

HYPOTHESIS

TESTING - 3

Z Test

Burger Company

A company selling burgers claims that its burgers weigh 200 gms on an average, with std. of 5 gms.

An unsatisfied hungry customer wants to disprove this claim.

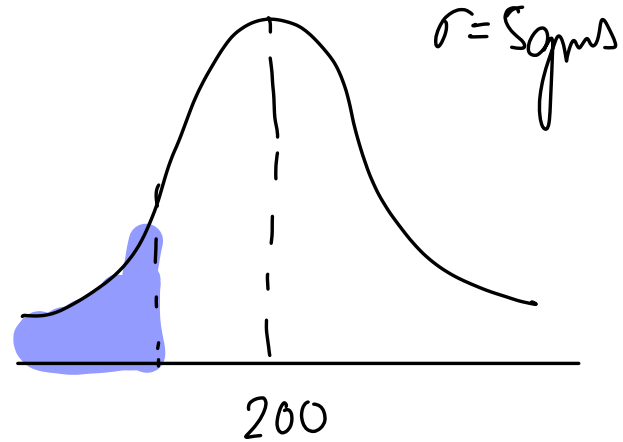
$$H_0: \mu = 200$$

$$H_a:$$

$$\mu < 200$$

$$\mu > 200$$

$$\mu \neq 200$$



left tailed test

AI chip company

Google \rightarrow TPU

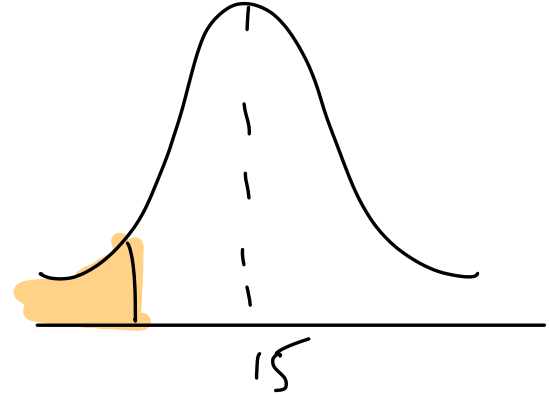
The company wants to claim that it is better than GPU.

The training time for ResNet is 15 minutes on the GPU.

H_0 : training time $\mu = 15$

H_a : $\mu < 15$ $\mu > 15$

$\mu \neq 15$



1000 images in 15 mins
GPU
TPU

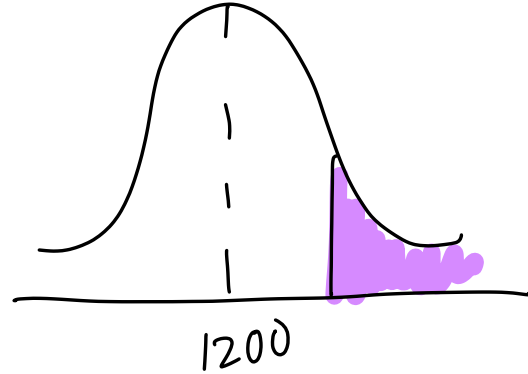
Machine Learning Deployment

A ML model in deployment processes 1200 images/sec on average with Std. of 10 images/sec.

We want to show that the new model can process images at a higher rate.

H_0 : Rate of processing $\mu = 1200$

H_a : $\mu > 1200$



Right tailed test.

Height from your state.

The average height of Indians is 65 inches, with std, of 2.5 inches.

You want to show that the height of people in your state is not 65

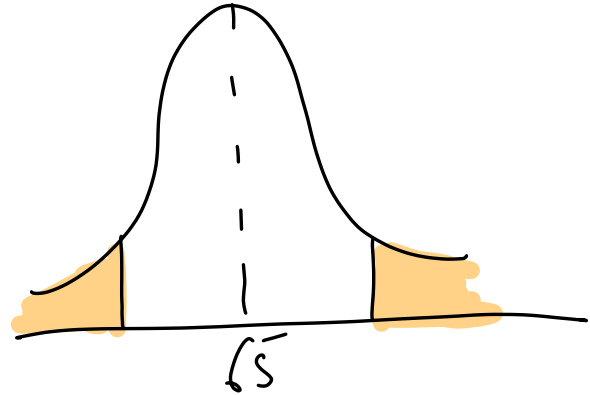
$$H_0 : \mu = 65$$

$H_a :$

$$\mu < 65$$

$$\mu > 65$$

$$\mu \neq 65$$



Two tailed test.

