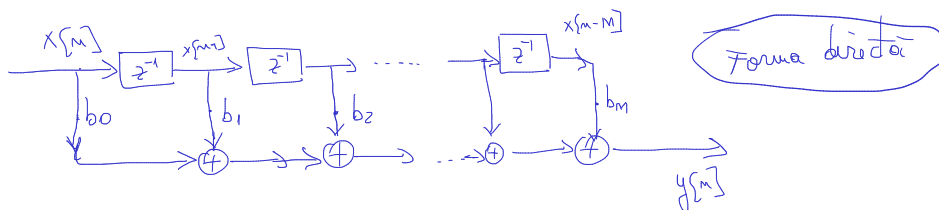


Curs 03 PSS

(1) FIR $H(z) = b_0 + b_1 z^{-1} + b_2 z^{-2} + \dots + b_m z^{-m} \xrightarrow{z} h[n] = \{b_0, b_1, b_2, \dots, b_m\}, 0, 0, \dots$
 $= b_0 (1 - z_1 z^{-1}) (1 - z_2 z^{-1}) \dots (1 - z_m z^{-1})$
 $H_1(z)$ $H_2(z)$ $H_3(z)$
 zero-pole sistemului

$$y[n] = b_0 \cdot x[n] + b_1 \cdot x[n-1] + \dots + b_m \cdot x[n-m]$$

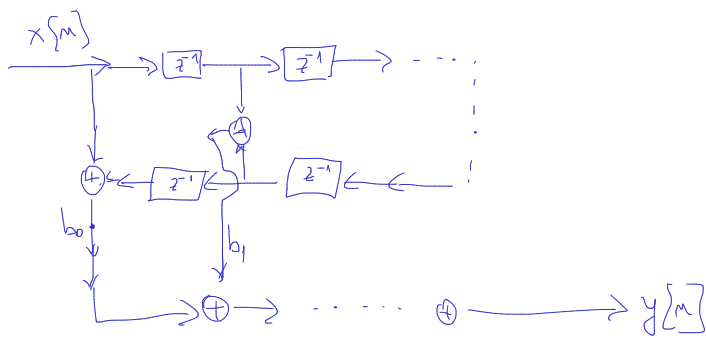
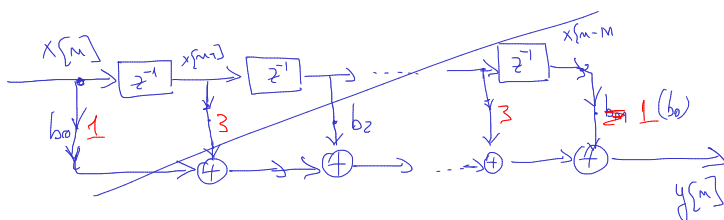


Optimizare pt. filtre cu fază liniară:

$$h[n] = \pm h[M-n]$$

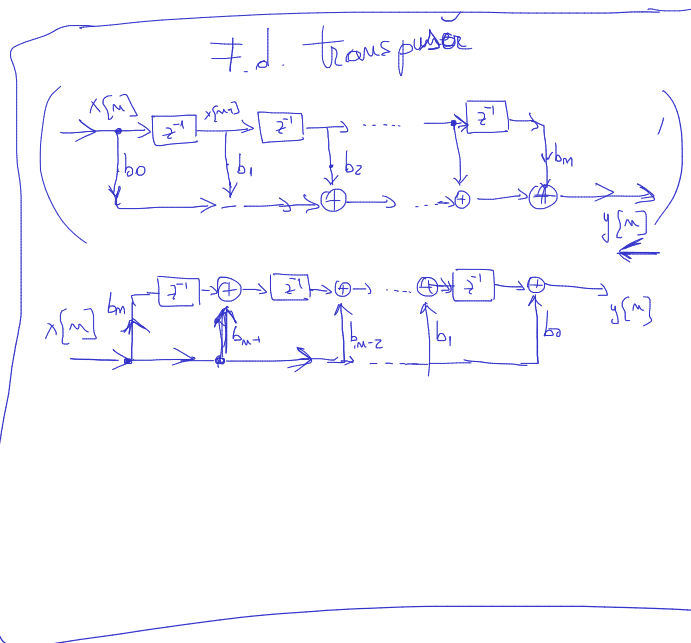
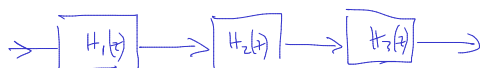
$$h[n] = \{1, 3, 2, 4, 2, 3, 1\}$$

