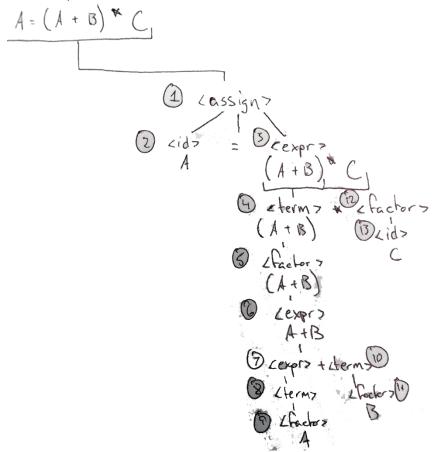
Nick Venenga CSE 465/565 Spring 2016 Homework #6

- 1. Complete outcomes—done
- 3. Parse tree/left-most derivation



 Shortest Pascal case statement (using grammar sheet) case x of end 5. Grammar consideration

Looking at the grammar, we can do a few substitutions to create an easy to understand regex equivalent:

A -> <A> b | b \Leftrightarrow b+ B -> a | a \Leftrightarrow a+ Then... S -> <A> a b \Leftrightarrow b+ a a+ b

- a. baab -> Yes, basically the minimal case
- b. bbbab -> No, there must be at least two "a"s
- 6. Java do-while operational semantic

do {

(statement lists (=) if expr = true goto loop

while (expr);

7. Compute the weakest precondition

 ${a+2b > 1}$

 $({a > 3})$ is weakest precondition for second statement)

8. Compute the weakest precondition

To fulfill 2a+1, $\{a > 0\}$; 2a, $\{a > .5\}$

Weakest precondition: {a > .5}

- 9. Convert Mystery to Java
 - Mystery first checks to see if expr is equal to var
 - If not, Mystery executes statements and performs check again

Java:

10. Consider the Z+- inspired loop

i=0 loop: if i = x goto end < statements > i = i + 1 goto loop end: i = D n = X loop: if i = n goto end c statements > i = i+1 goto loop end:

11. Activation records

