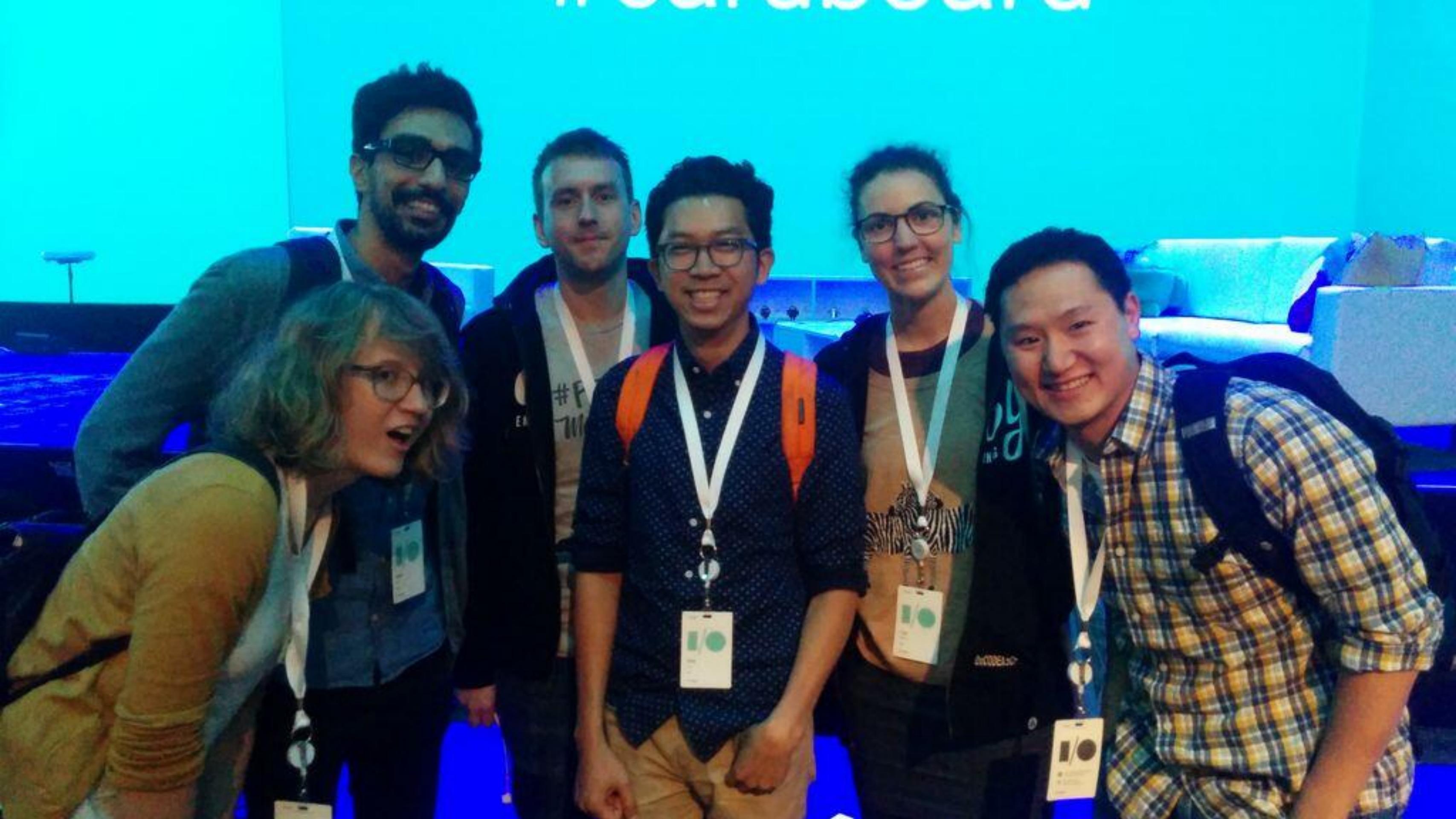
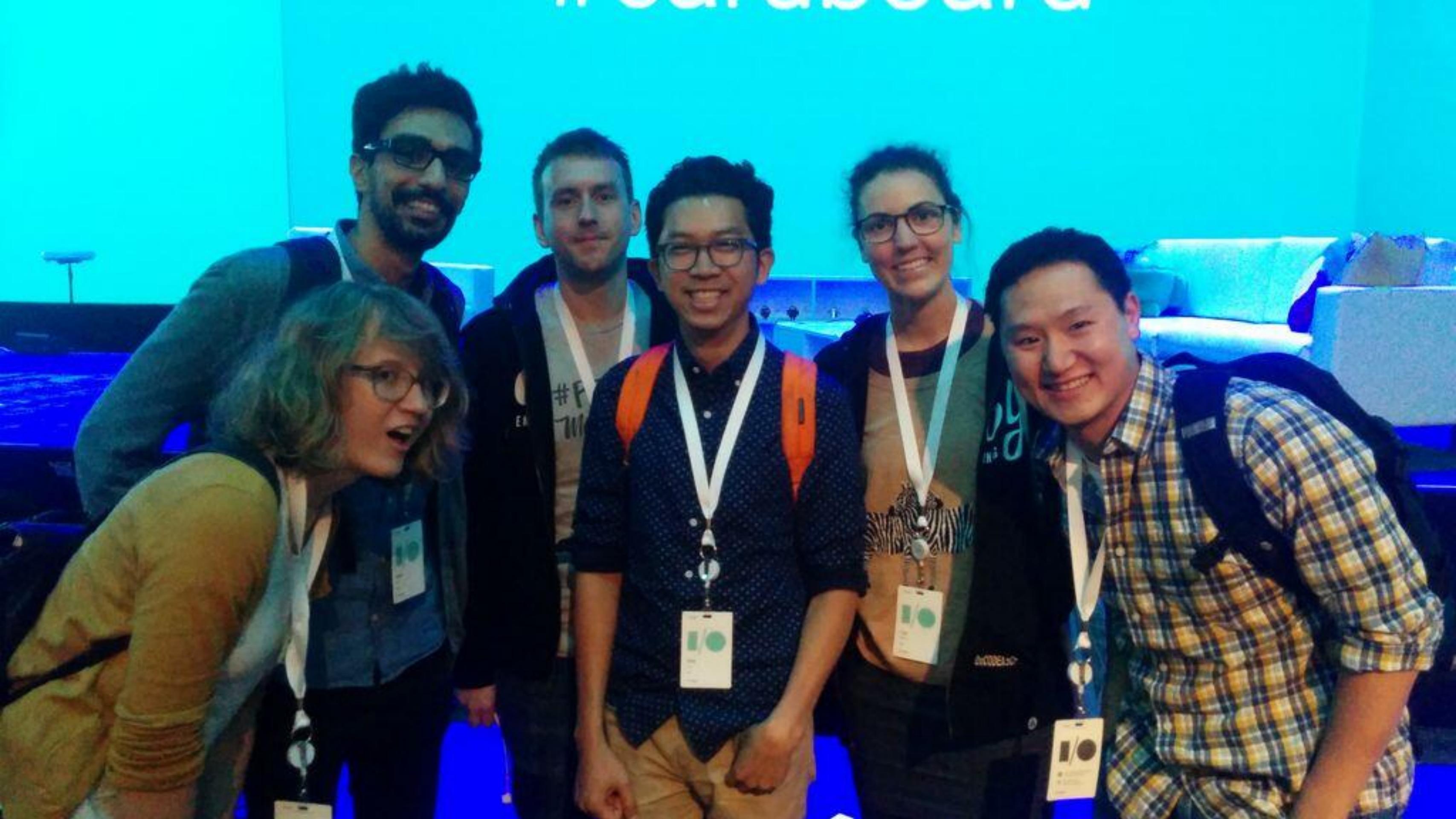


