

Co-activity networks reveal the structure of planktonic symbiosis in the global ocean

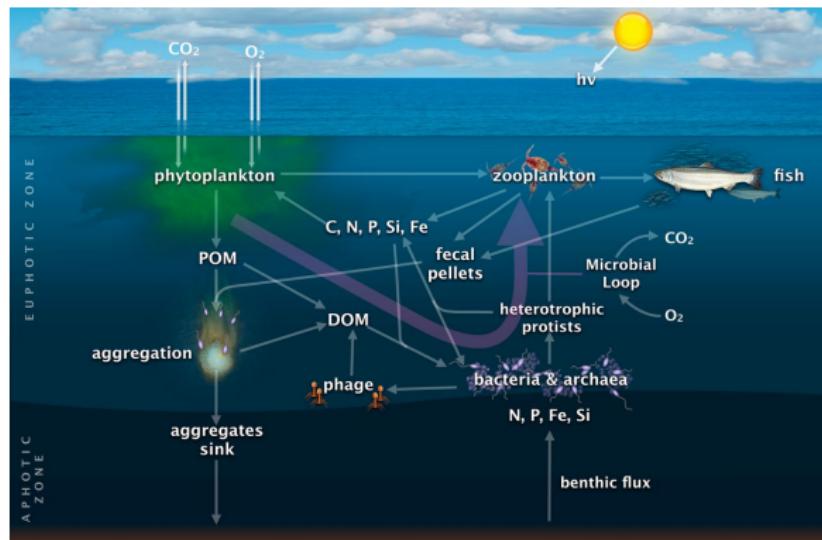
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Computational Biology team (COMBI)
Laboratoire des Sciences du Numérique de Nantes (LS2N, UMR 6004)

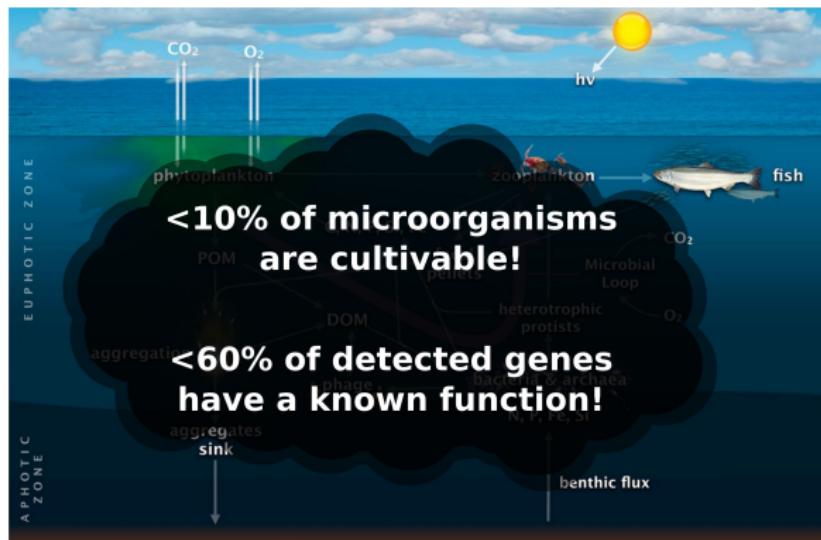
GDR-GE'19
October, 8-10th 2019 (La Rochelle)



