

QUALITE DE L'AIR DANS LA STATION DE CHATELET

Présenté par Joshua Nijimbere



Objectifs

Comment évolue et évoluera la qualité de l'air dans la station de chatelet

Evolution du CO2

Data

```
df.head(), df.tail()
```

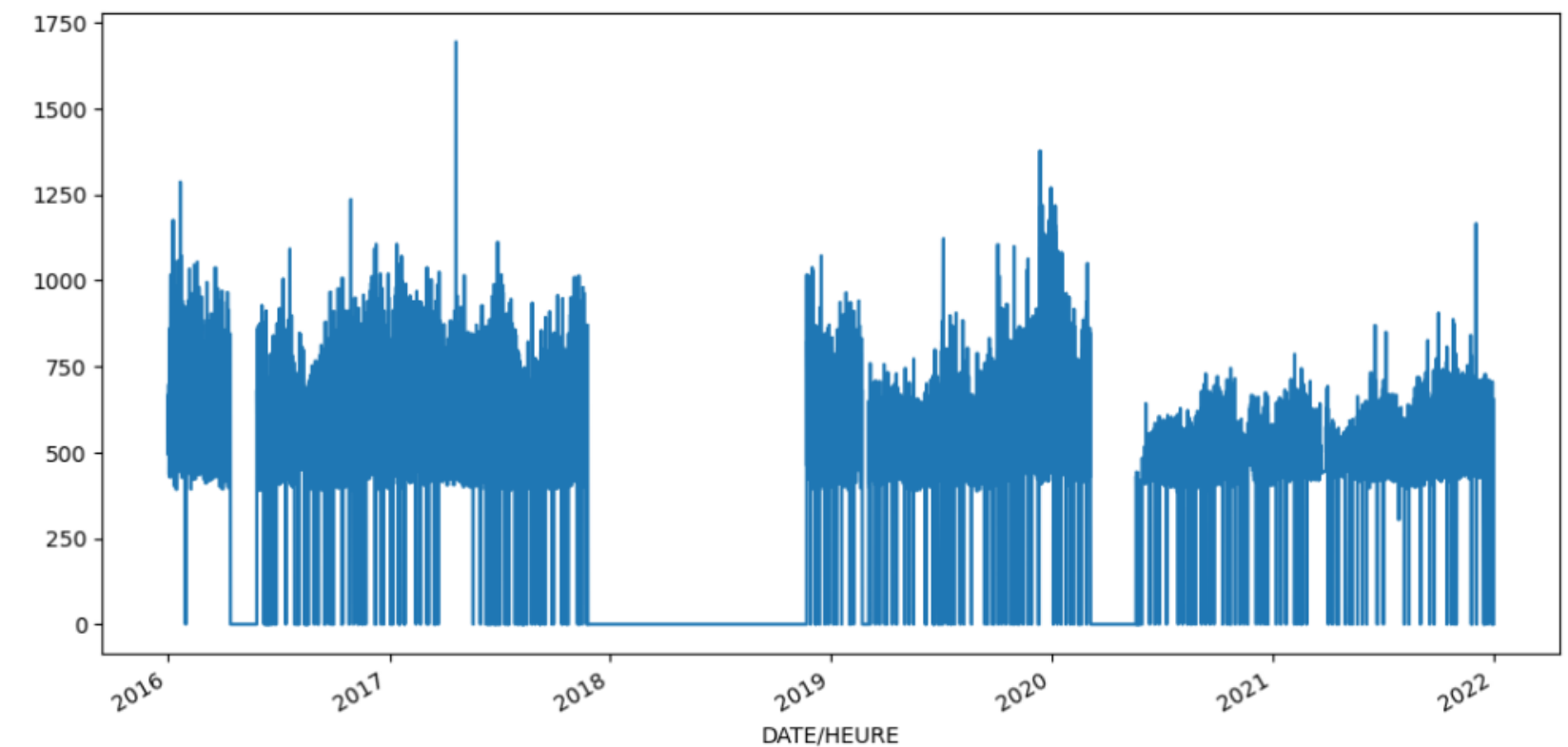
```
(
  DATE/HEURE      NO  NO2  PM10  CO2  TEMP  HUMI
2016-01-01 00:00:00+01:00  32   37   139  649  23.1  36.1
2016-01-01 01:00:00+01:00  16   32   132  575  22.9  35.6
2016-01-01 02:00:00+01:00  13   25   128  651  23.2  36.3
2016-01-01 03:00:00+01:00  14   27   125  668  23.4  36.2
2016-01-01 04:00:00+01:00  17   32    93  652  23.0  36.7,
  NO  NO2  PM10  CO2  TEMP  HUMI
DATE/HEURE
2021-12-31 19:00:00+01:00  17   30    49  628  18.8  64.1
2021-12-31 20:00:00+01:00  21   33    49  589  18.7  64.7
2021-12-31 21:00:00+01:00  37   36    51  589  18.9  64.4
2021-12-31 22:00:00+01:00  18   28    39  526  18.5  65.0
2021-12-31 23:00:00+01:00   9   23    31  519  19.1  62.1)
```

```
df.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
Index: 52391 entries, 2016-01-01 00:00:00+01:00 to 2021-12-31 23:00:00+01:00
Data columns (total 6 columns):
 #   Column  Non-Null Count  Dtype  
---  -
 0   NO      52391 non-null  int64  
 1   NO2     52391 non-null  int64  
 2   PM10    52391 non-null  int64  
 3   CO2     52391 non-null  int64  
 4   TEMP    52391 non-null  float64 
 5   HUMI    52391 non-null  float64 
dtypes: float64(2), int64(4)
memory usage: 2.8+ MB
```

```
if['CO2'].plot(figsize=(12,6))
```

```
<AxesSubplot:xlabel='DATE/HEURE'>
```



