

Problem 1

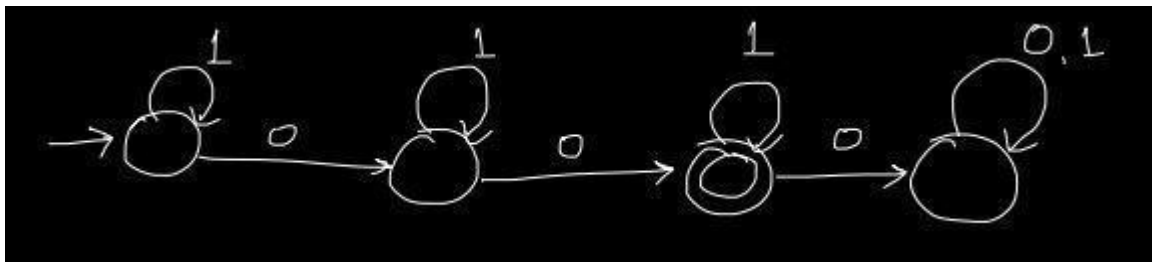
- a) $(0 \mid 1)^* (0 \mid 11 \mid 001) \mid \epsilon \mid 1 \mid 01$
- b) $abba (a|b|c)^* bac \mid abba$
- c) $(0 \mid 1) (0 \mid 1) 0 (0 \mid 1)^*$
- d) $(1^* 01^* 01^*)^* \mid 0^* 10^* 10^*$
- e) $(b^* ab^* ab^* ab^*)^* b^* ab^*$

Problem 2

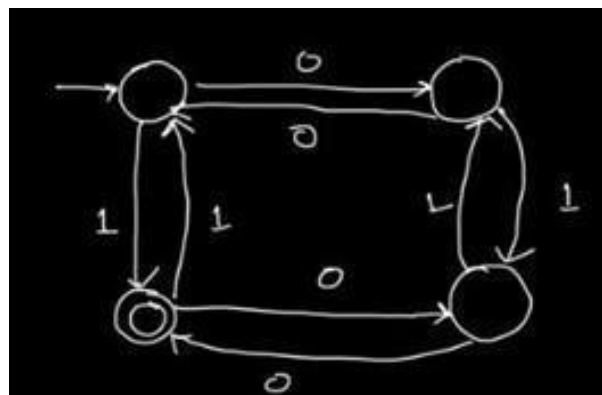
- a) Strings over $\{0,1\}$ that start with 01
- b) Strings over $\{0,1\}$ that start with 0 or end with 1
- c) Strings over $\{0,1\}$ that do not contain 00 as a substring
- d) Strings over $\{0,1\}$ that have neither consecutive 0's, nor consecutive 1's
- e) Strings over $\{0,1\}$ that may have consecutive 0's, or consecutive 1's, but not both

Problem 3

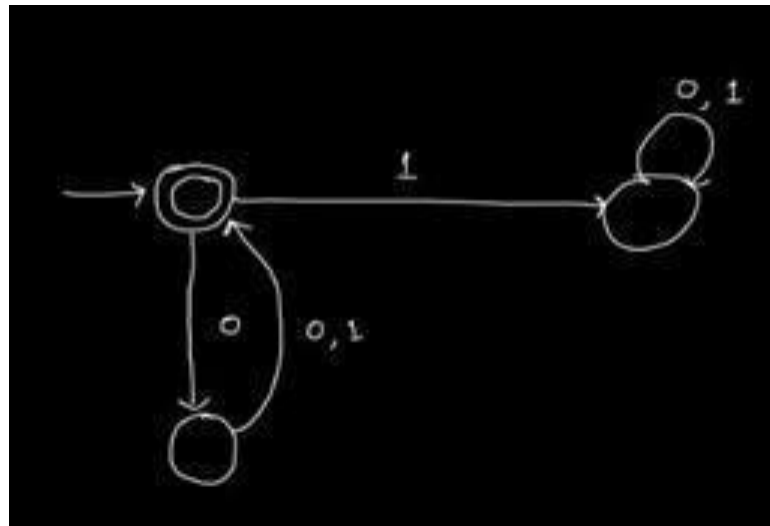
a)