Summary

Burger Company

$$H_0: \mu = 200$$

$$H_a: \mu < 200$$

ML Model

$$H_0: \mu = 1200$$

$$H_a: \mu > 1200$$

Height

$$H_0: \mu = 65$$

$$H_a: \mu \neq 65$$

} left tailed Test

} Right tailed test

} Two tailed test.

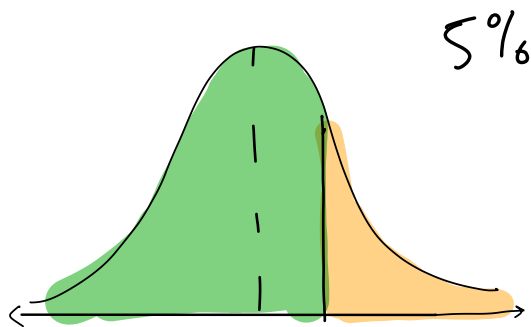
Hypothesis Testing Framework

- 1) Setup the Null and Alternate Hypothesis
- 2) Choose the right test statistic *distribution*
- 3) Left tailed vs Right tailed vs Two-Tailed
- 4) Compute P-value
- 5) If P- value is less than α , then reject the null hypothesis.

α

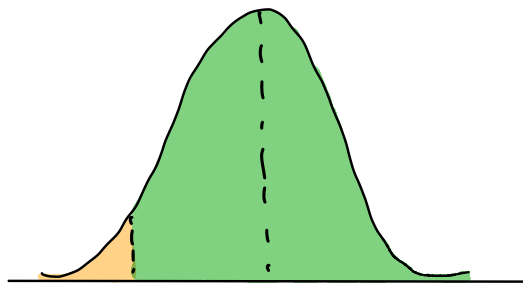
Sign in

Sign in



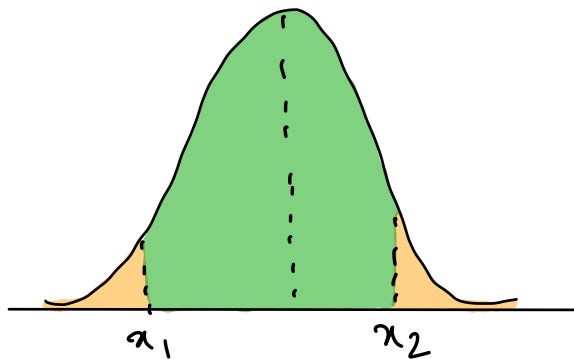
Right tailed

$$1 - \text{cdf}(\uparrow)$$



Left tailed

$$\text{cdf}(\uparrow)$$



Two tailed

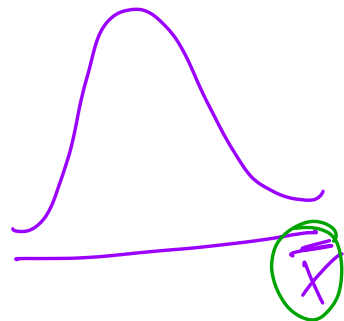
$$\underbrace{\text{cdf}(x_1)}_{\text{left}} + \underbrace{(1 - \text{cdf}(x_2))}_{\text{Right}}$$

Recap Avg height of people = $\frac{65 \text{ inches}}{\sigma = 2.5 \text{ inches}}$

2

* 50 individuals $\mu = 65$, $\sigma = \frac{2.5}{\sqrt{50}}$

* 5 individuals $\mu = 65$, $\sigma = \frac{2.5}{\sqrt{5}}$

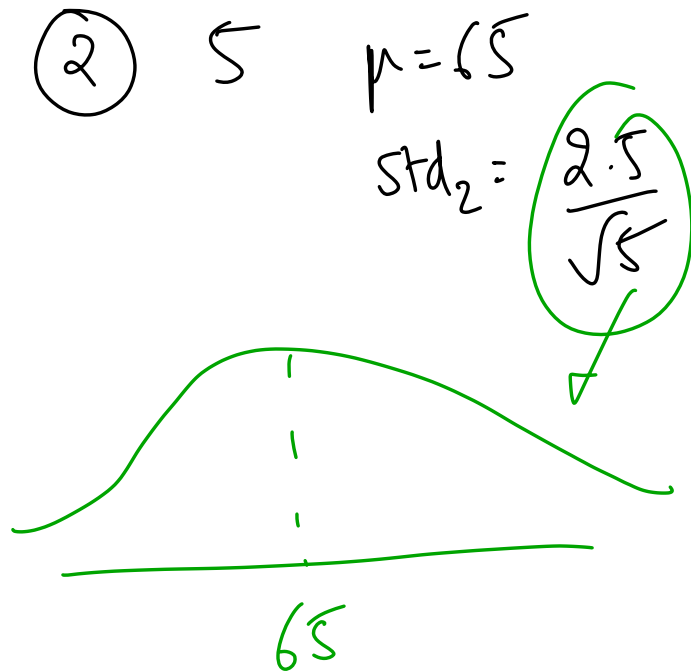
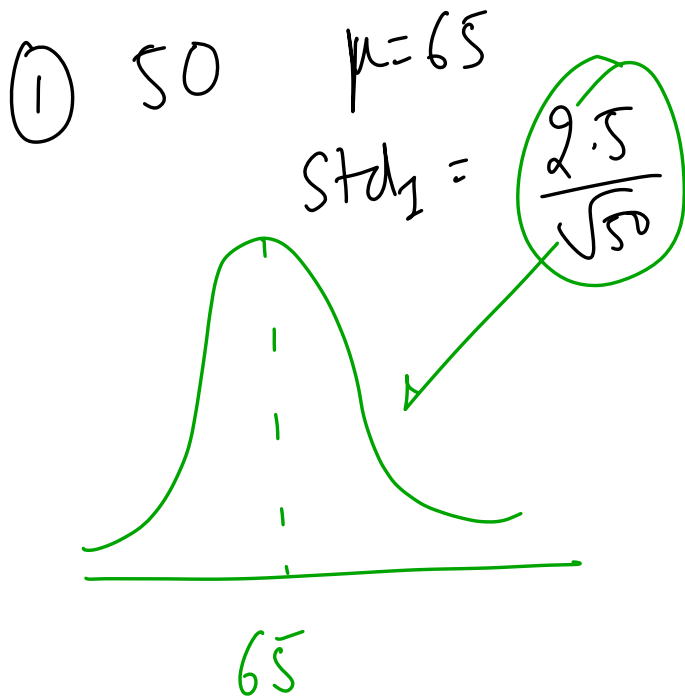


Let 'm' be my sample mean

Is 'm' a random variable \rightarrow ✓

distribution \rightarrow Gaussian Distribution

$$E(m) = 65$$



Retail Flipkart

Shampoo

$$\mu = 1800$$
$$\sigma = 100$$

① M1

Apply 50 Stores

Avg Sales = 1850

② M2

Apply 5 Stores

Avg Sales = 1900

$H_0 : \mu = 1800$ (marketing had no effect)

$H_a : \mu > 1800$ (marketing had an effect)

① M1 → 50 stores

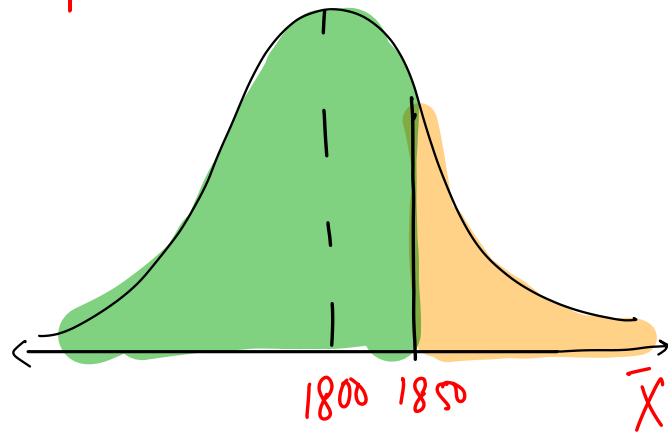
test statistic: "m" sample mean

Right tailed Test.

Distribution: Gaussian

$$E[m] = 1800$$

$$SE = \frac{100}{\sqrt{50}}$$



$$P = P[m \geq 1850 \mid H_0 \text{ is true}]$$

$$P = 0.0002$$

$$\alpha = 0.05$$

" $P < \alpha$ "

