



Department of
Computer **and** Information Science

A Component based Game Architecture for Unknown Horizons

Thomas Kinnen

TDT4570 - Game Technology, Specialization Project

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1 Introduction

1.1 Motivation

*Unknown Horizons*¹ is an open-source real-time strategy game developed by a team of programmers, artists, game designers and many more around the globe. The first revision was committed in late 2007².

As the project evolved the games's code architecture grew dynamically, without much planned structure or designed architecture. This resulted in a very tight coupling between the different components inside the game, making it difficult to add/change certain functionalities in the game. This became clear when adding the boat builder building a while back, which resulted in months of fixing introduced bugs.

Unknown Horizons uses the outdated idea of making use of multiple inheritance to compose its in-game objects. Besides introducing very tight coupling between the different classes the current approach also does not allow non programmers to add new assets to the game. For an open-source project this is clearly not ideal, as user contributions would add great value to the project and save valuable programming time.

The idea for this project is to research how this problem is solved in similar open-source games and to transfer the results to the *Unknown Horizons* source-code. The following games have been chosen to be researched:

- *Battle for Wesnoth*³
- *0 A.D.*⁴
- *Mega Glest*⁵

¹Unknown Horizons website: <http://www.unknown-horizons.org>

²First commit to *Unknown Horizons*: <https://github.com/unknown-horizons/unknown-horizons/commit/53eec12fd8bb52ac1a6ccfdb097296c479499dfd>

³Battle of Wesnoth website: <http://www.wesnoth.org>

⁴0 A.D. website: <http://wildfiregames.com/0ad/>

⁵Glest website: <http://glest.org/en/index.php>

1.2 Problem Statement

Two main questions should be answered by this project:

- Which architecture do open-source games similar to *Unknown Horizons* use to model their ingame objects?
- Can users add objects without modifying the game's code and if yes – how?

1.3 Project Context

This project is conducted for the course *TDT4570 - Game Technology Specialization Project*⁶ which is part of NTNU's computer science master program.

2 Research Methods and Questions

In this section we present our research questions and methods used in this work.

2.1 Research Questions

We work on a set of four main research questions:

- RQ1: Which architecture is used to describe objects in-game?
- RQ2: How are new objects added to the game?
- RQ3: Can existing objects easily be modified?
- RQ4: Are tools available to help with adding/modifying objects?

2.2 RQ1

Which architecture is used to describe objects in-game?

The goal of this question is to find out if the game uses an inheritance based approach, a component based approach or some other design to describe objects in game.

2.3 RQ2

How are new objects added to the game?

With this question we want to find out if many changes have to be made to the code to add new objects. We also want to know if the objects are data or code driven. If they are data driven, we research which technology is used. Our goal is to find the easiest method of adding objects to the game.

⁶TDT4570 Project description: <http://www.idi.ntnu.no/emner/tdt4570/>

2.4 RQ3

Can existing objects easily be modified?

Our goal is to assess if existing objects are easily changable or if code has to be changed to modify them. We research what the possible implications of changing objects are.

2.5 RQ4

Are tools available to help with adding/modifying objects?

As creating game content is usually done by non programmers, we want to assess how easy it is for them to add content to the game and if there are tools to support them in the progress.

2.6 Research method

The first part of this work is four case studies in which we research four existing open source games. All games are mainly real-time strategy games, so their implementations face similar problems and are comparable to some degree. We will then use the gained knowledge to improve the handling of objects in *Unknown Horizons* by designing and implementing a system combining the best practices we found in the case studies. Literature research is not a big part of this project, as there is almost none available on the topic of game architectures, besides from massiv multiplayer online role playing games.

3 State-Of-The-Art

3.1 Related Work

3.2 Literature

4 Own Contribution

In this section we present four different case studies to answer our research questions. We begin with presenting *Unknown Horizons* as it is the project which focus our efforts of improvement on. It is followed by *Battle for Wesnoth*, *Mega Glest* and *0 A.D.*. The results are then evaluated and transferred to *Unknown Horizons*.

4.1 Unknown Horizons

Unknown Horizons as described on the project website:

Unknown Horizons is a 2D realtime strategy simulation with an emphasis on economy and city building. Expand your small settlement to a strong and wealthy colony, collect taxes and supply your inhabitants with valuable goods. Increase your power with a well balanced economy and with strategic trade and diplomacy.