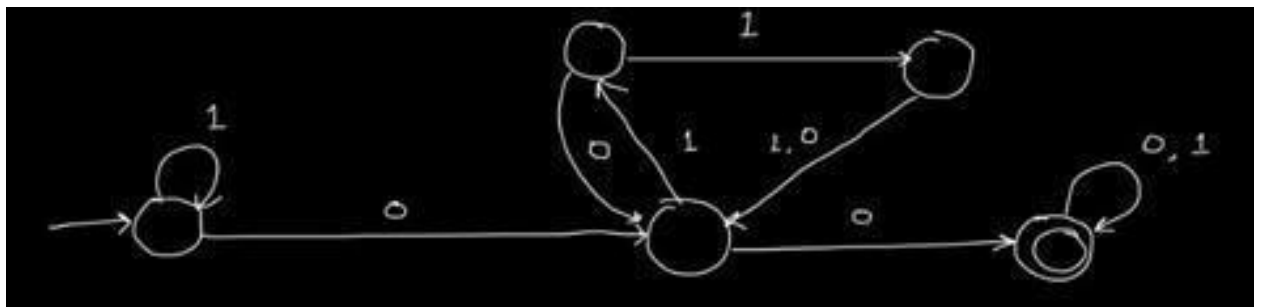
b)



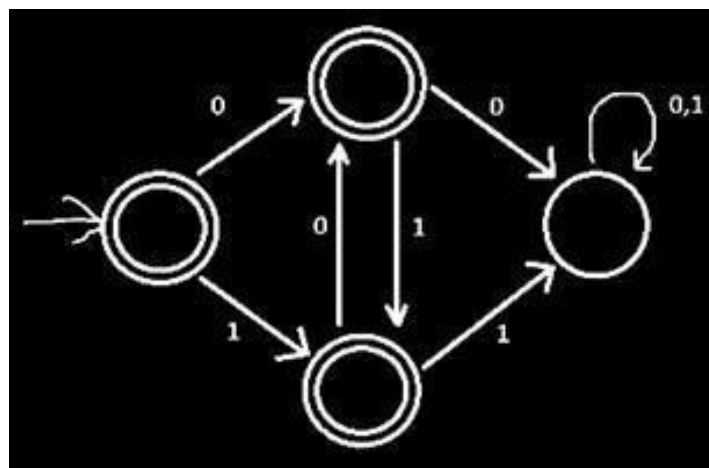
c)



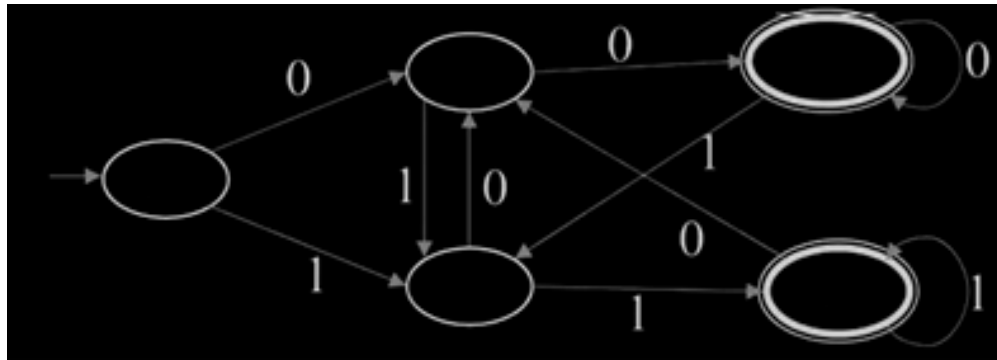
d)



