



User manual

Nano Board with STM32F303CCT6 MCU

Introduction

The Nano board allows users to easily develop applications with the STM32F303CCT6 microcontroller with the Arm Cortex-M4 32-bit core.

Based on STM32F303CCT6, it includes one MPU6050 (is a 3-axis gyroscope and a 3-axis accelerometer sensor), LEDs, push-buttons and a mini USB port.

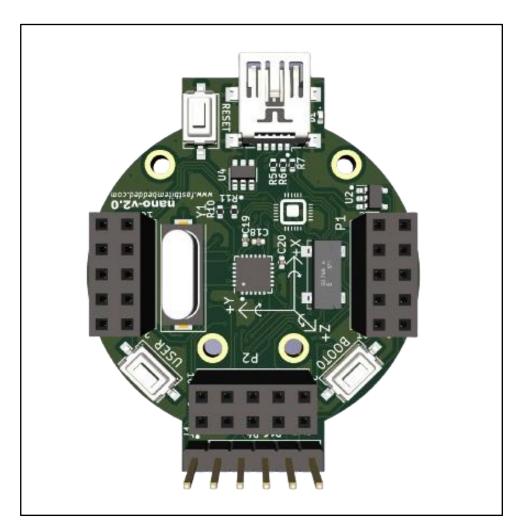


Figure 1: Nano



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List of Block-diagram

Block 1: UART-USB bridge 12





List of abbreviation

SWD Serial Wire Debug

LQFP Low Profile Quad Flat Package

LSE Low Speed External

HSE High Speed External





Feature:

The Nano offers the following features:

- The STM32F303CCT6 microcontroller features a 32-bit Arm Cortex-M4 with FPU core (72 MHz max), 256-Kbyte Flash memory, and 48-Kbyte SRAM in a LQFP48 package.
- Three push buttons:
 - o SW1(reset), SW2(user button), SW3(boot0).
- Four LEDs:
 - o D1 (red) for 3.3 V power on / off.
 - o Three user LEDs, D2 (blue), D3 (green), D4 (red).
- Board connectors:
 - o J1 SWD.
 - o J2 USB-B Micro.
 - 2.54 mm pitch extension header for 30 pins of LQFP48 I/Os for quick connection to prototyping board and easy probing.
- Power-supply options: ST-LINK or USB VBUS.





Hardware and layout

The Nano is designed around the STM32F303CCT6 microcontroller in a 48-pin LQFP package.

Figure 2 and Figure 3 help users to locate STM32F303CCT6 and its peripherals (MPU6050, push buttons, LEDs).

