

sum = k + wfr;

count = 0 ;

while (count < length + k) {

 sum = sum + array [count] ;

 if (sum > 100 && count < 5) {

 sum = sum % 100 ;

} else {

 sum = sum + $\frac{\text{sum}}{100} \times 5$;

}

 count = count + 1 ;

}

→ for complex Boolean expressions we

P → S

need labels.

S → S₁ S₂

S → assign

S → while (B) S₁

S → if (B) S₁ else S₂

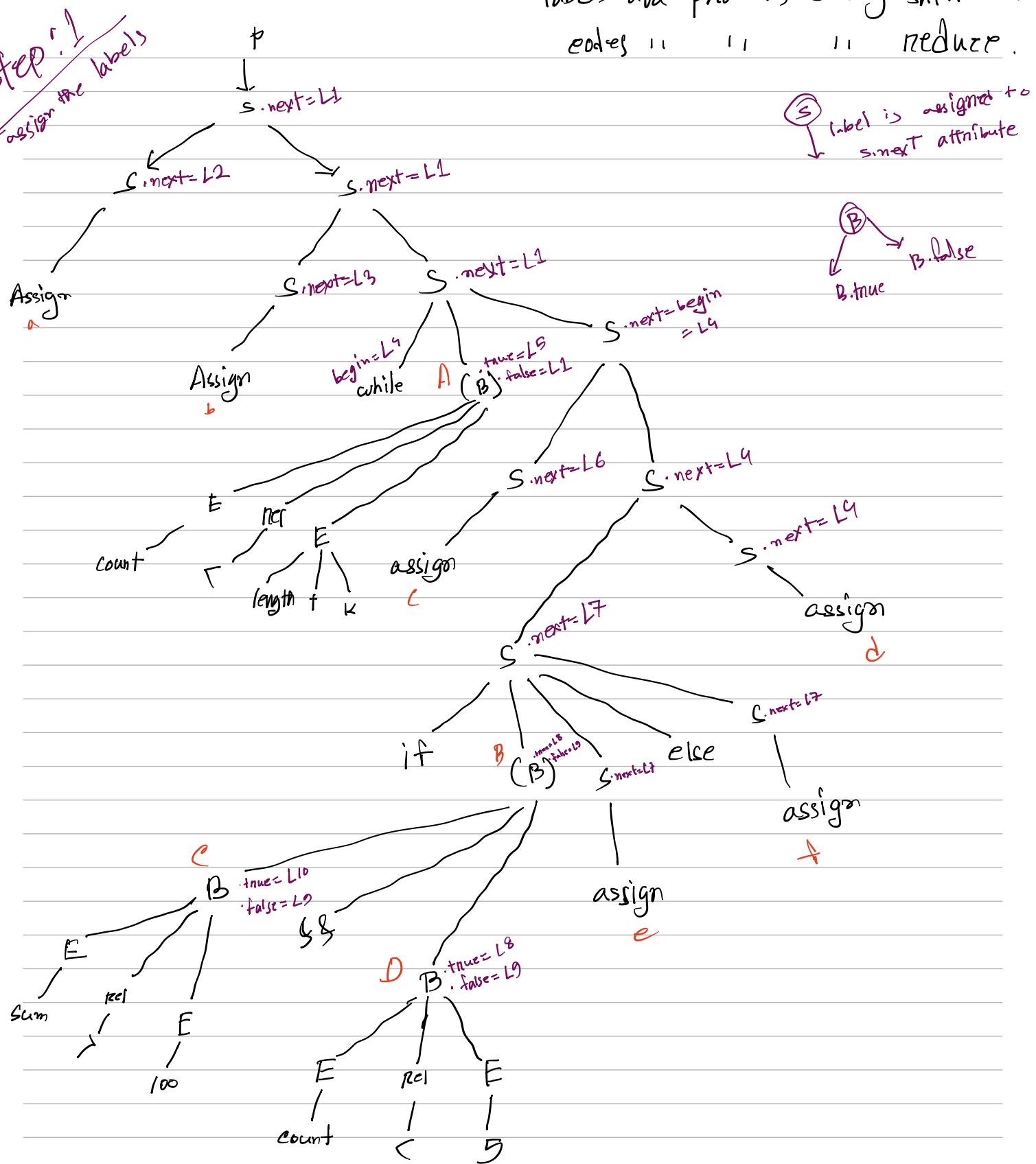
S → if (B) S

if ($\underbrace{x > 0}_{\text{or}}$ & $\underbrace{\text{fact}(n) < 100}$) {

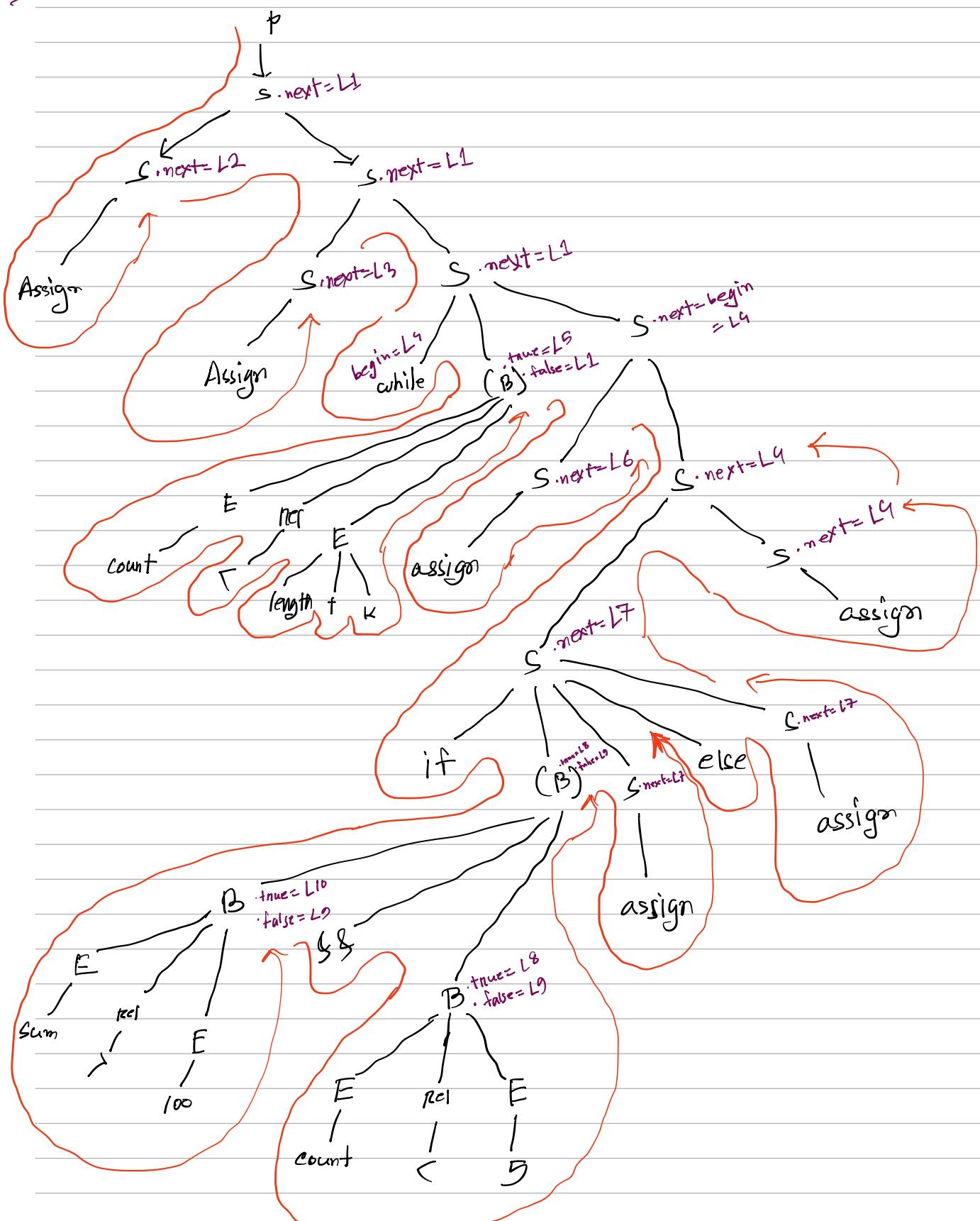
 if this is false [we don't need to
 check the \neg part. the function
 call is required only if the
 first part is true.]

 call is required only if the
 first part is true.

Labels are process during shift and codes :: :: :: reduce.



Stop 2^o



a. code

$t_1 = k + w$
$t_2 = t_1 + n$
$sum = t_2$

b. code | count = 0

A. code

