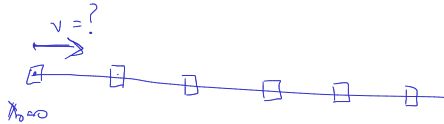


DEPI Seminar 7

1



against $\mathcal{N}(\mu=0, \sigma^2=0.1)$

$$t = [1 \ 2 \ 3 \ 4 \ 5]$$

$$r = [4.9 \ 9.8 \ 14.3 \ 21.2 \ 25.7]$$

$$\hat{V}_{ML} = ?$$

$$r(t) = \lambda_\theta(t) + z_{\text{gauss}} \\ = v \cdot t + z_{\text{gauss}}$$

La noi :

$$\lambda_\theta(t) = v \cdot t = \text{position real}$$

$$r(t) = \lambda_\theta(t) + z_{\text{gauss}} \\ = \text{poz. măsurată}$$

$$\lambda_\theta = [v \ 2v \ 3v \ 4v \ 5v]$$

$$r = [4.9 \ 9.8 \ 14.3 \ 21.2 \ 25.7]$$

$$\hat{V}_{ML} = \underset{v}{\operatorname{argmin}} d(r, \lambda_\theta)^2$$

$$d(r, \lambda_\theta)^2 = (v - 4.9)^2 + (2v - 9.8)^2 + (3v - 14.3)^2 + (4v - 21.2)^2 + (5v - 25.7)^2$$

$$\frac{\partial d(r, \lambda_\theta)^2}{\partial v} = 2(v - 4.9) \cdot 1 + 2(2v - 9.8) \cdot 2 + 2(3v - 14.3) \cdot 3 + 2(4v - 21.2) \cdot 4 + 2(5v - 25.7) \cdot 5 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow v + 4v + 9v + 16v + 25v = 4.9 + 9.8 \cdot 2 + 14.3 \cdot 3 + 21.2 \cdot 4 + 25.7 \cdot 5$$

$$\hat{V}_{ML} = \frac{4.9 + 9.8 \cdot 2 + 14.3 \cdot 3 + 21.2 \cdot 4 + 25.7 \cdot 5}{55} = \frac{280.7}{55} = 5.1$$

b) La num. 6 : $x = v \cdot 6 = 5.1 \cdot 6 = 30.6$

c). $x(t) = \overset{?}{x_0} + \underbrace{\overset{?}{v} \cdot t}_{\text{deplasare}} = \Delta x$

$$\lambda_\theta = [x_0 + v \ x_0 + 2v \ x_0 + 3v \ x_0 + 4v \ x_0 + 5v]$$

$$r = [4.9 \ 9.8 \ 14.3 \ 21.2 \ 25.7]$$

$$\hat{V}_{ML}, \hat{x_0}_{ML} = \underset{V, x_0}{\operatorname{argmin}} d(r, \lambda_\theta)^2$$

$$d(r, \lambda_\theta)^2 =$$

$$= (\overset{?}{x_0} + \overset{?}{v} - 4.9)^2 + (x_0 + 2v - 9.8)^2 + (x_0 + 3v - 14.3)^2 + (x_0 + 4v - 21.2)^2 + (x_0 + 5v - 25.7)^2$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{\partial}{\partial v} = 0 \\ \frac{\partial}{\partial x_0} = 0 \end{array} \right. \Rightarrow$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{\partial d(r, \lambda_0)^2}{\partial v} = 2(\lambda_0 + v - 4.9) + 2(\lambda_0 + 2v - 9.8) \cdot 2 + 2(\lambda_0 + 3v - 14.3) \cdot 3 + 2(\lambda_0 + 4v - 21.2) \cdot 4 + 2(\lambda_0 + 5v - 25.7) \cdot 5 = 0 \\ \frac{\partial d(r, \lambda_0)^2}{\partial \lambda_0} = 2(\lambda_0 + v - 4.9) + 2(\lambda_0 + 2v - 9.8) + 2(\lambda_0 + 3v - 14.3) + 2(\lambda_0 + 4v - 21.2) + 2(\lambda_0 + 5v - 25.7) = 0 \end{array} \right.$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} 5 \cdot \lambda_0 + 55 \cdot v = 280.7 \\ 5 \cdot \lambda_0 + 15 \cdot v = 75.9 \end{array} \right. \Rightarrow 40v = 204.8 \Rightarrow \begin{array}{|c|} \hline \hat{v}_{ML} = 5.12 \\ \hline \hat{\lambda}_{0, ML} = -0.18 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\Rightarrow \lambda_0 = \frac{75.9 - 15 \cdot 5.12}{5} = -0.18$$

loc. momental 6: $\lambda_0 + v \cdot 6 = -0.18 + 5.12 \cdot 6 = \dots$

d). $x(t) = \frac{a}{2} t^2 + v_0 t + x_0$

$$\lambda_\theta = \left[\frac{a}{2} + v_0 + x_0 \quad 2a + 2v_0 + x_0 \quad a \cdot \frac{9}{2} + 3v_0 + x_0 \quad \dots \right]$$

$$r = \left[4.9 \quad 9.8 \quad 14.3 \quad \dots \right]$$

$$d(r, \lambda_\theta)^2 = \left(\frac{a}{2} + v_0 + x_0 - 4.9 \right)^2 + \left(2a + 2v_0 + x_0 - 9.8 \right)^2 + \dots$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{\partial d}{\partial a} = 0 \\ \frac{\partial d}{\partial v_0} = 0 \\ \frac{\partial d}{\partial x_0} = 0 \end{array} \right. \Rightarrow \left\{ \begin{array}{l} 2 \left(\frac{a}{2} + v_0 + x_0 - 4.9 \right) \cdot \frac{1}{2} + 2(2a + 2v_0 + x_0 - 9.8) \cdot 2 + \dots = 0 \\ 2 \left(\frac{a}{2} + v_0 + x_0 - 4.9 \right) \cdot 1 + 2(2a + 2v_0 + x_0 - 9.8) \cdot 2 + \dots = 0 \\ 2 \left(\frac{a}{2} + v_0 + x_0 - 4.9 \right) + 2(2a + 2v_0 + x_0 - 9.8) + \dots = 0 \end{array} \right.$$

2

$$y = a \cdot x$$

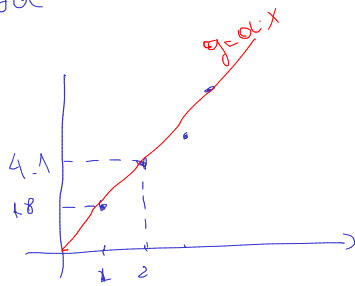
x_i	y_i
1	1.8
2	4.1
2.5	5.1
4	7.9
4.3	8.5

$$a) \lambda_\theta = \left[a \quad 2a \quad 2.5a \quad 4a \quad 4.3a \right]$$

$$r = \left[1.8 \quad 4.1 \quad 5.1 \quad 7.9 \quad 8.5 \right]$$

$$d(\mathbf{r}, \mathbf{r}_0)^2 = (a - 1.8)^2 + (2a - 4.1)^2 + (2.5a - 5.1)^2 + \dots$$

$$\frac{\partial d}{\partial a} = 2(a - 1.8) + 2(2a - 4.1) \cdot 2 + 2(2.5a - 5.1) \cdot 2.5 + \dots = 0$$



$$\Rightarrow \hat{a}_{ML} = \dots$$

3

$$r(t) = \underbrace{A \cdot t^2 + 2}_{\mathbf{r}_0(t)} + \text{zgerüst}$$

$$t: 1, 2, 3$$

$$\mathbf{r} = \begin{bmatrix} 1.2 & 3.7 & 8.5 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\mathbf{A}_\theta = \begin{bmatrix} A+2 & 4A+2 & 9A+2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\mathbf{r} = \begin{bmatrix} 1.2 & 3.7 & 8.5 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\mathcal{N}(\mu=0, \sigma^2=1)$$

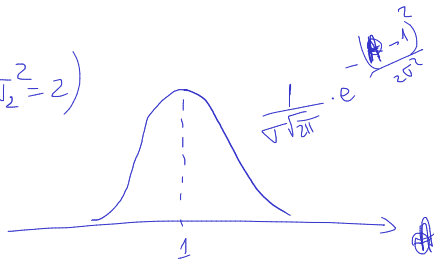
$$A =$$

$$d(\mathbf{r}, \mathbf{r}_0)^2 = (A+2-1.2)^2 + (4A+2-3.7)^2 + (9A+2-8.5)^2$$

$$\frac{\partial d}{\partial A} = 2(A+0.8) + 2(4A-1.7) \cdot 4 + 2(9A-6.5) \cdot 9 = 0$$

$$\hat{A}_{ML} = \frac{0.8 + 1.7 \cdot 4 + 6.5 \cdot 9}{98} = 0.67$$

b). $w(A) = \mathcal{N}(\mu=1, \sigma^2=2)$

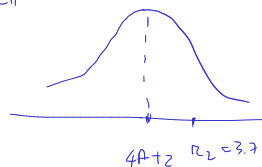
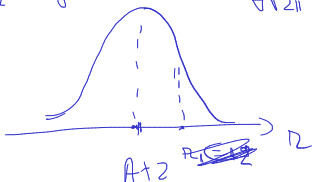


$$\text{MAP: } \hat{A}_{MAP} = \underset{A}{\text{argmax}} \quad w(\mathbf{r}|A) \cdot w(A)$$

$$w(\mathbf{r}|A) = w(r_1|A) \cdot w(r_2|A) \cdot w(r_3|A)$$

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \cdot e^{-\frac{(1.2-A-2)^2}{2\sigma^2}} \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \cdot e^{-\frac{(3.7-4A-2)^2}{2\sigma^2}} \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \cdot e^{-\frac{(8.5-9A-2)^2}{2\sigma^2}}$$

$$r_1 = A+2 + \text{zgerüst}$$



$$w(z|A) \cdot w(A) = \left(\frac{1}{\sigma\sqrt{2\pi}} \right)^3 \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{2\pi}} \cdot e^{-\left(\underbrace{\frac{(1.2-A-2)^2 + (3.7-4A-2)^2 + (8.5-9A-2)^2}{2\sigma^2}}_{\substack{\chi^2 \\ c_1}} + \underbrace{\frac{(A-1)^2}{2\sigma_2^2}}_{\substack{\chi^2 \\ c_2}} \right)}$$

minim

Vrem A a.i. să fie maxim \uparrow

(\Rightarrow)

Vrem A a.i. să fie minim

$$\hat{A}_{MAP} = \underset{A}{\operatorname{argmin}} \left(\frac{(-0.8-A)^2 + (1.7-4A)^2 + (6.5-9A)^2}{2} + \frac{(A-1)^2}{4} \right)$$

$$= \underset{A}{\operatorname{argmin}} \left((A+0.8)^2 + (4A-1.7)^2 + (9A-6.5)^2 + \frac{1}{2} \cdot (A-1)^2 \right)$$

\Rightarrow Exact ca la est. M.L, doar că avem 4 termeni, nu 3

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial A} = 0 \Rightarrow \hat{A}_{MAP} = \dots$$