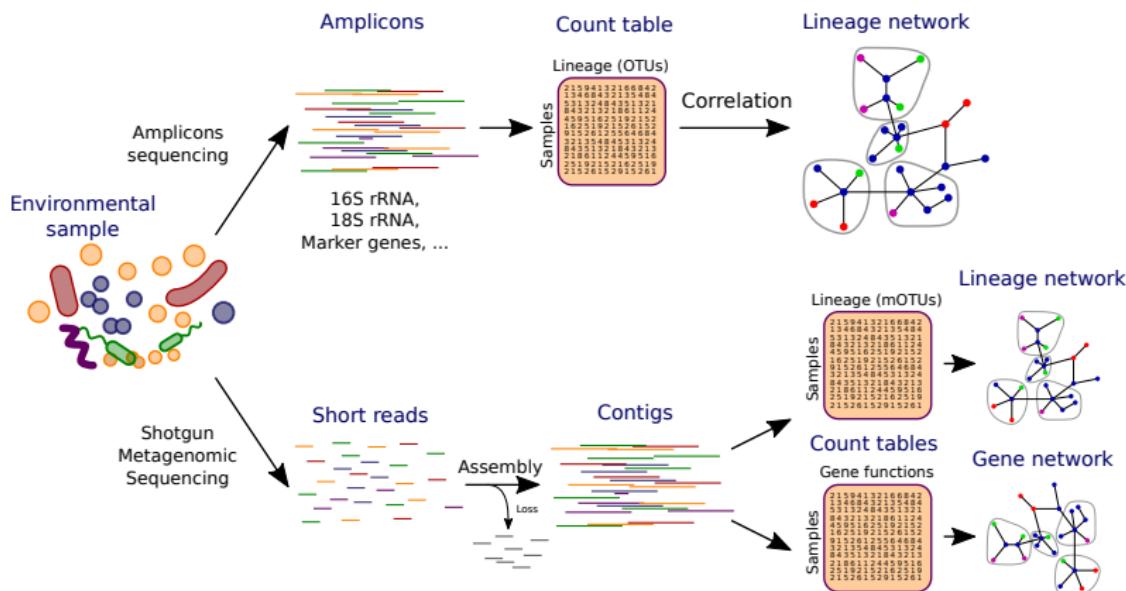
MARINE MICROBIAL COMMUNITIES PLAY CRUCIAL ECOLOGICAL ROLES



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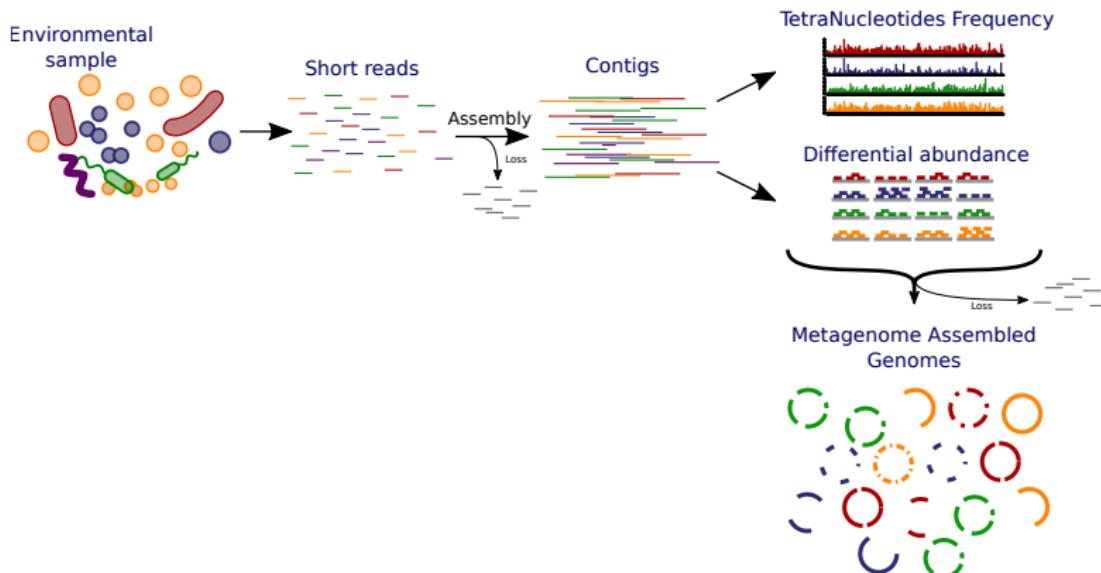


