

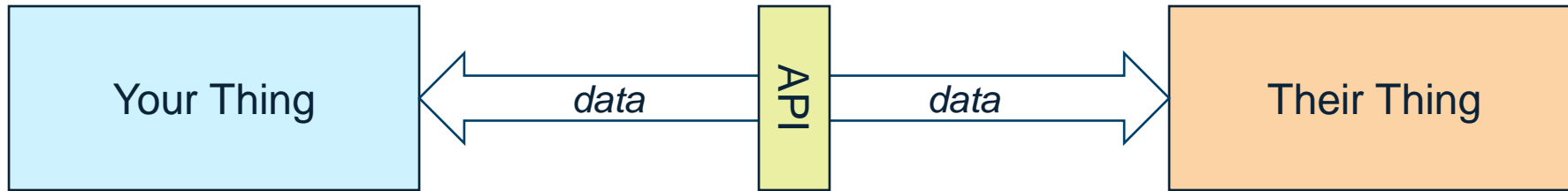
# APIs and NIEM

**Dr. Scott Renner**

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**DRAFT**

# Application Programming Interface (API)



## ■ Interface

- Tells the people how to interact with the thing on the other side

## ■ Programming

- Those people are software developers
- Tells developers what they must know to write code that interacts with the other thing
- An API is a contract between developers

## ■ Application

- Once upon a time, only end-user applications had “APIs”, by definition
- That distinction is no longer maintained

# Kinds Of API

## ■ Library API

- Tells you how to use a software library (“their thing”)
- A form of software reuse – now you don’t have to write the library functionality yourself
- Library code becomes part of your application

# Kinds Of API

- **Library API**

- **Computing Platform API**

- Tells you how to write code interacting with the application server, operating system, etc.
- Your program interacting with “their thing” on the same machine

# Kinds Of API

- **Library API**

- **Computing Platform API**

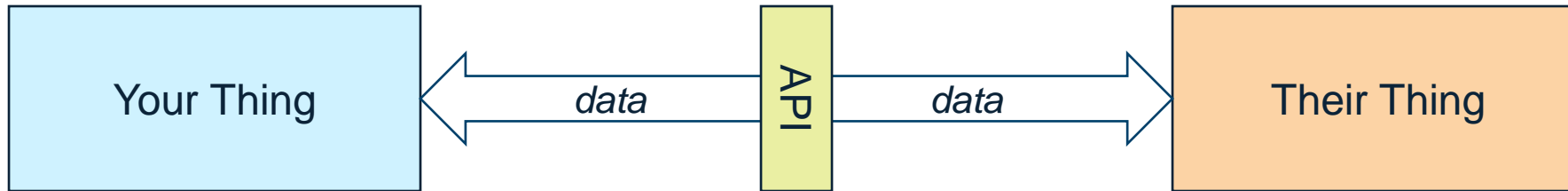
- **Remote API**

- When “their thing” isn’t executing on the same machine
- Tells you how to write code to interact with a remote resource over the network
- Various forms of plumbing (CORBA, Java RMI, message passing, pub/sub, etc.)

# Kinds Of API

- **Library API**
- **Computing Platform API**
- **Remote API**
- **Web API**
  - A kind of remote API
  - Plumbing uses HTTP / HTTPS
  - Content exchanged is usually in XML or JSON format
  - Examples: OData, OpenAPI, SOAP+WSDL

# Abstraction and Information Hiding



- **The API presents a useful abstraction of “their thing” implementation**

- For example: The OS and hardware present a “file system” abstraction
- In reality, there are no “folders”, just sectors on a spinning magnetic disk
- But you do not have to know or care about any of that

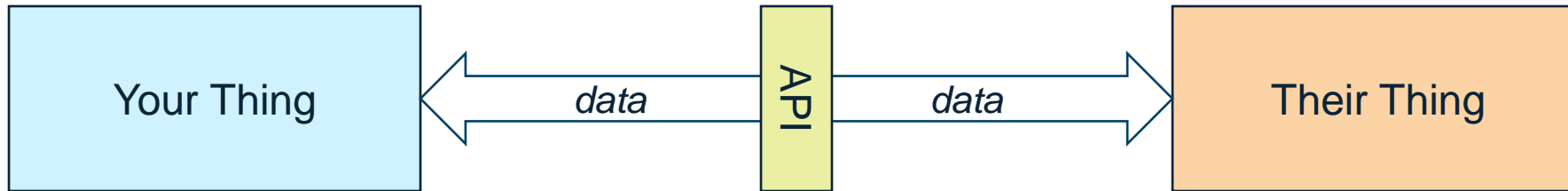
- **In theory, you do not care about the actual implementation**

- **In practice, all abstractions leak**

- Sometimes the implementation details do matter
- Example: file shredding tools don't do what you want on a solid-state hard drive

“In theory, there’s no difference between theory and practice. In practice, there is”

# APIs, Data Specifications, and NIEM, Oh My!



- Different developers are writing software for Your Thing and for Their Thing
- They must have a compatible understanding of the exchanged data
- Usually accomplished through an implementation-level data specification (the contract)
  - What data must be passed
  - What data may be included
  - What that data means
- NIEM is a framework for developing those implementation-level data specifications