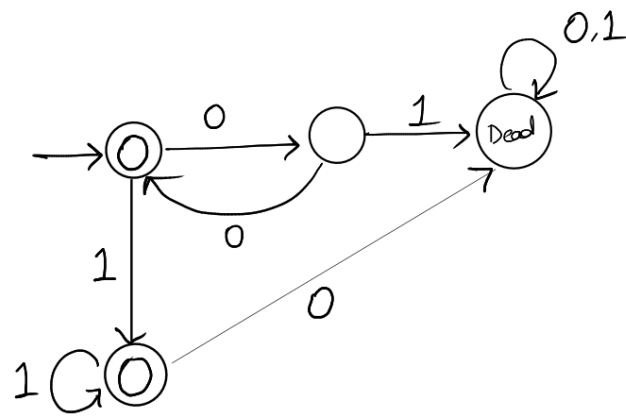
e)



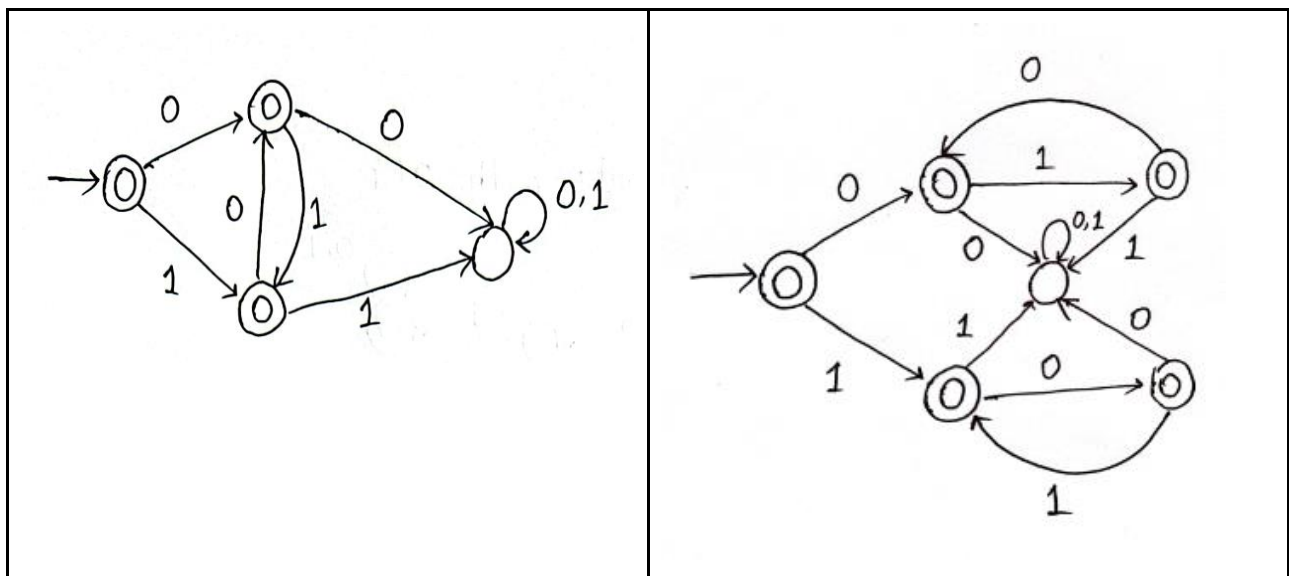
f)



g)

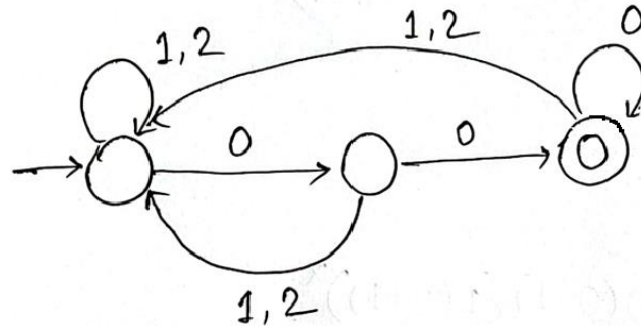


h)



i)

In three base number system, the numbers which ends with 00, only those numbers are divisible by 9.



There is also a DFA with 9 states and 27 transitions - which is also correct.

The logic is - if there is a number x , in ternary representation, adding a 0 at the end will make the number $3x$, adding 1 at the end will make it $3x+1$ and for 2 it will become $3x+2$.