Reject H_0

$$Z = \frac{1850 - 1800}{100/\sqrt{50}}$$

$$SE = \frac{100}{\sqrt{50}}$$

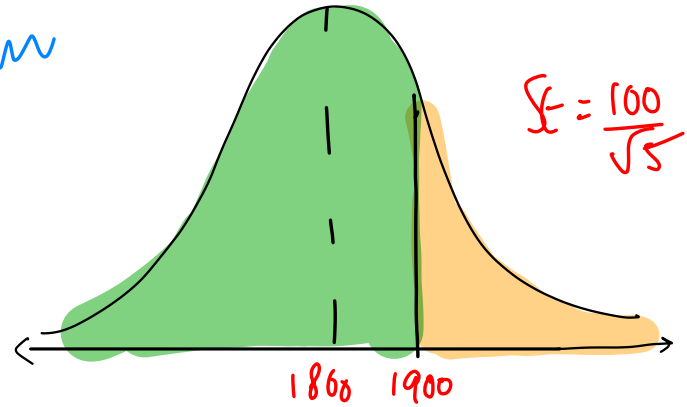
Z_{stat} $Z_{\text{statistic}}$

② M2 \rightarrow 5 stores

test statistic \rightarrow sample mean
distribution: Gaussian

$$E[m] = 1800$$

$$SE = 100/\sqrt{5}$$



$$P[m \geq 1900 \mid H_0 \text{ is true}]$$

$p = 0.012$ $\alpha = 0.05$

Reject H_0

$$Z = \frac{1900 - 1800}{100/\sqrt{5}}$$

\hookrightarrow z statistic

* 95% Confidence $0.05 = \alpha$ Signif'can.

$\alpha = 0.05$

(1) Reject H_0 $p < \alpha$ 0.0002

(2) Reject H_0 $p < \alpha$ 0.012

* 99% Confidence $\alpha = 0.01$

(1) $p = 0.0002$ $p < \alpha$ ^{Machining had an effect} Reject H_0

(2) $p = 0.012$ $p > \alpha$ Fail to Reject H_0

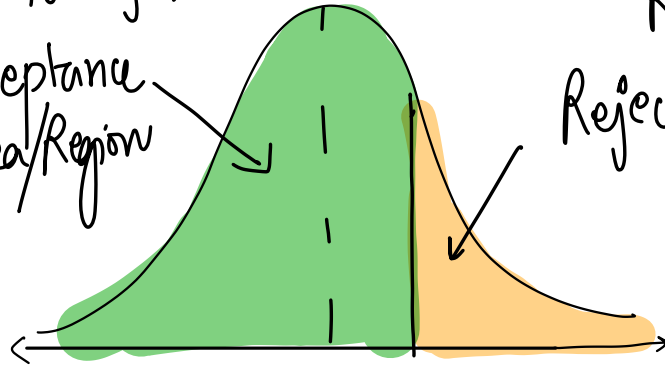
Confidence = 99% \rightarrow 1% {chances}
95% \rightarrow 5% {chances}

1/20 \rightarrow Wrong Judgment

95%

Right Tailed Test

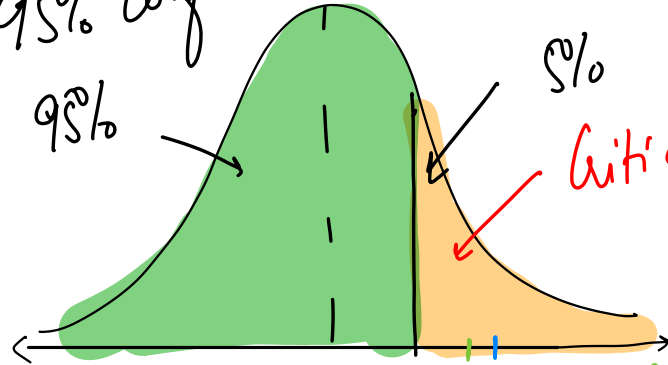
Fail to Reject H_0
Acceptance
Area/Region



Reject H_0
Rejection Area
(Critical Region)

① M1
 $\mu = 1800$
Std = $100/\sqrt{50}$
1850

95% Confidence
95%



5%
Critical Region

1800 1823 1850 1832
Critical Value

① 95%

$$Z_{95} = 1.64$$

$$Z = \frac{x - \mu}{\sigma / \sqrt{n}}$$

$$x = 1800 + 1.64 \times \frac{100}{\sqrt{50}} = 1823$$

$$x = \mu + Z \frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}}$$

99%

$$Z_{99} = 2.32$$

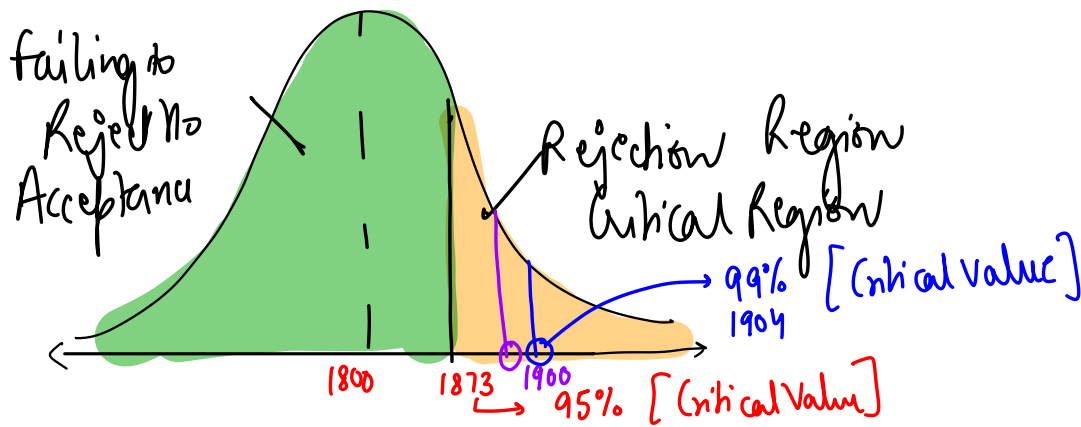
$$x = 1800 + 2.32 \times \frac{100}{\sqrt{50}} = 1832.89$$

M2

$$\mu = 1800$$

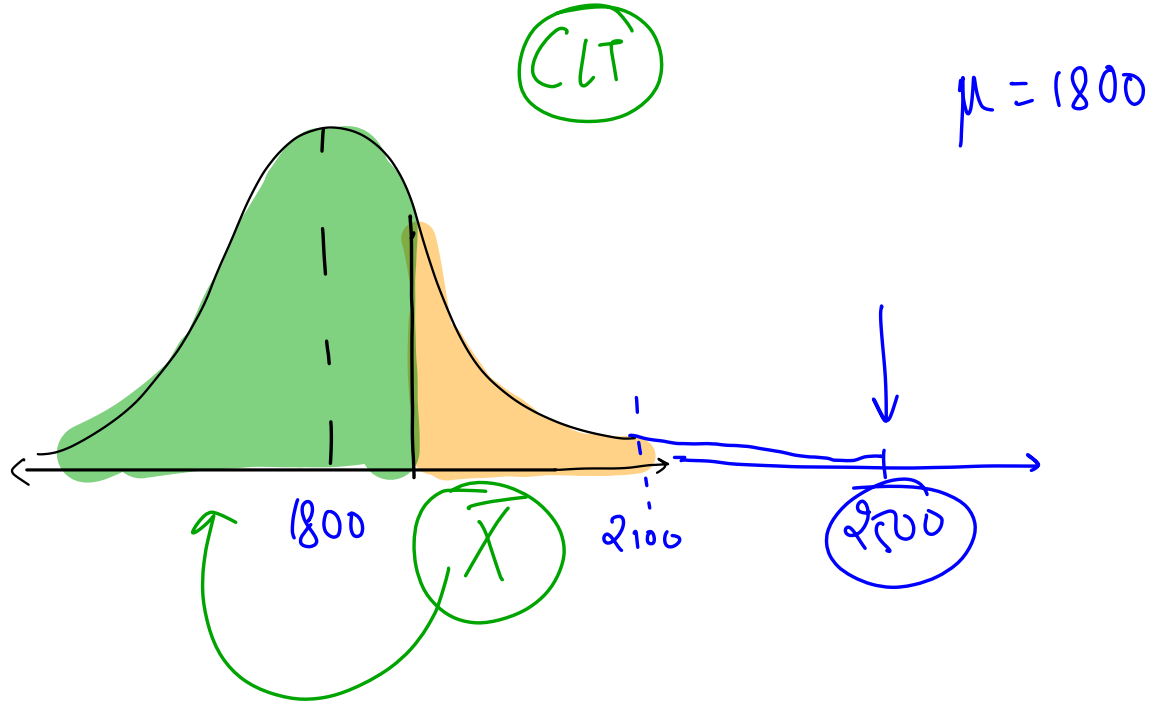
$$SE = \frac{100}{\sqrt{50}}$$

$$obs = 1900$$



95% \rightarrow Reject H_0

99% \rightarrow Fail to Reject H_0 .



$E(m)$

- ① Binomial
- ② Normal
- ③ Poisson
- ④ Exponential