# Plumbing, Content, and Process

## ■ Plumbing

- Connection between your programming language code and “their thing”
- Parts may be fully specified, tool-generated, or written by hand
- NIEM does not do plumbing; NIEM works with any plumbing

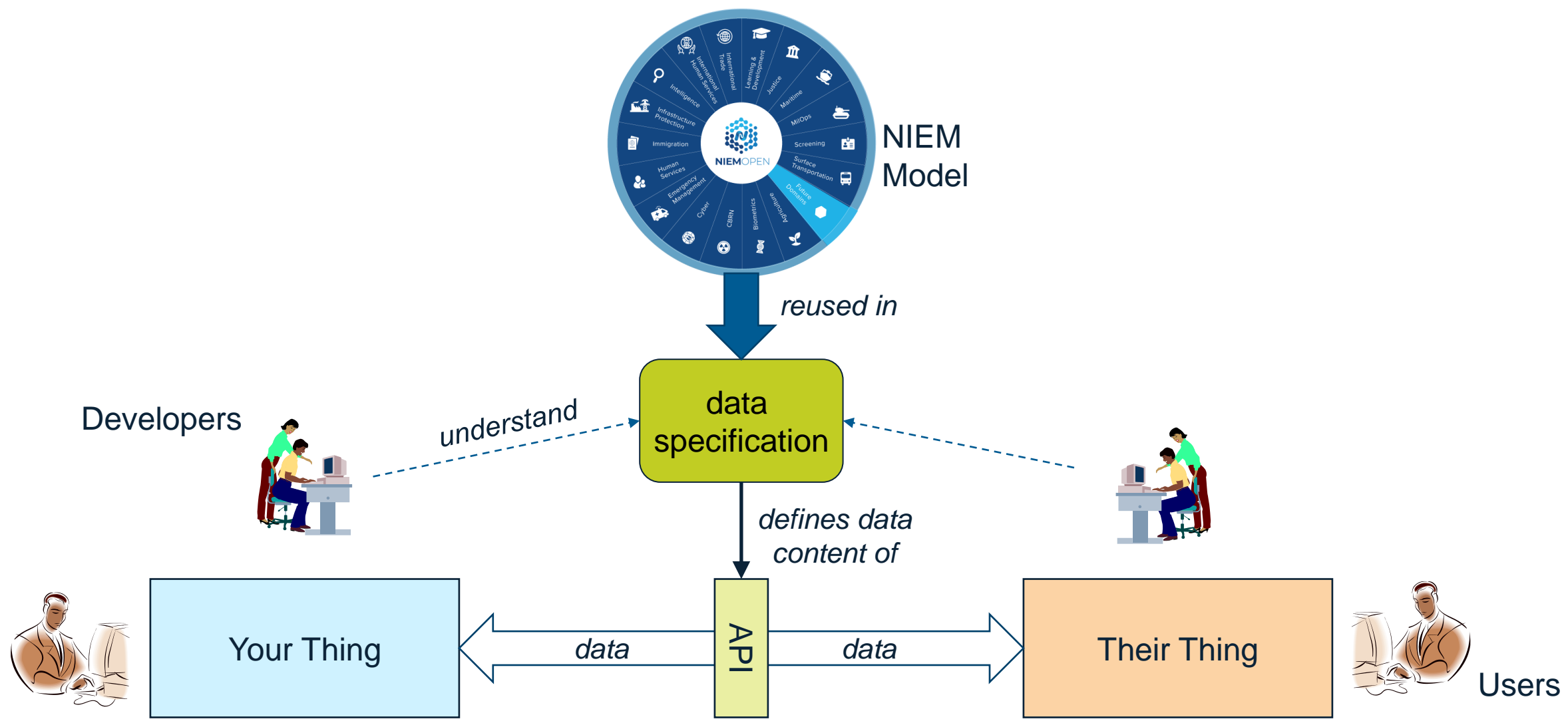
## ■ Content

- What data must be present, what data may be present, and what it all means
- Documentation sufficient for the intended purpose
- NIEM message specifications can define the content part of an API
  - Directly, for APIs that exchange XML or JSON documents
  - Indirectly (at this time), for APIs with an interface definition language (Google Protocol Buffers, etc.)

## ■ Process

- An API may specify a sequence of interactions
- Shopping cart example: Authenticate, find item, add item to cart, checkout
- At present, NIEM does not say how to specify an interaction sequence

# NIEM and APIs



# NIEM Offers

- A standard format for data specifications, suitable for an API registry / repository
- Reuse of community-agreed data models, with local extensions
- A technology-neutral data modeling language compatible with ontology formalisms
- Knowledge graph representation of exchanged data
- Automated conversion between supported serializations (XML to JSON, etc.)
- Machine validation of message specifications for NIEM conformance
- Machine validation of exchanged data for message specification conformance

# A NIEM Tradespace

## ■ Data exchange overlap

- High: Developers supporting multiple exchanges with overlapping subject-area content
- Low: Developers supporting single exchange or exchanges with nothing in common

## ■ Developer cohesion

- High: Small team, single organization, short duration
- Low: Many developers and organizations, long durations

## ■ NIEM is most valuable in an enterprise in which overlap is high and developer cohesion is low

## ■ Most MITRE sponsors are firmly in the lower-right corner

