Classroom Problems Sep 18

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# compare current employee with next highest earning employee
select
employee_id,
salary,
department_id,
lead(salary) over(order by salary) as next_high_sal,
lag(salary) over(order by salary) as prev_sal,
lag(salary,2) over(order by salary) as prev_prev_sal,
from `HR.employee`
order by salary, next_high_sal
# compare current employee salary with next hired employee
select
employee_id,
salary,
hire_date,
lead(salary) over(order by hire_date) as next_high_sal
from `HR.employee`
order by hire_date, next_high_sal
# calcluate running sum of salaries for reach department
select
employee_id,
salary,
department_id,
hire_date,
sum(salary) over(partition by department_id) tot_sal,
sum(salary) over(partition by department_id order by hire_date) runn_sal,
sum(salary) over(partition by department_id order by hire_date rows between
200 preceding and current row) runn_sal2
from `HR.employee`
order by department_id,hire_date
# window frames
SELECT
employee_id,
department_id,
salary,
```

hire_date,
SUM(salary) OVER(PARTITION BY department_id ORDER BY salary ROWS
BETWEEN 2 PRECEDING AND CURRENT ROW) mov_sum_row,
SUM(salary) OVER(PARTITION BY department_id ORDER BY salary RANGE
BETWEEN 2 PRECEDING AND CURRENT ROW) mov_sum_range
FROM `HR.employee`
order by department_id,salary

SELECT
employee_id,
department_id,
salary,
hire_date,
ntile(5) over(order by salary desc) salary_group
FROM `HR.employee`
order by department_id,salary