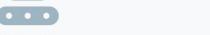


Can AI spot risky software in critical infrastructure?

Background

- Company aims to vet software packages used in critical infrastructure using FACT
- Clients need some way to ensure the safety of their operations







Automotive



Oil & Gas

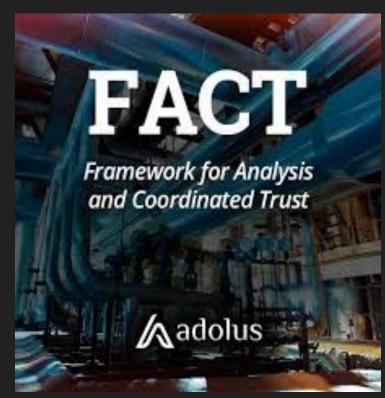




Utilities



Aerospace



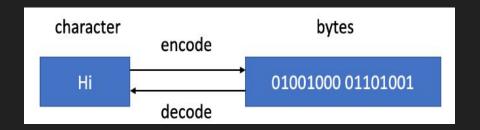
Background

Our Project

- Given Executable and Linkable Format files (ELFs)
- Binary files can be decoded to strings and other information
- Extracted information turned into metadata that the FACT system can use

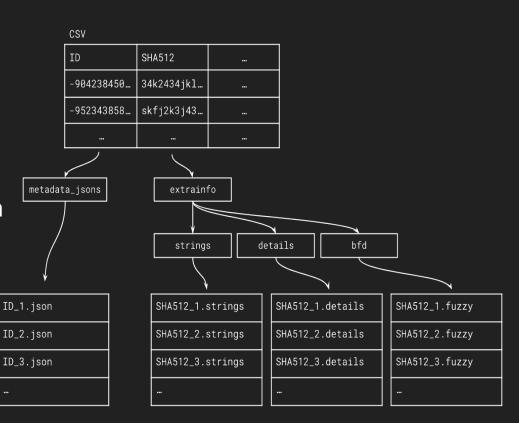
We need to extract the most relevant information (package names, versions, etc) from these files!





Data

- CSV -> json files + extrainfo
- Current solution is manual regex and verification
- Not all files conform to industry standards from (package names in specific places)

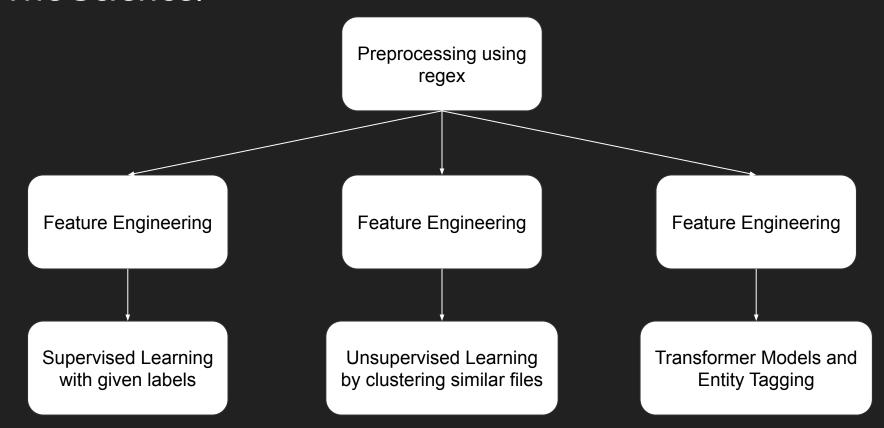


Products for the Partners

- Documentation on
 - Engineered features
 - Research feasibility of models to predict
 - Recommendations for further research
- Python Scripts (time-permitting)



The Science.



Project Steps

Week 1	Hackathon	Proposal & Presentation
Week 2	Data Analysis	Base Feature Engineering & Data Preprocessing
Week 3	Feature Engineering	Supervised Learning
Week 4	Data Annotation for NER	Unsupervised Learning
Week 5	Data Annotation for NER	NER using Transformers & Fine-Tuning
Week 6	NER using Transformers & Fin	ne-Tuning ML Scripts
Week 7	Report Draft	Comparison of traditional and deep learning ML
Week 8	Final Presentation	Report Finalization

Tested Baseline Feature Engineering

Toy string file

\$\$\$@@@- <mark>sqlite</mark> \$\$^7@@@@
@import - , package\$\$\$
!!!! 1[] <mark>iptables</mark>
@@@@\$\$\$\$\$\$\$ \$h?p????%2
<pre>sqlite o ?o .?o 3?oY0HE?</pre>
H?5B21?????? Lo cationmem
<pre>gvfs cmpfprintf ?H ??AR</pre>
H?t\$8?k D\$?D\$?D\$\$H?D\$ (H?
Plt.data.bss?@??D?\ \$8LP
@@@@@@@@L?T\$8L??\$?\$\$\$\$@@@
bzip2??t?I9?vA?H?@??
D?\/usr/share/BB B(D0A8
] iptables ?QTP???\$1A (B
BBB,"HD\$HT\$Ht\$0L\$PLlo
<pre>neTable","_invocation_name</pre>

Package Name	Number of occurrences
sqlite	2
gvfs	1
iptables	2
bzip2	1

Tested Baseline Feature Engineering

	Approach 1	Approach 2
Prediction Method for Package Label	Based on maximum occurrences	Logistic regression model
Prediction Accuracy	67.7%	96.8% (on the test set)

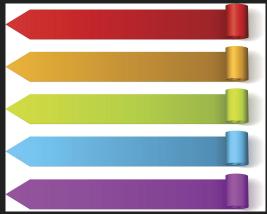
Challenges Faced

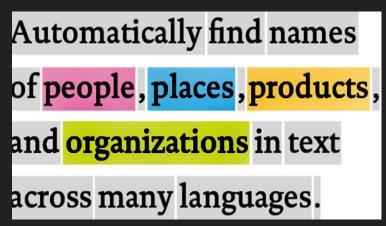
Heavy string preprocessing

Limited labels and package version numbers with baseline techniques

NER limitations







Need more sophisticated and advanced ML and NLP techniques!!!