DEDP Exam 2017-2018

No.2

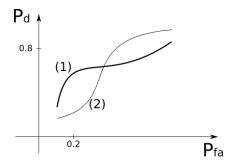
Exercises

- 1. (3p) Compute the average value, the average squared value, and the variance for a stationary random process with a **uniform distribution** $w_1(x) = \mathcal{U}[2, 6]$.
- 2. (7p) Consider the detection of a constant signal A with two possible values, A = -1 (hypothesis H_0) or A = 1 (hypothesis H_1). The signal is affected by noise with uniform distribution [-3,3]. The probabilities of the two hypotheses are $P(H_0) = 1/3$, $P(H_1) = 2/3$. The receiver takes a single sample r.
 - a. (1p) Draw the two likelihood functions $w(r|H_0)$ and $w(r|H_1)$, and compute their height.
 - b. (2p) Find the decision threshold T considering the Minimum Probability of Error criterion.
 - c. (2p) Compute the probability of **miss** and of **correct detection**, considering the **Minimum Probability of Error** criterion.
 - d. (2p) Find a new threshold T' which makes the probability of **correct detection** equal to 99%
- 3. (3p) Consider detecting a signal $s(t) = 2\cos(4\pi t)$ that can be present (hypothesis H_1) or absent (hypothesis H_0). The signal is affected by AWGN $\mathcal{N}(0, \sigma^2 = 1)$. The receiver takes 2 samples at times $t_1 = 0$ and $t_2 = 1/8$, with values $r_1 = 1.2$ and $r_2 = -1$.
 - a. (2p) What is the decision according to Maximum Likelihood criterion?
 - b. (1p) If we could take a third sample, what would be the best sample time t_3 ? Explain why.
- 4. (5p) Consider the received signal $r(t) = \underbrace{2A t}_{s(t)} + noise$, where A is unknown. The noise has Gaussian distribution $\mathcal{N}(0, \sigma^2 = 4)$. The receiver takes three samples at times $t_1 = 2, t_2 = 4, t_3 = 5$, with values $r_1 = 1.8, r_2 = 0.1, r_3 = -0.9$. Estimate the parameter A using Maximum Likelihood estimation.

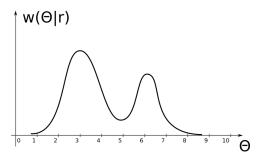
Theory

1. (4p) Prove the relation $\sigma^2 = E\{X^2\} - (E\{X\})^2$.

- 2. (5p) State the five properties of the autocorrelation function of a stationary random process.
- 3. (2p)Consider the following graph with two different Receiver Operating Characteristics (ROC):
 - a. What is a ROC hraph?
 - b. Which is the better one for $P_{fa}=0.2$? Explain (in words).
 - c. Which is the better one for $P_d = 0.8$? Explain (in words).



- 4. (3p) Show that the Maximum Likelihood criterion is a particular case of the Minimum Probability of Error criterion, which in turn is a particular case of the Minimum Risk criterion.
- 5. (3p) The **a posteriori** distribution of an unknown parameter Θ is shown below.
 - a. What is the value of the MAP estimator $\hat{\Theta}_{MAP}$? Explain how you chose it.
 - b. Is the value of the MMSE estimator $\hat{\Theta}_{MMSE}$ larger or smaller that that $\hat{\Theta}_{MAP}$? Explain why.



- 6. (2p) Consider an unknown parameter Θ with value around 10. You can choose between the four estimators below. Which one would you choose and why?
 - 1. an unbiased estimator with small variance $\sigma_{\Theta}^2 = 0.1$
 - 2. a biased estimator with small variance $\sigma_{\Theta}^2 = 0.1$
 - 3. an unbiased estimator with large variance $\sigma_{\Theta}^2 = 10$
 - 4. a biased estimator with large variance $\sigma_{\Theta}^2 = 10$

Notes: 40p total, solve 30p for grade 10. 3p are awarded from start. Time available: 2h

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