CULTURE-INDEPENDENT ENVIRONMENTAL GENOMICS

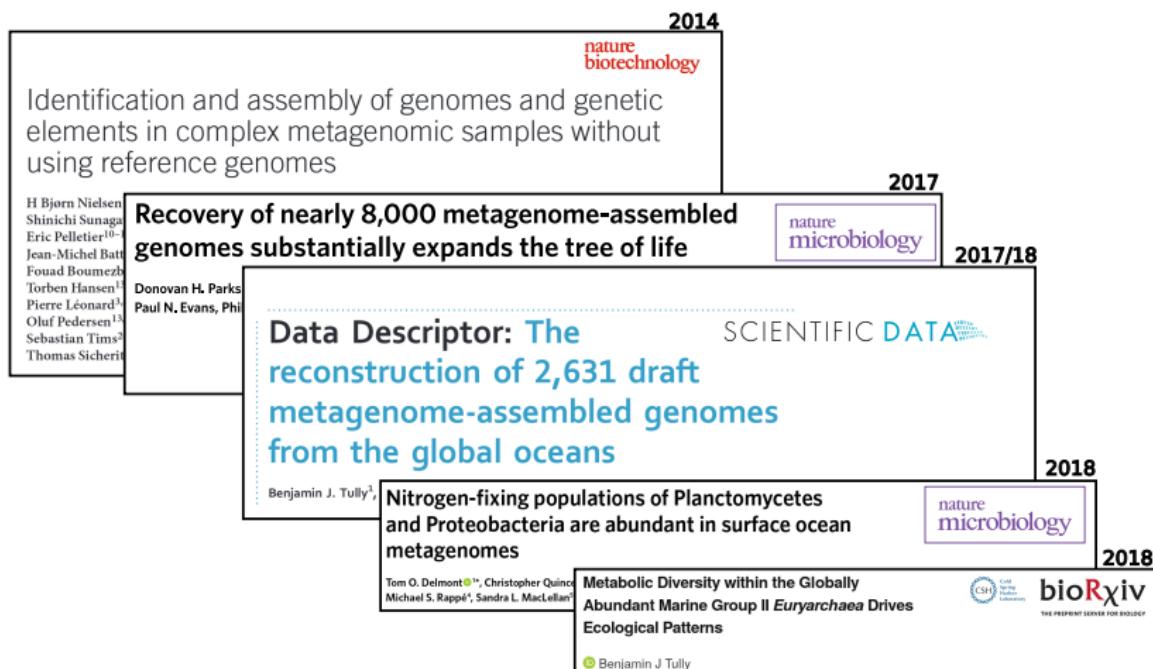


No link between taxonomy and functions?

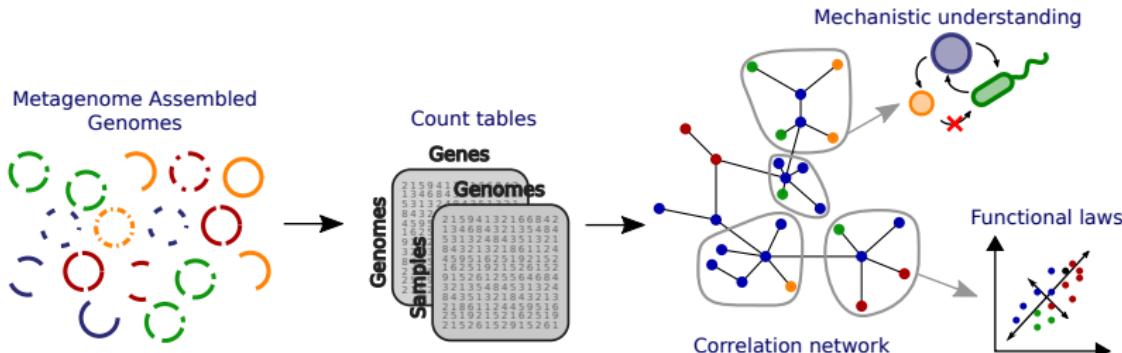
HIGH QUALITY GENOMES CAN BE ASSEMBLED FROM METAGENOMES



LITERATURE IS FILLING WITH NEW METAGENOME ASSEMBLED GENOMES (MAGs)



We want to predict, characterize, and **explain** the community structure of non-cultivable marine microorganisms.



- How to make an association network of MAGs?
- How to use this network to explain the associations and predict interactions?

DATASETS

CULTIVATED AND NON-CULTIVATED GENOMES

Source	Nb.	After derepl.*	Samples	Techniques
MarRef	943	602		
MarDB	12963	4445		
Aquatic Progenomes	566	265		
Parks et al 2017	1765	576	Tara (all size fractions), others	SA+Metabat (no DC)
Tully et al 2017/18	2597	1298	Tara (all depth/size fractions)	SA+Merging+Metabat
Delmont et al 2018	957	472	Tara (SUR+DCM, prok. only)	CA+CONCOCT/Anvio
Total	19791	7658		

*Dereplication: 95% ANI over $\geq 60\%$ of the genome (tool: dRep)