RQ1

Unknown Horizons uses a largely inheritance based approach to describe ingame objects. As the game is programmed using the Python⁷ programming language it is possible to use multiple inheritance. The project makes great use of this ability, resulting in large inheritance trees. To illustrate this we have generated an inheritance diagramm for the *Settler* class in Figure 1. The tree consists of 16 classes including many cases of multiple inheritance.

Experience in working on this project has shown that making changes to any of the classes included in this tree is often a very big task and comes with a great risk of introducing bugs into the code. It is also very difficult or even impossible to write unit tests for these classes, as they are so dependent on each other and the game core, that it is almost impossible to create the needed environment synthetically.

Settler Explained The *Settler* class is comprised of 4 basic classes: *BasicBuilding*, *SelectableBuilding*, *BuildableSingle* and *CollectingProducerBuilding*. This is how most buildings in *Unknown Horizons* are constructed.

BasicBuilding is a base class for every building, it loads graphics and provides basic information like the name, position, owner and functionality for running costs and level upgrades.

SelectableBuilding is a decorating class, that implements functions for selecting the building ingame. It manages showing ingame menus and outlines. If a building is not supposed to be selectable, this class should not be inherited.

BuildableSingle is a decorating class which is used when building new buildings. It tells the game that it can only be built as single instance, so there is no building of multiple instances at once. For this purpose the code provides the *BuildableLine*, *BuildableRect*, etc. classes which can be used if needed.

CollectingProducerBuilding is a collectiv class to make the Settler have collecting units which pick up resources for usage and then produce something from it. This is easier to demonstrate on a *LumberJack* for example, he picks up trees and produces planks from it. The Settler consumes resources (food, textiles, etc.) and in turn produces the abstract resource happiness.

Datadriven? *Unknown Horizons* uses a SQLite⁸ to save parts of the object's attributes. For example the size, health and name are saved in the database. This is necessary to make the higher level classes in the architecture reusable for subclasses. All buildings have a size, but it may be different from building type to building type. It is saved to an external file to make it easily editable by non programmers.

In summary we can say that the objects are partly datadriven, but usually it is not possible to add new buildings without writing new code.

⁷Python website: <http://www.python.org>

⁸SQLite website: <http://www.sqlite.org/>

RQ2

In order to add a new building to *Unknown Horizons* one has to look at the characteristics the building should have and then find the appropriate classes from the *Unknown Horizons* building classes collection. Those can then be combined to form new buildings.

For example to create a settlement wall one could use the classes *BuildableLine* and *BasicBuilding*. This is a very simple example which does not need to inherit many classes, as its functionality is very limited. All attributes of this building can then be added in the database by using any SQLite database manager.

RQ3

Modifying existing ingame objects in *Unknown Horizons* can be easy and very difficult. This depends on the degree of change that is to be made. If only basic attributes like health, production time or similar are to be changed, then it can easily be done by someone who knows their way around the database. If however new functionality is required, for example an building which previously did not collect resources needs to collect resources, a change in the games code is most certainly required. Again sometimes if the functionality exists, this can be easy by just adding another class to the hierarchy of the building or it can be very difficult if new functionality in the existing classes is required.

A good example for this is the boatbuilder, which is mainly a *CollectingBuilding* which produces units instead of resources. The building has been implemented for over a year now and the team is still not certain if it works bugfree or not, as it required huge modifications to the production classes to be able to produce units instead of resources.

RQ4

There are no tools available to help with the addition/edition of content at this point. A map editor is planned for future versions, but it is not yet in a working state.

4.2 Battle for Wesnoth

Battle for Wesnoth as described on the project's website:

The Battle for Wesnoth is a Free, turn-based tactical strategy game with a high fantasy theme, featuring both single-player, and online/hotseat multiplayer combat. Fight a desperate battle to reclaim the throne of Wesnoth, or take hand in any number of other adventures...

RQ1

RQ2

RQ3

RQ4

4.3 Mega Glest

Mega Glest as described on the project's website:

MegaGlest is a free and open source 3D real-time strategy (RTS) game, where you control the armies of one of seven different factions: Tech, Magic, Egyptians, Indians, Norsemen, Persian or Romans. The game is setup in one of 16 naturally looking settings, which -like the unit models- are crafted with great appreciation for detail. Additional game data can be downloaded from within the game at no cost.

RQ1

Mega Glest uses a mixture of inheritance and component-based object description. Basic things are set using inheritance, for example the *UnitType* class inherits from the *ProducibleType* class, as every unit in the game is producible. More advanced things are added to the unit as components, for example the *UnitType* has *Level*, *SkillType*, *Resource*, *CommandType* and *UnitParticleSystemType* components. Units themselves are part of a bigger component hierarchy: Units are part of a *FactionType*, which is part of a *TechTree*. See Figure ?? for a detailed structure analysis. Map

RQ2

RQ3

RQ4

4.4 0 A.D.