GRADLIN' NUTS AND BOLTS

LISA NEIGUT DROIDCON NYC 21 SEPT 2014



HELLO, I'M LISA
I WORK ON THE ANDROID TEAM AT ETSY



WHY GRADLE?

WHY GRADE?

(C:\Users\Paresh\AndroidStudioProject)

main
javacom.technotalkative.test
MainActivity

res

drawable
Studio_logo.png

drawable-hdpi

drawable-mdpi

drawable-xhdpi

drawable-xxhdpi

layout

menu

values

values-sw600dp

values-sw720dp-land

values-v11

values-v14

AndroidManifest.xml

ic_launcher-web.png

```
<RelativeLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
    xmlns:tools="http://schemas.android.com/tools"
    android:layout_width="match_parent"
    android:layout_height="match_parent"
    android:paddingLeft="@dimen/activity_horizontal_margin"
    android:paddingRight="@dimen/activity_horizontal_margin"
    android:paddingTop="@dimen/activity_vertical_margin"
    android:paddingBottom="@dimen/activity_vertical_margin"
    tools:context=".MainActivity">

    <TextView
        android:layout_width="wrap_content"
        android:layout_height="wrap_content"
        android:text="Hello world!"
        android:id="@+id/textView" />

    <ImageView
        android:layout_width="wrap_content"
        android:layout_height="wrap_content"
        android:id="@+id/imageView"
        android:src="@drawable/Studio_logo"
        android:layout_below="@+id/textView"
        android:layout_alignParentLeft="true" />

</RelativeLayout>
```

Preview

Nexus 4

AppTheme

MainActivity



Nexus One (3.7")



Nex

Galaxy Nexus (4.7")



Nex

NUTS AND BOLTS

- » Groovy
- » Gradle
- » Tasks
- » Build Phases
- » Projects

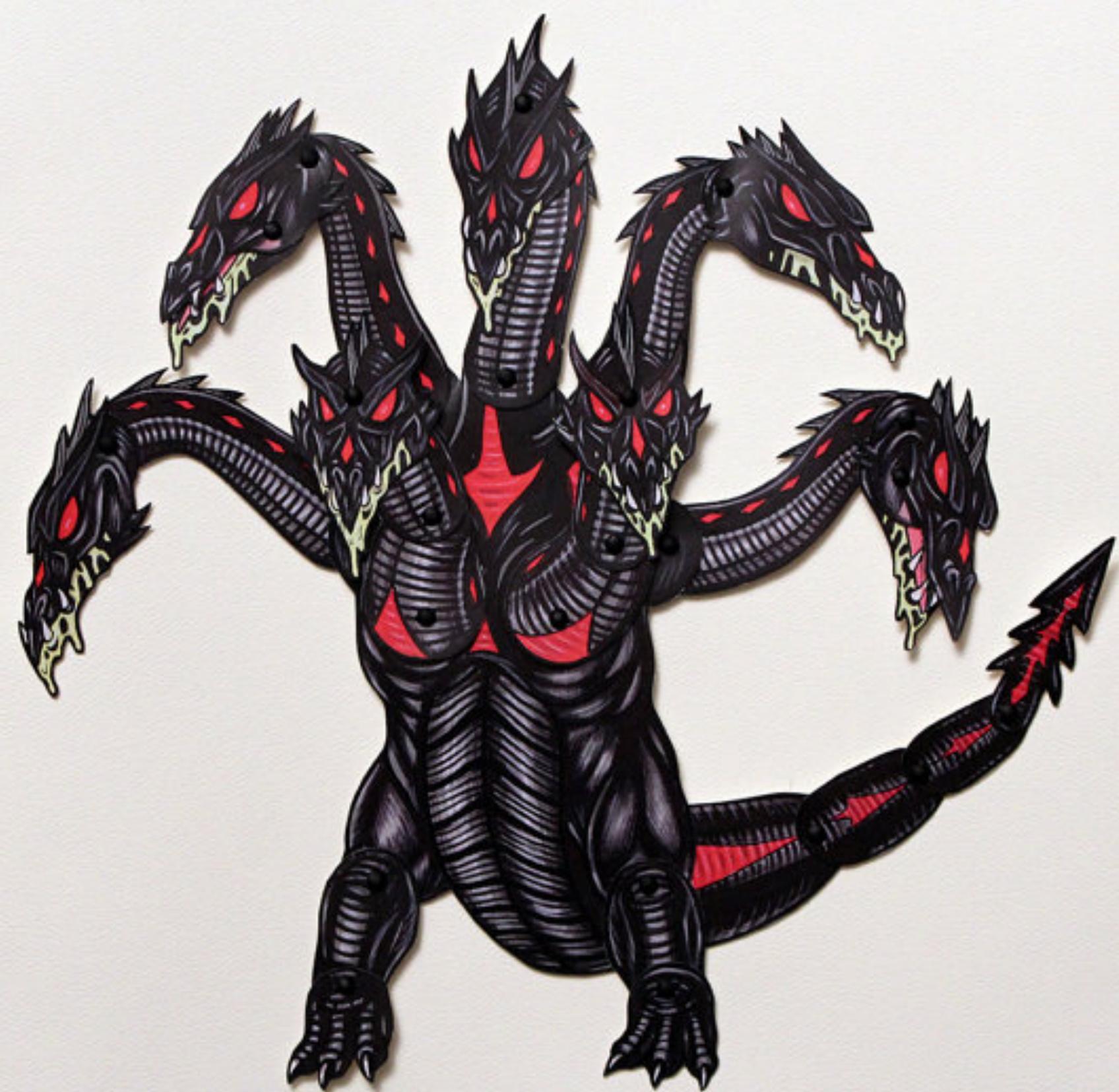
THINGS NOT COVERED IN THIS TALK:

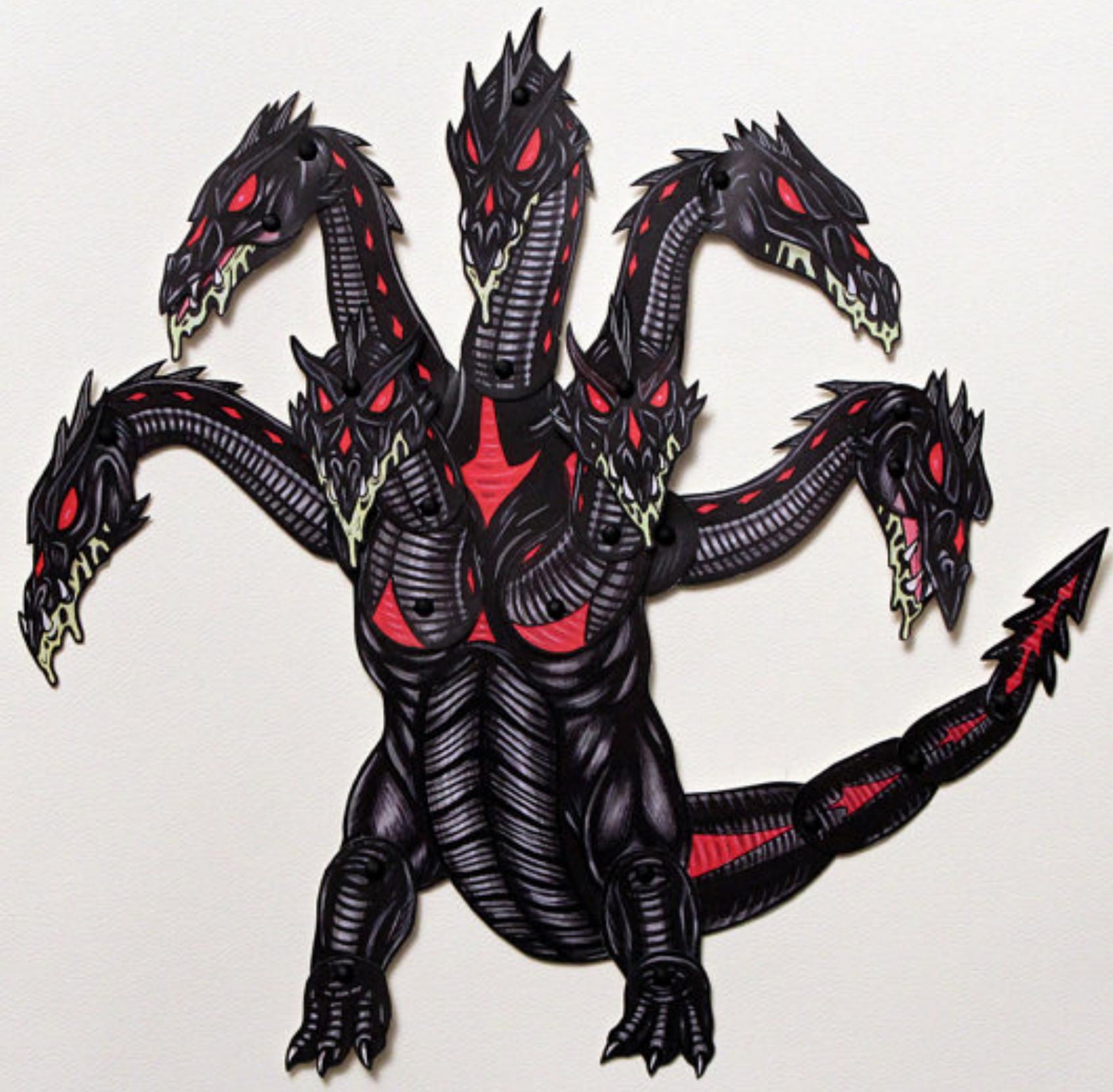
- » Task dependencies
- » Manipulating Files
- » Build Graph Hooks
- » The Android Plugin
- » Multiproject Build Logic
- » Plugins

