

Language \rightarrow "set"

Regular Expression

(i) Union (OR) $[A \cup B]$ (i) (+)

(ii) Concatenation (.) $[A \cdot B]$

(iii) Kleene Closure/ Star (*) $[A^*$

Let

$$A = \{ \text{good, bad} \} \quad B = \{ \text{boy, girl} \}$$

$$\star A \cup B / A \mid B = \{ \text{good, bad, boy, girl} \}$$

$$\star A^* = \{ \text{good boy, good girl, bad boy, bad girl} \}$$

$$\star A^* = \{ \text{good, bad, good good, good bad, bad good, bad bad, good good good, good good bad, ...} \}$$

0^* = 0's for any number of times.

$$= \{ \epsilon, 0, 00, 000, 0000, 00000, \dots \}$$

$$01^* = \{ 0, 01, 011, 0111, 01111, \dots \}$$

$$(01)^* = \{ \epsilon, 01, 0101, 010101, 01010101, \dots \}$$

$$\#(011)^* \text{ and } (011)^* \text{ not on } (01)$$

$$\text{so, } (011)^0 = \epsilon$$

$$(011)^1 = \{ 0, 1 \}$$

$$(011)(011) = \{ 00, 01, 10, 11 \}$$

$$(011)(011)(011) = \{ 000, 001, 010, 011, 100, 101, 110, 111 \}$$

$$\text{so, } (011)^* = \{ \epsilon, 0, 1, 00, 01, 10, 11, 000, 001, 010, 011, 100, 101, 110, 111, \dots \}$$

$\hookrightarrow 11$ possible binary strings

$$\text{Q} \quad (0+1)^* = \Sigma^*$$

Strings starting with "01"

$$01 \Sigma^* \quad \boxed{01(0+1)^*}$$

strings end ending with "01"

$$\Sigma^* 01 \quad \boxed{(0+1)^* 01}$$

* Strings having "100" as a substring.

$$\Sigma^* 100 \Sigma^* \quad \boxed{(0+1)^* 100 (0+1)^*}$$

* Strings having "100" as a substring.

$$\Sigma^* 1 \Sigma^* 0 \Sigma^* 0 \Sigma^*$$

$$0^* 1 1 0 0 0 \Sigma^*$$

$$\Sigma^* 1 0^* 0 1 0 1^*$$

$$(0+1)^* 1 (0+1)^* 0 (0+1)^* 0 (0+1)^*$$

String having even number of 1's

$$(0101)^* 0^* \text{ or } 0^* (10^* 10^*)^*$$

Strings that end in three consecutive 1's

$$(0+1)^* 111$$

* At least one 1

$$(0+1)^* + (0+1)^*$$

* At most one 1

$$(0^* 1 0^*) + 0^* \text{ or, } 0^* (1+\epsilon) 0^*$$

Contains the substring "101"

$$(1+0)^* 101 (1+0)^*$$

Do not have consecutive 1's $0(100^*)1+\epsilon$

$$0^* (100^*) (1+\epsilon) \text{ or, } (0+10)^* (1+\epsilon)$$

* Do not contain the substring "11"

$$0^* 10 (0+1)^* (1+\epsilon)$$

Some ans

* Neither consecutive 1's, nor consecutive 0s.

$$(0+\epsilon)(10)^* (1+\epsilon)$$

10101010

May have consecutive 1's or consecutive 0's
but not both

$$(0+10)^* (1+\epsilon) + (1+01)^* (0+\epsilon)$$

The number of 0's is even.

$$(1^* 0 1^* 01)^*$$

The number of 0's is odd.

$$(1^* 0 1^* 0 (1^* 1) 1^* 0 1^*)$$

The number of 0's is divisible by 4

$$60^* (1^* 0 1^* 0 1^* 0 1^* 0)^*$$

$$\Sigma = \{0, 1\}$$

② The language containing strings.

* where 0's and 1's alternate.

$$0^* (01)^* 1^* \quad | \quad (01)^* (10)^* 0^*$$

$$0^* (10)^* 1^* \quad | \quad 1^* (01)^* 0^* \quad \left. \right\} 1^* (01)^* 01 \quad \left. \right\} 02 (10)^* 1^*$$

* which starts and ends with same character

$$0 (0+1)^* 0 \quad | \quad 1 (0+1)^* 1 \quad | \quad 0 \quad | \quad 1$$

* In which the number of 1's between every pair of consecutive 0's is odd.

