

# HELLO!

I am Alfredo Alcántara

Frontend Developer

### CONDITIONAL RENDERING

Create distinct components, then you can render only some of them, depending on the state of your application.

### How can we do it?

- Conditionals operators (if-else)
- Inline if w/ embed expressions ({ } &&)
- ► Inline if-else (condition? true: false)
- State of the app (hooks)

### Conditionals operators (if-else)

```
function Greeting(props) {
  const isLoggedIn = props.isLoggedIn;
  if (isLoggedIn) {
    return <UserGreeting />;
  }
  return <GuestGreeting />;
}
```

### Inline if w/ embed expressions ({ } - &&)

```
function Mailbox(props) {
  const unreadMessages = props.unreadMessages;
      <h1>Hello!</h1>
      {unreadMessages.length > 0 &&
          You have {unreadMessages.length} unread messages.
    </div>
const messages = ['React', 'Re: React', 'Re:Re: React'];
ReactDOM.render(
 <Mailbox unreadMessages={messages} />,
 document.getElementById('root')
```

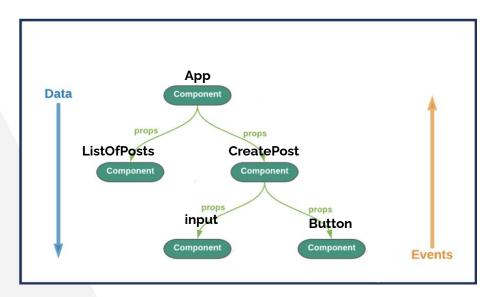
#### Inline if-else (condition? true: false)

# React Hooks

Control the state and other React features...

#### What is a hook and when to use it?

A Hook is a special function that lets you "hook into" React features.



#### Basic hooks

### useState

### useEffect

```
useEffect(() => {
  document.title = `You clicked ${count} times`;
}, [count]); // Only re-run the effect if count changes
```



# THANKS!

**Any questions?**