

Exercises Week 2

3

a)

$$y[n] = n \cdot x[n^2]$$

= M: with memory

- T.I.: Time variant

Memoryless:
 $y[10] = f(x[10])$
 $y[5] = f(x[5])$

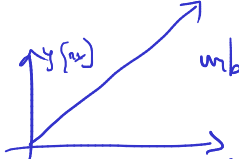
$$H(x[n-k]) \stackrel{?}{=} y[n-k]$$

$$\begin{aligned} H(x[n-k]) &= n \cdot x[(n-k)^2] \neq y[n-k] \\ y[n-k] &= (n-k) \cdot x[(n-k)^2] \end{aligned} \Rightarrow \text{T.V.}$$

- L: $H(a \cdot x_1[n] + b \cdot x_2[n]) \stackrel{?}{=} a \cdot H(x_1[n]) + b \cdot H(x_2[n])$
 $n \cdot (a \cdot x_1[n^2] + b \cdot x_2[n^2]) = a \cdot n \cdot x_1[n^2] + b \cdot n \cdot x_2[n^2]$
 $\Rightarrow \text{yes, Linear}$

- C: $y[10] = 10 \cdot x[100]$ not causal

- S: $x[n] = 1$ for ever
 $y[n] = n$



unbounded \Rightarrow Not stable

b). $y[n] = x[n] \cdot \cos(\omega_0 n)$

- M: memoryless

- L: $x \rightarrow x_1 + x_2$
 $H(ax_1[n] + bx_2[n]) = \underbrace{(ax_1[n] + bx_2[n])}_{x[n]} \cdot \cos(\omega_0 n) = \underbrace{a \cdot x_1[n] \cdot \cos(\omega_0 n)}_{H(x_1)} + \underbrace{b \cdot x_2[n] \cdot \cos(\omega_0 n)}_{H(x_2)}$

- T: $H(x[n-k]) \neq y[n-k]$ because n in $\cos(\omega_0 n)$

Time-Variant

- C: causal because memoryless

- S: yes: $\left. \begin{array}{l} x[n] \text{ bounded} \\ \cos() \text{ bounded} \end{array} \right\} \Rightarrow y[n] \text{ bounded} \Rightarrow$ Stable

c). $y[n] = \sin(x[n])$

- M: memoryless

- L: Not

- T: T.invar.

- C: Yes

- S: Yes, $\sin() \in [-1, 1]$

d). $y[n] = x[n] + \underbrace{m}_{\text{with}} x[n+1]$

- M: with

- L: $H(ax_1[n] + bx_2[n]) = (ax_1 + bx_2) + m \cdot (ax_1[n+1] + bx_2[n+1])$

$$= a \cdot (x_1[n] + m \cdot x_1[n+1]) + b \cdot (x_2[n] + m \cdot x_2[n+1])$$

$$= a \cdot H(x_1[n]) + b \cdot H(x_2[n])$$

- T: Time variant (m)

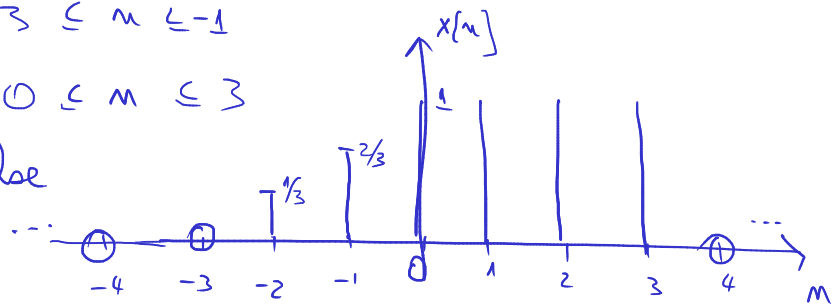
- C: non-causal

- S: unstable $(x[n] = 1 \Rightarrow y[n] = n+1 \nearrow)$

①

$$x[n] = \begin{cases} 1 + n/3, & -3 \leq n \leq -1 \\ 1, & 0 \leq n \leq 3 \\ 0, & \text{else} \end{cases}$$

a)



b). $x[-n+4] = y[n]$

$$n = -4 \quad -3 \quad -2 \quad -1 \quad 0 \quad 1 \quad 2 \quad 3 \quad 4$$

$$x[n] = 0 \quad 0 \quad 1/3 \quad 2/3 \quad 1 \quad 1 \quad 1 \quad 1 \quad 0$$

$$y[n] = x[-n+4] = 0 \quad 0 \quad 0 \quad 0 \quad 0 \quad 1 \quad 1 \quad 1 \quad 1 \quad 2/3 \quad 1/3 \quad 0 \dots 0$$