$$\boxed{0 \quad 1^{odd} \quad 0}$$

$$\text{000}$$

$$0^* 1^* (0(11)^* 1)^* 01^* \quad | \quad 1^*$$

$$00 \quad (11) 00^* \quad | \quad 20^* 1^*$$

$$0^* ((11)^* 1)^*$$

$$(0+1)^* = \Sigma^*$$

* Write RegEx for the language $L_1 \cap L_2$; $\{0,1\}^*$

$L_1 = \{w : \text{the length of } w \text{ is divisible by } 3\}$

$L_2 = \{w : \text{every second letter in } w \text{ is a } 0\}$

$$L_1 = [(0+1)(0+1)(0+1)]^* \quad L_2 = [(0+1)0]^* ((0+1)^*)^*$$

$$\text{So, } L_1 \cap L_2 = [(0+1)0(0+1)0(0+1)0]^* + ((0+1)0(0+1)+\epsilon)$$

$$= (\Sigma 0 \Sigma 0 \Sigma 0)^* (\Sigma 0 \Sigma 1 \epsilon)$$

* $L = \{w \in \{0,1,2\}^* : \text{the last letter of } w \text{ appears at least twice in } w\}$

$$(0+1)^* 0 (0+1)^* 0 + (0+1)^* 1 (0+1)^* 1 + (0+1)^* 2 (0+1)^* 2$$

* $L = \{w \in \{0,1,2\}^* : w \text{ contains at least one } 1 \text{ and one } 0\}$

$$\Sigma^* 1 \Sigma^* 0 \Sigma^* \mid \Sigma^* 0 \Sigma^* 1 \Sigma^*$$

* $L = \{w \in \{0,1\}^* : \text{exactly one occurrence of } 00 \text{ appears in } w\}$

$$1 (01)^* 00 (10)^* 1^*$$

Parity
case

Q1)

The language containing strings,

where 0s and 1s always appear in pairs.

for example - 001100, 1100110011001100 etc

$$\Rightarrow (00+11)^*$$

which starts and ends with different characters.

\Rightarrow

$$(0 \in^* 1 + 1 \in^* 0)^*$$

In which the number of 1's between every pair of consecutive 0s is even.

$$\Rightarrow 1^* (0 (1^*)^*)^* 1^*$$

(0011 / 000110)

Having equal number of "01" and "10" substrings

$$\Rightarrow 0 \in^* 0 + 1 \in^* 1 + 0 + 1$$

whose parity of 0 and 1 are different.

$$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} 0 \text{ even } 1 \text{ odd} \\ 1 \text{ even } 0 \text{ odd} \end{cases} \quad \begin{cases} \text{if same} \\ 0 \text{ even } 1 \text{ even} \\ 0 \text{ odd } 1 \text{ odd} \end{cases}$$

Parity case
if different

$L_1 =$ Where every 0 is followed by at least three 1's.

$$L_1 = \{ 01111^* \}^*$$

whose parity of 0 and 1 are different.

$$(00)^* (11)^*$$

Parity cases

Different Parity	Same Parity
0 even, 1 odd	0 even 1 even
1 even, 0 odd	0 odd 1 odd
length = odd	length = even

The set of strings that end with 11

$$\Rightarrow \Sigma^* 11$$

That do not end with 11

$$\Rightarrow \Sigma^* (00+10+01) + (0+1+\epsilon)$$

L₁ = That contains 01 as a substring

$$\Rightarrow \Sigma^* 01 \Sigma^*$$

L₁ = ?

$$\Rightarrow 1^* 0^*$$

The set of strings having 0 at every odd position

$$\Rightarrow ((0(0+1))^*)_{(0+\epsilon)} \cup ((00+01)^*)_{(0+\epsilon)}$$

having 0 at every third position.

$$\Rightarrow \overbrace{((\Sigma\Sigma 0)^*)_{(0+\epsilon)} \cup ((0+1)(0+1)0)^*}^{(\Sigma\Sigma 0)^* (0+1+\epsilon) (0+1+\epsilon)}$$

Having 0 at 3rd position.

$$\Rightarrow \Sigma^* 0 \Sigma^*$$

Having 0 at the third last position.

$$\Rightarrow \Sigma^* 0 \Sigma^{n-3}$$

Assume $\Sigma = \{0,1\}$

$L_1 = \{w \mid \text{the length of } w \text{ is even}\}$

$L_2 = \{w \mid w \text{ starts and ends with different characters}\}$

$L_3 = \{w \mid w \text{ have 0's at all odd positions}\}$

(a) $L_1 = ?$ (b) $L_2 = ?$ (c) $L_3 = ?$

(d) $\Sigma \setminus L_2 \setminus L_1$ (e) $L_3 \setminus L_2$

$$\underline{\text{(a)}} \quad L_1 = (\Sigma\Sigma)^*$$

$$\underline{\text{(b)}} \quad (0\Sigma^*1) + (1\Sigma^*0)$$

$$\underline{\text{(c)}} \quad L_3 = (0\Sigma)^*(0+\epsilon) \quad \text{or}, \quad (0\Sigma)^* 0?$$

$$\underline{\text{(d)}} \quad L_2 \setminus L_1 = L_2 \cap \overline{L_1} = (0+\epsilon)^*(00) = \emptyset$$

