# CRISPR-Cas9 screening protocol (two-vector system sgRNA library

#### Infection with library virus for screening

Always maintain a library coverage of ≥ 150-fold throughout the entire experiment!

- 1. Transduce 2.1 x 10<sup>8</sup> HAP1 Cas9:
  - a. Prepare 14x 6-well plates with each well containing 2.5 x  $10^6$  cells in total 5 ml complete IMDM
  - b. Add x μl virus supernatant to each well
    - i. x = amount of virus that gives MOI = 0.3-0.5
- 2. Spinfect:
  - a. Centrifuge plate 1,800 RPM for 1 hour at 37 °C
- 3. Transfer cells to incubator and grow for 48 hours at 37  $^{\circ}$ C
- 4. Wash cells with PBS
- 5. Add 500  $\mu$ l trypsin and incubate for 5-10 minutes at 37  $^{\circ}$ C
- 6. Add 1.5 ml complete IMDM and resuspend the cells
- 7. Pool all wells and count cells
- 8. Add  $1.5 \times 10^7$  infected cells to a T175 flask in a total volume of 50 ml complete medium containing 3.5  $\mu$ g/ml puromycin (15x T175 flasks in total)
- 9. Grow cells for 72 hours at 37 °C
- 10. (Optional grow cells for another 2-3 days, split first)
- 11. Wash each T175 flask with PBS
- 12. Add 2 ml trypsin and incubate 5-10 minutes at 37  $^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$
- 13. Add 8 ml complete IMDM and resuspend
- 14. Pool all flasks and count cells
- 15. Take three 2 x  $10^7$  cells samples in 15 ml tubes for sequencing (pretreatment sample)
  - a. See DNA extraction protocol for sample handling
- 16. Transfer 9 x 10<sup>7</sup> cells to a 50 ml tube (once for each condition) and centrifuge (5 min 1,200 RPM)
- 17. Resuspend cells from each tube in medium containing the appropriate treatment
- 18. Transfer 15  $\times 10^7$  cells to a T175 flask (6x) and grow for 48 hours at 37 °C
- 19. Repeat step 11-18 until about 14 population doublings have been achieved

#### **DNA extraction (QIAGEN Gentra Puregene)**

- 1. Centrifuge the 2 x  $10^7$  cell samples in 15 ml tubes at 1,200 RPM for 5 minutes
- 2. Remove all but  $\sim$ 200  $\mu$ l medium
- 3. Vortex cell to resuspend completely
- 4. Add 3 ml Cell Lysis Solution and vortex for 10 seconds
  - a. This solution can be stored for at least 2 years at RT
- 5. Add 15  $\mu$ l RNase A Solution and incubate  $\leq$  1 hour at 37  $^{\circ}$ C
- 6. Add 1 ml Protein Precipitation Solution and vortex for 20 seconds
- 7. Place sample on ice for > 5 minutes
- 8. Centrifuge 2000 x q for 10 minutes in a swing bucket rotor
- 9. Add 3 ml isopropanol to a new 15 ml tube
- 10. Carefully add supernatant from step 8 to this tube
- 11. Invert tube 50 times
- 12. Centrifuge 2000 x g for 3 minutes in a swing bucket rotor
  - a. A white pellet should be visible
- 13. Remove supernatant and dry tube inverted on a piece of paper
- 14. Add 3 ml 70 % ethanol and invert tube several times to wash the pellet
- 15. Centrifuge 2000 x g for 1 minute in a swing bucket rotor
- 16. Remove supernatant and dry tube inverted on a piece of paper briefly
- 17. Air dry pellet for 5-10 minutes
- 18. Add 400 µl DNA Hydration Solution and vortex for 5 seconds
- 19. Incubate at 65 °C for one hour
- 20. Incubate O/N at RT while gently shaking
  - a. Incubating O/N at 4  $^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$  after this step will improve DNA measurements
- 21. Measure DNA concentration with Nanodrop

## Amplification lentiviral inserts for sequencing sgRNA sequences

A nested PCR approach is used to amplify viral inserts

- 1. Prepare reaction mix for PCR1 (48 reactions/sample):
  - i. 960 µl GC enhancer 5x
  - ii. 960 µl Q5 buffer 5x
  - iii. 48 μl Q5 polymerase
  - iv. 24 μl Forward primer (5'aggettggatttetataacttegtatageatacattatae)
  - v. 24 µl Reverse primer (5'- ACAtgcatggcggtaatacggttatc)
  - vi. 96 µl dNTPs 10 mM
  - vii. 374  $\mu$ l gDNA (if [DNA]  $\leq$  513 ng/ $\mu$ l)
  - viii. 2314 µl MPW

Run 48 reactions of 100 µl (each reaction contains 4 µg gDNA)

- 2. PCR program:
  - i. 98 °C 0:30
  - ii. 98 °C 0:10
  - iii. 63.2 °C 0:20
  - iv. 72 °C 0:20, repeat ii iv 17 times
  - v. 72 °C 2:00
- 3. Pool all PCR1 reactions and prepare PCR2:
  - i. 20 µl GC enhancer 5x
  - ii. 20 μl Q5 buffer 5x
  - iii. 1 μl Q5 polymerase
  - iv. 0.5 μl Forward primer (contains Illumina P5 sequence)
  - v. 0.5 μl Reverse primer (contains Illumina P7 sequence and index)
  - vi. 2 µl dNTPs 10 mM
  - vii. 3 µl pooled PCR1
  - viii. 53 µl MPW
- 4. PCR program:
  - vi. 98 °C 0:30
  - vii. 98 °C 0:10
  - viii. 68.2 °C 0:20
  - ix. 72  $^{\circ}$ C 0:20, repeat ii iv 11-19 times
  - x. 72 °C 2:00
- 5. Multiple PCRs can be run with increasing numbers of cycles.
  - i. Continue with reaction with least amount of cycles that gives a measurable product on the Bioanalyser (next steps)

#### Clean-up of sgRNA amplicons

- 1. Transfer 75 µl PCR2 to 1.5 ml tube
- 2. Add 60  $\mu$ l AMPure XP beads and mix by pipetting up and down 5 times
- 3. Place on magnet for at least 2 minutes
- 4. Aspirate and discard supernatant
- 5. Add 200 µl 70 % ethanol
- 6. Remove ethanol after 30 seconds
- 7. Repeat wash
- 8. Remove tube from the magnet and dry for 2 minutes
- 9. Add 35 μl dH<sub>2</sub>O
- 10. Incubate for at least 30 seconds
- 11. Put the tube back on the magnet for 2 minutes
- 12. Remove 30 µl purified PCR2 to a new 1.5 ml tube
- 13. Analyse purified PCR2 on Bioanalyser (Agilent DNA 1000 kit) according to standard protocol

#### **Quantification amplicons**

- 1. Quantify purified PCR2 with DNA1000 kit on the Agilent Bioanalyser according to standard protocol
- 2. PCR2 product should be 276 bp and  $\geq$  5 nmol/l

#### Preparation of amplicons for NGS

- 1. Set concentration of each sample to 5 nmol/l
- 2. Mix all indexed samples together and send 15  $\mu$ l of this mix for sequencing on HiSeq400 at CRUK
- 3. Include sequencing primer (Bassik seq, agactataaGtatcccttggagaaCCAcctTGTTG) in 1.5 ml tube
  - a. 50 μM
  - b. 30 µl per lane

### Bioinformatic analysis of NGS data