METAGENOMES

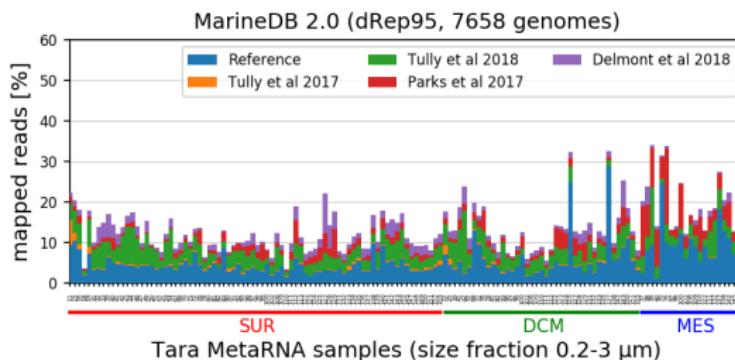
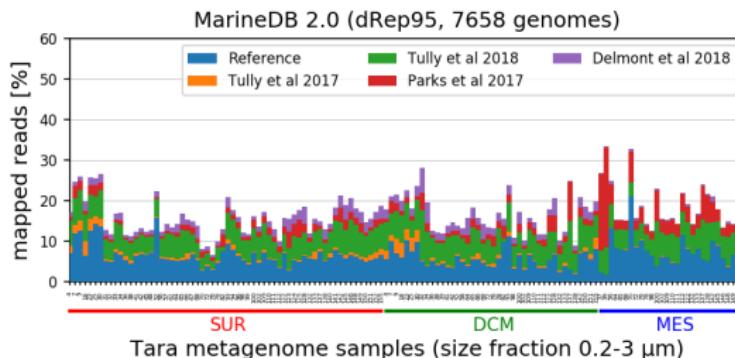


Tara expeditions dataset (2009-2013)

- 3 depth (SUR, DCM, MES)
- Size-filtered samples (0.2-3 μm)
- MetaDNA (N=171) and RNA* (N=179)

*ribo-depleted MetaRNA (ribosomal RNA chemically removed)

COVERAGE ACROSS TARA SAMPLES



MetaDNA

Total: 16.6%

SUR: 15.8%

DCM: 16.5%

MES: 18.5%

MetaRNA

Total: 13.5%

SUR: 11.8%

DCM: 13.5%

MES: 19.7%

CO-ACTIVITY NETWORK

NORMALIZATION

- Shotgun Meta*omic Data are **compositional**
 - For a sample x with D features (= read count on genome i):

$$x = [x_1, \dots, x_D] ; \sum x = c$$

- Center Log-Ratio (CLR)

$$clr(x) = \left[\log\left(\frac{x_1}{G(x)}\right), \dots, \log\left(\frac{x_D}{G(x)}\right) \right]$$

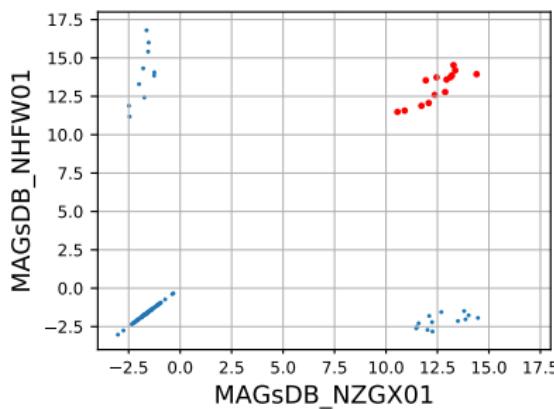
$$\text{with } G(x) = \sqrt[D]{x_1 \cdot \dots \cdot x_D}$$

- Problem with zeros → pseudocount

CO-ACTIVITY NETWORK

CORRELATION

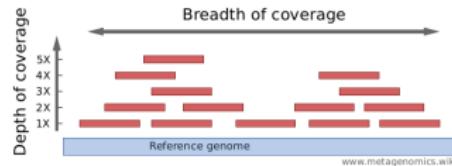
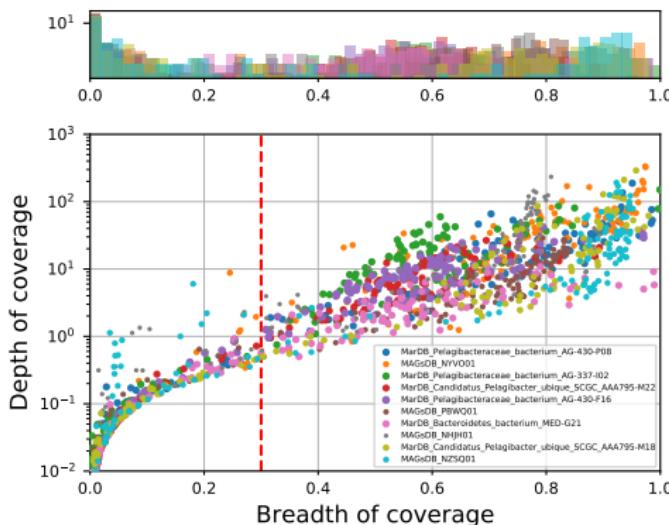
- Spearman correlation on '**co-occurring**' datapoints only
 - Constraint: co-occurrence in at least 10% of samples (N=11)



- Benjamini-Hochberg FDR correction ($FDR \leq 0.01$)

CO-ACTIVITY NETWORK

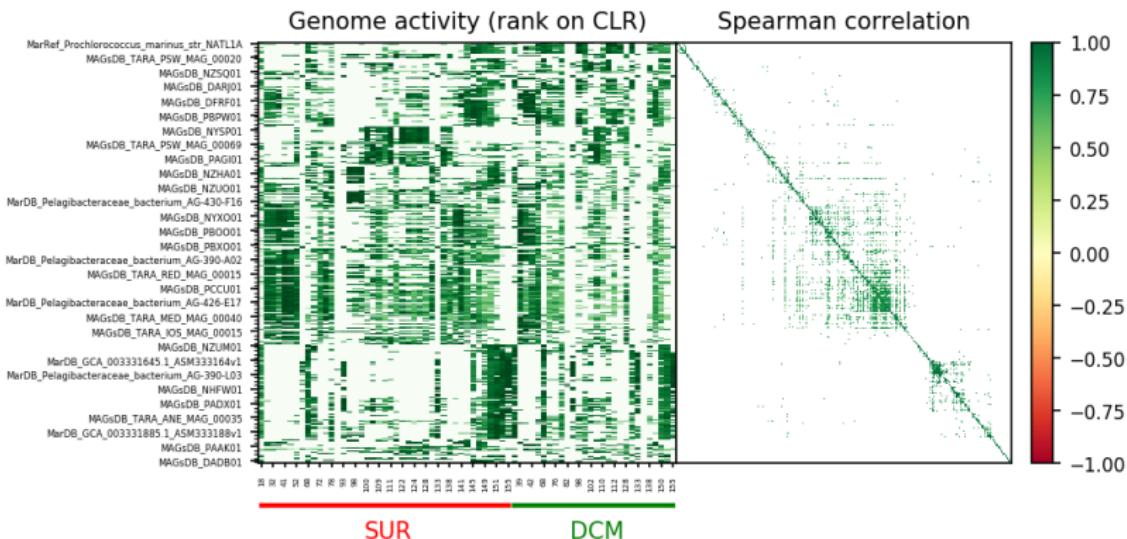
HOW TO DEFINE OCCURENCE OF A GENOME?



- 30% threshold on coverage breadth (horizontal coverage)