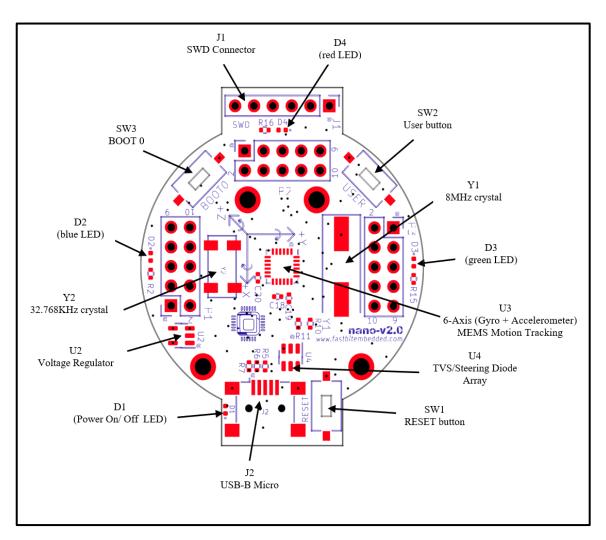


Figure 2: Nano top layout



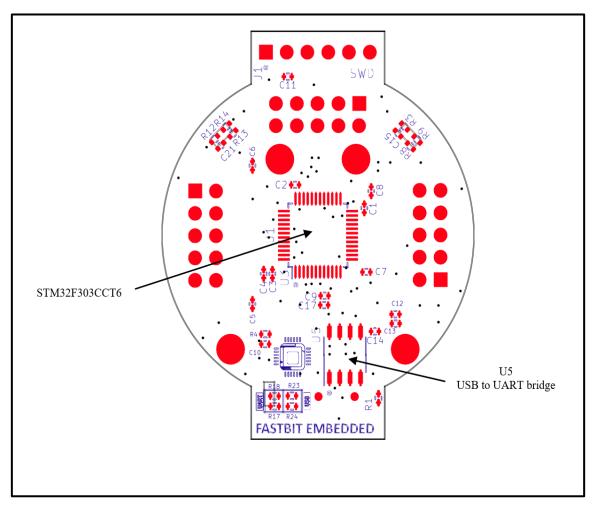


Figure 3: Nano bottom layout





Power supply and power selection

 The power supply is provided either by the host PC through the USB cable or via the SWD port using an ST-Link connection.

o U2 regulates the 5V input from USB to provide a steady 3.3V output.

Note: Don't connect external power supply to header sockets.

LEDs

- D1 PWR: red LED indicates that the board is powered.
- User D2: blue LED is a user LED connected to the I/O PA1 of the STM32F303CCT6.
- User D3: green LED is a user LED connected to the I/O PA2 of the STM32F303CCT6.
- User D4: red LED is a user LED connected to the I/O PA3 of the STM32F303CCT6.

Push buttons

- SW1 RESET: Push button connected to NRST is used to RESET the STM32F303CCT6.
- SW2 USER: User button is connected to the I/O PA0 of the STM32F303CCT6.
- SW3 BOOT0: Push button connected to BOOT0 is used to toggle the boot mode of the STM32F303CCT6.

BOOT0	Boot Mode
0	Main flash memory
1	System memory

Table 1: Boot modes

Note: By default, the microcontroller runs the application code from the main flash memory. To change this behavior, use the BOOT0 button.

- 1. Press the BOOT0 button and then press the reset button.
- 2. This action makes the microcontroller to run the built-in bootloader from the system memory (i.e., microcontroller enters the bootloader mode).



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6-Axis (Gyro + Accelerometer) MEMS Motion Tracking

MPU6050 sensor is a low power, low cost, and high-performance 6-axis (Gyro + Accelerometer).

- The MPU6050 devices combine a 3-axis gyroscope and a 3-axis accelerometer on the same silicon die, together with an onboard Digital Motion Processor (DMP), which processes complex 6-axis Motion Fusion algorithms.
- The STM32F303CCT6 microcontroller controls this sensor through the I2C interface.

OSC Clock

LSE: OSC 32.768 kHz clock supply

Refers to an external oscillator running at 32.768 kHz. It typically provides a lowfrequency clock source for real-time clocks (RTC) or other timing-sensitive functions.

Pin Name	Pin Function
PC14	OSC32_IN
PC15	OSC32_OUT

Table 1: LSE pins

HSE: OSC 8 MHz clock supply

Refers to an external oscillator running at 8MHz. It provides a higher-frequency clock source suitable for driving the core processing unit or other high-speed peripherals.

Pin Name	Pin Function
PF0	OSC_IN
PF1	OSC_OUT

Table 2: HSE pins

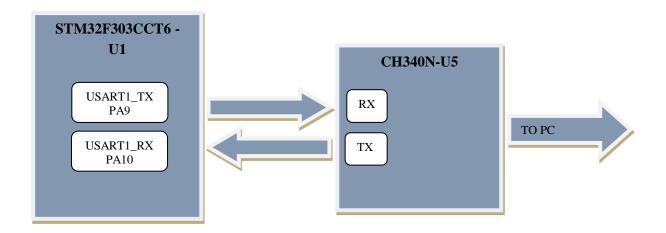
USB to **UART** bridge

The USB to UART bridge facilitates communication between a computer and a STM32F303CCT6, with UART1Tx and UART1Rx serving as the transmit and receive pins, respectively, connected to pins PA9 and PA10 on the microcontroller.

Pin Name	Pin Function
PA9	UART1_Tx
PA10	UART1_Rx

Table 3: UART1 pins





Block1: UART-ISB Bridge