GROOVY:

A dynamic, static, strongly, duck typed language that is imperative, object-oriented, functional, and scripting.

It runs on the Java Virtual Machine.





ArdentlyCrafted
in United States

GROOVY:

A dynamic, static, strongly, duck typed language that is imperative, object-oriented, functional, and scripting.

It runs on the Java Virtual Machine.

Java:

```
for (String it : new String[] { "Erin", "Jan", "Taylor" }) {  
    if (it.length() >= 4) {  
        System.out.println(it);  
    }  
}
```

Groovy:

```
["Erin", "Jan", "Taylor"].findAll{ it.size() >= 4 }.each{ println it }
```

Groovy:

```
["Erin", "Jan", "Taylor"]
```

Groovy:

```
.findAll{ it.size() >= 4 }
```

Groovy:

```
.each{ println it }
```

Groovy:

```
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Java:

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Groovy:

```
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```

GROOVY

FANCY GROOVY FEATURES

- » Syntax
- » Null Checks
- » Dynamic Typing
- » GStrings
- » Arrays
- » Closures
- » Objects

**LET'S START WITH THE GOOD
PARTS!**

8

9

SYNTAX

Groovy

```
take(coffee).with(sugar, milk).and(liquor)
```

SYNTAX

Groovy

```
take(coffee).with(sugar, milk).and(liquor)
```

```
take coffee with sugar, milk and liquor
```

SYNTAX

Groovy

```
.findAll { it.size() >= 4 }
```

SYNTAX

Groovy

```
.findAll { it.size() >= 4 }
```

```
.findAll{ it.size() >= 4 }
```

NULL CHECKS

Java

```
if (activity != null) {  
    activity.finish();  
}
```

NULL CHECKS

Java

```
if (activity != null) {  
    activity.finish();  
}
```

Groovy

```
activity?.finish()
```

DYNAMIC TYPING

Use the def keyword!

Groovy:

```
def variable
```

DYNAMIC TYPING

Use the def keyword!

Groovy:

```
def variable
```

```
String variable
```

GSTRINGS

Java:

```
int amount = 4563;  
String yourBill = "You owe me " + amount;
```

GSTRINGS

Java:

```
int amount = 4563;  
String yourBill = "You owe me " + amount;  
  
String.format("You owe me %d", amount);
```

GSTRINGS

Java:

```
String.format("On %s the %s of %s %s paid $%d to %s",  
    dayOfWeek, day, month, payee, amountPaid, richMan);
```

GSTRINGS

Groovy :

```
def amount = 4563
def yourBill = "You owe me $amount"
```

GSTRINGS

Groovy :

```
def amount = 4563
```

```
def yourBill = "You owe me $amount"
```

```
def fancyAmount = [4,5,6,3]
```

```
def yourBill = "You owe me ${ fancyAmount.join() }"
```

GSTRINGS

Groovy :

```
def amount = 4563
def yourBill = "You owe me $amount"

def fancyAmount = [4,5,6,3]
def yourBill = "You owe me ${ fancyAmount.join() }"

def yourBill = "You owe me \${ fancyAmount.join() }"
```

GSTRINGS

Groovy :

```
String string =  
    “On $dayOfWeek the $day of $month” +  
    “ $payee paid \$amountPaid to $richMan”
```

ARRAYS

Groovy:

```
[ "Erin", "Jan", "Taylor" ]
```

ARRAYS

```
["Erin", "Jan", "Taylor"].size()
```

```
["Erin", "Jan", "Taylor"].get(1)
```

```
["Erin", "Jan", "Taylor"][1]
```