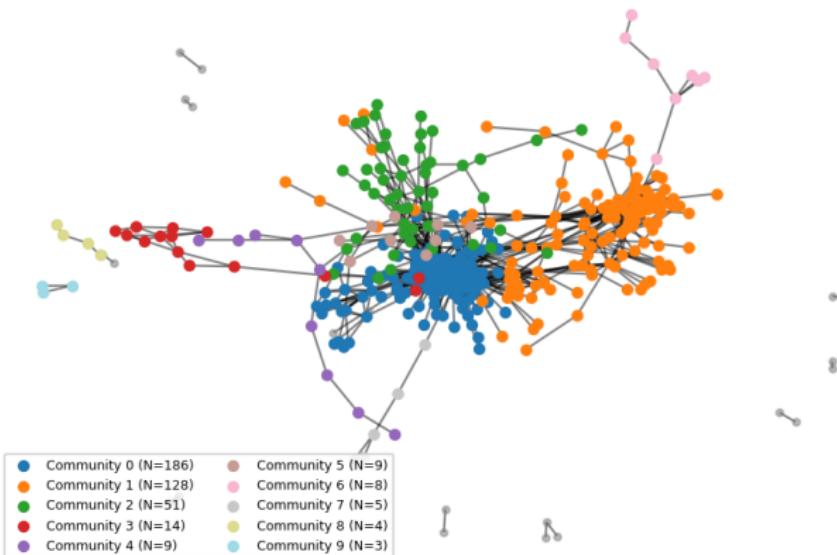
CO-ACTIVITY NETWORK

RESULTS



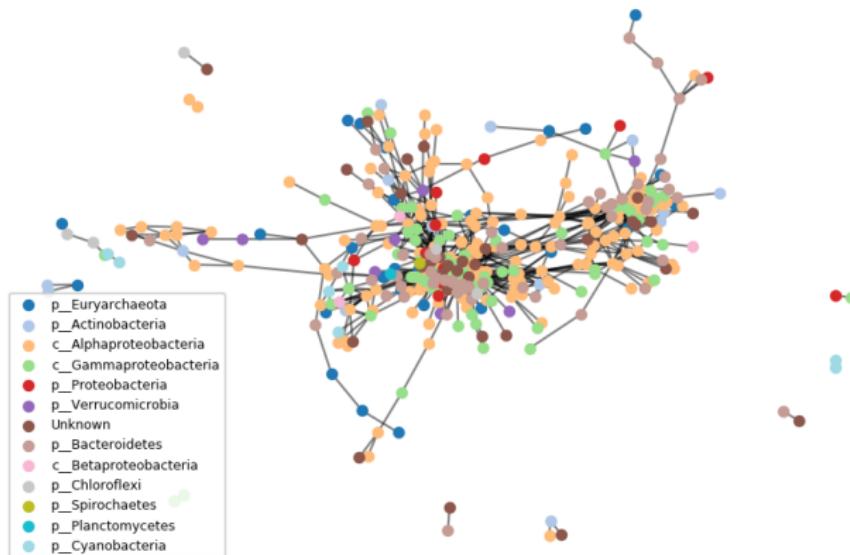
438 genomes with at least 1 significant correlation.

COMMUNITIES OF CO-ACTIVE MAGS



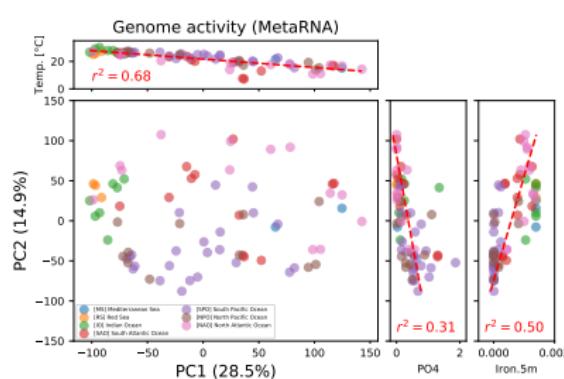
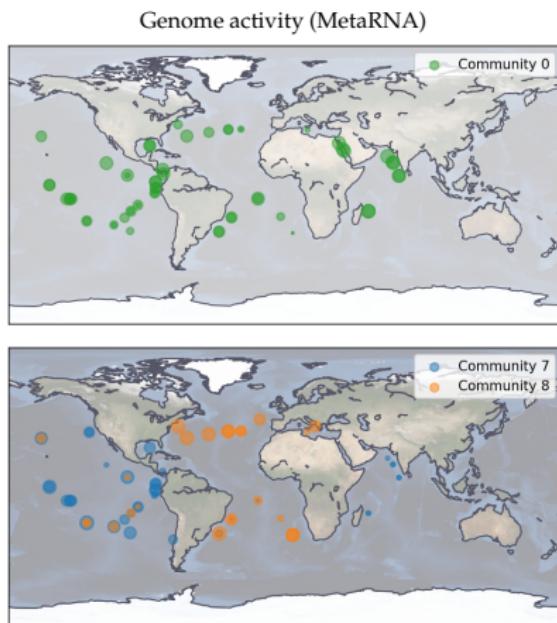
Clauset-Newman-Moore greedy modularity