Réseaux de neurones

Long Short-Term Memory network (LSTM)

```
results= seasonal_decompose(df['CO2'], extrapolate_trend='freq', period=1)
results.plot();
```

```
scaler= MinMaxScaler()
```

```
train_data = df2.iloc[:-8760]
test_data = df2.iloc[-8760:]
train_data.info()
```

```
scaler.fit(train_data)
scaled_train= scaler.transform(train_data)
scaled_test= scaler.transform(test_data)
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
Index: 43631 entries, 2016-01-01 00:00:00+01
Data columns (total 1 columns):
#   Column  Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0    CO2      43631 non-null    int64
dtypes: int64(1)
memory usage: 681.7+ KB
```

```
n_input= 8760
n_features = 1
generator = TimeseriesGenerator(scaled_train, scaled_train, length=n_input, batch_size=1)
```

```
#definition du model
model = Sequential()
model.add(LSTM(1000,input_shape=(n_input,n_features)))
model.add(Dense(1))
#model.compile()
model.compile(optimizer='adam', loss='mse')
```

```
model.summary()
```

```
predictions_tests=[]

premier_groupe = scaled_train[-n_input:]
groupe_actuel= premier_groupe.reshape((1, n_input, n_features))

for i in range(len(test_data)):
    #prediction du premier groupe
    groupe_actuel= model.predict(groupe_actuel)[0]

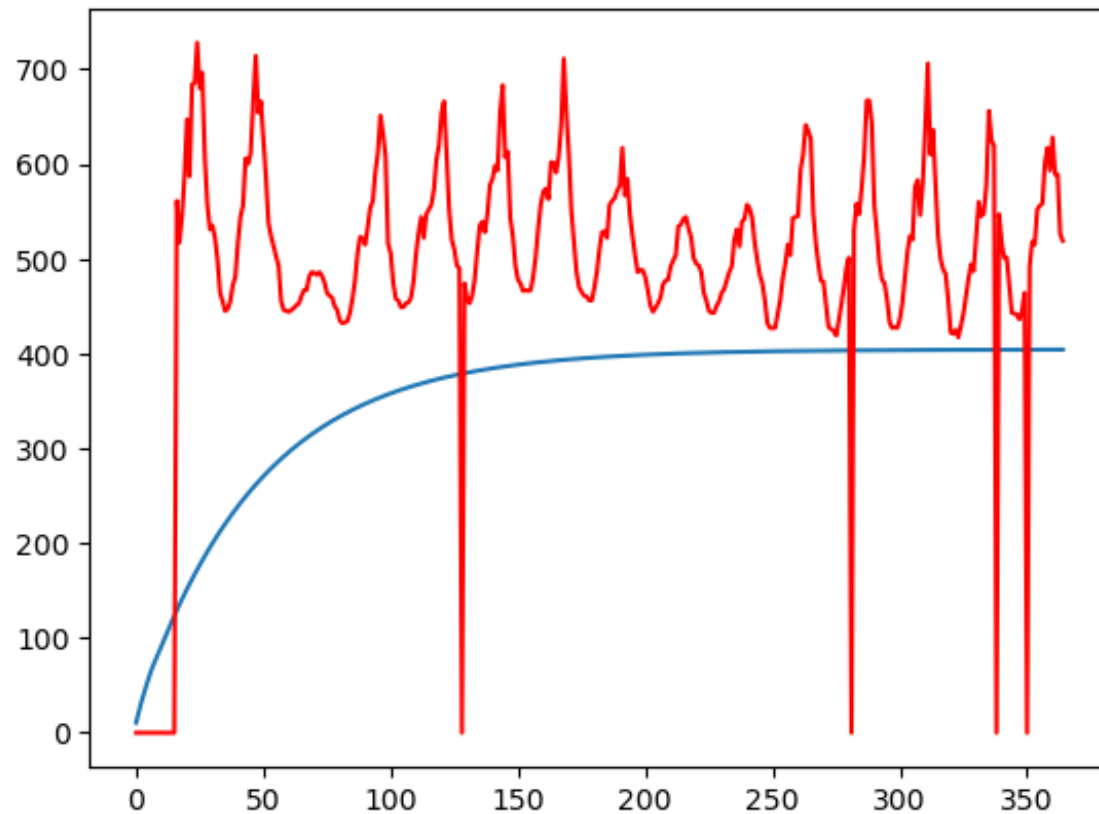
    #ajouter la prediction dans la liste
    predictions_tests.append(groupe_actuel)

    #on utilise la prediction pour re-initialiser le groupe et enlever la premiere valeur
    groupe_actuel= np.append(groupe_actuel[:,1:,:], [[groupe_actuel]], axis=1)
```