$\cdot (0(\Sigma\Sigma)^* \leq 1) \nmid (1((\Sigma\Sigma)^* \leq 0))$

$$\underline{\text{(e)}} \quad L_3 \setminus L_2 = L_3 \cap \overline{L_2} = (0+\epsilon)^*(00)$$

= 0 is at all odd position and (starts, ends similar)

$$= ((0\Sigma)^* 0) + ((0\Sigma)^* 00)$$

$$= (0\Sigma)^* (0+00)$$

$$\Sigma = \{0, 1\}$$

$L_1 = \{w \mid \text{the length of } w \text{ is divisible by 4}\}$

$$\Rightarrow L_1 = (\Sigma\Sigma\Sigma\Sigma)^*$$

$$\bar{L}_1 = (\Sigma\Sigma\Sigma\Sigma)^* (\Sigma + \Sigma\Sigma + \Sigma\Sigma\Sigma)$$

$L_2 = \{w \mid w \text{ has 0's at all even positions}\}$

$$\Rightarrow L_2 = (\Sigma 0)^* (\Sigma + \epsilon) \quad \bar{L}_2 = (\Sigma\Sigma)^* \Sigma 1 \Sigma$$

$L_3 = \{w \mid w \text{ has 1's at all odd positions}\}$

$$\Rightarrow L_3 = (1\Sigma)^* (1+\epsilon) \quad \bar{L}_3 = (\Sigma\Sigma)^* 0\Sigma^*$$

$L_4 = \{w \mid w \text{ has a 1 at every third position}\}$

$$\Rightarrow (\cancel{\Sigma\Sigma}) L_4 = (\Sigma\Sigma 1)^* (\Sigma + 0) (\Sigma + 0)$$

$$\bar{L}_4 = (\Sigma\Sigma\Sigma)^* (\Sigma\Sigma 0\Sigma^*)$$

$$\Sigma = \{0, 1, 2\}$$

$L_5 = \{w \mid w \text{ has}$

$$L_5 : (0\Sigma^* 0)$$

$$\bar{L}_5 : 0\Sigma^*(1+2)$$

$L_6 = \{w \mid w \text{ starts with } \frac{a}{a}\}$

$$L_6 : (0\Sigma^* 1) + (0\Sigma^* 0\Sigma^* 1)$$

$$\bar{L}_6 : (1+2)\Sigma^* +$$

$$\Sigma = \{0, 1, 2\}$$

$L_5 : \{w \mid w \text{ has the same first and last character}\}$

$$L_5 : (0 \in^* 0) + (1 \in^* 1) + (2 \in^* 2) + \underbrace{(0+1+2)}_{\Sigma}$$

$$\overline{L_5} : 0 \in^*(1+2) + 1 \in^*(0+2) + 2 \in^*(0+1) + \Sigma$$

$L_6 = \{w \mid w \text{ starts with } 0 \text{ but does not ends with a } 0\}$

$$L_6 : (0 \in^* 1) + (0 \in^* 2) + (\cancel{0 \in^*} 1+2)$$

or,

$$0 \in^* (1+2)$$

$$\overline{L_6} : (1+2) \in^* + (\in^* 0)$$

$$\frac{P}{}$$

for $\overline{L_6}$

$$\neg(P \wedge Q)$$
$$\neg P \vee \neg Q$$

And (or Not
two firs OR two

$$\Sigma = \{0, 1\}$$

$L_1 = \{w \mid w \text{ does not contain } n\}$

$L_2 = \{w \mid \text{every } 1 \text{ in } w \text{ is followed by at least one } 0\}$

$L_3 = \{w \mid \text{the number of times } 1 \text{ appears in } w \text{ is even}\}$

(a) Reg ex for L_1

(b) Your friend claims that $L_1 \setminus L_2 = L_3$. Prove her wrong by writing down a 5-letter string in $L_1 \setminus L_2 \setminus L_3$. Recall that $L_1 \setminus L_2$ contains all strings in L_1 but not in L_2

(c) $L_1 \setminus L_2$

(d) L_3

(e) $L_2 \setminus L_3$

Solution

(a) $L_1 : (0+10)^*(1+\epsilon)$

(b) ~~$L_2 : 1(0+10)(1(0+\epsilon))^*$~~

(b) $L_2 : 0^*(10^+)^*$ ex $\rightarrow 10101 \in L$
 ~~$\not\in L$~~

(c) $L_1 \setminus L_2 : 0^*(10^+)^* 1$

(d) $L_3 : (010^+1)^* 0^*$

(e) $L_2 \setminus L_3 : \underbrace{0^*(10^+10^+)^* 10^+}_{\text{odd number of 1's}}$