ARRAYS

```
["Erin", "Jan", "Taylor"].size()  
["Erin", "Jan", "Taylor"].get(1)  
["Erin", "Jan", "Taylor"][1]
```

```
for (String string : [ "Erin", "Jan", "Taylor" ]) { println string.length() }
```

ARRAYS

```
["Erin", "Jan", "Taylor"].size()  
["Erin", "Jan", "Taylor"].get(1)  
["Erin", "Jan", "Taylor"][1]
```

```
for (String string : [ "Erin", "Jan", "Taylor" ]) { println string.length() }  
["Erin", "Jan", "Taylor"].each { println it.length() }
```

CLOSURES

CLOSURES

Java:

```
int[] ints = new int[] { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9};  
int[] odds = new OddFinder().findOdds(ints);
```

CLOSURES

Groovy:

```
list = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9]
```

```
def odds = list.findAll { it % 2 }
```

```
assert odds == [1, 3, 5, 7, 9]
```

CLOSURES

Groovy:

```
{ it % 2 }
```

CLOSURES

Groovy:

\\" Abbreviated with it

```
{ it % 2 }
```

\\" Long form

```
{ number -> number % 2 }
```

CLOSURES

Let's run this!

GROOVY OBJECTS

Groovy :

```
class AGroovyObject {  
    String color  
}  
  
def myGroovyObject = new AGroovyObject()  
  
myGroovyObject.setColor('blue')  
assert myGroovyObject.getColor() == 'blue'  
  
myGroovyObject.color = 'fuschia'  
assert myGroovyObject.color == 'fuschia'
```

GROOVY OBJECTS

Groovy :

Let's make a dynamic properties object!

AIN'T IT GROOVY?

- » Syntax
- » Null Checks
- » Dynamic Typing
- » GStrings
- » Arrays
- » Closures
- » Objects



GRADLE:

Gradle is a project automation tool that builds upon the concepts of Apache Ant and Apache Maven and introduces a Groovy-based domain-specific language (DSL) instead of the more traditional XML form of declaring the project configuration.

GRADLE:

Java builds without XML.

STRUCTURE OF A GRADLE PROJECT

» build.gradle

» build.gradle

» settings.gradle

» build.gradle

» settings.gradle

» gradle.properties

GRADLE.PROPERTIES

```
org.gradle.daemon=true
org.gradle.java.home
# org.gradle.jvmargs
org.gradle.parallel
org.gradle.configureondemand
```

GRADLE CORE COMPONENTS

- » Tasks
- » Build Phases
- » Projects

TASKS

The task is the core building block of a build action.

The task is the core building block of a build action.

» Build an Android Project

```
$ ./gradlew assemble
```

The task is the core building block of a build action.

» Build an Android Project

```
$ ./gradlew assemble
```

» Show me all the Tasks in a project

```
$ ./gradlew tasks
```

```
:tasks
```

```
All tasks runnable from root project
```

```
Android tasks
```

```
androidDependencies - Displays the Android dependencies of the project  
signingReport - Displays the signing info for each variant
```

```
Build tasks
```

```
assemble - Assembles all variants of all applications and secondary packages.  
assembleDebug - Assembles all Debug builds  
assembleDebugTest - Assembles the Test build for the Debug build  
assembleRelease - Assembles all Release builds  
build - Assembles and tests this project.
```

```
...
```

Groovy / Gradle:

```
task hello {  
    doLast {  
        println "Hello DroidConNYC!"  
    }  
}
```

Groovy / Gradle:

```
task hello {  
    doLast {  
        println "Hello DroidConNYC!"  
    }  
}
```

Run:

```
$ ./gradlew hello
```

And we get...

```
♠ ./gradlew hello
```

```
:app:hello
```

```
Hello DroidConNYC!
```

BUILD SUCCESSFUL

Total time: **11.075** secs

Gradle:

```
♠ ./gradlew brokenHello
```

```
Hello -- Too Soon!!
```

```
:app:brokenHello UP-TO-DATE
```

```
BUILD SUCCESSFUL
```

```
Total time: 10.184 secs
```

BUILD PHASES

» Initialization

» Initialization

» Configuration

» Initialization

» Configuration*

gradle.properties

org.gradle.configureondemand=true

- » Initialization
- » Configuration
- » Resolves Dependency Graph

- » Initialization
- » Configuration
 - » Resolves Dependency Graph
 - » Task Execution Plan

- » Initialization
- » Configuration
 - » Resolves Dependency Graph
 - » Task Execution Plan
- » Execution

♠ ./gradlew hello

> Configuring > 2/2 projects

:app:newHello

Hello Again!