Modèle Autoregréssion

```
dftest = adfuller(df['CO2'], autolag = "AIC")
print('ADF:', dfest[0])
print('P-Value:', dfest[1])
print("Num of lags:", dfest[2])
print('Num of observation used for ADF regression and critical values calculation:', dfest[3])
print('Critical Values:')
for key, val in dfest[4].items():
    print("\t", key, ": ", val)
```

```
ADF: -7.2598211499700325
P-Value: 1.6930124032892653e-10
Num of lags: 58
Num of observation used for ADF regression and critical values calculation: 52332
Critical Values:
1% : -3.43047496409059
5% : -2.8615952316158593
10% : -2.5667993979530026
```



```
print(rmse)
```

```
184.10671604570706
```

```
model= AutoReg(train, lags=10).fit()
print(model.summary())
```

AutoReg Model Results

```
=====
Dep. Variable:          y      No. Observations:      52026
Model:                AutoReg(10)  Log Likelihood      -290800.251
Method:              Conditional MLE  S.D. of innovations      64.823
Date:                Mon, 07 Nov 2022  AIC                581624.502
Time:                01:05:33      BIC                581730.814
Sample:                10      HQIC                581657.743
                             52026
=====
```

	coef	std err	z	P> z	[0.025	0.975]
const	10.6949	0.551	19.399	0.000	9.614	11.776
y.L1	0.9901	0.004	225.957	0.000	0.982	0.999
y.L2	-0.0185	0.006	-3.000	0.003	-0.031	-0.006
y.L3	-0.0644	0.006	-10.470	0.000	-0.077	-0.052
y.L4	0.0401	0.006	6.508	0.000	0.028	0.052
y.L5	0.0212	0.006	3.443	0.001	0.009	0.033
y.L6	-0.0313	0.006	-5.078	0.000	-0.043	-0.019
y.L7	-0.0611	0.006	-9.927	0.000	-0.073	-0.049
y.L8	0.0483	0.006	7.845	0.000	0.036	0.060
y.L9	0.0837	0.006	13.596	0.000	0.072	0.096
y.L10	-0.0346	0.004	-7.888	0.000	-0.043	-0.026

Roots

```
=====
Real      Imaginav      Modulus      Frequencv
=====
```

Modèle ARIMA

```
stepwise_fit = auto_arima(df['CO2'], trace=True)
stepwise_fit.summary()
```

Best model: ARIMA(4,1,4)(0,0,0)[0]
Total fit time: 75.720 seconds

```
model=ARIMA(train_data, order=(4, 1, 4))
model=model.fit()
model.summary()
```

```
rmse2=sqrt(mean_squared_error(pred1, test_data))
print(rmse2)
```

90.18592502542586

```
start=len(train_data)
end=len(train_data)+len(test_data)-1
pred1=model.predict(start=len(train_data), end=end,type='levels')
print(pred)
```

2022-12-01	526.970807
2022-12-02	515.088035
2022-12-03	523.060057
2022-12-04	513.066241
2022-12-05	520.624110
2022-12-06	510.941785
2022-12-07	517.723829
2022-12-08	509.442593
2022-12-09	516.390771
2022-12-10	508.706318
2022-12-11	514.557527
2022-12-12	507.422905
2022-12-13	513.438352
2022-12-14	507.365810

Enseignements

Merci !