

$$S: \begin{pmatrix} \Delta_1 & \Delta_2 & \dots & \Delta_m \\ p(\Delta_1) & p(\Delta_2) & & p(\Delta_m) \end{pmatrix}$$

$$S^2: \begin{pmatrix} \overbrace{\Delta_1 \Delta_1}^{\nabla_1} & \overbrace{\Delta_1 \Delta_2}^{\nabla_2} & \dots & \overbrace{\Delta_2 \Delta_1}^{\nabla_{21}} & \dots & \overbrace{\Delta_m \Delta_m}^{\nabla_{m2}} \\ p(\Delta_1) \cdot p(\Delta_1) & p(\Delta_1) \cdot p(\Delta_2) & & p(\Delta_2) \cdot p(\Delta_1) & & p(\Delta_m) \cdot p(\Delta_m) \end{pmatrix}$$

$$H(S^2) = - \sum p(\nabla_i) \cdot \log(p(\nabla_i))$$

$$= - \sum_i \sum_j \underbrace{p(\Delta_i) \cdot p(\Delta_j)}_{p(\nabla_{ij})} \cdot \underbrace{\log(p(\Delta_i) \cdot p(\Delta_j))}_{(\log(p(\Delta_i)) + \log(p(\Delta_j)))}$$

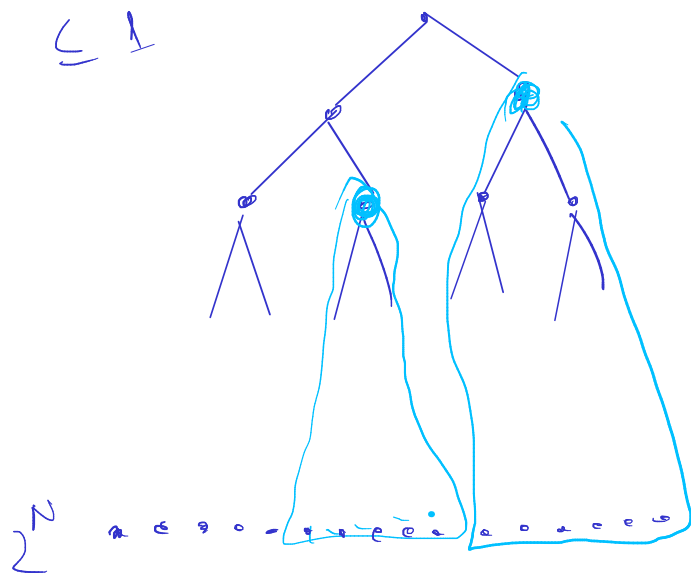
$$= - \sum_i \sum_j p(\Delta_i) p(\Delta_j) \cdot \log(p(\Delta_i)) = H(S)$$

$$- \sum_i \sum_j p(\Delta_i) \cdot p(\Delta_j) \cdot \log(p(\Delta_j)) = H(S)$$

$$= H(S) + H(S) = 2 \cdot H(S)$$

~~but: 2~~

~~test~~
~~test answer:~~ $\sum_i 2^{-l_i} \leq 1$



$$\text{Hamming } \begin{pmatrix} m & k \\ 7 & 4 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\text{Hamming } (15, 11)$$

$$\frac{?}{31}, \frac{?}{26}$$

$$m = \boxed{} = \text{biti cuv. cod}$$

$$k = \text{biti inform.}$$

$$m = 7, 15, \underline{31}, \underline{63}$$

$$\quad \quad \quad \textcircled{3} \quad \textcircled{4} \quad \textcircled{5} \quad \quad$$

$$\quad \quad \quad 2^{-1} \quad 2^{-1} \quad 2^{-1} \quad 2^6$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \text{cava} \\ m = 2^{} - 1 \\ \hline k = 2^{\text{cava}} - 1 - \text{cava} \end{array}$$

$$\boxed{0} = \boxed{H} \cdot \begin{array}{|c|} \hline \\ \hline \end{array}$$

3 biti de paritate

$$H = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Hamming (7, 4)

$$H = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

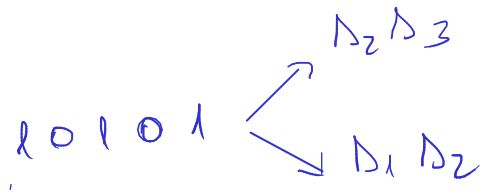
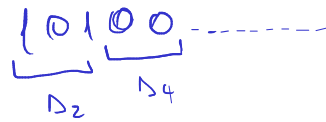
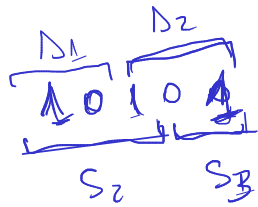
Hamming (15, 11)

$$[i_1 \ i_2 \ i_3 \ i_4] \cdot G = [i_1 \ i_2 \ i_3 \ i_4 \ c_1 \ c_2 \ c_3]$$

$$G = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$H = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$H \cdot Z = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{array}{|c|} \hline 1 \\ \hline \end{array}$$



Optimal: $\eta = 1$ \Rightarrow $\bar{\ell} = H(s)$ $\Rightarrow \ell_i = \text{nr. intregi}$

$\ell_i = -\log_2(p(D_i))$

$P(D_i) = 2^{-\ell_i}$