$t_3 = length + k$
if count < t ₃ goto L5
goto L1

C. code

$t_4 = count * 8 \rightarrow$ assuming the array is a float of 10 len.
$t_5 = array[t_4]$
$t_6 = sum + t_5$
Sum = t

C. code

if sum > 100 goto L10
goto L9

D. code

if count < 5 goto L8
goto L9

B. code

if sum > 100 go to L10	} B. code
goto L9	
L10:	} label (B1, true)
if count < 5 goto L8	
goto L9	

e. code

$$t_7 = \text{sum \% 100}$$
$$\text{sum} = t_7$$

f. code

$$t_8 = \text{sum / 100}$$
$$t_9 = t_8 * 5$$
$$t_{10} = t_9 + \text{sum}$$
$$\text{sum} = t_{10}$$

d. code

$$t_{11} = \text{count} + 1$$
$$\text{count} = t_{11}$$

if sum > 100 goto L10
goto L9

L10:
if count < 5 goto L8
goto L9

} B. code

if else part

L8:
 $t_7 = \text{sum \% 100}$
 $\text{sum} = t_7$

goto L7

L9:

$$t_8 = \text{sum / 100}$$
$$t_9 = t_8 * 5$$
$$t_{10} = t_9 + \text{sum}$$
$$\text{sum} = t_{10}$$

complete the code