap CSS:**

- 1 Container
- 2 List
- 3 Tables
- 4 Forms
- 5 Buttons
- 6 Images

## 1. Container:(Fixed Width)

```
Bootstrap requires a containing element to wrap site contents and house our grid system. You may choose one of two containers to use in your projects. Note that, due to padding and more, neither container is nestable.
```

```
Container -Fluid: (Full Width)
```

```
Use .container-fluid for a full width container, spanning the entire width of your viewport.
```

#### Grid:

#### Text Align:

```
text-left
text-center
text-right
text-justify
text-nowrap
text-lowercase
text-uppercase
text-uppercase
text-capitalize
<abbr title="attribute">attr</abbr> used to show help content
```

#### 2.List

```
Unordered List:

Shows the list in bullet for which order is not a matter

List one
List two
List three
List four
List five
```

```
Ordered List:
  Shows the list in number for which the order is matter
  List one
   List two
   List three
   List four
   List five
 Inline:
     Displays the list in a single line with display: inline-block;
    List one
     List two
     List three
     List four
     List five
```

#### 3.Tables

```
Bordering Table:
 Contextual Classes:
Class
            Description
            Applies the hover color to a particular row or cell
.active
            Indicates a successful or positive action
.success
.info
            Indicates a neutral informative change or action
            Indicates a warning that might need attention
.warning
.danger
            Indicates a dangerous or potentially negative action
 ...
 ...
 ...
 ...
 ...
```

#### 4.Forms:

```
To wrap labels and controls we use form-group

To have the form in a single line we use form-inline

To have the form horizontally we use form-horizontal

Disable FieldSet:

To disable all the fields in a forms we use

<fieldset disabled>

</fieldset>

Readonly state

Add the readonly boolean attribute on an input to prevent modification of the
```

```
input's value.
Read-only inputs appear lighter (just like disabled inputs), but retain the
standard cursor.
<input class="form-control" type="text" placeholder="Readonly input here..."</pre>
readonly>
Validataor state:
Using these validation styles to denote the state of a
form control only provides a visual, color-based indication,
which will not be conveyed to users of
assistive technologies - such as screen readers - or to colorblind users.
<div class="form-group has-success">
<label class="control-label" for="inputSuccess1">Input with success</label>
<input type="text" class="form-control" id="inputSuccess1"</pre>
aria-describedby="helpBlock2">
<span id="helpBlock2" class="help-block">A block of help text that breaks onto a
new line and may extend beyond one line.</span>
</div>
form-group has-success
form-group has-warning
form-group has-error
Form validation with icons:
<div class="form-group has-success has-feedback">
<label class="control-label" for="inputSuccess2">Input with success</label>
<input type="text" class="form-control" id="inputSuccess2"</pre>
aria-describedby="inputSuccess2Status">
<span class="glyphicon glyphicon-ok form-control-feedback" aria-hidden="true">//
<span id="inputSuccess2Status" class="sr-only">(success)/span>
</div>
```

#### 5.Buttons

```
we can use button classes on an <a>, <button>, or <input> element.
<a class="btn btn-default" href="#" role="button">Link</a>
<button class="btn btn-default" type="submit">Button</button>
```

```
<input class="btn btn-default" type="button" value="Input">
<input class="btn btn-default" type="submit" value="Submit">
Button Options:
     btn-default
     btn-primary
     btn-success
     btn-info
     btn-warning
     btn-danger
     btn-link
Button Sizes:
    .btn-lg
    .btn-sm
    .btn-xs
Active state:
    active
```

#### 6.Images:

```
<img src="/home/nidhin/Desktop/140.png" alt="..." class="img-rounded">
<img src="/home/nidhin/Desktop/140.png" alt="..." class="img-circle">
<img src="/home/nidhin/Desktop/140.png" alt="..." class="img-thumbnail">
For rounded corners: img-rounded
For circle image: img-circle
For thumbnail image: img-thumbnail
```

# **Bootstrap Components:**

- 1 GlymphIcons
- 2 Drop-downs
- 3 Button Groups
- 4 Button Drop downs

- 5 Input Groups
- 6 Nav
- 7 Breadcrumbs
- 8 Pagination
- 9 Label
- 10 Badges
- 11 PageHeader
- 12 Thumbnails
- 13 Alerts
- 14 ProgressBars
- 15 List Group

## 1.GlymphIcons:

Before using the icons the fonts should be available else the icons won't be displayed

#### 2.Dropdowns:

```
<div class="dropdown">
 <button class="btn btn-default dropdown-toggle" type="button"</pre>
id="dropdownMenu1"
  data-toggle="dropdown" aria-haspopup="true" aria-expanded="true">
   Dropdown
   <span class="caret"></span>
 </button>
 <a href="#">Action</a>
   <a href="#">Another action</a>
   <a href="#">Something else here</a>
   <a href="#">Separated link</a>
 </div>
Dropdown menus can be changed to expand upwards (instead of downwards) by adding
.dropup to the parent.
Add .disabled to a in the dropdown to disable the link.
```

## 3.Button Groups:

### 4. Button Dropdowns:

```
Use any button to trigger a dropdown menu by placing it within a .btn-group and providing the proper menu markup. 
<div class="btn-group">
```

```
<button type="button" class="btn btn-default dropdown-toggle"</pre>
data-toggle="dropdown" aria-haspopup="true" aria-expanded="false">
   Action <span class="caret"></span>
 </button>
 <a href="#">Action</a>
   <a href="#">Another action</a>
   <a href="#">Something else here</a>
   <a href="#">Separated link</a>
 </div>
Splitup Dropdowns:
   <!-- Split button -->
   <div class="btn-group">
    <button type="button" class="btn btn-danger">Action/button>
    <button type="button" class="btn btn-danger dropdown-toggle"</pre>
data-toggle="dropdown" aria-haspopup="true" aria-expanded="false">
      <span class="caret"></span>
      <span class="sr-only">Toggle Dropdown</span>
    </button>
    class="dropdown-menu">
      <a href="#">Action</a>
      <a href="#">Another action</a>
      <a href="#">Something else here</a>
      <a href="#">Separated link</a>
    </div>
```

### 5.Input Groups:

```
CheckBox and RadioButton
<div class="row">
```

```
<div class="col-lg-6">
        <div class="input-group">
          <span class="input-group-addon">
            <input type="checkbox" aria-label="...">
          </span>
          <input type="text" class="form-control" aria-label="...">
        </div><!-- /input-group -->
      </div><!-- /.col-lg-6 -->
      <div class="col-lg-6">
        <div class="input-group">
          <span class="input-group-addon">
            <input type="radio" aria-label="...">
          </span>
          <input type="text" class="form-control" aria-label="...">
        </div><!-- /input-group -->
      </div><!-- /.col-lg-6 -->
    </div>
  For Button Addons:
    <div class="input-group">
      <span class="input-group-btn">
        <button class="btn btn-default" type="button">Go!</button>
      </span>
      <input type="text" class="form-control" placeholder="Search for...">
    </div>
For buttons with dropdown:
   <div class="input-group-btn">
     <button type="button" class="btn btn-default dropdown-toggle"</pre>
data-toggle="dropdown" aria-haspopup="true" aria-expanded="false">Action <span
class="caret"></span></button>
        <a href="#">Action</a>
```

```
<a href="#">Another action</a>
         <a href="#">Something else here</a>
         <a href="#">Separated link</a>
       </div>
Segmented Buttons:
  <div class="input-group">
     <div class="input-group-btn">
       <!-- Button and dropdown menu -->
     </div>
     <input type="text" class="form-control" aria-label="...">
   </div>
Multiple Buttons:
  <div class="input-group">
     <div class="input-group-btn">
       <!-- Buttons -->
     </div>
     <input type="text" class="form-control" aria-label="...">
 </div>
<div class="input-group">
 <input type="text" class="form-control" aria-label="...">
 <div class="input-group-btn">
   <!-- Buttons -->
 </div>
</div>
```