$$h[n] = \{1, 3, 2, 0, -2, -3, -1\}$$



Serie (cascadă)

$$H(z) = H_1(z) \cdot H_2(z) \cdot \dots \cdot H_k(z)$$



Ex: $H(z) = 1 + 3z^{-1} + 2z^{-2} + 4z^{-3} + 2z^{-4} + 3z^{-5} + z^{-6}$

roots()

$$= (1 + 2.7515 z^{-1}) (1 - (0.4704 + 0.9j) z^{-1}) (1 - (0.4704 - 0.9j) z^{-1}) (1 - 0.3 + 0.9j) (1 - 0.3 - 0.9j) (1 - 0.363 z^{-1})$$

$H_1(z)$ $H_2(z)$ $H_3(z)$

$$H_1(z) = (1 + 2.7515 z^{-1}) (1 + 0.3634 z^{-1}) = 1 + 3.115 z^{-1} + 1 z^{-2} \quad \checkmark$$

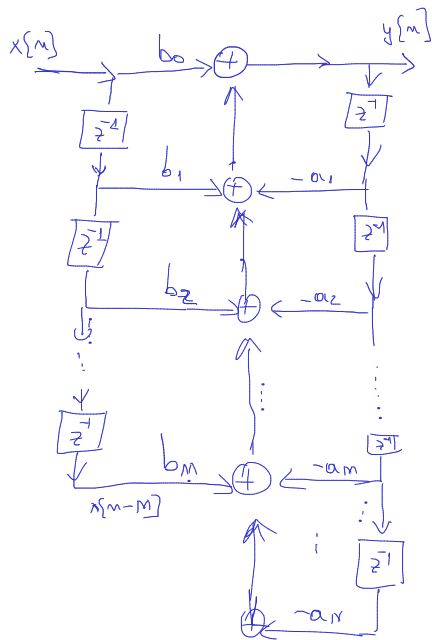
$$H_2(z) = (1 - (0.4304 + 0.9026j) z^{-1}) \cdot (1 - (0.4304 - 0.9026j) z^{-1}) = 1 - 0.8608 z^{-1} + 1 z^{-2}$$

$$H_3(z) = (1 - (-0.3729 + 0.9279j) z^{-1}) \cdot (1 - (-0.3729 - 0.9279j) z^{-1}) = 1 + 0.7458 z^{-1} + 1 z^{-2} \quad \checkmark$$

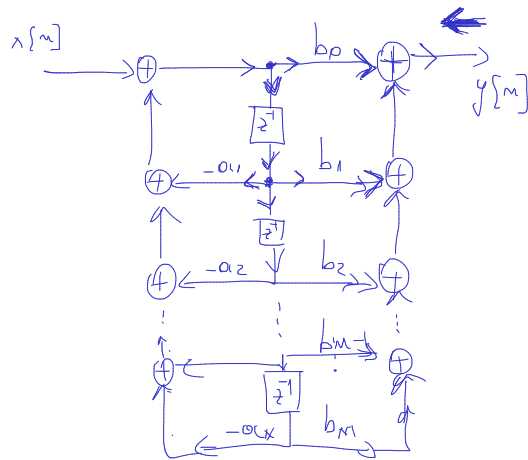
iir:
$$H(z) = \frac{b_0 + b_1 z^{-1} + \dots + b_M z^{-M}}{1 + a_1 z^{-1} + \dots + a_N z^{-N}}$$

$$y[n] = \underbrace{-a_1 y[n-1] - \dots - a_N y[n-N]}_{\text{feedback}} + \underbrace{b_0 x[n] + \dots + b_M x[n-M]}_{\text{feedforward}}$$

