

Report Lab 2

Exercise 1

MPI Communicators and Groups. 20%

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THASE 1. I on rank 0. My communicator is WTI_COMM_MORID and has a size of 16 processes
HI, I on rank 0. My communicator is WTI_COMM_MORID and has a size of 16 processes
HI, I on rank 0. My communicator is WTI_COMM_MORID and has a size of 16 processes
HI, I on rank 1. My communicator is WTI_COMM_MORID and has a size of 16 processes
HI, I on rank 1. My communicator is WTI_COMM_MORID and has a size of 16 processes
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HI, I on rank 1. My communicator is WTI_COMM_MORID and has a size of 16 processes
HI, I on rank 1. My communicator is WTI_COMM_MORID and has a size of 16 processes
HI, I on rank 1. My communicator is WTI_COMM_MORID and has a size of 16 processes
HI, I was rank 1. My communicator is WTI_COMM_MORID and has a size of 16 processes
HI, I was rank 1. My communicator WTI_COMM_MORID which had 16 processes. Now I'm rank 1 in communicator SPIIT_COMM_OWNID which had 16 processes. Now I'm rank 1 in communicator SPIIT_COMM_OWNID which had 16 processes. Now I'm rank 1 in communicator SPIIT_COMM_OWNID which had 16 processes. Now I'm rank 1 in communicator SPIIT_COMM_OWNID which had 16 processes. Now I'm rank 1 in communicator SPIIT_COMM_OWNID which had 16 processes. Now I'm rank 1 in communicator SPIIT_COMM_OWNID which had 16 processes. Now I'm rank 1 in communicator SPIIT_COMM_OWNID which had 1
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As we can see from the screenshot, the output of the program printed in the terminal is similar to the objective of this exercise with the only exception of the print order that may vary but it is because we have avoided the use of sleeps giving to the code a better performance and a faster execution time.



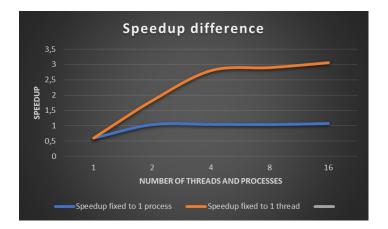
Exercise 2

MPI I/O and global communications. 20%

Number of Threads	Average execution time (fixed to 1 Process)
1	0,5902424
2	0,5677902
4	0,564273
8	0,5675362
16	0,5477618

Number of processes	Average execution time (fixed to 1 thread)
1	0,5902424
2	0,3251788
4	0,2111284
8	0,2040924
16	0,1933696

We can clearly observe that when we fixed the number of threads to 1 and increased the number of processes, the strong speedup was considerably higher than in the other case. In fact, when we parallelized the code just by increasing the number of processes we observe that the average execution time was around 3 times faster. In the case of changing the number of threads, however we noticed just a slight improvement.



If we run the code with 2 processes and 12 threads, we obtain an average execution time of 0,324170 seconds. On the other hand, when we try to run the code with 4 processes and 6 processes we obtain an average execution time of 0,197551 seconds. Therefore, the last case is substantially better than the first one which is a result that we already expected.

Analyzing the speedup in the previous question we observed that increasing the number of processes made our code perform better than when we only increased the number of threads.

That's why when we double the number of processes (from 2 to 4), even having decreased by a half the number of threads, we checked that the performance was better in the latter case.

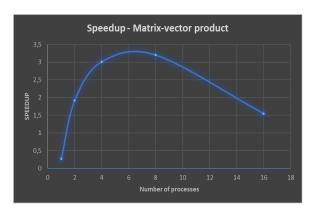
Introduction to Parallel and Distributed Programming



Exercise 3

MPI I/O and global communications. 20%

Number of Processes	Average running time
1	0,266378
2	0,13870825
4	0,08842925
8	0,083153
16	0,17183075



As we can see in the strong speedup plot above, the execution time of the matrix-vector product code decreased significantly when we used 2 and 4 threads. Moreover, when we tried using 8 processes, the execution time also decreased in comparison to the 4 process case but not as much. Finally, when we executed the code with 16 processes we observed a large increase in the execution time which seemed odd to us. We believe that this happened because the overhead of managing all the different processes and sharing the vector between every process and gathering the information to obtain the final result must be higher than the time we gain by parallelizing the code with that many number processes.

Exercise 4

Data types and global communications. 20%

4 processes

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Initial Matrix (rank 0)

0 0 0 0

0 0 0 0

0 0 0 0

0 0 0 0

Final Matrix (rank 0)

0 0 0 0

1 1 1 1

2 2 2 2

3 3 3 3
```

- 8 processes

```
Initial Matrix (rank 0)
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

Final Matrix (rank 0)
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3
4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4
5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5
6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6
7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7
```



Exercise 5

Point to point communications. 20%

After the execution of both files with 1 and 8 processes we have got the following results:

Number of Processes / File	life1.bin	life2.bin
1	0.023788s	0.073321s
8	1.286837s	0.341709s

We can see that the first file is faster to execute with only one process. This is because the input file is not big enough to make necessary the communication between processes and the overhead that this generates is bigger than what is gained after parallelizing the code. For this reason 1 process is faster because it avoids that overhead. But the situation changes for the second file because of the size of the input. In this case, the overhead is minimal compared to the total amount of work, and as we can see in the table, the 8 processes version is about 4 times faster than the 1 process version.

In the following images we can see the different inputs and the corresponding outputs, both outputs (1 and 8 processes) as well as the inputs are the same.

Bitmap life1.bin (1 Process vs 8 Processes):

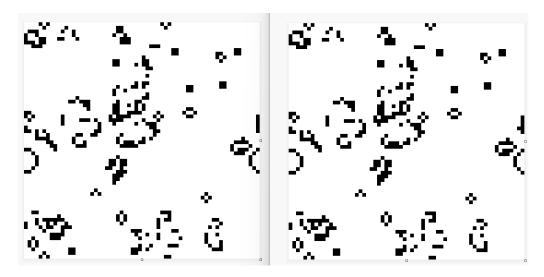
START:





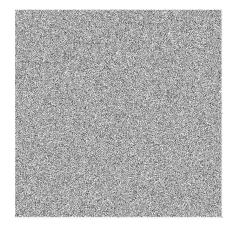


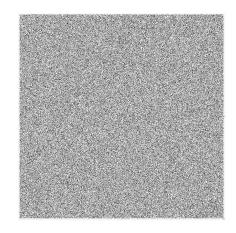
END:



Bitmap life2.bin (1 Process vs 8 Processes):

START:





END:

