

Bradley  
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## Test 2

1. Basis:  $\emptyset, \{\lambda\} + \{a\} \forall a \in \Sigma$

Recursive Step: Let  $X + Y$  be regular sets over  $\Sigma$

The sets:  $X \cup Y$

$XY$

$X^*$

are regular sets over  $\Sigma$ .

Closure:  $X$  is a regular set over  $\Sigma$  only if it can be obtained from the basis elements by a finite number of applications of the recursive step.

2. a. False

c. True

e. True

g. True

i. False

b. False

d. False

f. False

h. False

j. True

\*3  $(tr(str)^*s)^+$

4 A quintuple  $M = (Q, \Sigma, \delta, q_0, F)$

1.  $Q$  is a finite set of states

2.  $\Sigma$  is a finite set called the alphabet

3.  $q_0 \in Q$  a distinguished state known as the start state

4.  $F$  a subset of  $Q$  called the final state

5.  $\delta$  a total function from  $Q \times \Sigma$  to  $Q$  known as the transition function

5 a.  $\{\lambda\}$   $\Sigma = \{a, b\}$

b.  $L = \{\epsilon, a, b, ab, ba, aa, bb, \dots\}$   
 $\Sigma = \{a, b\}$

c. True \*



$$A^* + B^* + s e l l + B^* + l + B^* + \dots$$

d.  $\Sigma = \{0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9\}$

e.  $f = \{q_1, q_3\}$

f. No

g. 0, 5

h. 0, 5

i. 0-... Only one before it reaches  $q_1$

j.  $\infty$

k.  $\Sigma = \{0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9\}$

$2(\Sigma^* (1 \cup 2 \cup 3 \cup 4 \cup 6 \cup 7 \cup 8 \cup 9)^*)$  ends in anything other than 0 or 5

l.  $10^3 + 10^2 + 10^1$   
 $1000 + 100 + 10 = 1110$

$\frac{4}{5}(1000) + \frac{4}{5}(100) + (\frac{4}{5})10 =$   
 $800 + 80 + 8 = 888$

elements elements  
 $0, 5 = 2 \div 10 = \frac{1}{5} \%$

6.  $A = \{e \cup o \cup v \cup s\}^*$

$$e + A + s e l l + A + l + A + (o \cup v)^+ \cup v + A + s e l l + A + l + A + (e \cup o)^+ \\ o + A + s e l l + A + l + A + (e \cup v)^+$$

7.  $(love + s(e + e^2 + e^3 + e^4 + e^5) + o + v)^*$