### Lab 13: Error Handling Nidhi Surya Prakash SUID:215895619

#### **Purpose:**

Write an SP with an error handler.

#### **Steps:**

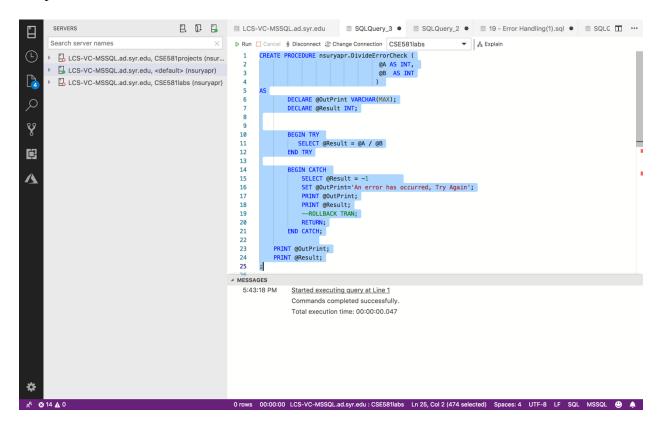
1. Create a stored procedure: The SP should accept 2 parameters (let's say A and B) and return the result of A divided by B. The SP should do error handling<sup>1</sup>, and if an error occurs, it should print out "An error has occurred" and return -1 as a result. Provide a screenshot of SP creation.

### Script:

```
CREATE PROCEDURE nsuryapr.DivideErrorCheck (
                                  @A AS INT,
                                  @B AS INT
                                  )
AS
        DECLARE @OutPrint VARCHAR(MAX);
        DECLARE @Result INT;
        BEGIN TRY
           SELECT @Result = @A / @B
        END TRY
        BEGIN CATCH
            SELECT @Result = -1
            SET @OutPrint='An error has occurred, Try Again';
            PRINT @OutPrint;
            PRINT @Result;
            --ROLLBACK TRAN;
            RETURN;
        END CATCH;
    PRINT @OutPrint;
    PRINT @Result;
```

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> I would recommend using the TRY/CATCH block

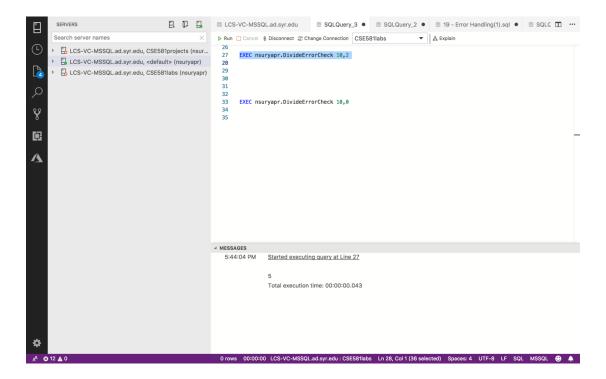
# Script Execution:



2. Execute the SP with input A = 10, B = 2. Provide a **screenshot** of execution, showing the result as well as error message, if any.

# Script:

EXEC nsuryapr.DivideErrorCheck 10,2



3. Execute the SP with input A = 10, B = 0. Provide a **screenshot** of execution, showing the result as well as error message, if any.

#### Script:

EXEC nsuryapr.DivideErrorCheck 10,0