COMMUNITIES OF CO-ACTIVE MAGS



Taxonomy assortativity: 0.039

LINKING COMMUNITIES TO ENVIRONMENTAL PARAMETERS

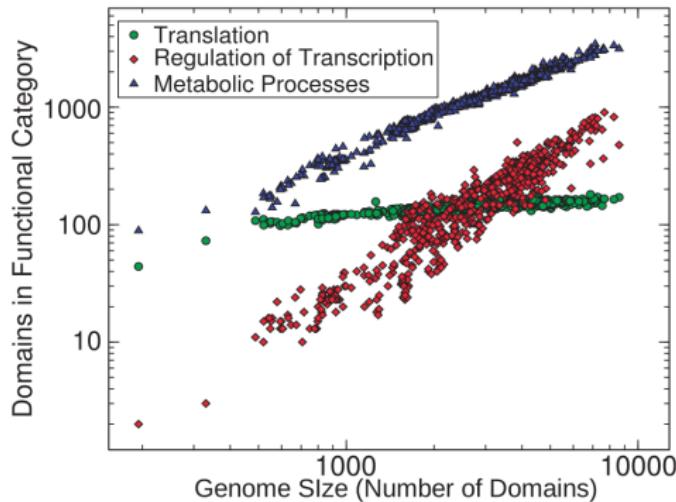


- Global/local communities
- Communities structured by environment

In progress...

MAGS VERSUS LAB-CULTIVATED GENOMES?

LAB-CULTIVATED GENOMES FOLLOW SCALING LAWS



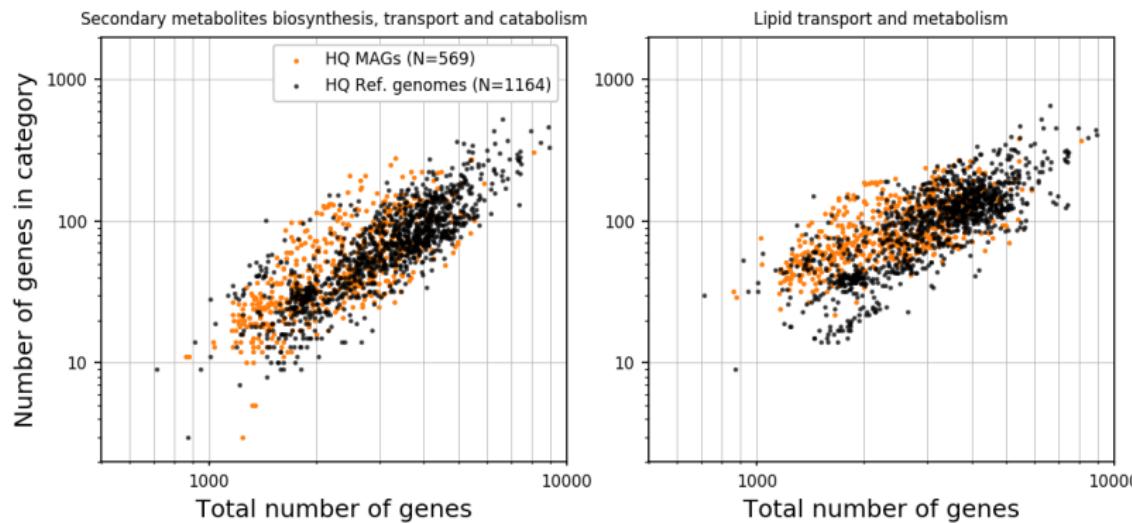
Functional scaling laws:

$$n_c \propto n_{tot}^{\alpha_c}$$

Annotation of MAGs
with Prodigal + EggNOG

MAGS VERSUS LAB-CULTIVATED GENOMES?

SCALING LAWS ON HIGH QUALITY MAGS



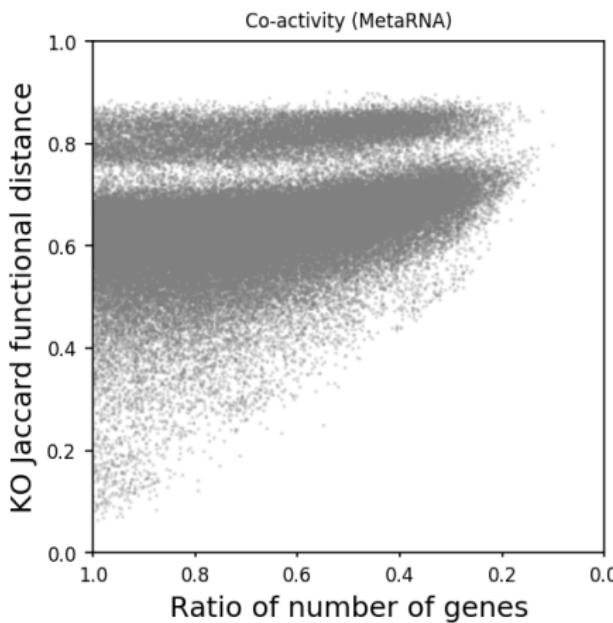
Cross-feeding widespread in non-cultivable organisms?

