

# KNN-Algorithm

## What is classification?

- A supervised learning approach
- Categorizing some unknown items into a discrete set of categories or “classes”
- The target attribute is a categorical variable

## How does classification work?

**Classification** determines the class label for an unlabeled test case.

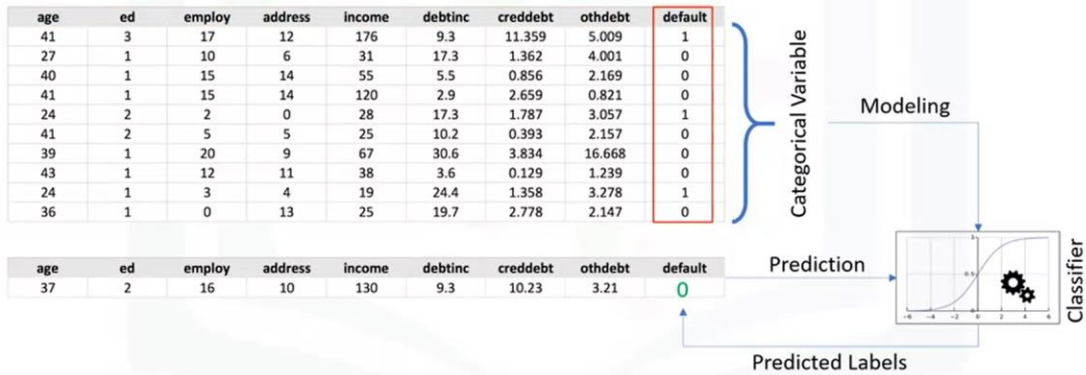
age	ed	employ	address	income	debtinc	creddebt	othdebt	default
41	3	17	12	176	9.3	11.359	5.009	1
27	1	10	6	31	17.3	1.362	4.001	0
40	1	15	14	55	5.5	0.856	2.169	0
41	1	15	14	120	2.9	2.659	0.821	0
24	2	2	0	28	17.3	1.787	3.057	1
41	2	5	5	25	10.2	0.393	2.157	0
39	1	20	9	67	30.6	3.834	16.668	0
43	1	12	11	38	3.6	0.129	1.239	0
24	1	3	4	19	24.4	1.358	3.278	1
36	1	0	13	25	19.7	2.778	2.147	0

} Categorical Variable

age	ed	employ	address	income	debtinc	creddebt	othdebt	default
37	2	16	10	130	9.3	10.23	3.21	

# How does classification work?

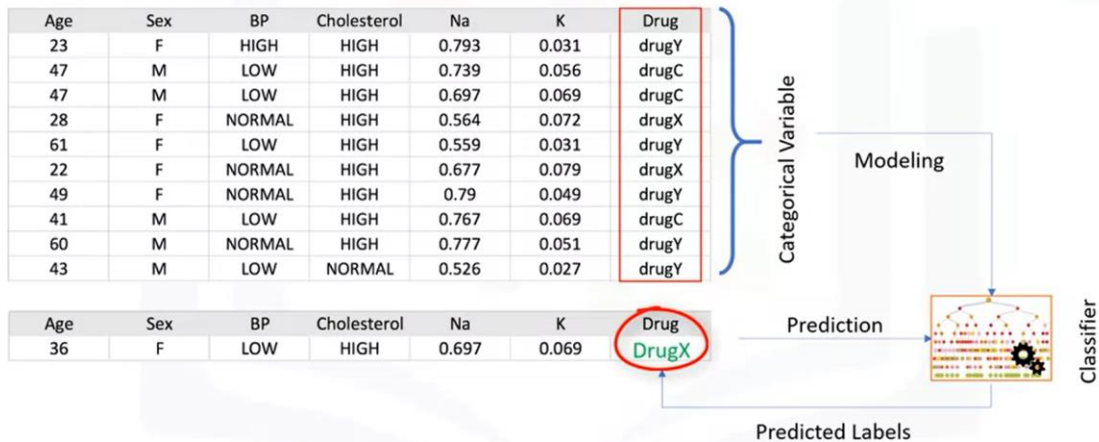
**Classification** determines the class label for an unlabeled test case.



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# Example of multi-class classification



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## Classification use cases

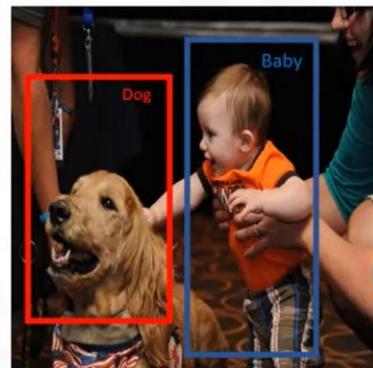
	tenure	age	address	income	ed	employ	equip	calcard	wireless	churn
0	11.0	33.0	7.0	136.0	5.0	5.0	0.0	1.0	1.0	Yes
1	33.0	33.0	12.0	33.0	2.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	Yes
2	23.0	30.0	9.0	30.0	1.0	2.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	No
3	38.0	35.0	5.0	76.0	2.0	10.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	No
4	7.0	35.0	14.0	80.0	2.0	15.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	?

- Which category a customer belongs to?
- Whether a customer switches to another provider/brand?
- Whether a customer responds to a particular advertising campaign?

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## Classification applications



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# Classification algorithms in machine learning

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- Decision Trees (ID3, C4.5, C5.0)
- Naïve Bayes
- Linear Discriminant Analysis
- $k$ -Nearest Neighbor
- Logistic Regression
- Neural Networks
- Support Vector Machines (SVM) ★