4.5 Evaluation

4.6 Transferring the Results to *Unknown Horizons*

Design

Implementation

5 Evaluation

5.1 Project

5.2 Results

5.3 Methods

6 Conclusion and Future Work

6.1 Conclusion

6.2 Future Work

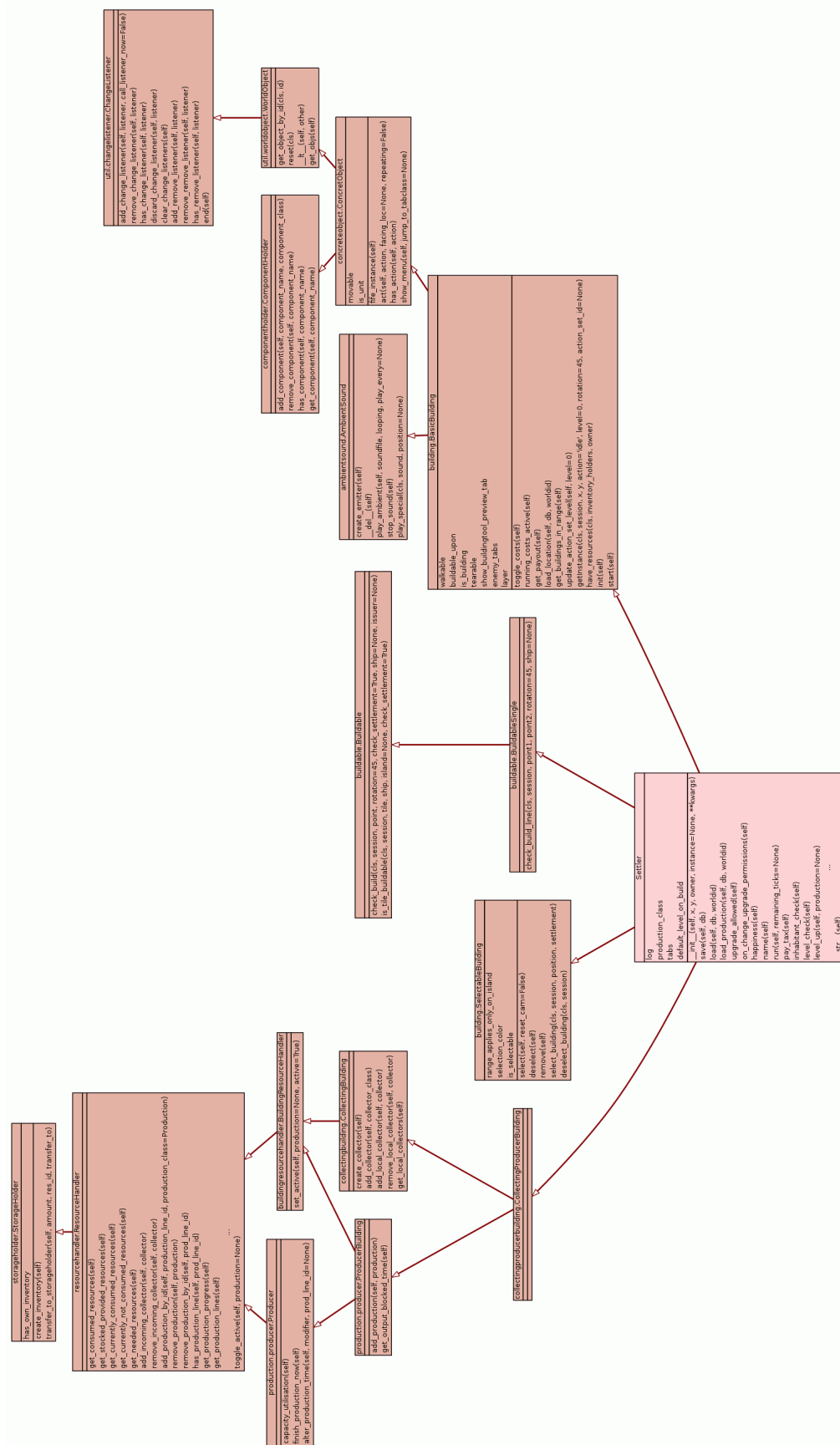


Figure 1: Inheritance tree for the *Settler* class in *Unknown Horizons*