# **Source Coding - Decoding**

### **Information Theory Lab 5**

## **Objective**

Understand linear block codes encoding and decoding by implementing a basic decoding application.

#### Theoretical notions

See lecture notes.

#### **Exercises**

1. Write a C program to perform decoding of the files encoded from the previous laboratory (given separately in a .zip file). The program shall be called as follows:

```
Decode.exe code.dat input.txt output.txt
```

- The arguments are:
  - code.dat: a file containing the code to be used (known as the "codebook" file)
  - input.txt: the encoded file
  - output.txt: the output file (decoded)

The codebook file contains a vector of 256 elements of the following structure type:

- The program will follow the following steps:
  - 1. Read the full vector from the codebook file;

- 2. Read the full input encoded file into an array data of type unsigned char, of max size 1MB (i.e. 1.000.000 bytes); Store the number of bytes actually read (return value of fread), so that you know how much of the array is actually used:
- 3. Decode the characters from the data array, as follows:
  - While we haven't processed all bytes actually read, do the following:
  - a) For all characters, try and see which codeword matches the next bits in data;
  - b) When a codeword matches, write that character in the output file;
  - c) Advance in the data array with the size of the matched codeword;
- Note: every time there is a **single codeword** that fully matches the next bits in the data array.
- 2. Decode the file textro.enc with the provided codebook codero.dat. Open the output and check that the data is recovered correctly. Check the size of the input and output files and compute the compression ratio.
- 3. Repeat 2. for texten.txt with codebook codeen.dat.
- 4. Decode a file with the codebook from the other language. How does the output look like?
- 5. Open an encoded file and randomly make an error (for example, delete one character). Then attempt to decode it. How does the error affect the decoded output?

#### Implementation hints

- The following C functions may be used for file-based operations. Look up their documentation on the Internet (e.g. *cplusplus.com*, or Google search).
  - fopen(...), to open a file for reading;
  - fread(...), to read byte data from the file;
  - fclose(), to close the file when finished.
- The following macros implement the basic bit operations:
  - read a single bit i from a variable x;
  - set bit i from a variable x to 1;
  - clear bit i from a variable x (i.e. set to value 0);
  - change the value of bit i from a variable x (i.e. if 0 make 1, if 1 make 0);
  - read the value of bit i from a vector v;
  - write the bit value val in vector v on position i.

- When writing the i-th bit in a large vector of bytes, i/8 is the index of the byte and i%8 is the bit inside that byte.
  - Example: the 20th bit in vector out = bit number 4 from byte out [2].

# **Final questions**

- 1. TBD
- 2. TBD