

計網概Lab1_0816080 許舒茵

- Describe each step and how to run your program

1. 安裝MobaXterm及Wireshark
2. 打開SSH，輸入ip位址:140.113.195.69 建立環境
3. 下載github上的範例檔案，試跑topo.py (run: **sudo python topo.py**)
4. 照著圖修改topo_TCP.py及topo_UDP.py，用iperf指令創建各host之間的flow，並運行py檔 (run: **sudo python topo_TCP.py sudo python topo_UDP.py**)
5. 到out資料夾下載.pcap後用Wireshark檢查有沒有成功
6. 參考parser.py的指令寫computeRate.py，讀檔進computeRate.py後計算 (run: **sudo python computeRate.py ../out/TCP_h3.pcap ../out/TCP_h4.pcap ../out/UDP_h3.pcap ../out/UDP_h4.pcap**)
7. 用Wireshark開始.pcap檢查答案

- Describe your observations from the results in this lab

TCP傳輸時是雙向傳輸，UDP則是單向

Destination	Protocol	Length	Info
10.0.0.4	TCP	2962	56030 → 7777 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=229
10.0.0.2	TCP	66	7777 → 56030 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=2897 Win=8
10.0.0.4	TCP	2962	56030 → 7777 [PSH, ACK] Seq=2897 Ack=1
10.0.0.2	TCP	66	7777 → 56030 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=5793 Win=9
10.0.0.4	TCP	2962	56030 → 7777 [ACK] Seq=5793 Ack=1 Win=2
10.0.0.2	TCP	66	7777 → 56030 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=8689 Win=9
10.0.0.4	TCP	2962	56030 → 7777 [ACK] Seq=8689 Ack=1 Win=2
10.0.0.2	TCP	66	7777 → 56030 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=11585 Win=
10.0.0.4	TCP	2962	56030 → 7777 [ACK] Seq=11585 Ack=1 Win=
10.0.0.2	TCP	66	7777 → 56030 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=14481 Win=

Source	Destination	Protocol	Length	Info
10.0.0.2	10.0.0.4	UDP	1512	51905 → 7777 Len=1470
10.0.0.2	10.0.0.4	UDP	1512	51905 → 7777 Len=1470
10.0.0.2	10.0.0.4	UDP	1512	51905 → 7777 Len=1470
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10.0.0.2	10.0.0.4	UDP	1512	51905 → 7777 Len=1470
10.0.0.2	10.0.0.4	UDP	1512	51905 → 7777 Len=1470

- What does each iPerf command you used mean?

```
h3.cmd("tcpdump -w ../out/TCP_h3.pcap &")
# Create flow via iperf
print("create flow via iperf")
# TCP flow
h3.cmd("iperf -s -i 1 -t 5 -p 7777 > ../out/TCP_s_h3_1.txt &")
h1.cmd("iperf -c " + str(h3.IP()) + " -i 1 -t 5 -p 7777 > ../out/TCP_c_h1_1.txt &")
```

- w 指定TCP窗口大小，預設8KB
- s host以server模式啟動
- c host以client模式啟動，host是server端地址
- t 測試時間，預設10秒
- p 指定服務器端使用的端口或是客戶端所連接的端口 (此處為7777)
- ../out/TCP_s_h3_1.txt 把command輸出寫進txt檔中

```
h3.cmd("iperf -s -u -i 1 -t 5 -p 7777 > ../out/UDP_s_h3_1.txt &")
```

```
h1.cmd("iperf -c " + str(h3.IP()) + " -u -i 1 -t 5 -p 7777 > ../out/UDP_c_h1_1.txt &")
```

-i sec以秒為單位顯示報告間隔

-u 使用UDP協議

• What is your command to filter each flow in Wireshark?

TCP_h3.pcap:

tcp.port==7777

tcp.port==8888

TCP_h4.pcap:

tcp.port==7777

UDP_h3.pcap:

udp.port==7777

udp.port==8888

UDP_h4.pcap:

udp.port==7777

• Show the results of computeRate.py and statistics of Wireshark

Result of computeRate.py:

```
--- TCP ---
('Flow1(h1->h3):', 0.69941092860446, 'Mdps')
('Flow2(h1->h3):', 0.5814209236220418, 'Mdps')
('Flow3(h2->h4):', 0.733584373265731, 'Mdps')
--- UDP ---
('Flow1(h1->h3):', 0.6561931416854624, 'Mdps')
('Flow2(h1->h3):', 0.6541105114184229, 'Mdps')
('Flow3(h2->h4):', 0.7068410327833352, 'Mdps')
```

statistics of Wireshark:

TCP_h3.pcap

tcp.port==7777

<u>Measurement</u>	<u>Captured</u>	<u>Displayed</u>	<u>Marked</u>
Packets	230	118 (51.3%)	—
Time span, s	2.025	1.994	—
Average pps	113.6	59.2	—
Average packet size, B	1408	1502	—
Bytes	323856	177216 (54.7%)	0
Average bytes/s	159 k	88 k	—
Average bits/s	1279 k	710 k	—

TCP_h3.pcap

tcp.port==8888

<u>Measurement</u>	<u>Captured</u>	<u>Displayed</u>	<u>Marked</u>
Packets	230	98 (42.6%)	—
Time span, s	2.025	1.958	—
Average pps	113.6	50.0	—
Average packet size, B	1408	1484	—
Bytes	323856	145476 (44.9%)	0
Average bytes/s	159 k	74 k	—
Average bits/s	1279 k	594 k	—

TCP_h4.pcap

tcp.port==7777

<u>Measurement</u>	<u>Captured</u>	<u>Displayed</u>	<u>Marked</u>
Packets	139	125 (89.9%)	—
Time span, s	1.988	1.988	—
Average pps	69.9	62.9	—
Average packet size, B	1349	1491	—
Bytes	187518	186354 (99.4%)	0
Average bytes/s	94 k	93 k	—
Average bits/s	754 k	749 k	—

UDP_h3.pcap

udp.port==7777

<u>Measurement</u>	<u>Captured</u>	<u>Displayed</u>	<u>Marked</u>
Packets	230	109 (47.4%)	—
Time span, s	2.009	2.009	—
Average pps	114.5	54.2	—
Average packet size, B	1431	1512	—
Bytes	329186	164808 (50.1%)	0
Average bytes/s	163 k	82 k	—
Average bits/s	1310 k	656 k	—

UDP_h3.pcap

udp.port==8888

<u>Measurement</u>	<u>Captured</u>	<u>Displayed</u>	<u>Marked</u>
Packets	230	108 (47.0%)	—
Time span, s	2.009	1.997	—
Average pps	114.5	54.1	—
Average packet size, B	1431	1512	—
Bytes	329186	163296 (49.6%)	0
Average bytes/s	163 k	81 k	—
Average bits/s	1310 k	654 k	—

UDP_h4.pcap

udp.port==7777

<u>Measurement</u>	<u>Captured</u>	<u>Displayed</u>	<u>Marked</u>
Packets	129	116 (89.9%)	—
Time span, s	1.985	1.985	—
Average pps	65.0	58.4	—
Average packet size, B	1368	1512	—
Bytes	176474	175392 (99.4%)	0
Average bytes/s	88 k	88 k	—
Average bits/s	711 k	706 k	—

• What you have learned from this lab?

- 1.更熟悉Github pull push的用法
- 2.學到新工具MobaXterm及Wireshark，自己建立模擬的環境
- 3.學習iperf指令的寫法，建立模擬的host跟flow並用Wireshark debug
- 4.學會Linux指令和在Mininet運作python，還有parser裡提供的指令
- 5.更清楚TCP跟UDP的差別
- 6.了解關於封包傳送時間跟大小的關係(ex:取time跟size要如何取)
- 7.了解封包走不同路徑的狀況
- 8.知道Mdps怎麼換算
- 9.用Wireshark分析.pcap，了解封包傳送的狀況，並利用filter把不同flow的封包分開

• What difficulty you have met in this lab?

- 1.剛接觸新工具有點難上手，先上網查了各個操作
- 2.iperf指令不熟悉，剛開始寫topo.py時卡很久
- 3.不知道h1 h3的兩條flow必須寫不一樣的port，導致後面出錯

- 4.寫topo_TCP跟topo_UDP的時候多寫了一條 `h4.cmd("tcpdump -w ../out/TCP_h4.pcap &")` 導致TCP_h4.pcap被新的空檔案覆蓋，後面跑computeRate.py的時候flow也會是空的
- 5.剛開始想跑computeRate.py的時候不知道後面要寫檔案位址讓他讀檔，一直出現sys.argv[1]out of range的錯誤，本來以為是溢位後來才查到是沒有讀檔案
- 6.算rate時數據一直不太對，修改了一下算式的寫法誤差才變小
- 7.在parser裡學了會用到的指令，唯獨不知道要怎麼抓time，問很久才找到
- 8.剛用Wireshark檢查數據時沒有把port分清楚，以為是computeRate出錯，其實就算只有一個flow也要用filter過濾一下