#### 6.Nav

```
  role="presentation" class="active"><a href="#">Home</a>
  role="presentation"><a href="#">Profile</a>
```

```
role="presentation"><a href="#">Messages</a>

To view the tab as pills use nav-pills instead of nav-tabs
To view the tab as stackable use nav-stacked
```

#### 7.BreadCrumbs

## 8. Pagination

```
Simple pagination inspired by Rdio, great for apps and search
results. The large block is hard to miss, easily scalable, and provides large
 click areas.
 <nav aria-label="Page navigation">
 <1i>>
     <a href="#" aria-label="Previous">
       <span aria-hidden="true">&laquo;</span>
     </a>
   <a href="#">1</a>
   <a href="#">2</a>
   <a href="#">3</a>
   <a href="#">4</a>
   <a href="#">5</a>
   <1i>>
     <a href="#" aria-label="Next">
```

## **Pager**

```
Quick previous and next links for simple pagination implementations with light
markup and styles. It's great for simple sites like blogs or magazines.
<nav aria-label="...">
 <a href="#">Previous</a>
   <a href="#">Next</a>
 </nav>
Alignment of previous and next:
<nav aria-label="...">
 class="previous"><a href="#"><span aria-hidden="true">&larr;</span>
Older</a>
   <a href="#">Newer <span aria-hidden="true">&rarr;</span></</pre>
a>
 </nav>
Disabled: To disable a button
 disabled
```

## 9.Labels

```
<h3>Example heading <span class="label label-default">New</span></h3>
<span class="label label-default">Default</span>
<span class="label label-primary">Primary</span>
```

```
<span class="label label-success">Success</span>
<span class="label label-info">Info</span>
<span class="label label-warning">Warning</span>
<span class="label label-danger">Danger</span>
```

### 10.Badges

```
Easily highlight new or unread items by adding a <span class="badge"> to links,
Bootstrap navs, and more.

<a href="#">Inbox <span class="badge">42</span></a>
<button class="btn btn-primary" type="button">

Messages <span class="badge">4</span>
</button>
```

## 11.PageHeader

```
A simple shell for an h1 to appropriately space out and segment sections of content

on a page. It can utilize the h1's default small element, as well as most other components

(with additional styles).

<div class="page-header">
        <h1>Example page header <small>Subtext for header</small></h1>
</div>
```

## 12.Thumbnails

```
By default, Bootstrap's thumbnails are designed to showcase linked images with minimal required markup.

<div class="row">
    <div class="col-xs-6 col-md-3">
```

```
<a href="#" class="thumbnail">
      <img src="..." alt="...">
    </a>
  </div>
  . . .
</div>
custom Event:
  With a bit of extra markup, it's possible to add any kind of HTML content
  like headings, paragraphs, or buttons into thumbnails.
<div class="row">
  <div class="col-sm-6 col-md-4">
    <div class="thumbnail">
      <img src="..." alt="...">
      <div class="caption">
        <h3>Thumbnail label</h3>
        ...
        <a href="#" class="btn btn-primary" role="button">Button</a> <a
href="#" class="btn btn-default" role="button">Button</a>
      </div>
    </div>
  </div>
</div>
```

#### 13.Alerts:

```
There is no special class for alerts instead of class role is used

<div class="alert alert-success" role="alert">...</div>

<div class="alert alert-info" role="alert">...</div>

<div class="alert alert-warning" role="alert">...</div>

<div class="alert alert-danger" role="alert">...</div>
```

#### **Dismissable Alerts**

#### **Linkable Alerts**

## 14.Progress Bar

```
60%
</div>
</div>
```

## 15.ListGroup