13.8. LABS



Exercise 13.2: Viewing Logs Output

Container standard out can be seen via the **kubectl logs** command. If there is no standard out, you would not see any output. In addition, the logs would be destroyed if the container is destroyed.

1. View the current Pods in the cluster. Be sure to view Pods in all namespaces.

student@cp:~\$ kubectl get po --all-namespaces

```
NAMESPACE
                                                   READY
                                                            STATUS
                                                                      RESTARTS
kube-system calico-kube-controllers-7b9dcdcc5-qg6zd
                                                   1/1
                                                           Running 0
                                                                              1.3m
            calico-node-dr279
                                                                              6d1h
                                                   1/1
                                                           Running 0
kube-system
kube-system
            etcd-cp
                                      1/1
                                                Running 2
                                                                   44h
                                      1/1
                                                Running 2
                                                                   44h
kube-system
            kube-apiserver-cp
            kube-controller-manager-cp 1/1
                                                Running 2
                                                                   44h
kube-system
kube-system
            kube-scheduler-cp
                                      1/1
                                                Running 2
                                                                   44h
```

2. View the logs associated with various infrastructure pods. Using the **Tab** key you can get a list and choose a container. Then you can start typing the name of a pod and use **Tab** to complete the name.

```
student@cp:~$ kubectl -n kube-system logs <Tab><Tab>
```

```
calico-kube-controllers-7b9dcdcc5-qg6zd
calico-node-dr279
calico-node-xtvfd
coredns-5644d7b6d9-k7kts
coredns-5644d7b6d9-rnr2v
etcd-cp
kube-apiserver-cp
kube-controller-manager-cp
kube-proxy-qhc4f
kube-proxy-s56hl
kube-scheduler-f-cp
traefik-ingress-controller-ms5tv
traefik-ingress-controller-mcn47
```

```
student@cp:~$ kubectl -n kube-system logs \
    kube-apiserver-cp
```



3. View the logs of other Pods in your cluster.