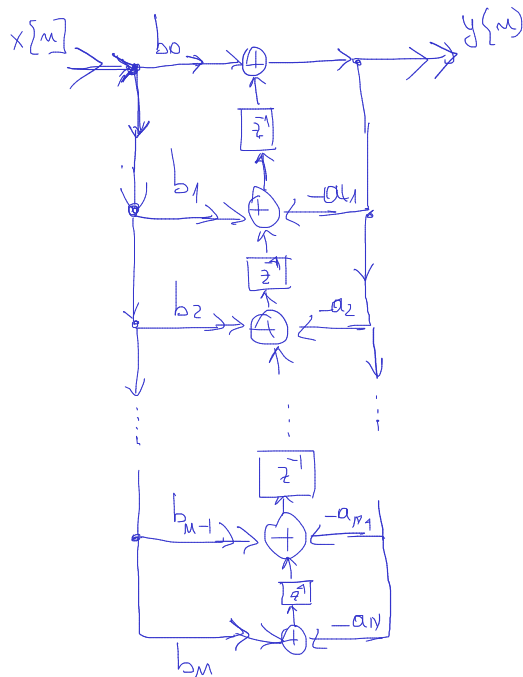
Forma directă 1



Forma directă 2 (forma canonică)



F. d. 2 transpusă



Forma serie:

$$H(z) = H_1(z) \cdot H_2(z) \cdot \dots \cdot H_k(z)$$

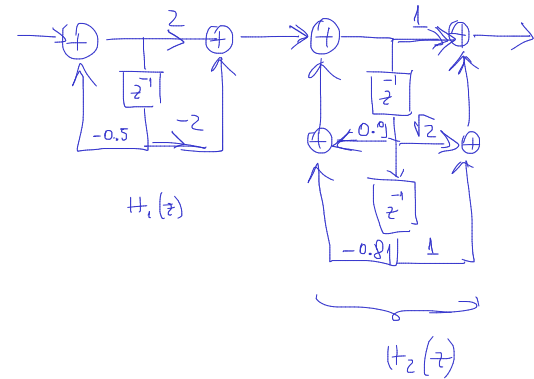


$$H(z) = \frac{\left(\begin{matrix} (\cdot) \cdot (\cdot) \cdot (\cdot) \dots (\cdot) \end{matrix} \right)}{\left(\begin{matrix} (\cdot) \cdot (\cdot) \cdot (\cdot) \cdot (\cdot) \end{matrix} \right)}$$

$H_1(z) \quad H_2(z) \quad H_3(z)$

$$H(z) = \frac{2(1-z^{-1})}{(1+0.5z^{-1})} \cdot \frac{(1+\sqrt{2}z^{-1}+z^{-2})}{(1-0.9z^{-1}+0.81z^{-2})}$$

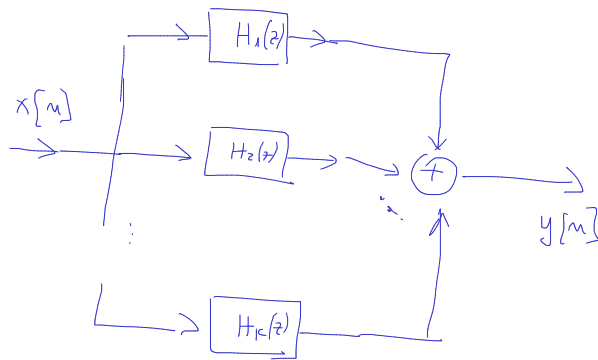
$H_1(z) \quad H_2(z)$



Forma paralela

$$H(z) = H_1(z) + H_2(z) + \dots + H_k(z)$$

$$\frac{A_1}{z-0.5} + \frac{A_2}{z-0.9}$$



Exemple

$$H(z) = \frac{5-6z^{-1}+3.72z^{-2}-0.74z^{-3}}{1-1.5z^{-1}+1.24z^{-2}-0.37z^{-3}} = 2 + \frac{1}{1-0.5z^{-1}} + \frac{2-z^{-1}}{1-z^{-1}+0.74z^{-2}}$$

$H_1(z) \quad H_2(z) \quad H_3(z)$

