

B-trees

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insertion,

```
void insert (int k) {  
    if (root == NULL) {  
        root = new Node (t, true);  
        root → keys [0] = k;  
        root → n = 1;  
    } else {  
        if (root → n == 2 * t - 1) {  
            Node *s = new Node (t, false);  
            s → c [0] = root;  
            s → split (child (0, root));  
            int i = 0;  
            if (s → keys [0] < k)  
                i++;  
            s → c [i] → insert Non Full (k);  
  
            root = s;  
        } else  
            root → insert Non Full (k);  
    }  
}
```

```
void insert Non Full (int k) {  
    int i = n - 1;  
    if (leaf == true) {  
        while (i >= 0 && keys [i] >= k) {
```

```

    keys[i+1] = keys[i];
    i--;
}
keys[i+1] = k;
n = n+1;
} else {
    while (i >= 0 && keys[i] > k)
        i--;

    if (c[i+1] -> n == 2 * t - 1) {
        splitChild(i+1, c[i+1]);

        if (keys[i+1] < k)
            i++;
    }
    c[i+1] -> insertNonFull(k);
}
}
}

```

```

void splitChild(i, Node *y) {
    Node *z = new Node(y->t, y->leaf);
    z->n = t+1;
    for (int j=0; j<t-1; j++)
        z->keys[j] = y->keys[j+t];
    if (y->leaf == false) {
        for (int j=0; j<t; j++)
            z->c[j] = y->c[j+t];
    }
}

```

$y \rightarrow n = t - 1$

for (int $j = n$; $j \geq i + 1$; $j--$)

$c[j+1] = c[j]$

$c[i+1] = z$;

for (int $j = n - 1$; $j \geq i$; $j--$)

$keys[j+1] = keys[j]$;

$keys[i] = y \rightarrow keys[t-1]$;

$n = n + 1$;

}