COMBINING FUNCTIONAL DISTANCE AND CO-ACTIVITY NETWORK

Jaccard distance:

Genome 1 [1, 1, 0, ..., 1, 1, 1]
Genome 2 [1, 0, 0, ..., 1, 0, 0]

K00001 K00002 K00003 K20112 K20113 K20114



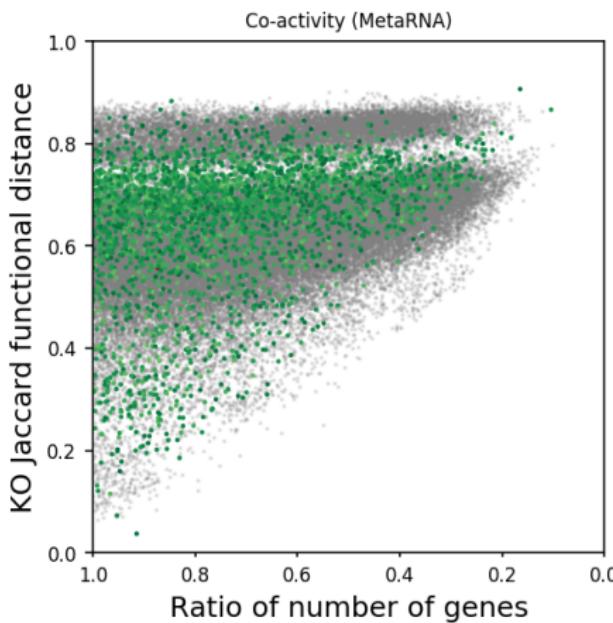
Most predicted interactions are between functionally distant organisms!

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WRAPPING UP

- Marine microbial diversity is largely unknown...
- ... but "environmental" genomes can be predicted...
- ... and putative communities can be inferred from co-trait networks (e.g. transcriptomic activity)

Perspective

- Co(community)-metabolic modeling to infer interactions (secondary metabolites cross-feeding)
- Analysis of larger size fractions (aggregates) and interactions with Eukaryotes?
- Co-replication network based on differential coverage (Korem et al, Science 2015)

THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION

Collaborators

- Samuel Chaffron
- Benjamin Churceward
- Damien Eveillard
- Marko Budinich Abarca
- Tara Oceans consortium



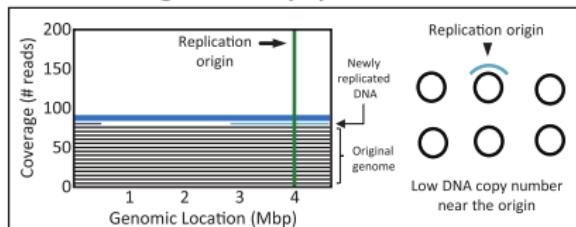
Funding

UNIVERSITE
BRETAGNE
LOIRE

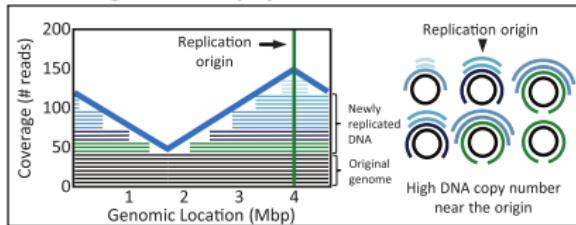


WHAT ABOUT CO-GROWTH? (REPLICATION)

Non-dividing bacterial population



Growing bacterial population



$$\frac{\text{Ori}_{\text{cov}}}{\text{Ter}_{\text{cov}}} \geqslant 1$$

A growing interest...

- Korem et al, Science 2015
- Brown et al, Nature Biotechnology 2016
- Emiola et al, Nature Communications 2018
- Gao et Li, Nature Methods 2018

PIPELINE OUTLINE

- Workflow management system: Snakemake
- Download and group genomes
- CheckM (taxonomy, completeness, contamination)
- Prodigal + eggNOG mapper (CDS prediction and annotation)
- dRep 95%
- Bowtie2 (mapping of MetaDNA and MetaRNA Tara samples)
- Pysam (read filtering MAPQ ≥ 20 , Identity $\geq 95\%$)
- Pysam (coverage estimation on whole genomes and annotated CDS)
- Data analysis on Jupyter Lab (Pandas, Matplotlib, Networkx)