BUILD SUCCESSFUL

Groovy:

```
task hello2 << {
    println "Hello Again!"
}
```

```
task brokenHello {
    println "Hello -- Too Soon! !"
}
```

CLOSURE MAGIC!



TASK ACTIONS

- » Tasks are just a set of “actions”, which are closures

TASK ACTIONS

- » Tasks are just a set of “actions”, which are closures
- » Three ways to add an Action (closure) to a task:
 - » doFirst {}
 - » doLast {}
 - » leftShift {} / <<

DEBUGGING TASKS

```
./gradlew <command> --stacktrace --debug --info
```

THE PROJECT

PROJECT COMPONENTS

- » Tasks
- » Dependencies
- » Configurations
- » Properties
- » Plugins

PROJECT COMPONENTS

- » Tasks
- » Dependencies
- » Configurations
- » Properties
- » Plugins*

DEPENDENCIES

```
dependencies {  
    compile 'commons-lang:commons-lang:2.6'  
    testCompile 'org.mockito:mockito:1.9.0-rc1'  
    compile 'com.actionbarsherlock:actionbarsherlock:4.4.0@aar'  
  
    compile files('hibernate.jar', 'libs/spring.jar')  
  
    compile fileTree('libs')  
    compile project(:app2)  
}
```

CONFIGURATIONS

- » Groups of dependencies
- » Can extend each other

PROPERTIES

Groovy :

```
class ExpandoClass {  
  
    def propertyMissing(String name) {  
        println "Missing property $name"  
    }  
  
    def backingMap = [:]  
  
    Object getProperty( String property ) {  
        if( backingMap[ property ] == null ) {  
            propertyMissing( property )  
        }  
        else {  
            backingMap[ property ]  
        }  
    }  
  
    void setProperty( String property, Object value ) {  
        backingMap[ property ] = value  
    }  
}
```

PROPERTIES

```
project.ext.prop1 = "foo"  
task doStuff {  
    ext.prop2 = "bar"  
}
```

PROPERTIES

```
project.ext.prop1 = "foo"  
task doStuff {  
    ext.prop2 = "bar"  
}  
  
if (project.hasProperty['prop1']) {  
    // Do something  
}
```

PROPERTIES

```
./gradlew :app:properties
```

PROPERTIES

```
/**  
 * Adds release signing properties to build if  
 * proper properties are present  
 */  
if (project.hasProperty('alias') && project.hasProperty('keystore') &&  
    project.hasProperty('keyPassword')  
    && project.hasProperty('storePassword')) {  
    project.android.signingConfigs.release.storeFile project.file(project.keystore)  
    project.android.signingConfigs.release.keyAlias project.alias  
    project.android.signingConfigs.release.storePassword = project.storePassword  
    project.android.signingConfigs.release.keyPassword = project.keyPassword  
} else {  
    project.android.buildTypes.release.signingConfig = null  
}
```

PROPERTIES

```
$ ./gradlew assembleRelease \
-Palias=ALIAS \
-Pkeystore=file.keystore \
-PkeyPassword=PASSWORD
```

NUTS AND BOLTS

- » Groovy
- » Gradle
- » Tasks
- » Build Phases
- » Projects

FURTHER READING:

- » Gradle Beyond the Basics
<http://chimera.labs.oreilly.com/books/1234000001741/ch01.html>
- » Extensive Gradle API documentation at gradle.org
- » Gradle Plugin User Guide - Android Tools Project Site
<http://tools.android.com/tech-docs/new-build-system/user-guide>



DROIDCON LONDON

OCTOBER 31

GRADLIN': PLUGGING IT IN FOR BUILD SUCCESS

GRADLIN' NUTS AND BOLTS

LISA NEIGUT DROIDCON NYC SEPT 21