

CAMELLIA INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY

3rd Continuous Assessment – Even 2025

Department: CSE Semester: 8TH

Subject Name: Cryptography and Network Security

Subject Code: PEC CS 801B

Full Mark: 25

Time: 45minutes

Group – A
(Answer any five)

(5*1=5)

1.

- i) The principle of _____ ensures that only the sender and the intended recipients have access to the contents of a message.
- ii) Interruption attacks are also called as _____ attacks.
- iii) What is Denial of service attack?
- iv) Book cipher is also called as _____.
- v) There are _____ rounds in DES.
- vi) _____ is based on the IDEA algorithm.
- vii) _____ increases the redundancy of plain text.

Group – B
(Answer any four)

(4*5=20)

2. Using S-DES, find the two keys K1 and K2 from the key(0111111101) where P10=(3,5,2,7,4,10,1,9,8,6), P8=(6,3,7,4,8,5,10,9).

3. Using S-DES, decrypt the string(10100010) using the key(0111111101) where IP=(2,6,3,1,4,8,5,7), IP⁻¹=(4,1,3,5,7,2,8,6). E/P=(4,1,2,3,2,3,4,1), S0=((1,0,3,2),(3,2,1,0),(0,2,1,3),(3,1,3,2)), S1=((0,1,2,3),(2,0,1,3),(3,0,1,0),(2,1,0,3)), P4=(2,4,3,1).

4. Using PLAYFAIR technique, encrypt the plaintext “CRYPTOGRAPHY”. The key is “CAMELLIA”.

5. Prove that, [(a mod n) x (b mod n)] mod n = (axb) mod n

6. In real life, how is the message integrity ensured?

7. Why is Mono-alphabetic Cipher difficult to crack?

8. Alice and Bob want to establish a secret key using the Diffie-Hellman Key Exchange protocol. Assuming the values as n=11, g=5, x=2 and y=3, find out the values of A, B and the secret key K1.

9. Distinguish between differential and linear cryptanalysis.

10. What is the purpose of the S-boxes in DES?

Department of Computer Science and Engineering
Camellia Institute of Engineering & Technology
Semester: **VIII**

Subject: **Cyber Law and Ethics**
Full Marks: **25**

Subject Code: **OEC- CS801B**
Time: **45 Mins.**

Group A
(MCQ Type Question)

5x1=5

1. Which of the following is NOT a type of cybercrime?
a) Hacking b) Forgery c) Cyberstalking d) Trademark registration
2. Which attack involves an unauthorized user passively monitoring network traffic?
a) Active Attack b) Passive Attack c) SQL Injection d) Trojan Horse
3. Which type of malware allows attackers to gain unauthorized access to a system?
a) Trojan Horse b) Adware c) Spyware d) Ransomware
4. What is the main objective of a Denial of Service (DoS) attack?
a) To steal sensitive data b) To overload a system and disrupt service c) To install malware d) To crack passwords
5. Which of the following Indian laws addresses cybercrime?
a) IPC Section 302 b) IT Act 2000 c) Copyright Act d) Trade Secrets Act

Group B
Short Answer Type Questions

4x5=20

1. Define cybercrime and explain different categories of cybercrime with examples.
2. Discuss the security challenges faced by mobile devices and how cryptographic techniques can enhance security.
3. Explain phishing and identity theft. How can individuals protect themselves from such attacks?
4. Describe different types of cyber-attacks like DoS, DDoS, SQL injection, and buffer overflow.

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